1.	Which of the following are journaling filesystems (Select all answers that apply):	1 / 1 point
	<ul><li>□ vfat</li><li>☑ XFS</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>✓ Correct</li><li>XFS is a journaling filesystem</li></ul>	
	✓ btrfs	
	<ul><li>✓ Correct</li><li>btrfs is a journaling filesystem</li></ul>	
	☐ VFS	
	squashfs	
	ext4	
	<ul><li>Correct</li><li>ext4 is a journaling filesystem</li></ul>	
2.	For a filesystem to be mounted at boot:	1 / 1 point
	It must be listed in /proc/filesystems	
	It must be listed in /etc/mounts	
	<ul> <li>It must be mentioned in the mounting scripts in /etc/init.d</li> <li>It must be listed in /etc/fstab</li> </ul>	
	Correct This is correct	
3.	When mounting a filesystem, it may be specified by any of the following methods (Select all answers that apply):	0 / 1 point

Kernel configuration option

	This should not be selected This is not true	
	<ul><li>□ Alias mentioned in .bashrc</li><li>□ Label</li><li>☑ UUID</li></ul>	
	✓ Device node	
	<ul><li>✓ Correct</li><li>Such as /dev/sda2</li></ul>	
4.	LVM stands for:	1 / 1 point
	Cast Memory Vanished	
	Carge Volatile Memory	
	Calculation   Little Virtual Murders	
	Logical Volume Management	
	Correct  LVM stands for Logical Volume Management	
5.	Loopback filesystems (Select all answers that apply):	1 / 1 point
	✓ Have slower performance than just having a native filesystem	
	Correct The layer of pass through a native filesystem can only hurt	
	Are never used in production systems	
	Can be useful for testing filesystem features	



It is faster to set up since partitions do not have to be created, but it is not good for testing performance