## **ARJUNA (NEET)**

P XI M1 Pg15~

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**DPP-04** 

## **Units and Mesurements**

- If unit of length, mass and time each be doubled the unit of work is increased by
- (A) 8 times 15
- (B) 4 times
- (C) 6 times
- (D) 2 times
- If a unit of length becomes (1/10)m instead
- of '1 m' then what will be the numerical 15 value of the volume of a cube of 500 m<sup>3</sup>.
- Centripetal force (F) depends on mass of body (m), velocity of body (v) and radius of circular path (r). Find out the relation 15 among these quantities.
  - (A)  $m^1 v^2 r^{-1}$
- (B)  $m^1 v^1 r^1$
- (C)  $m^{-1} v^{-2} r$
- (D)  $m^{-1} r^1 v^1$
- If force, acceleration and time are taken as fundamental quantities, then the dimensions of length will be 15
  - (A)  $FT^2$
- (B)  $F^{-1}A^2T^{-1}$
- (C)  $FA^2T$
- (D) AT<sup>2</sup>
- Force acting on a particle is given by F =(A - x)/Bt, where x is in metre, and t is in seconds. The dimension of *B* is
- 15 (A)  $MLT^{-2}$
- (B)  $M^{-1}T^{-3}$
- (C)  $M^{-1}T$
- (D)  $MT^{-1}$
- If the units of length and force are increased four times, then the unit of energy will-
  - (A) Increase eight times
- 16 (B) Increase 16 times
  - (C) Decrease 16 times
  - (D) Increase four times

The velocity v of a particle at time t is given

by 
$$v = \frac{a}{t} + \frac{bt}{t^2 + c}$$
. The dimensions of  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$  are respectively

- (A)  $LT^{-1}L, T$  (B)  $L, L, T^{-2}$  (C)  $L, LT, T^{-2}$  (D)  $L, L, LT^2$
- The dimensional formula of k in  $y = \sin(kx)$ is (if *x* is the distance)
  - (A)  $M^0 L^0 T^{-1}$
- (B)  $M^{-1} L^{-1} T^0$ 16
- (C)  $M^0 L^{-1} T^0$
- (D)  $M^0L^0T^0$
- The method of dimensional analysis can be used to derive which of the following relations?
  - (A)  $N_0 e^{-\lambda t}$
  - (B) A sin  $(\omega t + kx)$

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- (C)  $\frac{1}{2}mv^2 + \frac{1}{2}Iw^2$
- (D) None of the above
- 10. Force acting on object is proportional to the square of acceleration then find dimension of proportional constant.
  - (A)  $M L^{-1} T^2$
- 16 (B)  $M^{-1} L^{-1} T^{-2}$
- (C)  $M L^2 T^{-2}$
- (D)  $M L^2 T^1$

## **ANSWERS**

- 1. **(D)**
- 2. (4000)
- 3. (A)
- **4. (D)**
- **5. (D)**
- **6. (B)**
- 7. **(B)**
- 8. (C)
- 9. **(D**)
- **10.** (A)





\*Note\* - If you have any query/issue

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