Assignment (14/7/2020)

Question -1: Explore and explain the various methods in console function.

Solution -----

- 1. <u>log()</u>: Gives output on the developers console.
- 2. warn(): Gives the warning message to the console.
- 3. <u>error()</u>: Gives the error message to the console.
- 4. <u>table()</u>: Displays the data declared in tabular form.
- 5. <u>time () & timeEnd()</u>: Keeps track of the execution of the program. (how long the program tooks time to execute).

Question -2: Write the difference between var, let and const with code examples.

Solution -----

console.log("var block scope =>", y);
console.log("let block scope =>", z);

//const x=100; var b=200; let c=300;

```
const x=10;
var y=20;
let z=30;
// functional scope , block scope

if(true)
{
// block scope
console.log("block scope =>" , x);
```

```
//console.log("After block scope =>", x); // error
console.log("After block scope var =>" , b);
// console.log("After block scope let =>" , c);
function xyz(){
// functional scope or lexical scope
console.log("functional scope =>", x);
console.log("var functional scope =>" , y);
console.log("let functional scope =>" , z);
x1=0.1
x2=0.2
let x3=0.3
}
xyz();
console.log("After Functional scope =>", x1);
console.log("After Functional scope var =>", x2);
console.log("After Functional scope let =>", x3);
</script>
    ------ Output -----
block scope => 10
var block scope \Rightarrow 20
let block scope \Rightarrow 30
After block scope var \Rightarrow 200
functional scope \Rightarrow 10
var functional scope \Rightarrow 20
let functional scope \Rightarrow 30
After Functional scope \Rightarrow 0.1
After Functional scope var \Rightarrow 0.2
```

Uncaught ReferenceError: x3 is not defined at js.html:40

Explanation -----

- 1. Scope of *var*: var declarations are globally scoped or function scoped.
- 2. Scope of *let*: let declarations are local scoped or block scoped. They can be updated but not re-declared.
- 3. Scope of *const*: const declarations maintain constant values in block scoped. They cannot be updated or re-declared.

Question -2: Write a brief intro on available data types in Javascript.

Solution -----

- 1. var c; //c is undefined
- 2. var a = 10; //*Number*
- 3. var b = "Hi"; //String (series of characters)
- 4. var a = 10;

var b = 5;

(a == b) //Boolean (true or false)

- 5. var names = ["Jack", "John", "Jane"]; //Arrays (similar data type elements and index starts with 0)
- 6. var city = {name : "Jack", age : 20, city : "Mumbai" }; //Object (name:value pair)
- 7. typeof c //returns the data type (refer 1- c is undefined)
- 8. var d = null; //value is null means nothing, type is object