Ex. No.: 12

Date: 24/4/25

File Organization Technique- Single and Two level directory

AIM:

To implement File Organization Structures in C are
a. Single Level Directory
b. Two-Level Directory
c. Hierarchical Directory Structure
d. Directed Acyclic Graph Structure

a. Single Level

Directory

ALGORITHM

1. Start

2. Declare the number, names and size of the directories and file names.

3. Get the values for the declared variables.

4. Display the files that are available in the directories.

5. Stop.

PROGRAM:

```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <graphics.h>
void main()
{
    int gd=DETECT, gm, count, i, j, mid, ciur-x;
    char fname [10][20];
    initgraph (&gd, &gn, "c:\\tc\\bgi");
    cleardevice();
    setbkcolor(Green);
    puts("Enter number of files");
```

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```c
scanf("%d", &count);
for (i=0; i<count; i++) {
    cleardevice();
    setbkcolor(GREEN);
    printf("Enter file %d name", i+1);
    scanf("%s", fname[i]);
    setfillstyle(1, MAGENTA);
    mid = 640/count;
    cir.x = mid/3;
    bar3d(270, 100, 370, 150, 0, 0);
    settextstyle(2, 0, 4);
    settextjustify(1, 1);
    outtextxy(320, 125, "Root Directory");
    setcolor(BLUE);
    for (j=0; j<=i; j++, cir.x +=mid) {
        line(320, 150, cir.x, 250);
        fillellipse(cis_x, 250, 30, 30);
        outstantry(cir.x, 250, tname[j]);
    }
}
```
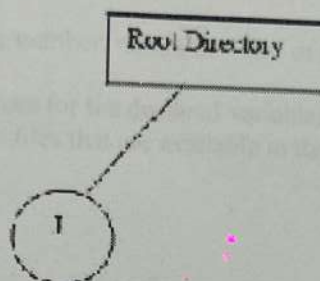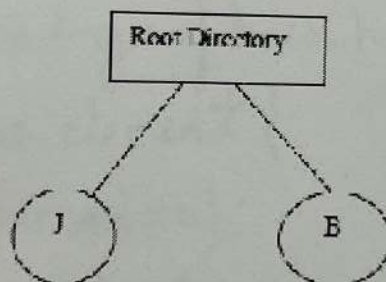
OUTPUT:

Enter the Number of files
2
Enter the file1 J

Enter the file2 B

b. Two-level directory Structure

ALGORITHM:

1. Start
2. Declare the number, names and size of the directories and subdirectories and file names.
3. Get the values for the declared variables.
4. Display the files that are available in the directories and subdirectories.
5. Stop.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <graphics.h>
struct true-element {
    char name[20];
    int x, y, ftype, fx, vroc, nc, level;
    struct true-element * link[5]; };
typedef struct true element node;
void main() {
    int gd=DETECT, gm;
    node *vroot;
    vroot = NULL;
    clrscr();
    create(&vroot, 0, "null", 0, 630, 320);
    clrscr();
    initgraph(&gd, &gm, "c:\\tc\\bgi");
    display(vroot);
    getch();
```

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```c
        closegraph(); }
create (node **root, int dv, char * dname, int lx,
                              int rx, int x)

{  int i, graf;
   if (*root == NULL) {
      (*root) = (node *) malloc (size of (node));
      printf ("enter name of file (under %.s)", dname);
   } flush (stdin);
   gets ((*root)->name);
   if (dev == 0 || dev == 1)
   (*root) -> ftype = 1;

   else
      (*root) -> ftype = 2;
      (*root) -> devel = lev;
      (*root) -> y = 50 + lev * 50;
      (*root) -> x = x
      (*root) -> lx = lx;
      (*root) -> rx = rx;
      for (i = 0; i < S; i++)
      (*root) -> link[i] = NULL;
      if ((*root) -> ftype == 1) {
         if (lev == 0 || lev == 1) {
            if ((*root) -> level == 0)
            printf ("How many users");
```

```c
    else
        printf("How many files");
        printf("(for %s)!", (*root)->name);
        scanf("%d", &(*root)->nc);
    }
    else (*root)->nc=0;
    if((*root)->nc==0)
        gap = vx - dx;
    else
        gap = (vx-dx)/(*root)->nc;
        for(i=0; i<(*root)->nc; i++)
        create(&((*root)->link[i]), lev+1, (*root)->
            name, lx +gap*i, lx+gap*i, lx+gap*i+,
                                    gap/2);
    }
    else
        (*root)->nc=0;
    }
}
display(node *root)
{
    int i;
    settext(2,0,4);
    set textstyle(4,1);
    set fullstyle(1,BLUE);
    set color(14);
```
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```c
if (root! = NULL) {
    for (i=0; i<root->nc; i++) {
        line (root->x, root->y, root->link[i]->x,
                    root->link[i]->y); }

        if (root->ftype == 1) bar3d (root->x-20,
    root->y-10, root->y+10, 0, 0);
    else
        fillellipse (root->x, root->y, 20, 20);
    outtextxy (root->x, root->y, root->name);
    for (i=0; i<root->nc; i++) {
        display (root->link[i]) } }}
```
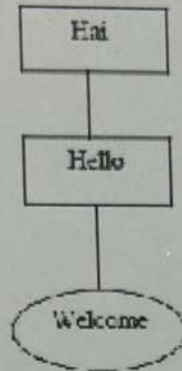
Sample Output:

Enter the name of dir/file(under null): Hai
How many users(for Hai):1
Enter name of dir/file(under Hai):Hello
How many files(for Hello):1
Enter name of dir/file(under Hello):welcome

```
┌──────────┐
│   Hai    │
└────┬─────┘
     │
┌────┴─────┐
│  Hello   │
└────┬─────┘
     │
   ( Welcome )
```

Result:

Using c the file organisation structure, the single level directory & two level directory are implemented