Godavari Foundation's

Godavari College of Engineering, Jalgaon

Department of Computer Continuous Assessment I/II

Introduction to Data Science with R

	Date:
Name of Student:-	
<u>Class</u> :	<u>PRN No</u> :
<u>Title</u> : -	
<u>Aim</u> : -	
Software Requirement:	
Hardware Requirement:-	
Theory:-	
## Create a Vector	
Vectors are one-dimension arrays that can hold other words, a vector is a simple tool to store date.	numeric data, character data, or logical data. In ata.
numeric_vector <- c(1, 2, 3)	
numeric_vector <- c(1, 2, 3) character_vector <- c("a", "b", "c") boolean_vector <- c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE)	

```
## Naming a vector
```

```
some_vector <- c("John Doe", "poker player")
names(some_vector) <- c("Name", "Profession")
      Name
               Profession
  "John Doe" "poker player"
## Naming a vector (2)
# Poker winnings from Monday to Friday
poker_vector <- c(140, -50, 20, -120, 240)
# Roulette winnings from Monday to Friday
roulette_vector <- c(-24, -50, 100, -350, 10)
# The variable days_vector
days_vector <- c("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday")
# Assign the names of the day to roulette_vector and poker_vector
names(poker vector) <- days vector
names(roulette_vector) <- days_vector</pre>
## Calculating total winnings
Arithmetic calculations on vectors
c(1, 2, 3) + c(4, 5, 6)
c(1+4, 2+5, 3+6)
c(5, 7, 9)
Calculations with variables that represent vectors:
a < -c(1, 2, 3)
b < -c(4, 5, 6)
c < -a + b
Take the sum of the variables `A_vector` and `B_vector` and assign it to `total_vector`.
A_{\text{vector}} < c(1, 2, 3)
B_{\text{vector}} < c(4, 5, 6)
# Take the sum of A_vector and B_vector
total_vector <- A_vector + B_vector
# Print out total_vector
```

Calculating total winnings (3)

Calculate the total amount of money that is won/lost with roulette and assign to the variable `total roulette`.

```
# Poker and roulette winnings from Monday to Friday:
poker_vector <- c(140, -50, 20, -120, 240)
roulette vector <- c(-24, -50, 100, -350, 10)
days_vector <- c("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday")
names(poker vector) <- days vector
names(roulette_vector) <- days_vector</pre>
# Total winnings with poker
total_poker <- sum(poker_vector)
# Total winnings with roulette
total_roulette <- sum(roulette_vector)</pre>
# Total winnings overall
total_week <- total_roulette + total_poker
# Print out total_week
total_week
## Comparing total winnings
# Poker and roulette winnings from Monday to Friday:
poker_vector <- c(140, -50, 20, -120, 240)
roulette_vector <- c(-24, -50, 100, -350, 10)
days_vector <- c("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday")
names(poker_vector) <- days_vector</pre>
names(roulette_vector) <- days_vector</pre>
# Calculate total gains for poker and roulette
total_poker <- sum(poker_vector)
total_roulette <- sum(roulette_vector)
# Check if you realized higher total gains in poker than in roulette
total_poker > total_roulette
```

Vector selection

```
# Poker and roulette winnings from Monday to Friday:

poker_vector <- c(140, -50, 20, -120, 240)

roulette_vector <- c(-24, -50, 100, -350, 10)

days_vector <- c("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday")

names(poker_vector) <- days_vector

names(roulette_vector) <- days_vector

# Define a new variable based on a selection
poker_wednesday <- poker_vector[3]

# Calculate the average of the elements in poker_vector
mean(poker_vector)
```

Source Code:-

```
## Create a Vector
numeric vector <- c(1, 2, 3)
character vector <- c("a", "b", "c")
boolean vector <- c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE)
## Naming a vector
some vector <- c("John Doe", "poker player")
names(some vector) <- c("Name", "Profession")
## Print some vector
some vector
## Naming a vector (2)
poker vector <- c(140, -50, 20, -120, 240)
roulette vector <- c(-24, -50, 100, -350, 10)
days vector <- c("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday")
names(poker vector) <- days vector
names(roulette vector) <- days vector
## Print poker vector
poker vector
## Print roulette vector
roulette vector
## Calculating total winnings
A vector <- c(1, 2, 3)
```

```
B vector <- c(4, 5, 6)
# Take the sum of A vector and B vector
total vector <- A vector + B vector
# Print out total vector
total vector
## Calculating total winnings (3)
total poker <- sum(poker vector)
# Print total poker
total poker
total roulette <- sum(roulette vector)
# Print total roulette
total roulette
total week <- total roulette + total poker
# Print out total week
total week
## Comparing total winnings
# Check if you realized higher total gains in poker than in roulette
total poker > total roulette
## Vector selection
poker wednesday <- poker vector[3]</pre>
# Print poker wednesday
poker wednesday
# Calculate the average of the elements in poker vector
mean(poker vector)
Output:-
> ##Create a Vector
> numeric vector <- c(1, 2, 3)
> character vector <- c("a", "b", "c")
> boolean vector <- c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE)
> ## Naming a vector
> some_vector <- c("John Doe", "poker player")
```

```
> names(some_vector) <- c("Name", "Profession")
> some vector
               Profession
      Name
  "John Doe" "poker player"
> ## Naming a vector (2)
> poker vector <- c(140, -50, 20, -120, 240)
> roulette vector <- c(-24, -50, 100, -350, 10)
> days vector <- c("Monday", "Tuesday", "Wednesday", "Thursday", "Friday")
> names(poker vector) <- days vector
> names(roulette vector) <- days vector
> poker vector
 Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday
                                            Friday
   140
           -50
                   20
                         -120
                                  240
> roulette vector
 Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday
   -24
           -50
                  100
                          -350
                                   10
> ## Calculating total winnings
> A vector <- c(1, 2, 3)
> B vector <- c(4, 5, 6)
> # Take the sum of A vector and B vector
> total vector <- A vector + B vector
> # Print out total vector
> total vector
[1] 5 7 9
> ## Calculating total winnings (3)
> total poker <- sum(poker vector)
> # Print total poker
> total poker
[1] 230
> total roulette <- sum(roulette vector)
> # Print total roulette
> total_roulette
[1] - 314
> total week <- total roulette + total poker
> # Print out total week
> total week
```

```
[1] -84

> ## Comparing total winnings

> # Check if you realized higher total gains in poker than in roulette

> total_poker > total_roulette

[1] TRUE

> ## Vector selection

> poker_wednesday <- poker_vector[3]

> # Print poker_wednesday

> poker_wednesday

Wednesday

20

> # Calculate the average of the elements in poker_vector

> mean(poker_vector)

[1] 46
```

Conclusion:
