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1. Find the molar mass of the following molecules :

Given : Atomic mass : O = 16, N = 14, S = 32, C = 12, Cu = 63.5

(i) O₂

4, 5

5

6

(ii) N₂

(iii) NO₂

(iv) H₂O

(v) NH₃

(vi) N₂O₄

(vii) SO₂

- (viii) H₂SO₄
- (ix) CO₂

- (x) Glucose $(C_6H_{12}O_6)$
- (xi) Acetic acid (CH₃COOH) (xii) Sucrose (C₁₂H₂₂O₁₁)
- (xiii) Blue vitriol (CuSO₄.5H₂O)
- **2.** Find the number of moles of the following :
 - (i) $28 \text{ g of } N_2$
- (ii) 28 g of N
- (iii) $64 \text{ g of } O_2$

- (iv) 64 g of O
- (v) $54 \text{ mg of } H_2O$
- (vi) 48 mg of CH₄

- (vii) 23 mg of NO₂
- (viii) 15 mg of CH₃COOH
- **3.** Find the following for 180 gm of glucose :

Give: Glucose (C₆H₁₂O₆)

Atomic weight: C = 12, H = 1, O = 16

- (i) Number of mole of glucose
- (ii) Number of molecules of glucose
- (iii) Number of moles of carbon atom
- (iv) Number of moles of hydrogen atom
- (v) Number of moles of oxygen atom
- (vi) Number of atoms of carbon, hydrogen and oxygen
- (vii) Total number of atoms
- **4.** For 49 g of H_2SO_4 , Find the following :
 - (i) Number of moles of H₂SO₄
 - (ii) Number of moles of hydrogen, sulphur and oxygen atom
- 6,7 (iii) Number of molecules of H₂SO₄
 - (iv) Number of atoms of hydrogen, sulphur and oxygen
 - (v) Total number of atoms





- **5.** For 180 gm of Acetic acid (CH₃COOH), calculate the following :
 - (i) Number of moles of acetic acid
 - (ii) Number of molecules of acetic acid
 - (iii) Number of moles of carbon, oxygen and hydrogen atom
 - (iv) Number of atoms of carbon, oxygen, and hydrogen
 - (v) Total number of atoms
- **6.** For the ideal gas, find the missing parameter in each part among P, V, T and n:

8 (i)
$$P = 0.8314 Pa$$

$$V = 6000 \text{ m}^3$$

$$T = 300 \text{ K}$$

8 (ii)
$$P = 5$$
 atm

7

12

$$V = 8.21 L$$

$$T = 200 \text{ K}$$

$$V = 5000 L$$

$$T = 250 \text{ K}$$

9 (iv)
$$V = 8.21 L$$

$$T = 500 \text{ K}$$

$$n = 10$$

9 (v)
$$V = 100 \text{ m}^3$$

$$T = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$n = 3$$

$$9$$
 (vi) $P = 831.4 Pa$

$$V = 1000 L$$

$$n = 0.1$$

$$(vii) P = 22.4 atm$$

$$T = 273 \text{ K}$$

$$n = 2$$

10. 11 (viii)
$$V = 45.4 \text{ m}^3$$

$$T = 2730 \text{ K}$$

$$n = 5$$

- 7. Find the volume of ideal gas at STP:
 - (i) 2 moles of PCl₅

(ii) 0.25 moles of NH₃

(iii) 0.5 moles of NO₂

- (iv) 4 moles of N₂
- 8. Find the moles of ideal gas at STP:
 - 12 (i) 22.7 L of O_2

12 (ii) $45.4 \text{ L of } N_2$

12 (iii) 45.4 mL of NO₂

12 (iv) 11.35 mL of NH₃

 $(v) 2.27 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ of SO}_3$

(vi) 113.5 m³ of CO₂