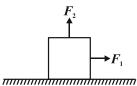
ARJUNA (NEET)

Newton's Law of Motion

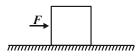
DPP-06

- **1.** Which of the following is self-adjusting force ?
 - (A) Static friction
 - (B) Limiting friction
 - (C) Kinetic friction
 - (D) Rolling friction
- 2. Maximum force of friction is called
 - (A) Limiting friction
 - (B) Static friction
 - (C) Sliding friction
 - (D) Rolling friction
- **3.** The limiting friction between two bodies in contact is independent of
 - (A) Nature of the surface in contact
 - (B) The area of surfaces in contact
 - (C) Normal reaction between the surfaces
 - (D) The materials of the bodies
- **4.** In the figure shown, horizontal force F_1 is applied on a block but the block does not slide. Then as the magnitude of vertical force F_2 is increased from zero the block begins to slide; the correct statement is

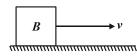


- (A) The magnitude of normal reaction on block increases
- (B) Static frictional force acting on the block increases
- (C) Maximum value of static frictional force decreases
- (D) All of these

5. A block of mass 2 kg is kept on the floor. The coefficient of static friction is 0.4. If a force *F* of 2.5 Newtons is applied on the block as shown in the figure, the frictional force between the block and the floor will be:



- (A) 2.5 N
- (B) 5 N
- (C) 7.84 N
- (D) 10 N
- **6.** A body of mass 2 kg is kept by pressing to a vertical wall by a force of 100 N. The coefficient of friction between wall and body is 0.3. Then the frictional force is equal to:
 - (A) 6 N
- (B) 20 N
- (C) 600 N
- (D) 700 N
- 7. A car is moving along a straight horizontal road with a speed v_0 . If the coefficient of friction between the tyres and the road is μ then the shortest distance in which the car can be stopped is -
 - (A) $\frac{v_0^2}{2\mu g}$
- (B) $\frac{v_0}{\mu g}$
- (C) $\left(\frac{v_0}{\mu g}\right)^2$
- (D) $\frac{v_0}{u}$
- 8. A block B is pushed momentarily along a horizontal surface with an initial velocity v, if μ is the coefficient of sliding friction between B and the surface, block B will come to rest after a time:



- (A) $v/g\mu$
- (B) $g\mu/v$
- (C) g/v
- (D) v/g

ANSWER KEY

- **1.** (A)
- **2.** (A)
- **3.** (B)
- **4.** (C)
- **5.** (A)
- **6.** (B)
- **7.** (A)
- **8.** (A)





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