CAPSTONE PROJECT

PREDICTING ELIGIBILITY FOR NSAP SCHEME USING MACHINE LEARNING

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OUTLINE

- Problem Statement (Should not include solution)
- Proposed System/Solution
- System Development Approach (Technology Used)
- Algorithm & Deployment
- Result (Output Image)
- Conclusion
- Future Scope
- References



PROBLEM STATEMENT

- The National Social Assistance Program (NSAP) provides financial assistance to BPL individuals who are elderly, widowed, or disabled.
- Identifying the appropriate scheme manually is time-consuming, error-prone, and often leads to delays.
- Incorrect scheme allocation can prevent deserving beneficiaries from receiving timely aid.
- There is a need for a more reliable and faster method of categorizing applicants.



PROPOSED SOLUTION

- To address inefficiencies in manual screening, we propose an Al-based multi-class classification system that predict the appropriate NSAP sub scheme based on applicant data. Uses the demographic and socio-economic features as input. Ensures faster, more accurate scheme categorization. Is deployed on IBM Cloud Lite for scalability and accessibility
- Data Collection: Uses the AI Kosh dataset on NSAP scheme.
- Data Preprocessing: Clean and preprocess the collected data to handle missing values, outliers, and inconsistencies.
- Machine Learning Algorithm: Train classification model (e.g decision tree, random forest or SVM).
- Evaluation: Validate the model using accuracy, precision, recall, and F1 score.



SYSTEM APPROACH

The "System Approach" section outlines the overall strategy and methodology for developing and implementing the predicting the eligibility for NSAP scheme using machine learning. Here's a suggested structure for this section:

- System requirements
 - IBM Cloud (Mandatory)
 - IBM Watson studio for model development and deployment.
 - IBM cloud object storage for dataset handling



ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT

 In the Algorithm section, describe the machine learning algorithm chosen for predicting eligibility for NSAP scheme using ML. Here's an example structure for this section:

Algorithm Selection:

 Used Auto AI on IBM Watson to choose the best multi-class classifier (e.g., Random Forest), suited for predicting NSAP schemes from structured data.

Data Input:

Inputs include finyear, Igdstatecode, statename, Igddistrictcode, districtname, totalbeneficiaries, totalmale, totalfeamle
and other socio-economic factors from the Al Kosh dataset.

Training Process:

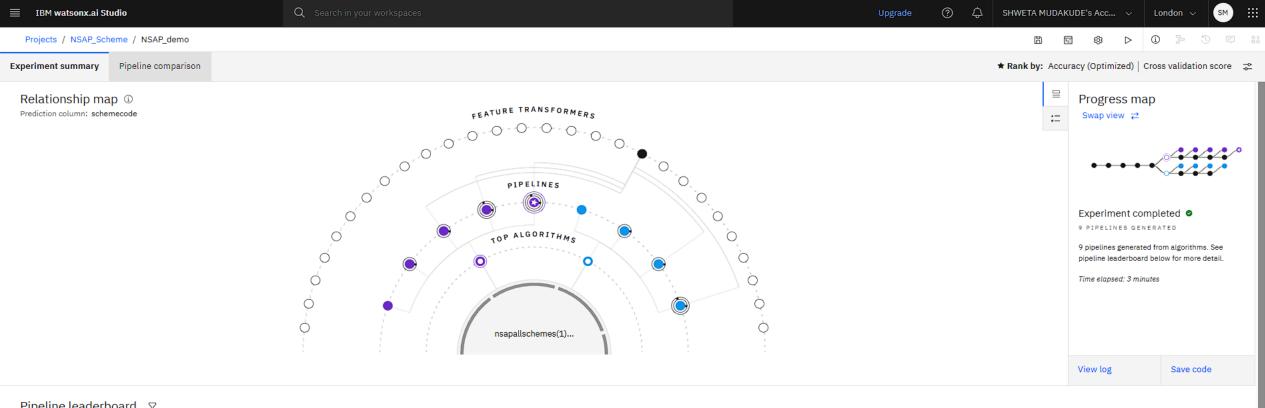
 Performed data cleaning, encoding, and an 80-20 train-test split. Auto Al handled hyperparameter tuning and model evaluation using cross-validation.

Prediction Process:

 Deployed model on IBM Watson Machine Learning as an API. Takes applicant data and predicts the eligible NSAP scheme in real time.



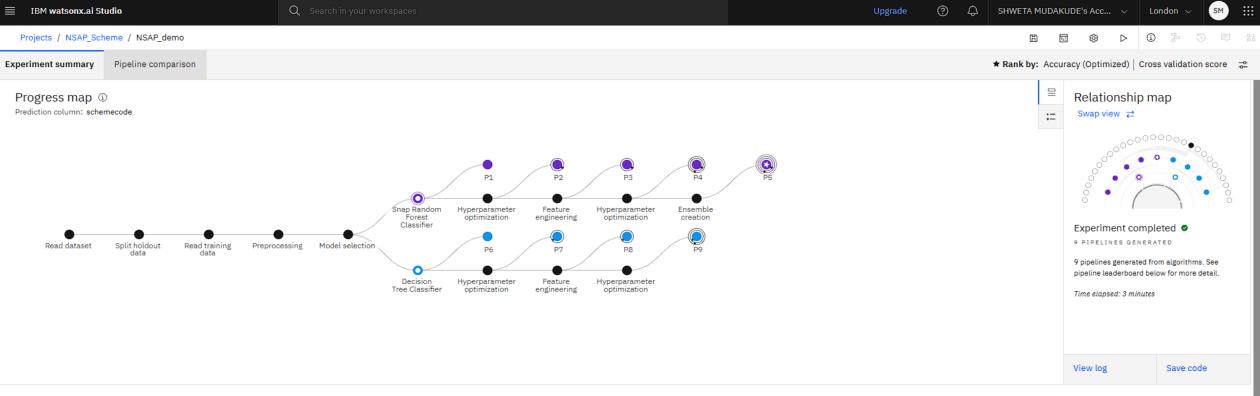
RESULT



Pipeline leaderboard ▽

	Rank ↑	Name	Algorithm	Specialization	Accuracy (Optimized) Cross Validation	Enhancements		i
*	1	Pipeline 5	Batched Tree Ensemble Classifier (Snap Random Forest Classifier)	INCR	0.984	HPO-1 FE HPO-2 BATCH	00:00:43	П
	2	Pipeline 4	O Snap Random Forest Classifier		0.984	HPO-1 FE HPO-2	00:00:40	
	3	Pipeline 3	O Snap Random Forest Classifier		0.984	HPO-1 FE	00:00:31	~
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RESULT



Pipeline leaderboard ▽

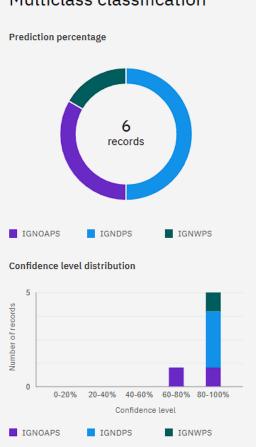
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	3	Pipeline 3	O Snap Random Forest Classifier		0.984	HPO-1 FE	00:00:31	_

RESULT





Prediction results r rediction type Multiclass classification



	Prediction	Confidence
1	IGNOAPS	70%
2	IGNOAPS	100%
3	IGNDPS	100%
4	IGNDPS	100%
5	IGNDPS	100%
6	IGNWPS	100%
7		
8		
9		
0		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		

CONCLUSION

- The proposed system offers a reliable and automated way to classify NSAP applicants.
- Reduces human error and improves processing speed
- Enhances transparency and helps ensure timely assistance to eligible citizens
- Built and deployed using IBM's suite of cloud-based AI tools



FUTURE SCOPE

- Integrate biometric or Aadhaar-based verification for added accuracy
- Expand model to include fraud detection
- Enable regional language interfaces for broader accessibility
- Collaborate with government agencies for pilot deployment
- Incorporate feedback loop for model retraining and adaptation



REFERENCES

- National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP) –
 https://aikosh.indiaai.gov.in/web/datasets/details/district_wise_pension_data_under_the_national_social_assistance_programme_nsap_1.html
- Al Kosh Dataset https://aikosh.indiaai.gov.in/account/login
- IBM Cloud https://cloud.ibm.com/
- IBM Watson Studio https://cloud.ibm.com/catalog/services/watsonxai-studio
- GitHub Repository Link -https://github.com/Shweta50102/Predicting-Eligibilityfor-NSAP-using-Machine-Learning



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According to the Adobe Learning Manager system of record

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THANK YOU

