ARJUNA (NEET)

Units and Mesurements

P XI M1 Pg12~ **DPP-03**

The force F is given in terms of time t and displacement x by the equation

 $F = A \cos Bx + C \sin Dt$.

Then the dimensions of D/B are

(A) $M^0 L^0 T^0$

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- (B) $M^0 L^0 T^{-1}$
- (C) $M^0 L^{-1} T^0$
- (D) $M^0 L^1 T^{-1}$

When Bernoulli's theorem is expressed as

$$\frac{P}{\rho g} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{v^2}{g} + h = \text{constant}$$

hand side of the equation are given as

the dimensions of the constant on the right

- (A) $M^0 L^0 T^0$
- (B) $M^0 L^1 T^0$
- (C) $M^1 L^0 T^0$
- (D) $M^1 L^2 T^{-2}$
- 3. dimensions of coefficient of permittivity for free space (ε_0) in a relation

$$F = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2},$$

- where symbols have their usual meanings is 12
 - (A) $M^{-1}L^{-3}A^2T^4$
 - (B) $M^1 L^3 A^{-2} T^{-4}$
 - (C) $M^1 L^3 A^2 T^{-4}$
 - (D) $M^{-1}L^{-3}A^{-2}T^{-4}$
 - The time dependence of a physical quantity p is given by $p = p_0 \exp(-\alpha t^2)$, where α is a constant and t is the time. The constant α
- (A) is dimensionless 13
 - (B) has dimensions [T⁻²]
 - (C) has dimensions $\lceil T^2 \rceil$
 - (D) has dimensions of p
 - Which of the following equation is dimensionally correct
- 13 (A) s = at
- (B) Q = It
- (C) $v = gt^2$
- (D) $v = at + gt^2$

The velocity u of particles is given in terms of time t by the equation. $u = at + \frac{b}{t^2 + c}$.

The dimension of a, b and c are :

- (A) L^2 , T, LT^2
- (C) LT^{-2} , LT, T^2
- (B) LT^2 , LT, L
- (D) L, LT, T²
- Pressure gradient dp/dx is the rate of change of pressure with distance. What are the dimensions of dp/dx?
 - (A) $ML^{-1}T^{-1}$
- (B) $ML^{-2}T^{-2}$
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- (C) $ML^{-1} T^{-2}$
- (D) $ML^{-2}T^{-1}$
- The potential energy U of a particle varies with distance x from a fixed origin as U =

$$\frac{A\sqrt{x}}{x^2 + B}$$
 where A and B are dimensional constants. The dimensional formula for AB

- (A) $M^1 L^{7/2} T^{-2}$
- (B) $M^1 L^{11/2} T^{-2}$
- (C) $M^1 L^{5/2} T^{-2}$
- (D) $M^1 L^{9/2} T^{-2}$
- If force (F), velocity (V) and time (T) are taken as fundamental units, then the dimensions of mass are
 - (A) [FVT⁻¹]
- (B) [FVT⁻²]
- (C) $[F^{-1}VT^{-1}]$
- (D) $[FV^{-1}T]$

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- 10. If energy (E), velocity (V) and Force F be taken as Fundamental physical quantity, then what are the dimension of mass.
 - (A) EV^2
- (B) EV^{-2}
- (C) FV^{-1}
- (D) FV^{-2}
- 11. Velocity of object is given as a function of time and position.

$$V = \alpha t + \beta x + \gamma$$

then dimension of α , β and γ are

- (A) LT⁻², T⁻¹, LT⁻² (B) LT⁻², T⁻¹, LT⁻¹
- (C) LT⁻¹, LT⁻², T⁻¹ (D) LT⁻¹, L, T

ANSWERS

- 1. **(D)**
- 2. **(B)**
- 3. (A)
- **4.** (**B**)
- **5. (B)**
- **6.** (C)
- 7. **(B)**
- 8. **(D)**
- 9. **(D)**
- **10.** (**B**)
- 11. (B)





Note - If you have any query/issue

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