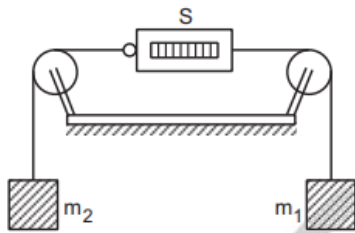


# ARJUNA (NEET)

## Newton's Law of Motion

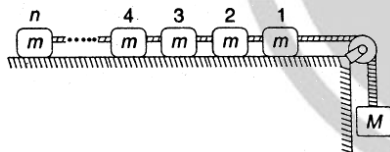
DPP-05

1. In the arrangement shown, the pulleys are fixed and ideal, the string are light,  $m_1 > m_2$  and  $S$  is a spring balance which is itself massless. The reading of  $S$  (in units of mass) is



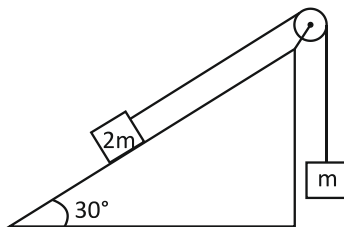
- (A)  $m_1 - m_2$  (B)  $\frac{1}{2}(m_1 + m_2)$   
 (C)  $\frac{m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2}$  (D)  $\frac{2m_1 m_2}{m_1 + m_2}$

2. In the given arrangement,  $n$  number of equal masses are connected by strings of negligible masses. The tension in the string connected to  $n$ th mass is



- (A)  $\frac{mMg}{nm + M}$  (B)  $\frac{mMg}{nmM}$   
 (C)  $mg$  (D)  $mng$

3. For the arrangement shown in the figure, the tension in the string is given by



- (A)  $mg/2$  (B)  $mg$   
 (C)  $3mg/2$  (D)  $2mg$

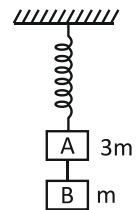
4. A man goes up in a uniformly accelerating lift. He returns downward with the lift accelerating at the same rate. The ratio of apparent weights in the two cases is 2 : 1. The acceleration of the lift is

- (A)  $g/3$  (B)  $g/4$   
 (C)  $g/5$  (D)  $g/6$

5. A man is at rest in the middle of a pond on perfectly smooth ice. He can get himself to the shore by making use of Newton's

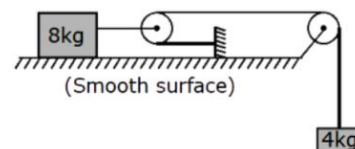
- (A) First law (B) Second law  
 (C) Third law (D) All the laws

6. Two blocks A and B of masses  $3m$  and  $m$ , respectively, are connected by a mass-less and inextensible string. The whole system is suspended by a mass-less spring as shown in figure. The magnitudes of acceleration of A and B immediately after the string is cut are, respectively.



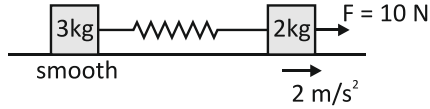
- (A)  $\frac{g}{3}, g$  (B)  $g, g$   
 (C)  $\frac{g}{3}, \frac{g}{3}$  (D)  $g, \frac{g}{3}$

7. If pulleys shown in the diagram are smooth and massless and  $a_1$  and  $a_2$  are acceleration of blocks of mass 4 kg and 8 kg respectively, then

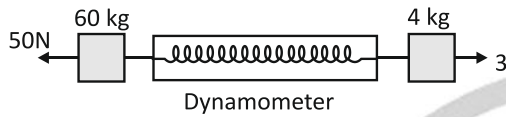


- (A)  $a_1 = a_2$  (B)  $a_1 = 2a_2$   
 (C)  $2a_1 = a_2$  (D)  $a_1 = 4a_2$

8. What is the acceleration of 3 kg mass when acceleration of 2 kg mass is  $2 \text{ m/s}^2$  as shown?



- (A)  $3 \text{ m/s}^2$  (B)  $2 \text{ m/s}^2$   
 (C)  $0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$  (D) Zero
9. A dynamometer  $D$  is attached to two blocks of masses 6 kg and 4 kg as shown in the figure. The reading of the dynamometer is



- (A) 18 N (B) 28 N  
 (C) 38 N (D) 48 N

10. A small metallic sphere of mass  $m$  is suspended from the ceiling of a car accelerating on a horizontal road with constant acceleration  $a$ . The tension in the string attached with metallic sphere is

- (A)  $mg$  (B)  $m(g + a)$   
 (C)  $m(g - a)$  (D)  $m\sqrt{g^2 + a^2}$

**ANSWER KEY**

1. (D)
2. (A)
3. (B)
4. (A)
5. (C)
6. (A)
7. (B)
8. (B)
9. (C)
10. (D)



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