ARJUNA (NEET)

Breathing and Exchange of Gases

DPP-02

- **1.** Volume of air that will remain in the lungs after a normal expiration is about:
 - (A) 1200 ml
- (B) 2300 ml
- (C) 4600 ml
- (D) 5800 ml
- **2.** Lungs are made up of air-filled sacs, the alveoli. They do not collapse even after forcefull expiration because of
 - (A) Residual Volume (RV)
 - (B) Inspiratory Reserve Volume (IRV)
 - (C) Tidal Volume (TV)
 - (D) Expiratory Reserve Volume (ERV)
- **3.** What is vital capacity of our lungs?
 - (A) Inspiratory reserve volume plus tidal volume
 - (B) Total lung capacity minus expiratory volume
 - (C) Inspiratory reserve volume plus expiratory reserve volume
 - (D) Total lung capacity minus residual volume
- **4.** The volume of 'anatomical dead space' air is normally
 - (A) 230 mL
- (B) 210 mL
- (C) 190 mL
- (D) 150 mL
- **5.** Which of the following is true about pleural membranes except
 - (A) Outer pleural membrane is in close contact with the thoracic lining
 - (B) Inner pleural membrane is in contact with the lung surface
 - (C) Pleural fluid is present between them
 - (D) It increases friction on the lung surface
- **6.** Contraction of diaphragm;
 - (A) Increases the volume of the thoracic chamber in the antero-posterior axis
 - (B) Increases the volume of the thoracic chamber in the dorso-ventral axis
 - (C) Decreases the volume of the thoracic chamber in the antero-posterior axis
 - (D) Decreases the volume of the thoracic chamber in the dorso-ventral axis

- 7. Which of the following is the part of the thoracic chamber:
 - (A) Ribs and vertebral column
 - (B) Diaphragm
 - (C) Sternum
 - (D) All of these
- **8.** During inspiration which of the following events takes place
 - (A) Diaphragm and external intercostal muscles contracts
 - (B) Diaphragm and internal intercostal muscles relax
 - (C) Intra Pleural pressure is less than atmospheric pressure
 - (D) Both (A) and (C)
- **9.** During expiration which of the following events takes place
 - (A) Diaphragm and external intercostal muscles contracts
 - (B) Diaphragm and external intercostal muscles relax
 - (C) Inter Pleural pressure is less than atmospheric pressure
 - (D) Both (A) and (C)
- **10.** Which of the following constitute the conduction part of the respiratory system
 - (A) External nostrils to trachea
 - (B) External nostrils to primary bronchioles
 - (C) Respiratory bronchioles to alveoli
 - (D) External nostrils to terminal bronchioles

Answer Key

- **1.** (B)
- **2.** (A)
- **3.** (D)
- **4.** (D)
- **5.** (D)
- **6.** (A)
- **7.** (D)
- **8.** (D)
- **9.** (B)
- **10.** (D)

