Test Booklet Code

KANHA

No.:

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Important Instructions :

- The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the
 Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen
 only.
- The test is of 3 hours duration and Test Booklet contains 180 questions. Each question carries 4 marks.
 For each correct response, the candidate will get 4 marks. For each incorrect response, one mark will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are 720.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is H1. Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the
 Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/
 Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is NOT permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :		
Roll Number	: in figures		
	: in words		
Centre of Exam			
Candidate's Sig	nature :	Invigilator's Signature :	
Facsimile signa	ture stamp of		
Centre Superint	endent:		

- 1. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the **correct** option is :
 - (1) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H < 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
- Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- 3. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
 - (1) q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0
 - (2) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (3) $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
 - (4) $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
- Identify a molecule which does not exist.
 - (1) O₂
 - (2) He₂
 - (3) Li₂
 - (4) C₂
- Match the following and identify the correct option.
 - (a) $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i) Mg(HCO₃)₂ + Ca(HCO₃)₂
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c) B_2H_6
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- (d) H_2O_2
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)

- 6. Identify the **correct** statement from the following:
 - Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
 - (2) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
 - Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO₂.
 - (4) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- 7. The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol⁻¹. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
 - (1) 0.60 K
 - (2) 0.20 K
 - (3) 0.80 K
 - (4) 0.40 K
- 8. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	${ m Al_2O_3}$	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	Cl_2O_7	(iv)	Amphoteric

Which of the following is correct option?

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$

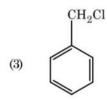
If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^{\odot}$ at the same temperature will be :

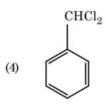
- (1) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$

- 10. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through Cu²⁺ (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
 - (1) CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂
 - (2) CuSO₄
 - (3) $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
 - (4) Cu(OH)₂
- 11. Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
 - (1) Lysine
 - (2) Serine
 - (3) Alanine
 - (4) Tyrosine
- 12. Paper chromatography is an example of:
 - (1) Column chromatography
 - (2) Adsorption chromatography
 - (3) Partition chromatography
 - (4) Thin layer chromatography
- 13. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Potassium
 - (2) Iron
 - (3) Copper
 - (4) Calcium

14. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ & \xrightarrow{\text{Cl}_2/\text{h}\nu} \text{X} \xrightarrow{\text{H}_2\text{O}} \end{array}$$

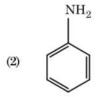


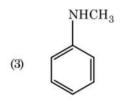


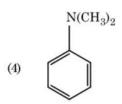
- 15. Identify the correct statements from the following:
 - (a) CO₂(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
 - (b) The structure of C₆₀ contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
 - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
 - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
 - (1) (c) and (d) only
 - (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
 - (3) (a) and (c) only
 - (4) (b) and (c) only

- 16. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
 - (1) n-Butane
 - (2) n-Hexane
 - (3) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (4) n-Heptane
- 17. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
 - (1) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
 - (2) cis-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (3) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (4) polybutadiene
- 18. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
 - (1) SO_2 gas
 - (2) Hydrogen gas
 - (3) Oxygen gas
 - (4) H₂S gas
- 19. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
 - (1) Size of the colloidal particles
 - (2) Viscosity
 - (3) Solubility
 - (4) Stability of the colloidal particles
- 20. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (2) Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (3) Only NaCl
 - (4) Only MgCl₂

21. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?







- 22. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
 - (1) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
 - (2) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (3) Benzene + Toluene
 - (4) Acetone + Chloroform
- 23. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of ${\rm Cr}^{2+}$ ion is :
 - (1) 2.84 BM
 - (2) 3.87 BM
 - (3) 4.90 BM
 - (4) 5.92 BM
- 24. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in:
 - (1) collision frequency
 - (2) activation energy
 - (3) heat of reaction
 - (4) threshold energy

25. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_2CH_2CH_3} \\ \end{array}$$

(2)
$$CH = CH - CH_3$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH}_2-\operatorname{CH}=\operatorname{CH}_2 \\ \end{array} \tag{4}$$

26. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:

(1)
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(2)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(3)
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(4)
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

- 27. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
 - (1) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose
 - (2) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (3) α-D-Glucose + β-D-Glucose
 - (4) α-D-Glucose + β-D-Fructose

28. Which of the following is the correct order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?

(1)
$$CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$$

(2)
$$SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$$

(3)
$$SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$$

(4)
$$F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$$

- 29. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of $Ca = 40 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$) is:
 - (1) 4
 - (2) 1
 - (3) 2
 - (4) 3
- 30. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give:
 - (1) Isobutyl alcohol
 - (2) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (3) Sec. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Tert. butyl alcohol
- **31.** Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
 - (1) H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid
 - (2) H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid
 - (3) H₂SO₄, sulphuric acid
 - H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
- 32. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

$$CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$$

- (1) 0 to -4
- (2) +4 to +4
- (3) 0 to + 4
- (4) -4 to +4
- 33. Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
 - (1) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
 - (2) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (3) Sodium stearate
 - (4) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide

34. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of N2 and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N2 is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol⁻¹): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- 18 bar
- (2)9 bar
- (3)12 bar
- (4) 15 bar
- 35. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} (1) and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.
 - (2)Cr²⁺(d⁴) is a stronger reducing agent than $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
 - (3)The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
 - Interstitial compounds are those that are (4) formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- 36. Identify the incorrect match.

Name

IUPAC Official Name

- (a) Unnilunium
- Mendelevium
- (b) Unniltrium
- (ii) Lawrencium
- (c) Unnilhexium
- (iii) Seaborgium

(iv)

- Unununnium (d)
- Darmstadtium
- (1) (d), (iv)
- (2)(a), (i)
- (3)(b), (ii)
- (4) (c), (iii)
- 37. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
 - (1) Cross Aldol condensation
 - (2)Aldol condensation
 - (3)Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction

38. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} I \\ \\ + \mathrm{C_2H_5OH} \end{array}$$

(2)
$$+ CH_3I$$

(4)
$$+ C_2H_5I$$

- 39. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)2 in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)2 is 2×10^{-15} .
 - $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$ (1)
 - $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$ (2)
 - (3) $2 \times 10^{-8} M$
 - $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$ (4)
- 40. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - **β-Elimination reaction** (a)
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - Dehydrohalogenation reaction (c)
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1) (a), (b), (d)
 - (2)(a), (b), (c)
 - (3)(a), (c), (d)
 - (4) (b), (c), (d)

- 41. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:
 - (1) 1000 s
 - (2) 100 s
 - (3) 200 s
 - (4) 500 s
- 42. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1) Hyperconjugation
 - (2) −I effect of −CH₂ groups
 - (3) +R effect of -CH₃ groups
 - (4) -Reffect of -CH₃ groups
- 43. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
 - (2) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
 - (3) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - (4) $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g)$ [Atomic mass of O = 16]
- 44. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
 - (1) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
 - (2) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (3) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (4) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- 45. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in $^{175}_{71} Lu$, respectively, are :
 - (1) 175, 104 and 71
 - (2) 71, 104 and 71
 - (3) 104, 71 and 71
 - (4) 71, 71 and 104
- 46. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
 - (1) insects and water
 - (2) insects or wind
 - (3) water currents only
 - (4) wind and water

- 47. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
 - (1) Inbreeding
 - (2) Out crossing
 - (3) Mutational breeding
 - (4) Cross breeding
- 48. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
 - Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
 - (2) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (3) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (4) High reflection of light from snow
- Match the following columns and select the correct option.

COLL	eccop	uon.					
	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II		
(a)	Eosii	nophils	3	(i)	Immune response		
(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis		
(c)	Neut	trophil	s	(iii)	Release histaminase, destructive enzymes		
(d)	Lymphocytes		es	(iv)	Release granules containing histamine		
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)			
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)			

- 50. Strobili or cones are found in:
 - (1) Equisetum
 - (2) Salvinia
 - (3) Pteris
 - (4) Marchantia
- 51. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
 - At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
 - (2) Prior to ovulation
 - (3) At the time of copulation
 - (4) After zygote formation

H1			3						
52.	The	QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :	56.		ch the ect op		wing c	olum	ns and select the
	(1)	Repolarisation of ventricles		COII		ımn -	I		Column - II
	(2)	Repolarisation of auricles		(a)		tridiun licum	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
	(3)	Depolarisation of auricles		(b)		nodern	ia	(ii)	Butyric Acid
	(4)	Depolarisation of ventricles				sporun			•
	(-)	Dopoletication of continue		(c)	Mone	ascus		(iii)	Citric Acid
					purp	ureus			
53.	is 0.3	e distance between two consecutive base pairs 34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a double helix in a typical mammalian cell is		(d)	Aspe	rgillus	niger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent
	6.6×	10 ⁹ bp, then the length of the DNA is oximately:		(1)	(a) (iv)	(b) (iii)	(c) (ii)	(d) (i)	
	(1)	9.7		(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
	(1)	2.7 meters		(3) (4)	(ii) (i)	(i) (ii)	(iv) (iv)	(iii) (iii)	
	(2)	2.0 meters	57.	Whi	ch of th	ne follo	wing h	ormo	ne levels will cause
	(3)	2.5 meters		relea		ovum	(ovula	tion)	from the graffian
	(4)	2.2 meters		(1) (2) (3)	Low High	conce		n of E	SH strogen rogesterone
54.	The	plant parts which consist of two generations -		(4)			itratio		
01.		within the other:	58.	Whie	ch of th	e follov	ving re	fer to	correct example(s)
	(a)	Pollen grains inside the anther		of or	ganisn ivironi	ıs whi	ch hav	e evol	ved due to changes t by anthropogenic
	(b)	Germinated pollen grain with two male		(a)		vin's F	inches	of Gal	apagos islands.
		gametes		(b) Herbicide resistant weeds.					
	(a)	Seed inside the fruit		(c)	Drug	resist	ant eu	karyo	tes.
	(c)	Seed inside the fruit		(d)	Man	create	d breed	sofdo	mesticated animals
	(d)	Embryo sac inside the ovule		(4)	like o				
	(1)	(a) and (d)		(1) (2)	only				
	(1)			(3)	(a) aı	nd (c)			
	(2)	(a) only		(4)	(b), (e	c) and	(d)		
	(3)	(a), (b) and (c)	59.		hylum	-Chore	data?		nents are true for
	(4)	(c) and (d)		(a)	head	to tai			nord extends from resent throughout
55.		many true breeding pea plant varieties did		(b)		ertebra	ata not nic per		d is present during
		del select as pairs, which were similar except the character with contrasting traits?		(c)		ral n			em is dorsal and
	(1)	8		(d)	Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla				into 3 subphyla Tunicata and
	(2)	4		01825	Ceph	alocho			
	(3)	2		(1) (2)		nd (c) nd (c)			
	(3)	2		(3)		nd (c)			
	(4)	14		(4)		nd (b)			

							9	9						H1		
60.		ch the						64.		ch the		wing	colum	ns and select the		
	(a)		bitor o	fcataly	ytic	(i)	Ricin			Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II		
		activity							(a)	Place	enta		(i)	Androgens		
	(b) (c)		ess per wall m			(ii) (iii)	Malonate Chitin		(b)	Zona	pellud	ida	(ii)	Human Chorionic Gonadotropin		
		fungi												(hCG)		
	(d)	Seco	ndary	metab	olite	(iv)	Collagen		(c)	Bulb	o-uretl	hral	(iii)	Layer of the ovum		
	Cho	se the	corre	ct opt	ion fro	m the f	ollowing:			glan	ds					
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				(d)	Leyd	lig cell	3	(iv)	Lubrication of the Penis		
	(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			
	(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)				(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			
	(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)				(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)			
		100	12.50		100.00				(3)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)			
	(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)				(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)			
	mı		0.1					65.		The process of growth is maximum during: $ \\$						
61.	The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at:							(1)		nancy						
									(2)		ohase					
	(1)	Chal	aza						(3)	20.700	phase					
	(2)	Hilum							(4)	Sene	scence					
	(3)	Micropyle							Mate	ch the	organi	sm wit	h its u	se in biotechnology.		
	(4)	Nuc	ellus						(a)	Baci. thur	llus ingien:	sis	(i)	Cloning vector		
62.	inlic		rm from	n the t	ip of gr		loss of water ides at night		(b)		rmus uticus		(ii)	Construction of first rDNA molecule		
	(1)	Plas	molysi	s					(c)		bacter		(iii)	DNA polymerase		
	(2)	Trar	spirat	ion							efacien					
	1.51.6								(d)		nonella		(iv)	Cry proteins		
	(3)		pressu	ıre					C-1-		imuriu		· · · C · · · · ·	the College		
	(4)	Imbi	bition						Sere	(a)	(b)	и орис (c)	(d)	n the following:		
									(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			
63.					tateme	nts ab	out inclusion		(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)			
	bodi	es is ir	corre	ct?					(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)			
	(1)		se rep plasm.	reser	nt res	erve r	naterial in		(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)			
	(2)	They	y are n	ot bou	nd by a	ny me	mbrane.	67.						re similar to:		
	(3) These are involved in ingestion of food						(1)		inarin			e				
	(0)	particles.							(2) Starch and cellulose							
	(4)	They lie free in the cytoplasm.							(3) (4)					en		
	(1)	They	ne me	o m ul		рисш.		L	(1)	TATALL	mora	nu aig	111			

69.

70.

71.

(4)

Phenolic acid

73.

The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of:

68.	Match	the	following	columns	and	select	the			
	correct option.									

(1) pepsinogen into pepsin Column - I Column - II (2)protein into polypeptides 6 - 15 pairs of (a) (i) Trygon (3) trypsinogen into trypsin gill slits (4) caseinogen into casein (b) Heterocercal (ii) Cyclostomes caudal fin 74. Match the following columns and select the correct option. Air Bladder (c) (iii) Chondrichthyes Column - II Column - I Osteichthyes (d) Poison sting (iv) (a) Gregarious, polyphagous (i) Asterias (b) (a) (c) (d) (1) (i) (iv) (iii) (ii) Adult with radial Scorpion (b) (ii) (2)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i) symmetry and larva (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii) with bilateral symmetry (4) (iv) (ii) (iii) Book lungs (iii) Ctenoplana (c) (d) Bioluminescence (iv) Locusta Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus? (a) (b) (c) (d) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia (1) (1)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (2)Uremia and Ketonuria (2)(iv) (i) (iii) (ii) (3)Uremia and Renal Calculi (3)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii) (4) Ketonuria and Glycosuria (4)(iii) (ii) (iv) (i) Identify the incorrect statement. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli 75. Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., is found in: heart wood is dark in colour. (1) eustachian tube (2)Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support. (2)lining of intestine (3)Sapwood is involved in conduction of water (3)ducts of salivary glands and minerals from root to leaf. proximal convoluted tubule of nephron (4)Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem (4) and is lighter in colour. 76. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by: Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals? Oparin (1) (1) Insulin (2)Karl Ernst von Baer (2)Haemoglobin Alfred Wallace (3)Collagen (3) Charles Darwin (4) (4) Lectin 77. Experimental verification of the chromosomal Which of the following is not an inhibitory theory of inheritance was done by: substance governing seed dormancy? Morgan (1) (1)Para-ascorbic acid (2)Mendel (2)Gibberellic acid (3)Sutton (3)Abscisic acid

(4)

Boveri

11 H₁ 78. Identify the wrong statement with reference to 83. Select the correct events that occur during the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups. inspiration. Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar. (1)Contraction of diaphragm (a) (2)The gene (I) has three alleles. (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles A person will have only two of the three (3) Pulmonary volume decreases (c) alleles. When IA and IB are present together, they (4) (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases express same type of sugar. (1) only (d) (2)(a) and (b) 79. Identify the basic amino acid from the following. (3)(c) and (d) Valine (1) (a), (b) and (d) (4) (2)Tyrosine (3)Glutamic Acid 84. The ovary is half inferior in: Lysine (4) Plum (1) 80. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs (2)Brinjal during: Mustard (1)Leptotene (4) Sunflower Pachytene (2)(3)Zygotene 85. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of: (4) Diplotene 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule (1) of 2-C compound 81. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent (2)2 molecules of 3-C compound stage (G_0) . This process occurs at the end of: 1 molecule of 3-C compound (3)G₂ phase (1) 1 molecule of 6-C compound (4) (2)M phase G₁ phase (3)86. Which of the following statements is not correct? Sphase (4) Genetically engineered insulin is produced (1) 82. Match the following columns and select the in E-Coli. correct option. (2)In man insulin is synthesised as a Column - II proinsulin. Column - I (3)The proinsulin has an extra peptide called Pituitary gland (i) Grave's disease (a) C-peptide. Thyroid gland Diabetes mellitus (b) (ii) (4) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds. Adrenal gland (iii) Diabetes insipidus (c) (d) Pancreas (iv) Addison's disease 87. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae? (a) (b) (c) (d)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(ii)

(iv)

(iii)

(iii)

(i)

(iii)

(ii)

(i)

(iv)

(i)

(i)

(iv)

(iii)

(ii)

(iv)

(ii)

Chlorella and Spirulina

Gelidium and Gracilaria

Anabaena and Volvox

Laminaria and Sargassum

- 88. Choose the correct pair from the following:
 - (1) Exonucleases Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
 - (2) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
 - (3) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
 - (4) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
- Identify the wrong statement with reference to immunity.
 - Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
 - (2) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (3) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (4) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
- 90. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
 - (1) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
 - (2) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
 - (3) Reabsorption of Na⁺ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
 - (4) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
- 91. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:
 - Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- (1) Dicotyledonous root
- (2) Monocotyledonous stem
- (3) Monocotyledonous root
- (4) Dicotyledonous stem

- 92. Ray florets have:
 - Half inferior ovary
 - (2) Inferior ovary
 - (3) Superior ovary
 - (4) Hypogynous ovary
- 93. Select the correct statement.
 - (1) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
 - Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- **94.** Which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - (1) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
 - Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- **95.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
 - (1) Activated sludge
 - (2) Primary sludge
 - (3) Floating debris
 - (4) Effluents of primary treatment
- 96. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
 - (1) Abscisic acid
 - (2) Cytokinin
 - (3) Gibberellin
 - (4) Ethylene

						1	3						Н1
97.	The are:		hat ori	ginate	from t	the base of the stem	101.						with the causative ect option.
	(1)	Late	ral roo	ts					Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
	(2) Fibrous roots							(a)	Typh	oid		(i)	Wuchereria
	(3)		ary ro	ots					120000				
	(4)	Prop	roots					(b)	Pneu	monia	L	(ii)	Plasmodium
98.	3. The specific palindromic seque recognized by EcoRI is:				equence which is		(c) (d)	Filar Mala			(iii) (iv)	Salmonella Haemophilus	
	(1)	5' - G	GATO	CC - 3'				(u)			(-)		Паеторишъ
		3' - C	CTAC	G - 5'					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
	(2)	5' - G	HAATI	C - 3'				(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
			TTAA					(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
	(3)		GAA					(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
				GG - 5	K			(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
	(4)		TTAA AATT				102.						te of formation of in eukaryotic cells?
99.	Match the following columns and select the correct option.						(1)	Polys	somes				
	corr	200				C 1 II		(2)	10000		ic reti	culum	
		(a) Floating Ribs (i) I				Column - II		(3)		xisome			
	(a)					Located between		(4)		i bodie			
						second and seventh ribs		(1)	Goig	Dodie	3		
	(h.)							Whi	ch of t	he foll	owing	is no	t an attribute of a
	(b)	Acromion (ii)				Humerus	popu	lation	?				
	(a)	Scap	ulo		(iii)	Clavicle		(1) Species interaction					
	(c)			٠,	(iii)			(2)	Sex r	atio			
	(d)	Glen	oid cav	vity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum		(3)	Nata	lity			
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	with the sternum		(4)	Mort	ality			
	(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)		104.	The	numbe	er of su	ıbstra	te leve	l phosphorylations
	(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)				ne turn				
	(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)			(1)	Thre	e			
	(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)			(2)	Zero				
100.	Ifthe	e head	of cock	croach	is rem	oved, it may live for		(3)	One				
		lays be				50 X80		(4)	Two				
	(1)	while		est is		f a nervous system ed along the dorsal	105.	Mon		rotoco	l was	signed	in 1987 for control
	(2)	cock	roach			al ganglia of the in ventral part of		of: (1)	Disp	osal of	e-was	tes	
	(0)		men.				(2)						
	(3)					ave nervous system.		g/65	from one country to another				
	(4) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the						(3)					ting substances	
			entral part of its body.					(4)	Relea	ase of (ireen	House	gases

106.	Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals
	are exemplified by:

- (1) Annelida
- (2) Ctenophora
- (3) Platyhelminthes
- (4) Aschelminthes

Identify the wrong statement with reference to transport of oxygen.

- (1) Low pCO_2 in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- (2) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O₂.
- (3) Partial pressure of CO₂ can interfere with O₂ binding with haemoglobin.
- Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.

108. Identify the wrong statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.

- Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
- (2) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
- (3) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
- (4) They are useful in genetic engineering.

109. Which of the following is correct about viroids?

- (1) They have free DNA without protein coat.
- (2) They have RNA with protein coat.
- (3) They have free RNA without protein coat.
- (4) They have DNA with protein coat.

110. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:

- (1) Recognition site
- (2) Selectable marker
- (3) Ori site
- (4) Palindromic sequence

Match the following columns and select the correct option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II						
(a)	Orga	n of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx					
(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth					
(c)	Eust	achiar	tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window					
(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane					
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)						
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)						
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)						
(3)	(iii)	(i) (iv)		(ii)						
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)						

- 112. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
 - CH₃, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 600°C
 - (2) CH₄, H₂, NH₃ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (3) CH₃, H₂, NH₄ and water vapor at 800°C
 - (4) CH_4 , H_2 , NH_3 and water vapor at $600^{\circ}C$
- 113. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
 - Amazon forests
 - (2) Western Ghats of India
 - (3) Madagascar
 - (4) Himalayas
- 114. Identify the correct statement with reference to human digestive system.
 - Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
 - (2) Ileum opens into small intestine.
 - Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
 - Ileum is a highly coiled part.
- 115. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) is resistant to:
 - (1) Insect predators
 - (2) Insect pests
 - (3) Fungal diseases
 - (4) Plant nematodes

				1	5		H1	
116.	Selection (1)	t the correct match. Thalassemia		Xlinked	120.		ght reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the sfer of electrons from:	
	(2)	Haemophilia Phenylketonuria		Y linked Autosomal		(1) (2)	PS-I to ATP synthase PS-II to Cytb ₆ f complex	
	(4)	Sickle cell anaemia	(lex)	dominant trait Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11	121.		Cytb ₆ f complex to PS-I PS-I to NADP+ ording to Robert May, the global species	
117.		The infectious stage of <i>Plasmodium</i> that enters the human body is:					rsity is about : 7 million 1.5 million	
	(1) (2) (3)	Male gametocytes Trophozoites Sporozoites				(3) (4)	20 million 50 million	
	(4)	Female gametocytes			122.	In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of:		
118.		oroduct(s) of reaction ca ot nodules of legumino				(1) (2)	Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation Acetocarmine in bright blue light	
	(1) (2)	Ammonia and hydro Ammonia alone	gen			(3) (4)	Ethidium bromide in UV radiation Acetocarmine in UV radiation	
	(3) (4)	Nitrate alone Ammonia and oxyge	n		123.		the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA during transcription.	
119.		ch the following coluect option.	umi	ns and select the		(1) (2)	RNA polymerase DNA ligase	
	(a)	Column - I Bt cotton (i)	Column - II Gene therapy		(3) (4)	DNA helicase DNA polymerase	

Match the following concerning essential elements

(ii)

(iii)

(c)

(ii)

(iv)

(ii)

(ii)

(d)

(iii)

(iii)

(i)

(i)

Photolysis of water

Pollen germination

biosynthesis

IAA biosynthesis

Required for chlorophyll

and their functions in plants:

Manganese (iv)

(b)

(i)

(i)

(iii)

(iv)

Select the correct option:

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Iron

Zinc

Boron

(a)

(iv)

(ii)

(iv)

(iii)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(iv)

(d)

(iv)

(iii)

(iv)

(i)

Bt cotton

Adenosine

deaminase deficiency

RNAi

PCR

(a)

(i)

(iv)

(iii)

(ii)

(b)

(ii)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

(c)

(iii)

(ii)

(i)

(iv)

Gene therapy

Cellular defence

Detection of HIV

infection

Bacillus

thuringiensis

(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(1)

(2)

(3)

H₁ 16 125. Identify the correct statement with regard to 131. In which of the following techniques, the embryos G₁ phase (Gap 1) of interphase. are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive? Nuclear Division takes place. (1)GIFT and ICSI (2)DNA synthesis or replication takes place. ZIFT and IUT (2)Reorganisation of all cell components takes place. GIFT and ZIFT (3)(4) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does (4) ICSI and ZIFT not replicate its DNA. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine 126. primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one and caffeine are produced by plants for their: of the following statements is correct? Effect on reproduction (1) There is no relationship between Gross (1) (2)Nutritive value primary productivity and Net primary productivity. Growth response (3)Gross primary productivity is always less (2)(4) Defence action than net primary productivity. 127. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity. of: (1) Natural selection (4) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same. Adaptive radiation (2)(3)Convergent evolution 133. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and Industrial melanism (4) peptide bond, respectively in their structure: (1) Inulin, insulin The first phase of translation is: 128. Chitin, cholesterol (2)(1) Recognition of an anti-codon (3)Glycerol, trypsin (2)Binding of mRNA to ribosome (4) Cellulose, lecithin (3)Recognition of DNA molecule (4) Aminoacylation of tRNA 134. Match the trophic levels with their correct species examples in grassland ecosystem. 129. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from: Fourth trophic level Crow (a) (i) (1) Compound epithelial cells (b) Second trophic level (ii) Vulture (2)Squamous epithelial cells (c) First trophic level (iii) Rabbit (3)Columnar epithelial cells Third trophic level (d) (iv) Grass (4) Chondrocytes Select the correct option: 130. Select the option including all sexually transmitted (a) (b) (c) (d) diseases. (1) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis (1) (2)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (2)Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes (3)(iv) (3)Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes (iii) (ii) (i)

(4)

(iv)

(iii)

(ii)

(i)

(4)

AIDS, Malaria, Filaria

135. Match the following with respect to meiosis:

(i)

- Zygotene (a)
- Terminalization
- (b) Pachytene
- (ii) Chiasmata
- Diplotene (c)
- Crossing over (iii)
- (d) Diakinesis
- (iv) Synapsis

(d)

(i)

(ii)

(i)

- Select the **correct** option from the following:
 - (a)

(iv)

(i)

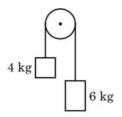
- (b) (c) (iii)
- (1) (ii) (iii)

(2)

(3)

- (iv)
 - (i)
- (iv)

- (iii)
- (ii)
- (ii) (iii) (iv)
- 136. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is:
 - $10^4 \, \mathrm{V}$ (1)
 - (2)10 V
 - $10^2 V$ (3)
 - $10^3 \, \mathrm{V}$ (4)
- 137. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
 - one-fourth (1)
 - (2)double
 - (3)half
 - (4) four times
- 138. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:



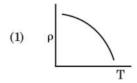
- g/10 (1)
- (2)g
- g/2(3)
- (4) g/5

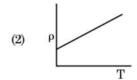
- 139. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - $1:c^{2}$ (1)
 - (2)c:1
 - 1:1 (3)
 - (4) 1:c
- 140. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:

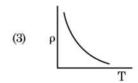
 - (2)
- 141. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is $\frac{\pi}{3}$. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again $\frac{\pi}{3}$ between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
 - (1) -1.0
 - zero (2)
 - (3)0.5
 - (4) 1.0
- 142. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is µ, then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:

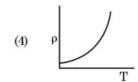
 - (3)
- Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m - 0.0099 m?
 - (1) 9.9 m
 - (2)9.9801 m
 - 9.98 m (3)
 - 9.980 m (4)

- 144. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
 - (1) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne+)
 - (2) Hydrogen atom
 - (3) Singly ionised helium atom (He+)
 - (4) Deuteron atom
- 145. When a uranium isotope $^{235}_{\ 92}{\rm U}$ is bombarded with a neutron, it generates $^{89}_{36}{\rm Kr}$, three neutrons and:
 - (1) $^{103}_{36}$ Kr
 - (2) $^{144}_{56}$ Ba
 - (3) $^{91}_{40}$ Zr
 - (4) $^{101}_{36}$ Kr
- 146. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m³, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is:
 - (1) 5 N/C
 - (2) zero
 - (3) 0.5 N/C
 - (4) 1 N/C
- 147. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper?

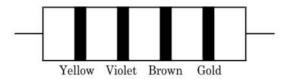








- 148. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
 - (1) isobaric
 - (2) isothermal
 - (3) adiabatic
 - (4) isochoric
- 149. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is:
 - (1) $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (2) $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
 - (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
- 150. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5$ r_2) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - (1) $\frac{5}{3}$
 - (2) $\frac{27}{8}$
 - (3) $\frac{9}{4}$
 - (4) $\frac{3}{2}$
- 151. The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (2) 470 kΩ, 5%
- (3) 47 kΩ, 10%
- (4) 4.7 kΩ, 5%

- 152. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are:
 - (1) insulators and semiconductors
 - (2) metals
 - (3) insulators only
 - (4) semiconductors only
- 153. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct**?
 - The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
 - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (4) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
- 154. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) 1.28×10⁶ N/C
- 155. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) zero
 - (2) doubled
 - (3) four times
 - (4) one-fourth
- 156. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 80 cm
- (2) 33 cm
- (3) 50 cm
- (4) 67 cm

157. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is:

(1)
$$\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A(L}_1 - \text{L)}}$$

(2)
$$\frac{\text{MgL}_1}{\text{AL}}$$

(3)
$$\frac{\text{Mg}(L_1 - L)}{\text{AL}}$$

(4)
$$\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$$

- 158. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - (1) 2.25×10^{-15}
 - (2) 2.25×10^{15}
 - (3) 2.5×10^6
 - (4) 2.5×10^{-6}
- 159. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:
 - (1) $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
 - (2) 3.66×10^{-7} rad
 - (3) $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
 - (4) 7.32×10^{-7} rad
- 160. Find the torque about the origin when a force of 3 n acts on a particle whose position vector is 2 n m.
 - (1) $6\hat{k}$ N m
 - (2) 6 i N n
 - (3) $6\hat{i}$ N m
 - $(4) 6\hat{i} \text{ N m}$
- 161. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
 - (1) $48 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (2) $10 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
 - (3) $12 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
 - (4) 24×10³ J

162. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 1.0 mm
- (2) 0.01 mm
- (3) 0.25 mm
- (4) 0.5 mm
- 163. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is $6\,\mu F$. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes $30\,\mu F$. The permittivity of the medium is:

$$(\epsilon_0\!=\!8.85\!\times\!10^{\,-\,12}~\mathrm{C^2~N^{\,-\,1}~m^{\,-\,2}})$$

- (1) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- 164. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
 - (1) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
 - (2) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \text{ J}$
 - (3) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
 - (4) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
- **165.** A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
 - (1) 24 N
 - (2) 48 N
 - (3) 32 N
 - (4) 30 N
- 166. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is: $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 300 m
 - (2) 360 m
 - (3) 340 m
 - (4) 320 m

- 167. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
 - (1) 20.0 g
 - (2) 2.5 g
 - (3) 5.0 g
 - (4) 10.0 g
- 168. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 537 Hz
 - (2) 523 Hz
 - (3) 524 Hz
 - (4) 536 Hz
- 169. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to:
 - (1) increase in forward current
 - (2) forward bias only
 - (3) reverse bias only
 - (4) both forward bias and reverse bias
- 170. Dimensions of stress are:
 - (1) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
 - (2) $[MLT^{-2}]$
 - (3) [ML²T⁻²]
 - (4) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
- 171. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of 16×10^{-9} C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) zero
- (2) 50 V
- (3) 200 V
- (4) 400 V

- 172. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
 - (1) zero
 - (2) π rad
 - (3) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad
 - (4) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ rad
- 173. A 40 μF capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
 - (1) 25.1 A
 - (2) 1.7 A
 - (3) 2.05 A
 - (4) 2.5 A
- 174. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m⁻¹. The permeability of the material of the rod is:

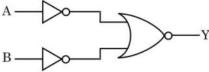
$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}\,\mathrm{m}\,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- 175. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be :
 - (1) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
 - (2) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
 - (3) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (4) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
- 176. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
- (3) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$

177. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0
- (2) A B Y 0 0 0 0 0 1 0
- (3) A B Y
 0 0 0
 0 1 1
 1 0 1
 1 1 1
- (4) A B Y
 0 0 1
 0 1 1
 1 0 1
 1 1 0
- 178. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : $(k_B \text{ is Boltzmann constant and } T, \text{ absolute temperature})$
 - (1) $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
 - $(2) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \, k_B T$
 - (3) $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
 - (4) $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
- 179. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly :
 - (1) 0.006
 - (2) 6
 - (3) 0.6
 - (4) 0.06
- 180. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is: $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$

- (1) 0.02 kg/m^3
- (2) 0.5 kg/m³
- (3) 0.2 kg/m^3
- (4) 0.1 kg/m^3

H1