

① write a c-program to find factorial of 'n' using recursion

```
#include <stdio.h>
int fact (int n) {
    if (n == 0) return 1;
    return n * fact(n-1);
}
```

```
void main ()
```

```
{
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    printf ("enter value of n\n");
```

```
    scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
    printf ("factorial of %d = %d\n", n, fact(n));
}
```

② Expected output :-

Enter value of 'n'

5

factorial of 5 = 120.


```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int fact(int n)
3  {
4      if(n==0) return 1;
5      return n*fact(n-1);
6
7  }
8  void main()
9  {
10     int n;
11     printf("enter the value of n\n");
12     scanf("%d",&n);
13     printf("factorial of %d=%d",n,fact(n-1));
14 }

```

enter the value of n
 5
 factorial of 5=24

...Program finished with exit code 17
 Press ENTER to exit console.

(2) W-C-program to print 'n' fibonacci series

:- #include <stdio.h>

int fib (int n)
{

if (n == 0) return 0;

if (n == 1) return 1;

return fib (n-1) + fib (n-2);

}

void main()

{


```

int i, n;
printf ("enter value of n\n");
scanf ("%d", &n);
printf ("%d fib numbers are\n", n);
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    printf ("fib(%d) = %d\n", i, fib(i));
}

```

Output :

enter the value of n

8

8 fib numbers are

fib(0) = 0

fib(1) = 1

fib(2) = 1

fib(3) = 2

fib(4) = 4

fib(5) = 7

fib(6) = 11

fib(7) = 16.


```
#include<stdio.h>
int fib(int n)
{
    if(n==0) return 0 ;
    if(n==1) return 1;
    return fib(n-1)+(n-2);
}
void main()
{
    int n,i;
    printf("enter the value of n\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("%d fib numbers are\n",n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("fib(%d)=%d\n",i,fib(i));
    }
}
```


enter the value of n

8

8 fib numbers are

fib(0)=0

fib(1)=1

fib(2)=1

fib(3)=2

fib(4)=4

fib(5)=7

fib(6)=11

fib(7)=16

Write a program to find GCD of 2 numbers using recursion.

~~#include <stdio.h>~~

~~if (n == 0) return 0;~~

~~if (n == 1) return 1;~~

#include <stdio.h>

int gcd (int m, int n)

{
if (n == 0) return m;

if (m < n) return gcd (n, m);

return gcd (n, m % n);
}

void main()

{

int m, n, res;

printf ("enter value of m & n\n");

scanf ("%d %d", &m, &n);

res = gcd (m, n);

printf ("gcd (%d, %d) = %d\n", m, n, res);
}

output :

Enter the values of m and n

10 6

gcd (10 6) = 2.


```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int ged(int m,int n)
3  {
4      if(n==0) return m;
5      if(m<n) return (n,m);
6      return ged(n,(m % n));
7  }
8  void main()
9  {
10     int m,n,res;
11     printf("enter values of m and n\n");
12     scanf("%d %d",&m,&n);
13     res=ged(m,n);
14     printf("ged(%d %d)=%d\n",m,n,res);
15 }

```

enter values of m and n
 10 6
 ged(10 6)=2

4. Tower of Hanoi

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void tower (int n, char source, char temp, char dest)
```

```
{
```

```
if (n == 1)
```

```
{
```

```
printf ("move disk 1 from %c to %c\n", source, dest);
```

```
return ;
```

```
}
```

```
tower(n-1, source, dest, temp);
```

```
printf ("move disk %d from %c to %c\n", n, source, dest);
```

```
tower(n-1, temp, dest, source);
```

```
}
```

```
main()
```

```
{
```

```
int n;
```

```
printf ("enter no. of disks\n");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
Tower(n, 'S', 'T', 'D');
```

```
}
```


Move disk 1 from peg C to peg A
Move disk 2 from peg C to peg B
Move disk 1 from peg A to peg B
Move disk 3 from peg C to peg A
Move disk 1 from peg B to peg C
Move disk 2 from peg B to peg A
Move disk 1 from peg C to peg A
Move disk 5 from peg B to peg C
Move disk 1 from peg A to peg B
Move disk 2 from peg A to peg C
Move disk 1 from peg B to peg C
Move disk 3 from peg A to peg B
Move disk 1 from peg C to peg A
Move disk 2 from peg C to peg B
Move disk 1 from peg A to peg B
Move disk 4 from peg A to peg C
Move disk 1 from peg B to peg C
Move disk 2 from peg B to peg A
Move disk 1 from peg C to peg A
Move disk 3 from peg B to peg C
Move disk 1 from peg A to peg B
Move disk 2 from peg A to peg C
Move disk 1 from peg B to peg C

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.