ARJUNA (NEET)

STRUCTURE OF ATOM

DPP-3

- 1. Wave number is
 - (A) λ
- (B) $1/\lambda$
- (C) c/λ
- (D) $\lambda \times v$
- Calculate the number of protons, electrons and neutrons in the following:
 Chloride ion (Cl⁻) with Z = 17, A = 35
- 3. Calculate the wavelength, frequency and wave number of a light whose time period is 4×10^{-8} s.
- 4. What is the symbol of the species with number of electrons equal to 36, protons equal to 35 and neutron equal to 45?
- 5. Calculate the frequency, wave number of the microwaves with wavelength 4×10^7 nm.

- 6. Calculate the wavelength, frequency and wave number of a light wave whose time period is 3×10^{-10} s.
- 7. Calculate the frequency and wavelength of photon with energy 3.98 \times $10^{-15}\ J.$
- 8. Which of the following have maximum wavelength?
 - (A) Cosmic rays
- (B) γ rays
- (C) Micro waves
- (D) Radio waves
- 9. Which of the following have maximum frequency?
 - (A) Cosmic rays
- (B) γ rays
- (C) Micro waves
- (D) Radio waves
- 10. Unit of wavelength is
 - (A) m
- (B) nm
- (C) A
- (D) All of these

ANSWERS KEY

- **1.** (B)
- Cl⁻ with Z = 17, A = 35
 Number of protons = 17
 Number of electrons = 17 + 1 (As one negative charge which means gain of electron = 18)
 Number of neutrons = A Z = 35 17
 = 18
- 3. frequency = $2.5 \times 10^7 \text{ s}^{-1}$ Wavelength = 12 mWave number = $8.3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^{-1}$
- 4. $^{80}_{35} Br^{-}$

- 5. Wave Number = 25 m^{-1} Frequency = $7.5 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}$
- 6. Frequency = $3.3 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}$ Wavelength = $9 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$ Wave Number = 11.11 m^{-1}
- 7. Frequency = $6.0 \times 10^{18} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ (Hz)}$ Wavelength = $0.5 \text{ Å} (1 \text{ Å} = 10^{-10} \text{ m})$
- **8.** (D)
- 9. (A)
- **10.** (D)



Note - If you have any query/issue



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