- 1. Very high number of alveoli present in a lung is meant for
 - (A) More space for increasing volume of inspired air
 - (B) More area of diffusion
 - (C) Making the organ spongy
 - (D) Increasing nerve supply

200 million

02)

 Cartilaginous rings in trachea are incomplete at which surface.

(A) Dorsal

(B) Ventral

(C) Lateral

(D) Ventrolateral

Dorsal-s oesophagus

- Trachea divides into two a right and left primary bronchi at the level of:
 - (A) Seventh cervical vertebra
 - (B) Third thoracic vertebra
 - (C) Fifth thoracic vertebra
 - (D) Seventh thoracic vertebra

1º Bronchi

Necka Cervical Vertebrae

Thorax - Thoracic

5 Hb

- 4. The trachea is lined with
 - (A) ciliated simple squamous epithelium
 - (B) stratified squamous epithelium
 - (C) pseudostratified ciliated epithelium
 - (D) pseudostratified squamous epithelium

- 5. The function of nasal cavity and nasopharynx is to:
 - (A) Warm the inspired air.
 - (B) Moisten the inspired air.
 - (C) Filter out the particles from the inspired air.
 - (D) All of these

6. Air is breathed through:

- (A) Trachea lungs larynx pharynx alveoli
- (B) Nose larynx pharynx bronchus alveoli bronchioles
- (2) Nostrils pharynx larynx trachea bronchi – bronchioles – alveoli
- (D) Nose mouth lungs

- 7. Wall of alveoli is composed of
 - (A) Simple squamous epithelium
 - (B) Simple cuboidal epithelium
 - (C) Pseudostratified epithelium
 - (D) Simple columnar epithelium

dimpk sq. efithelium

- 8. The lungs are enclosed in a covering called
 - (A) Perichondrium
 - (B) Pleural membrane
 - (C) Pericardium
 - (D) Peritoneum

Plevra

- 9. In human beings, oblique fissures are associated with:
 - (A) Right lung
- (B) Left lung
- (C) Both lungs
- (D) None of these

Righ Keft

10. Respiratory organ of insects are-

(A) General body surface
(B) Book lungs
(C) Lungs

(C) Lungs

(D) Tracheal tubes