

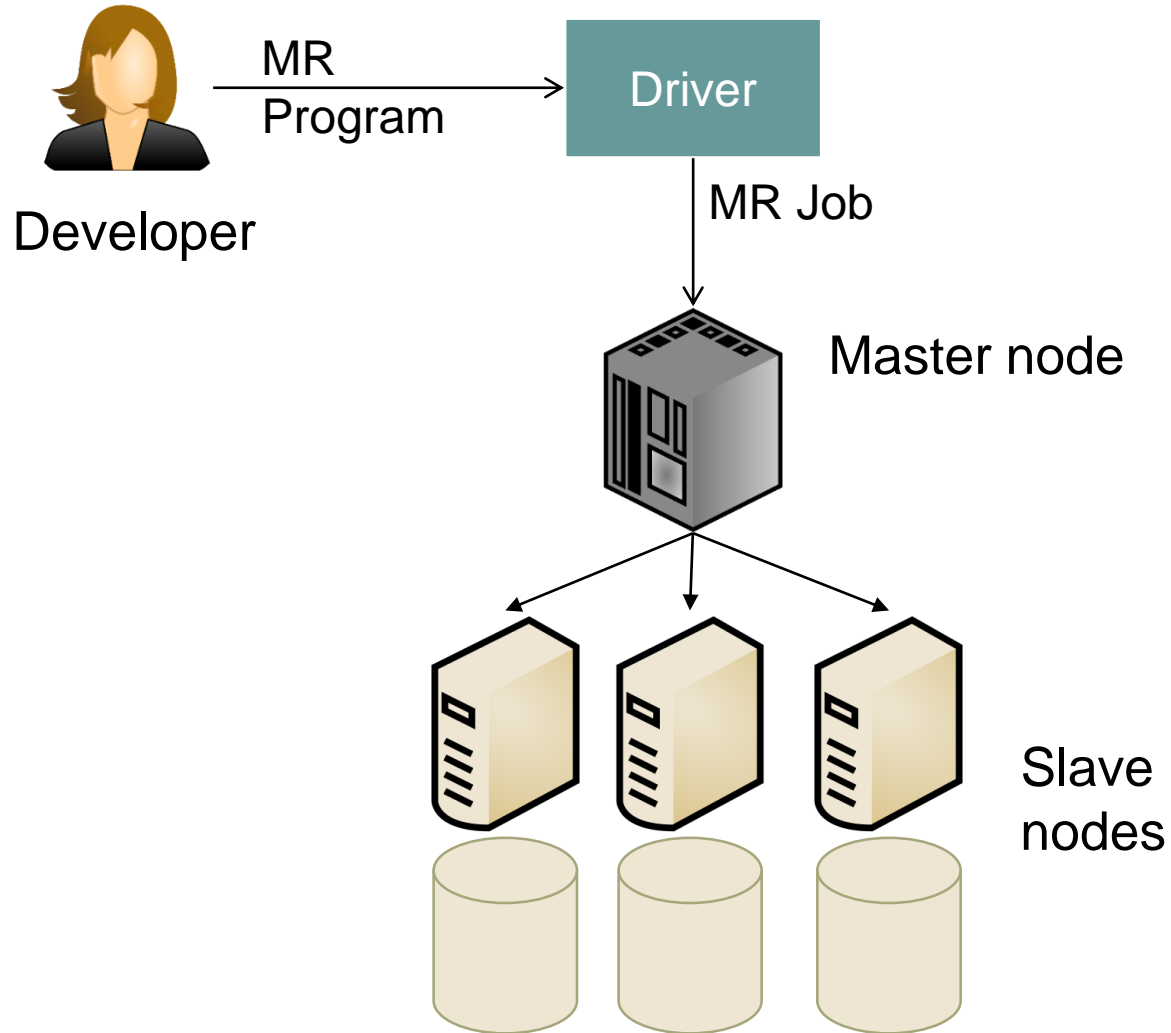
# Hadoop Map Reduce

# MapReduce



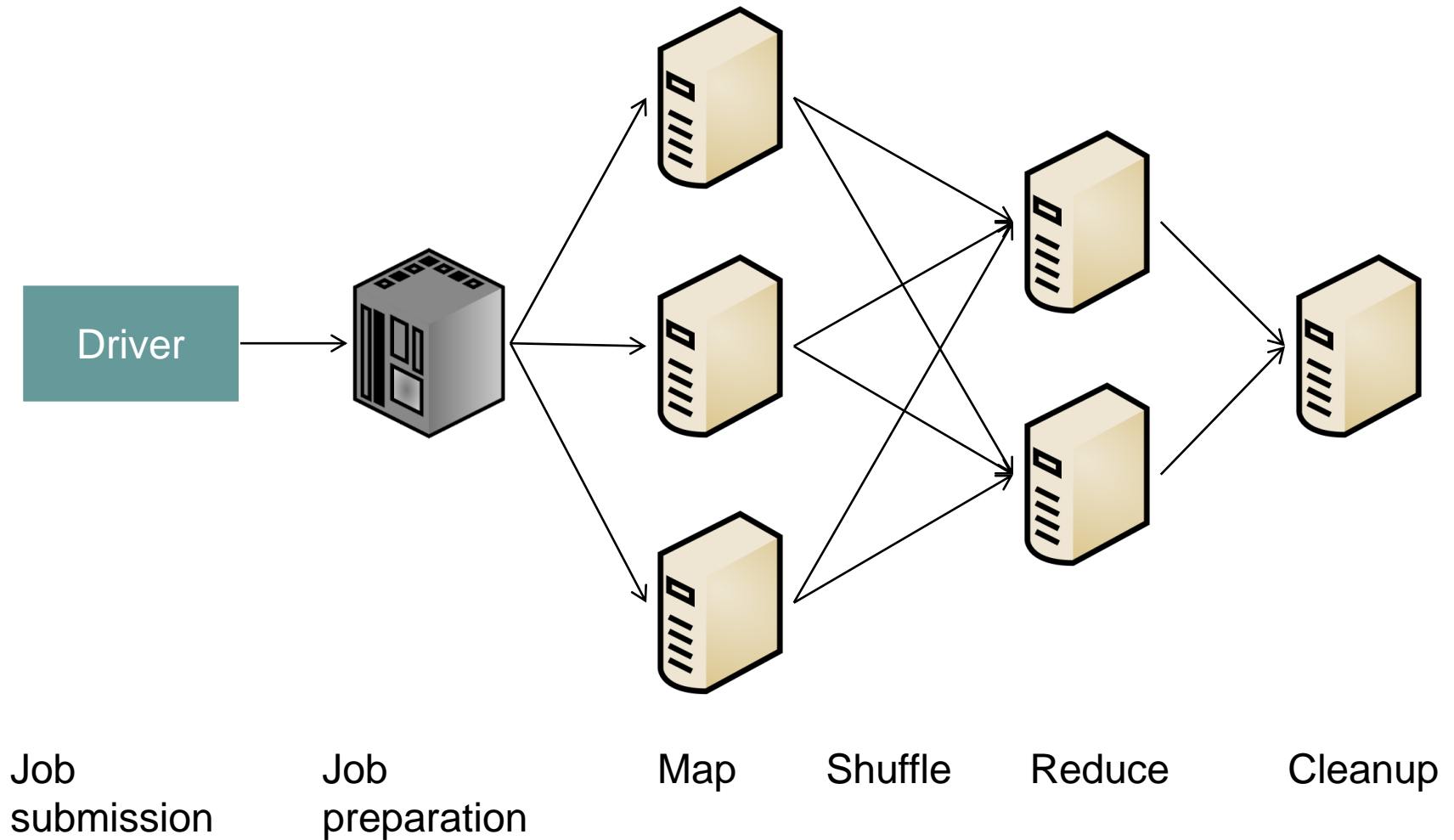
- 2-in-1
  - A programming paradigm
  - A query execution engine
- A kind of functional programming
- We focus on the MapReduce execution engine of Hadoop through YARN

# Overview



# Code Example

# Job Execution Overview



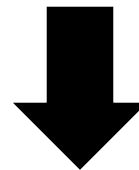
# Job Submission



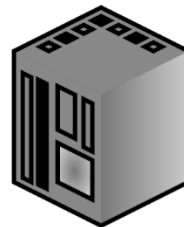
- Execution location: Driver node
- A driver machine should have the following
  - Compatible Hadoop binaries
  - Cluster configuration files
  - Network access to the master node
- Collects job information from the user
  - Input and output paths
  - Map, reduce, and any other functions
  - Any additional user configuration
- Packages all this in a Hadoop Configuration

# Hadoop Configuration

Key: String	Value: String
Input	hdfs://user/eldawy/README.txt
Output	hdfs://user/eldawy/wordcount
Mapper	edu.ucr.cs.cs226.eldawy.WordCount
Reducer	...
JAR File	...
User-defined	User-defined



Serialized over network



Master node

# Job Preparation

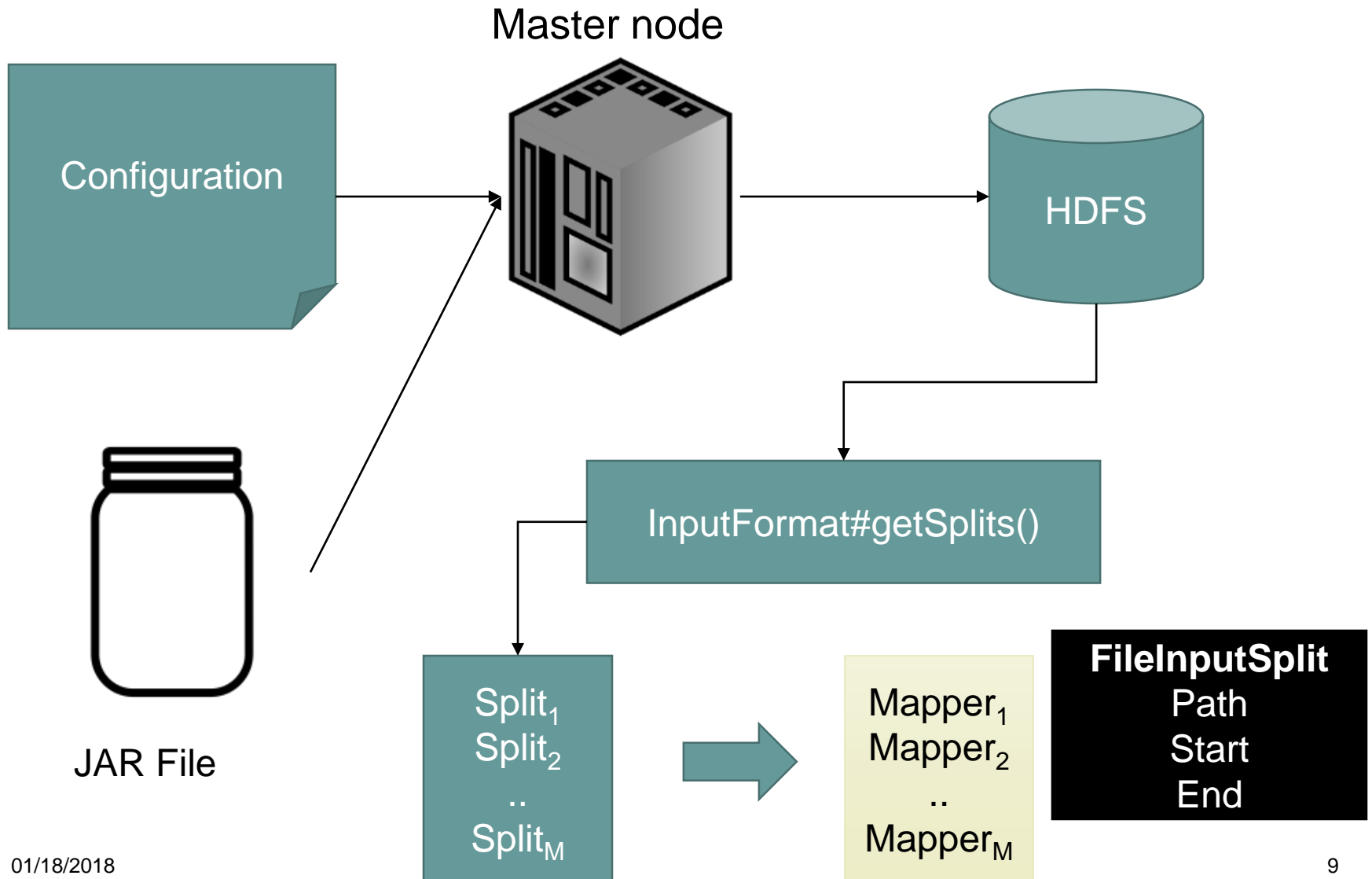


- › Runs on the master node
- › Gets the job ready for parallel execution
- › Collects the JAR file that contains the user-defined functions, e.g., Map and Reduce
- › Writes the JAR and configuration to HDFS to be accessible by the executors
- › Looks at the input file(s) to decide how many map tasks are needed
- › Makes some sanity checks
- › Finally, it pushes the BRB (Big Red Button)





# Job Preparation

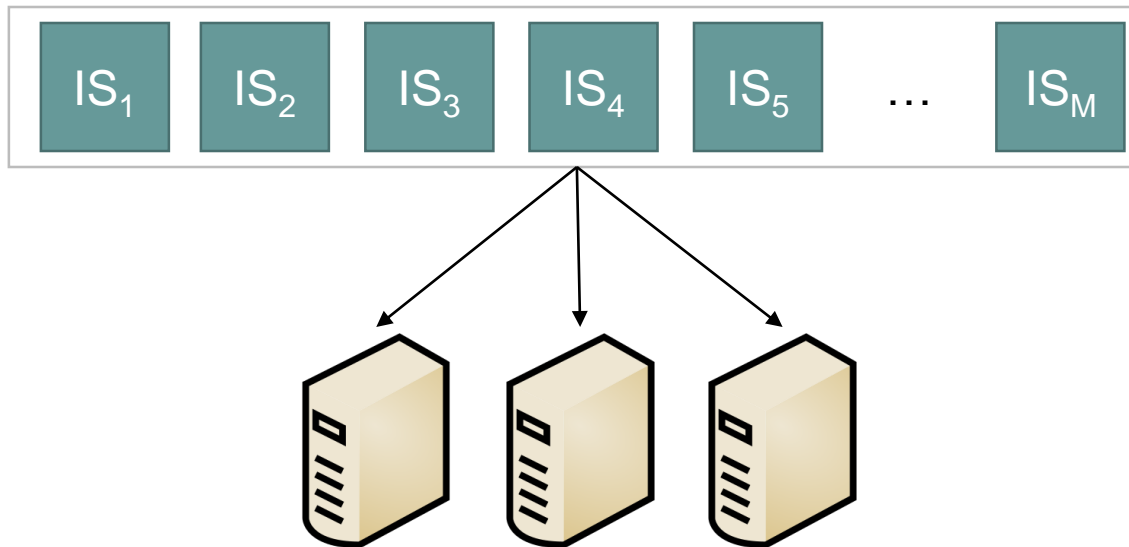
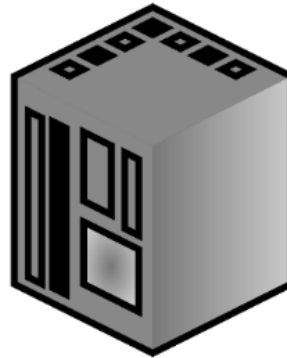


# Map Phase

- Runs in parallel on worker nodes
- M Mappers:
  - Read the input
  - Apply the map function
  - Apply the combine function (if configured)
  - Store the map output
- There is no guaranteed ordering for processing the input splits

# Map Phase

Master node



# Mapper



- Reads the job configuration and task information (mostly, InputSplit)
- Instantiates an object of the Mapper class
- Instantiates a record reader for the assigned input split
- Calls `Mapper#setup(Context)`
- Reads records one-by-one from the record reader and passes them to the map function
- The map function writes the output to the context

# MapContext



- Keeps track of which input split is being read and which records are being processed
- Holds all the job configuration and some additional information about the map task
- Materializes the map output