

Almanac 2023

Plan, Build, Operate – We deliver!

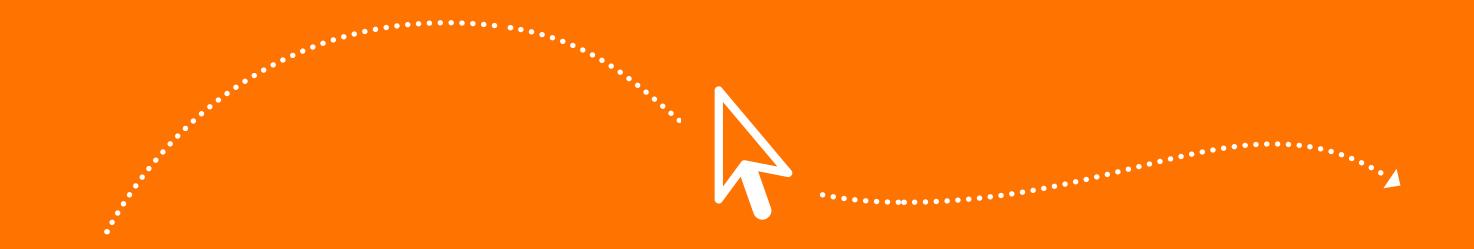


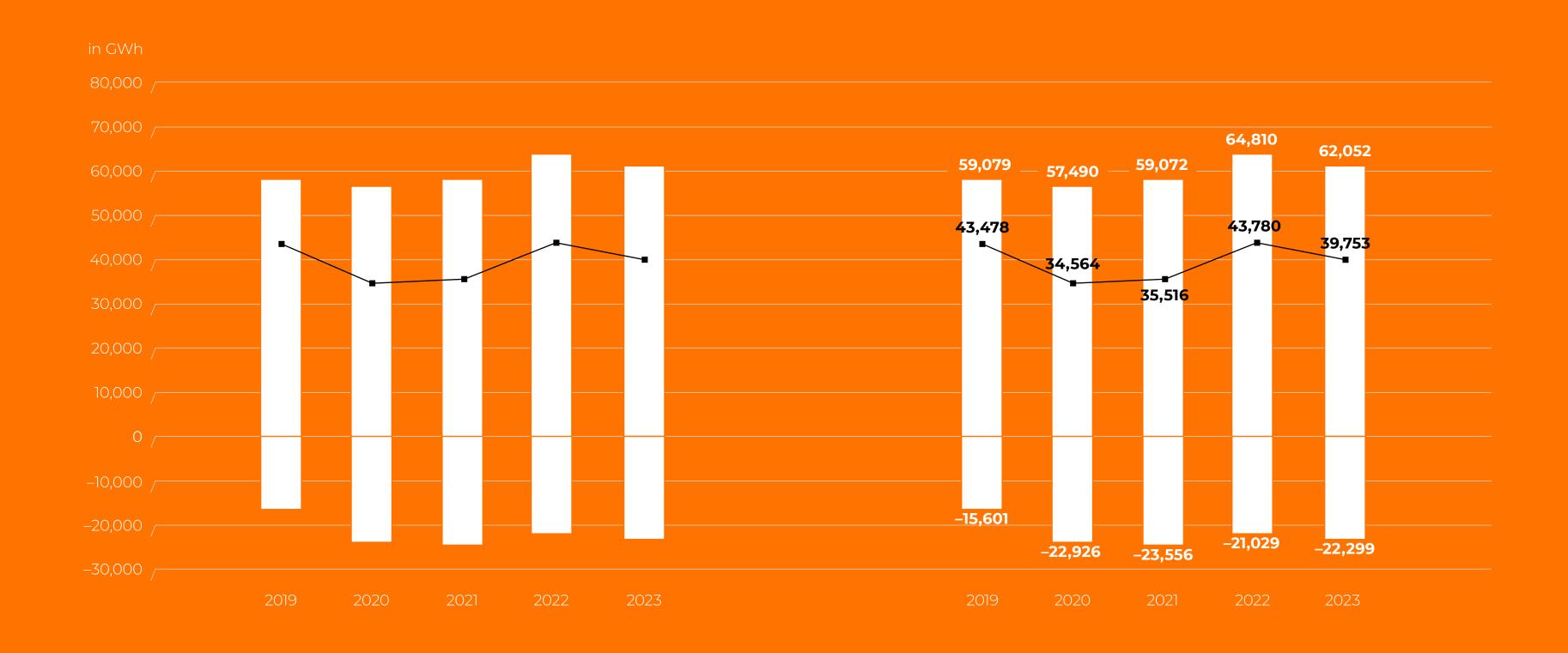
# About this document

This interactive document uses mouseover effects. Key figures in diagrams and tables can be displayed or hidden simply by moving the mouse pointer over them. The icon on the left indicates where this feature is available.

Where external sources are referenced, they are mentioned underneath the corresponding graphic.

You can also use the navigation at the top to navigate forwards and backwards or jump directly to the desired chapter.





### **Contents**

### **Key data for 50Hertz**

As a transmission system operator in the heart of Europe, 50Hertz is committed to the secure integration of renewable energy sources, the development of the European electricity market and the maintenance of a high standard of supply security. We operate the electricity transmission system in the north and east of Germany, and are expanding it to meet the requirements of the energy transition. We are leaders in the secure integration of renewable energy sources – by 2032, we aim to achieve 100 per cent coverage for the load in our grid area from renewable energy sources, averaged over the year.

Transparent and non-discriminatory business practices are at the core of our commitment to social responsibility. Our Almanac provides a concise overview of the most important data and facts on the transmission system and 50Hertz grid area in a German and European context.

Find out more at:

#### **Conversion table**

kV (kilovolt)	1,000 volts, voltage
kW (kilowatt)	1,000 watts, power
MW (megawatt)	1,000 kilowatts
GW (gigawatt)	1 million kilowatts
kWh (kilowatt-hour)	1,000 watt-hours, work
MWh (megawatt-hour)	1,000 kilowatt-hours
GWh (gigawatt-hour)	1 million kilowatt-hours
TWh (terawatt-hour)	1 billion kilowatt-hours

#### Key data for 2023

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An	overview	ot 50Hert
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Investment volume	EUR 1,686 million (EUR 1,086 million in 2022)
Profit IFRS	EUR 220 million (EUR 136 million in 2022)
Employees	Around 1,800
New employees	323
Proportion of women in the workforce overall	Around 25.5%

Circuit length (km)	10,658	(≈28%*)
Circuit length of 380 kV AC overhead lines	7,535	
Circuit length of 220 kV AC overhead lines	2,375	
Circuit length of 380 kV AC cables	55	
Circuit length of 400 kV DC cables (HVDC)	15	
Circuit length of 220 kV AC cables	3	
Circuit length of 150 kV AC offshore cables	290	
Circuit length of 220 kV AC offshore cables	385	

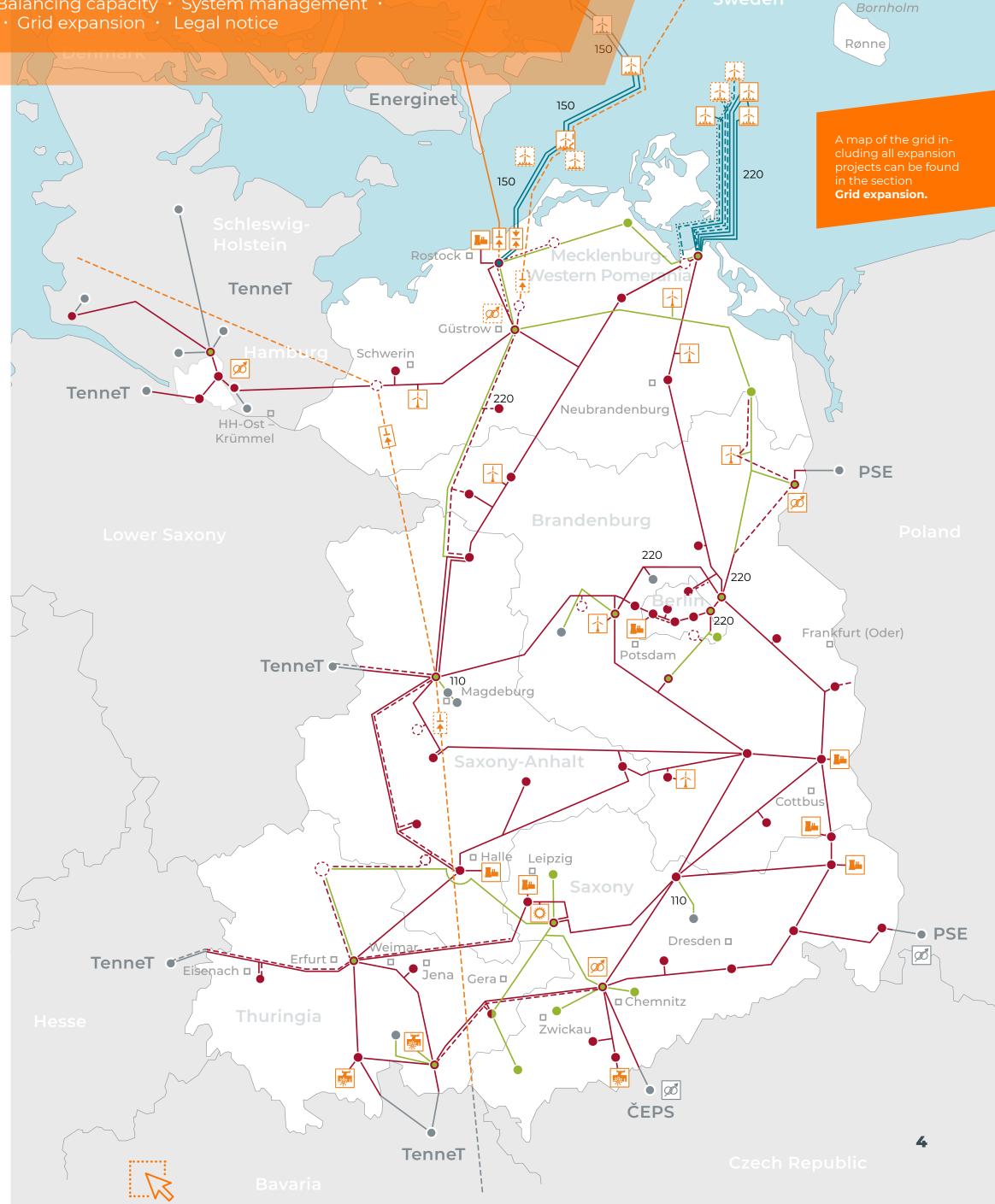
Number of installations	81	
Substations	67	
Switching stations	10	
Third-party substations and switching stations	4	

67,660		
23,500		
44,160		

#### **General information**

Geographical area (km²)	109,715	(≈31%*)
Population (millions)	18.2	(≈22%*)

<sup>\*</sup> Proportion of total for Germany



<sup>(</sup>i) There may be rounding differences in the summing up of the individual values.

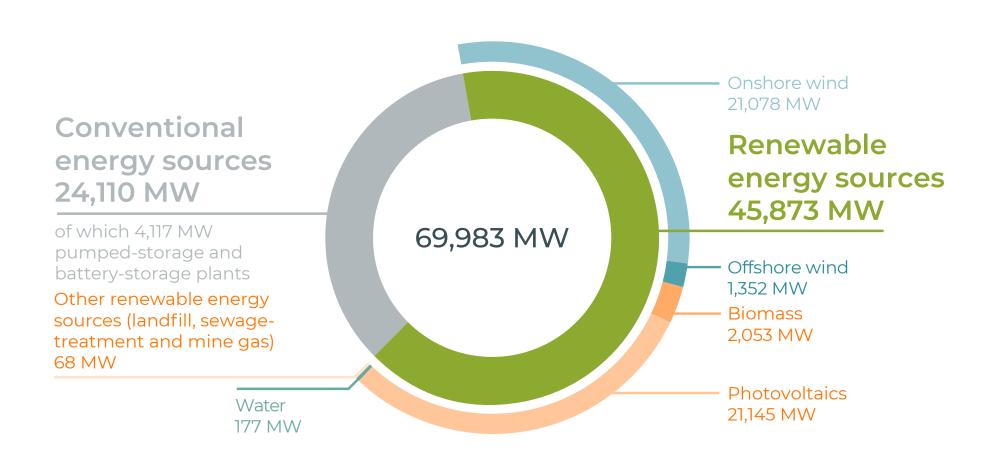
#### Installed capacity in the 50Hertz grid area

#### **Installed capacity**

Figures in MW	2019	2020	2021*	2022*	2023*
Renewable energy sources					
Wind, onshore	18,711	19,138	19,748	20,414	21,078
Wind, offshore	1,068	1,068	1,093	1,093	1,352
Water	284	281	174	174	177
Photovoltaics	12,204	13,552	16,359	18,175	21,145
Landfill, sewage-treatment and mine gas	70	67	59	60	68
Biomass	1,980	2,023	2,037	2,069	2,053
Total for renewable energy sources	34,316	36,129	39,470	41,986	45,873
Conventional energy sources					
Lignite	9,762	9,729	10,234	10,103	9,872
Coal	3,234	3,234	1,624	1,586	1,584
Natural gas	5,738	5,680	5,900	6,330	6,509
Oil	979	795	1,089	1,153	1,199
Nuclear energy	0	0	0	0	0
Waste	419	473	473	496	477
Pumped-storage plants	2,793	2,793	2,793	2,793	2,793
Battery-storage plants	_	_	237	521	1,324
Other energy sources	192	192	195	338	352
Total for conventional energy sources	23,116	22,896	22,544	23,320	24,110
Total	57,432	59,025	62,014	65,306	69,983

Sources: Installed capacity of renewable energy sources: 50Hertz's EEG database for the reporting years 2019 and 2020, Core Energy Market Data Register (MaStR) of the German Federal Network Agency for the reporting year 2021 onwards, data extracted at the end of January 2024, as at a reporting date of 31/12/2023; installed net capacity of conventional energy sources: German Federal Network Agency power plant list, data extracted in November 2023, and Core Energy Market Data Register, data extracted in January 2024, as at a reporting date of 31/12/2023.

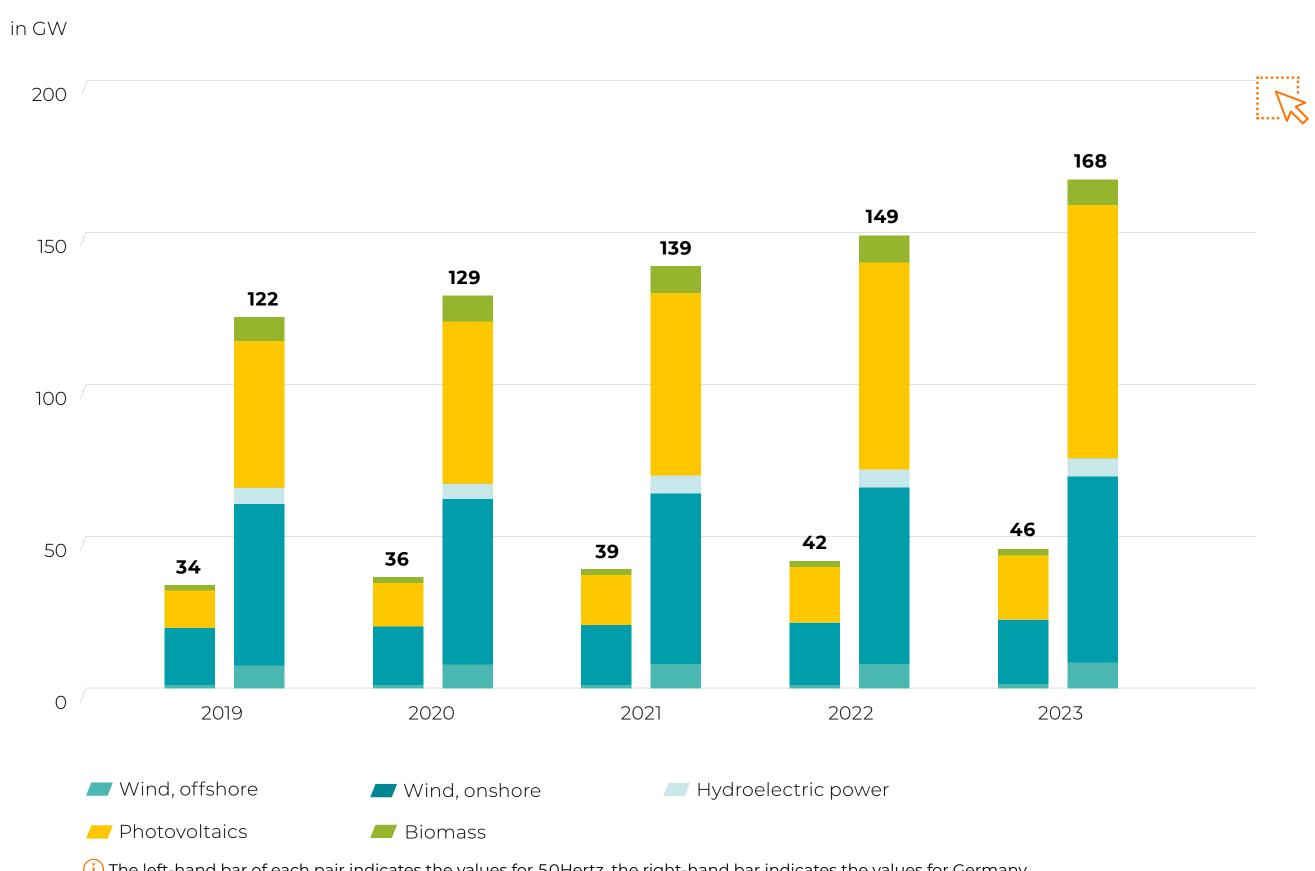
## Installed capacity in the 50Hertz grid area by energy source, 2023



\* In the 2021 reporting year, the source used for the installed capacity of renewable energy sources was changed to the gross installed capacity from the Core Energy Market Data Register (MaStR). The Core Energy Market Data Register is maintained by the German Federal Network Agency and is the central data source for master data relating to all plant operators and installations on the basis of Sections 111e and 111f of the German Energy Industry Act and the German Ordinance on the Registration of Energy Industry Data (MaStRV).

There may be rounding differences in the summing up of the individual values.

## Development of the installed capacity of renewable energy sources in the 50Hertz grid area and in Germany

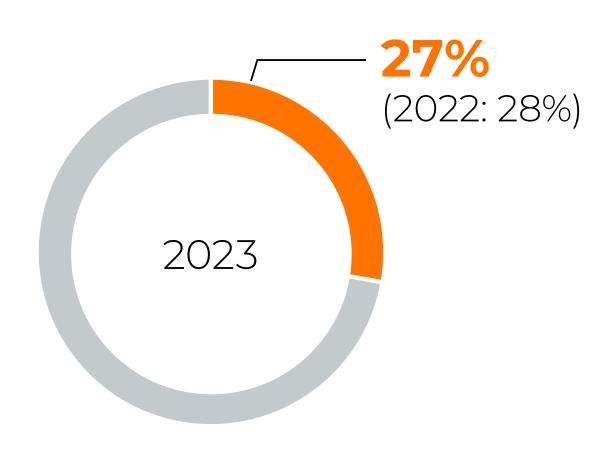


i The left-hand bar of each pair indicates the values for 50Hertz, the right-hand bar indicates the values for Germany.

The low quantities of water, landfill, sewage treatment and mine gas cannot be depicted but are included in the totals.

Source: Values for Germany: ENTSO-E Transparency Platform for 2019 and 2020, gross installed capacity from the Core Energy Market Data Register (MaStR) of the German Federal Network Agency from 2021 onwards.

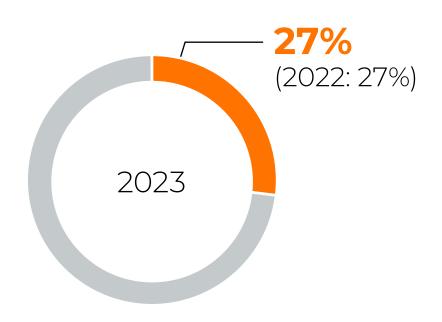
## 50Hertz's share of the installed capacity of renewable energy sources in Germany in 2023



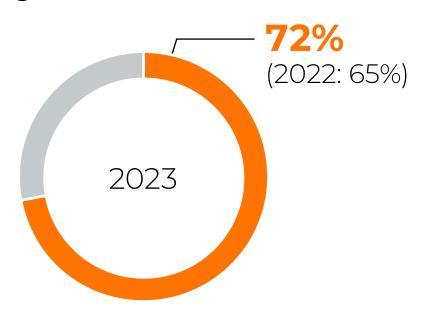
Development of the input from renewable energy sources in the 50Hertz grid area and in Germany

50Hertz's share of the input from renewable energy sources in Germany in 2023



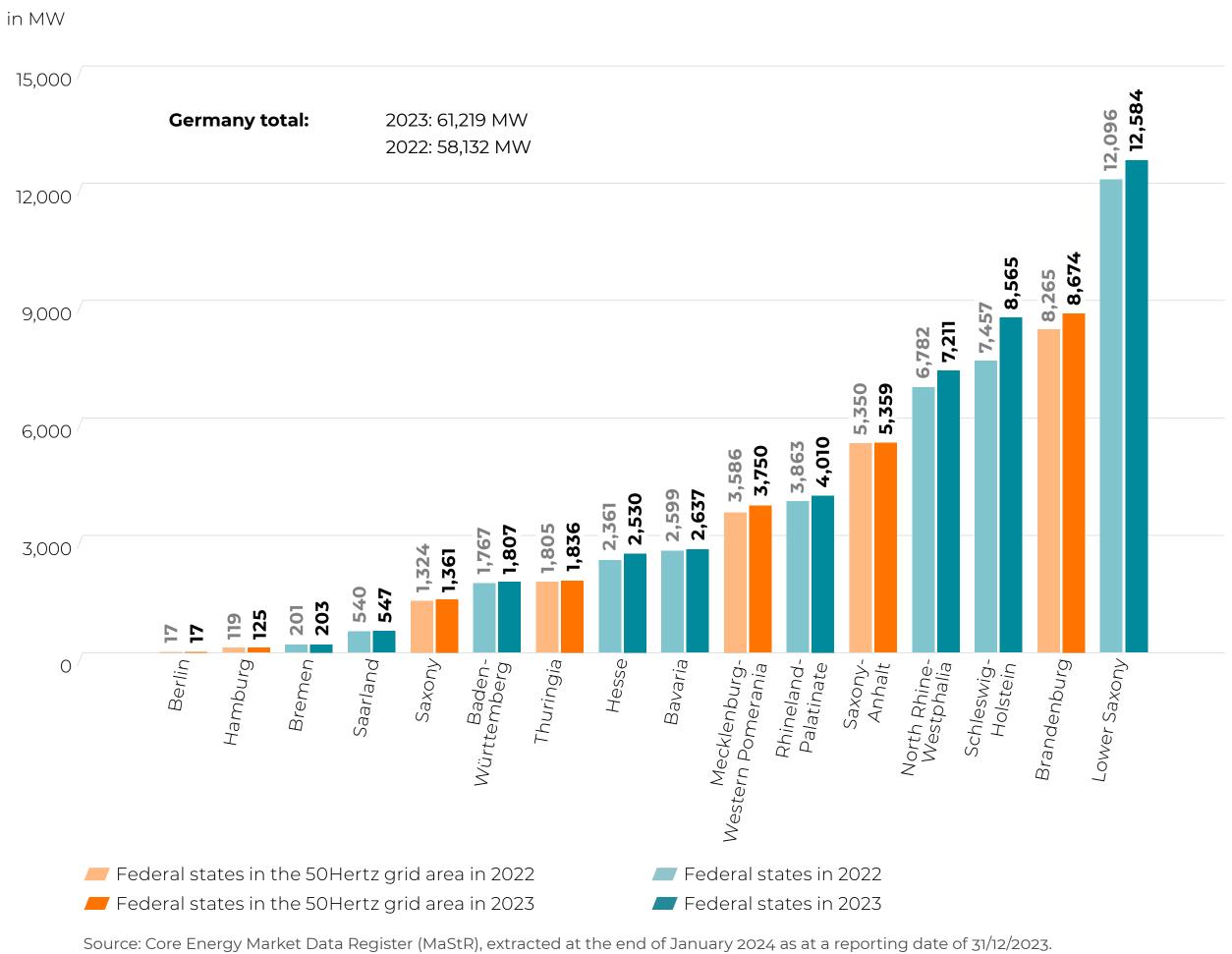


Share of the input from renewable energy sources as a proportion of total consumption in the 50Hertz grid area in 2023

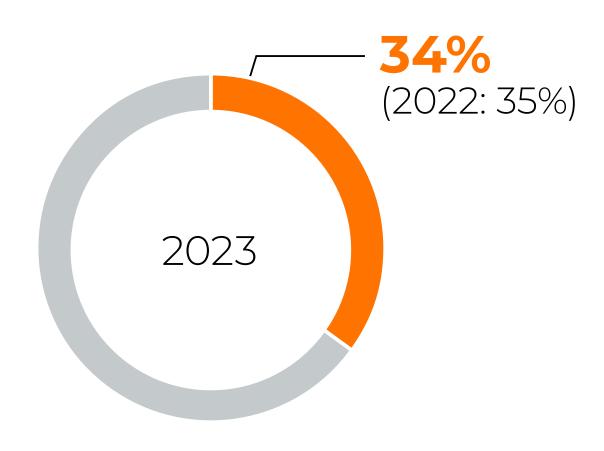


<sup>(</sup>i) The left-hand bar of each pair indicates the values for 50Hertz, the right-hand bar indicates the values for Germany. There may be rounding differences in the summing up of the individual values.

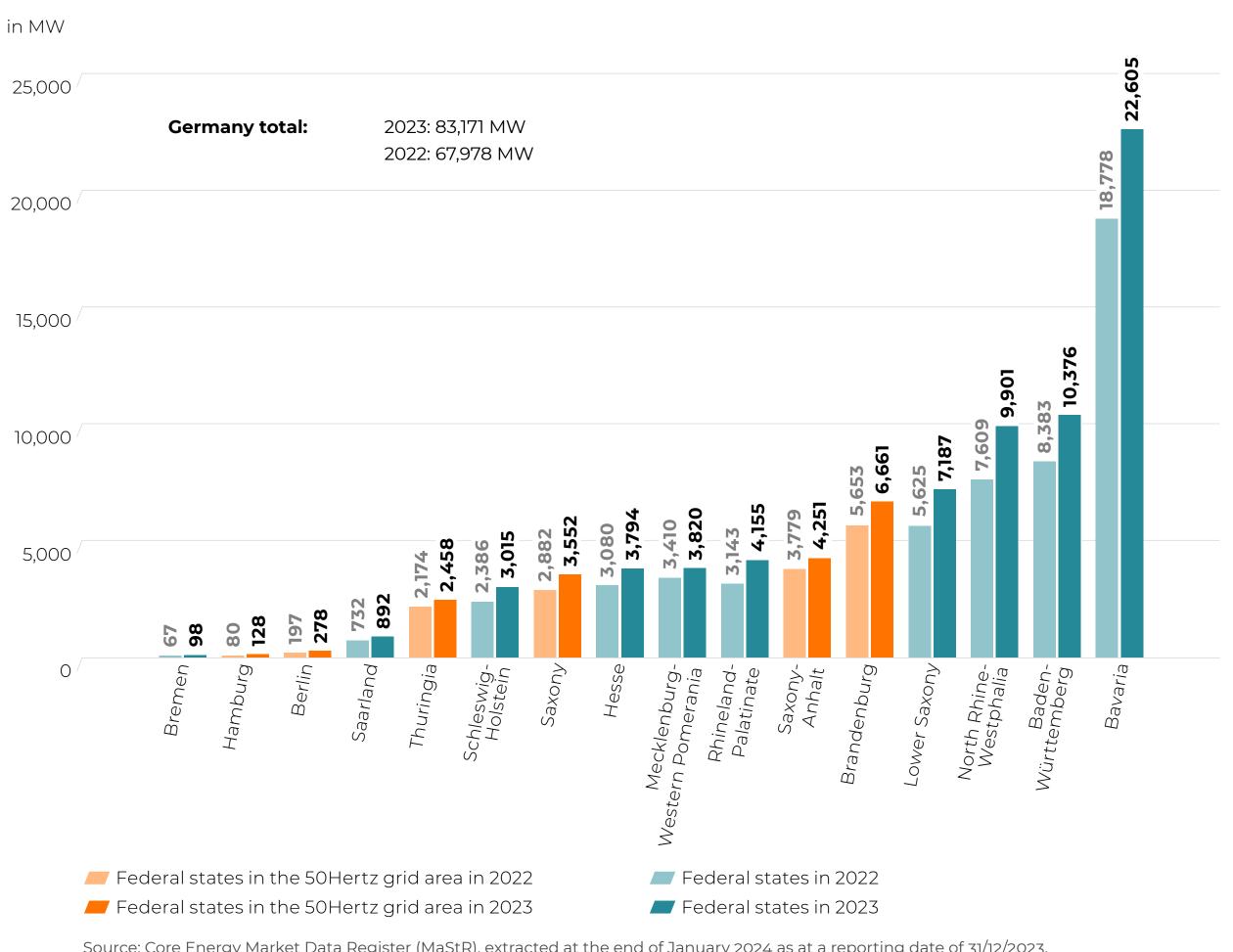
#### Geographical distribution of the installed onshore wind-power capacity in Germany by federal states in 2023



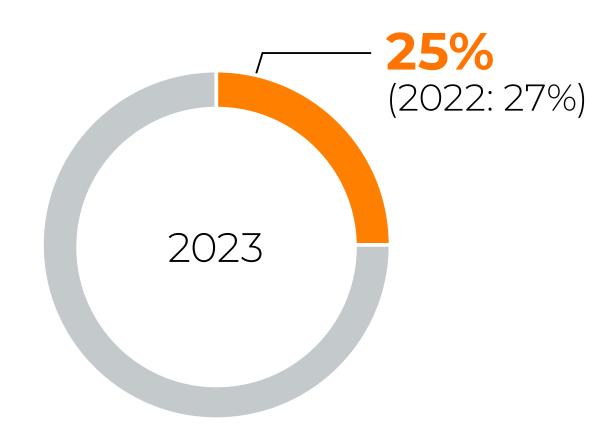
#### 50Hertz's share of installed onshore wind-power capacity in Germany in 2023



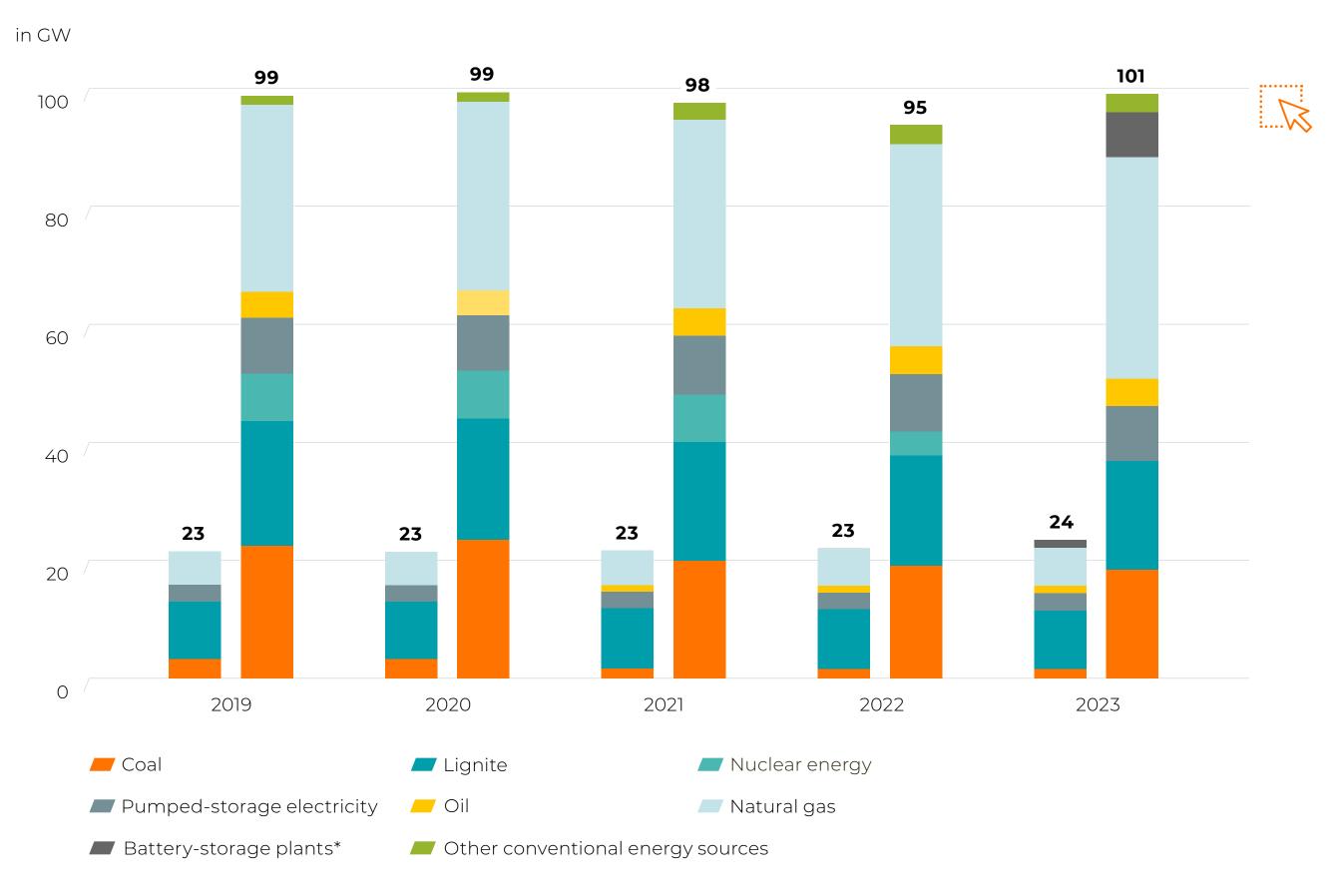
#### Geographical distribution of the installed photovoltaic capacity in Germany by federal states in 2023



#### 50 Hertz's share of installed photovoltaic capacity in Germany in 2023



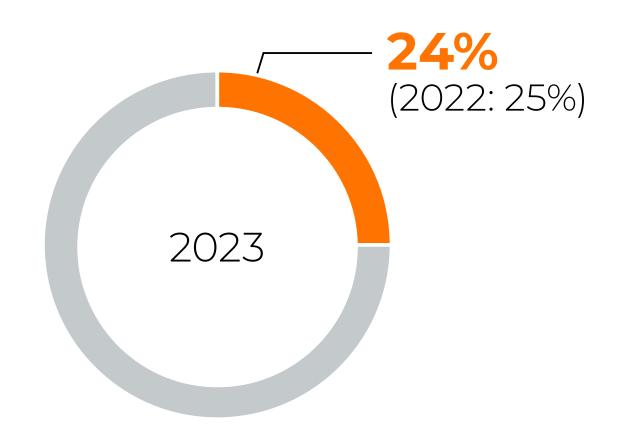
## Development of the installed net capacity of conventional power plants in the 50Hertz grid area and in Germany



(i) The left-hand bar of each pair indicates the values for 50Hertz, the right-hand bar indicates the values for Germany. No figures are shown for values < 1 GW.

There may be rounding differences in the summing up of the individual values.

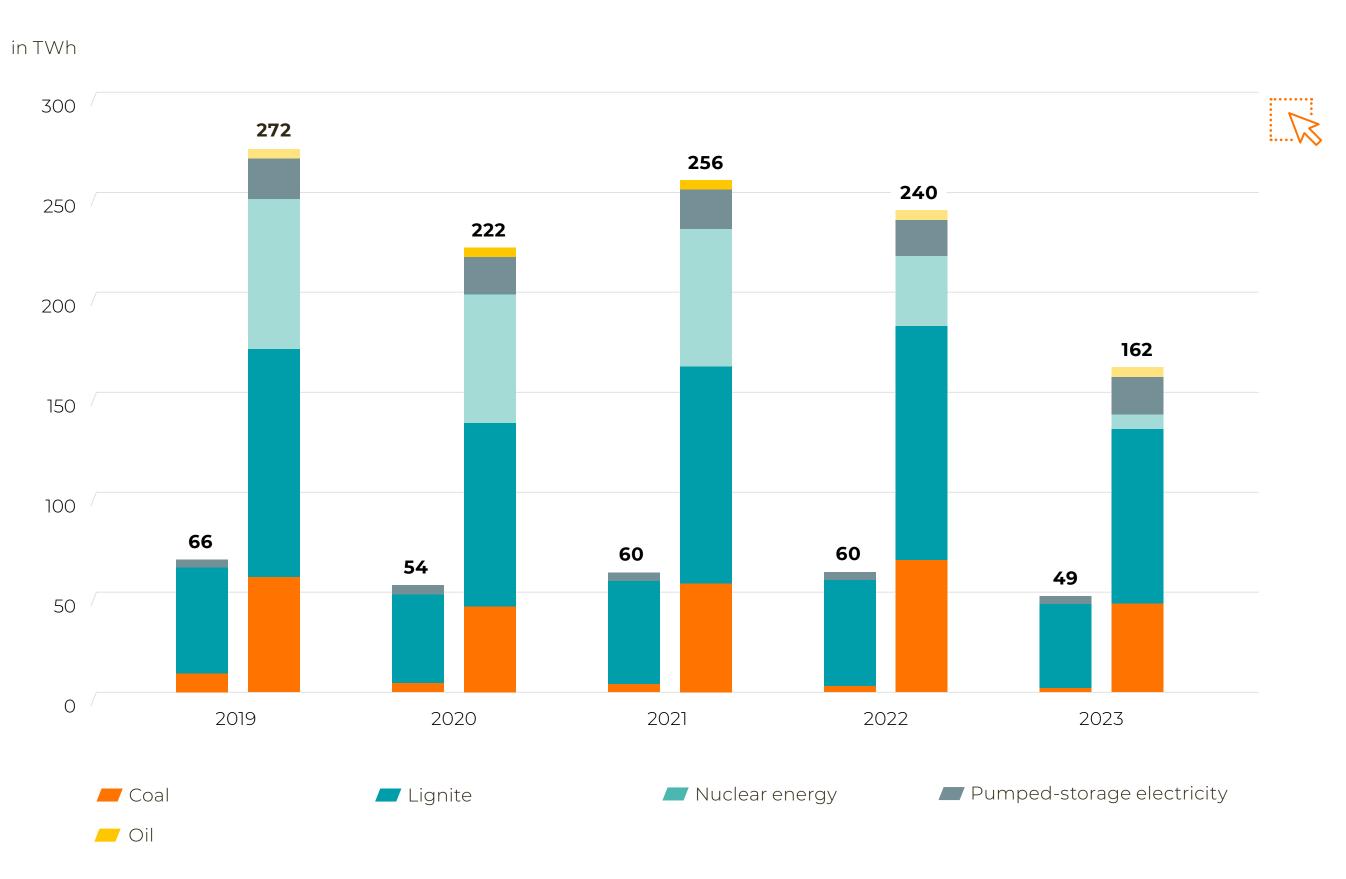
50Hertz's share of the installed net capacity of conventional power plants in Germany in 2023



Source for Germany values: Power plant list and Core Energy Market Data Register (MaStR) of the German Federal Network Agency.

<sup>10</sup> 

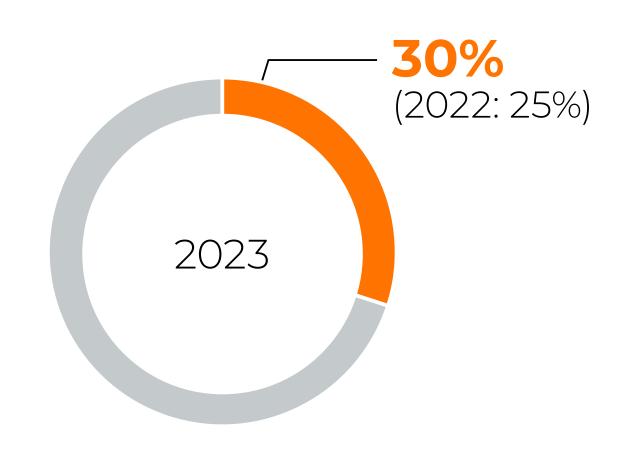
## Development of the input from conventional energy sources to the 50Hertz extra-high-voltage grid and in Germany



i The left-hand bar of each pair indicates the values for 50Hertz, the right-hand bar indicates the values for Germany. There may be rounding differences in the summing up of the individual values.

Source for Germany values: German local association of Energy and Water Industries (BDEW), preliminary figures.

## 50Hertz's share of the input from conventional energy sources in Germany in 2023



## Key figures for the input from wind turbines (onshore and offshore) in the 50Hertz grid area

Figures in MW	2022	2023	
Maximum simultaneous input	16,885	17,887	
Minimum input	3	14	
Biggest one-hour spike	3,277	2,975	
Biggest one-hour drop	-2,590	-2,893	
Biggest 15-minute spike	1,522	1,907	
Biggest 15-minute drop	-1,412	-1,018	
Biggest one-day spike	10,950	14,494	

i) Data based on extrapolated figures (15-minute mean capacity figures), including direct marketing.

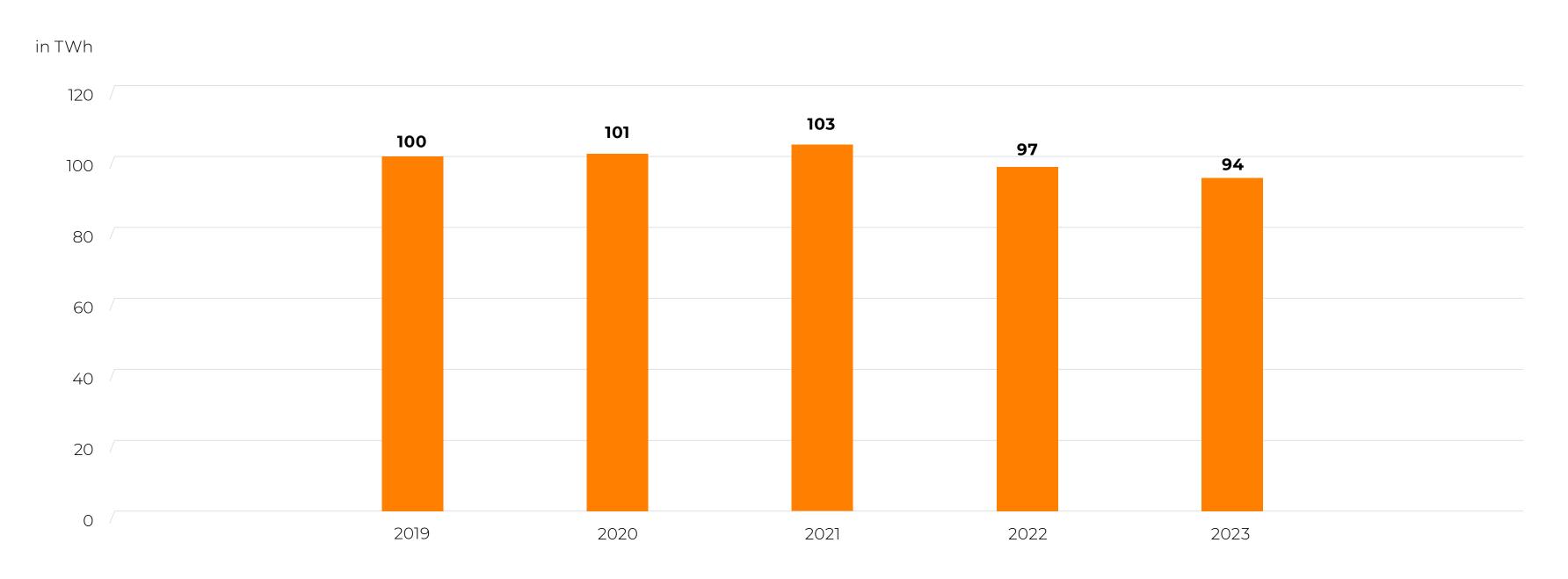
## Key figures for the input from photovoltaic plants in the 50Hertz grid area

Figures in MW	2022	2023	
Maximum simultaneous input	11,062	11,895	
Minimum input	0	0	
Biggest one-hour spike	2,950	3,188	
Biggest one-hour drop	-2,874	-2,844	
Biggest 15-minute spike	805	1,333	
Biggest 15-minute drop	-834	-775	

i) Data based on extrapolated figures (15-minute mean capacity figures), including direct marketing.

## Load and consumption

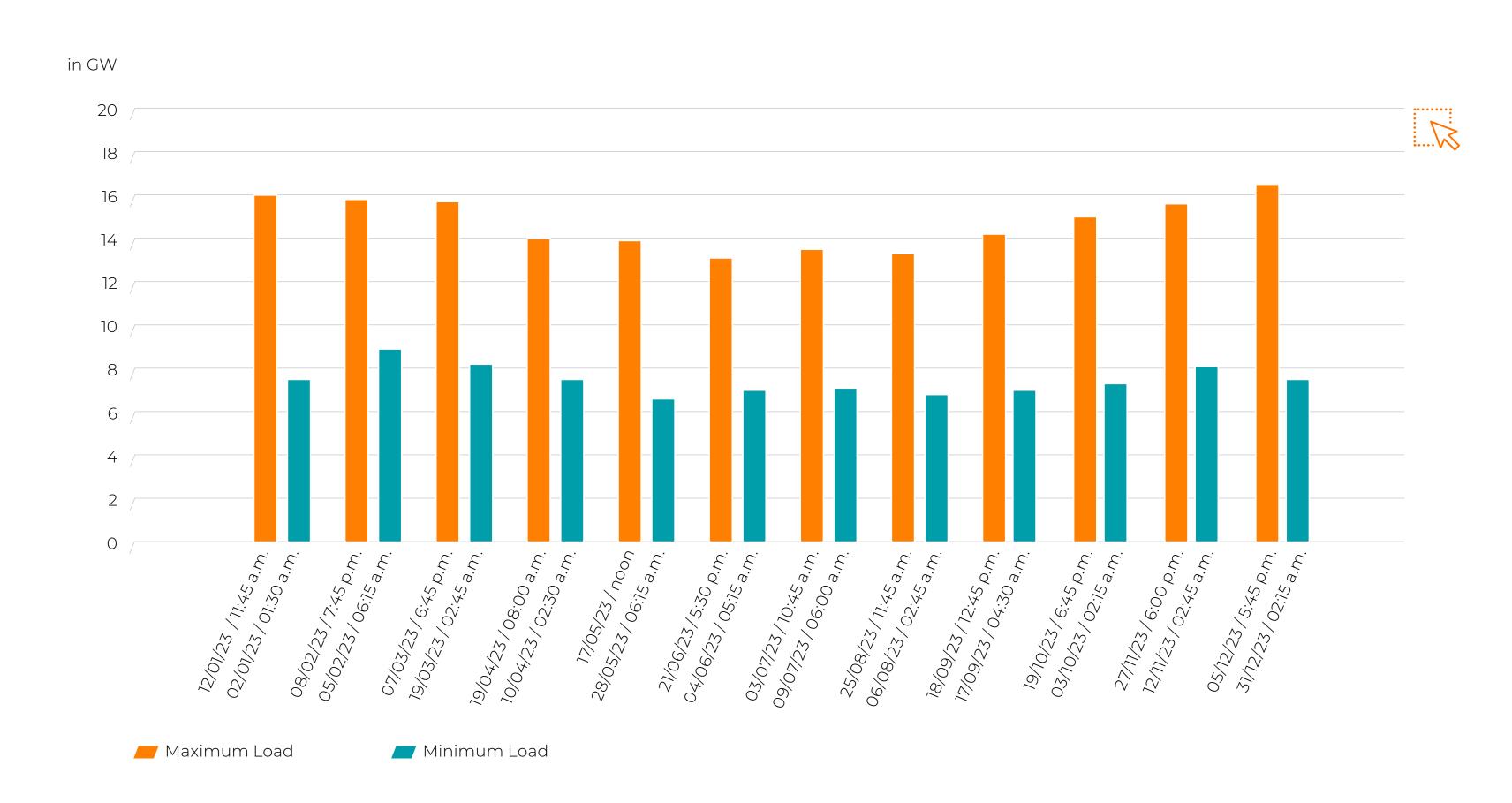
#### Development of electricity consumption in the 50Hertz grid area



For the year 2019, electricity consumption consisted of end consumption in accordance with the German Renewable Energy Sources Act (EEG) and self-supply subject to the EEG levy. Since 01/01/2020, the network losses of transmission system operators and distribution system operators have also been taken into account, as have pumped-storage plant losses. The foundation of the data for the electricity consumption in accordance with the EEG has also been abolished together with the EEG levy. Since 01/01/2022, the electricity consumption has been calculated based on the quantities withdrawn from the balancing zone accounting, and continues to include the network losses and pumped-storage plant losses.

## Load and consumption

Monthly maximum and minimum load in the 50Hertz grid area, 2023



Annual maximum	16,462 MW on 05/12/2023 at 17:45
Annual minimum	6,649 MW on 28/05/2023 at 6:15

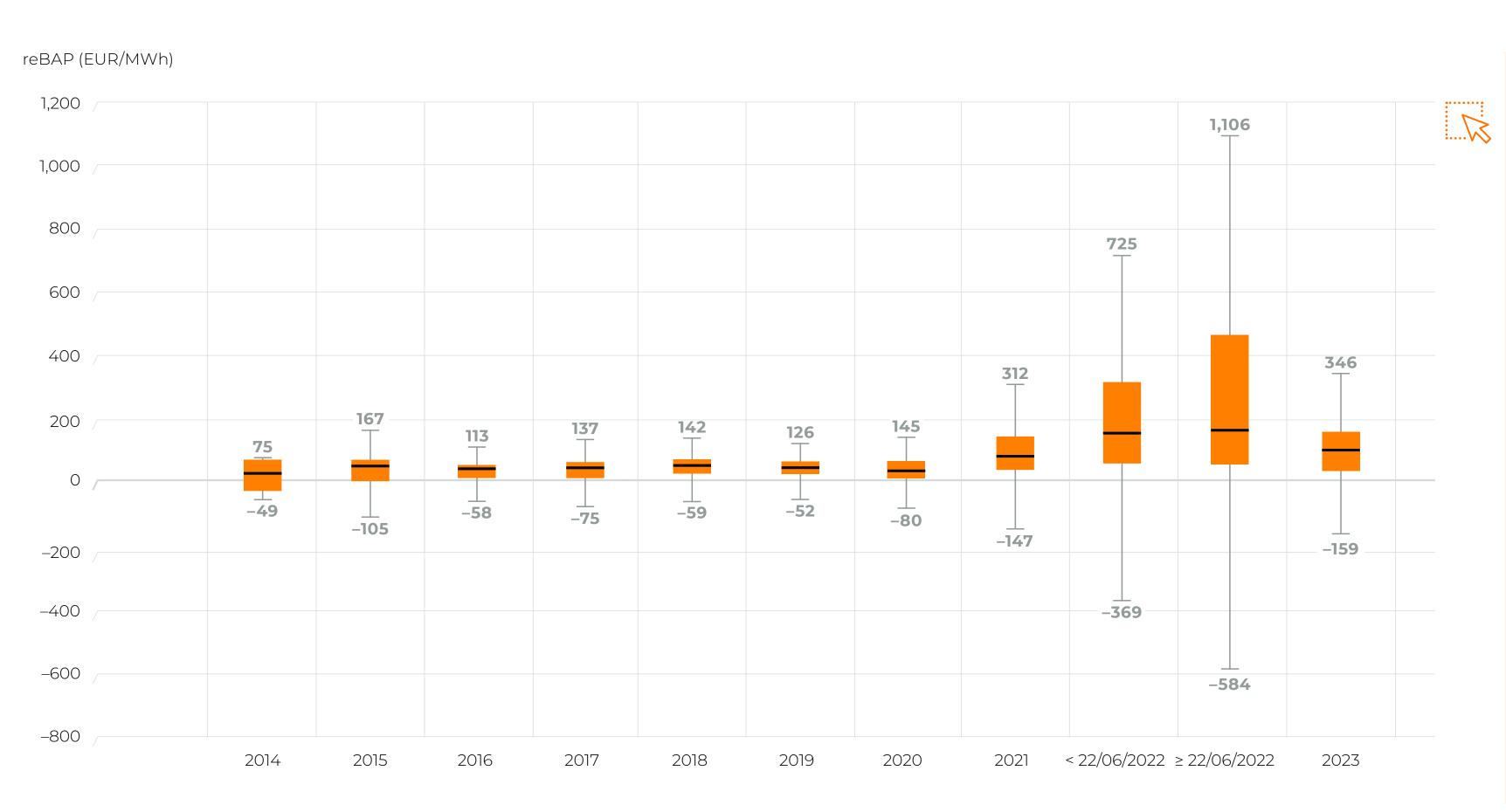
## **Balancing capacity**

Development of costs by type of balancing capacity in Germany

i More information and the source of the above figures can be found at:

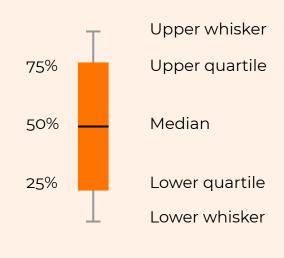
## **Balancing capacity**

#### **Development of the imbalance price (reBAP)**





The "box plot scheme" is a suitable format for presenting the distribution of the quarter-hourly imbalance price (reBAP) in the respective years. The edges of the box enclose 50% of the time period (i.e: 50% of all quarter hours in a year) and are bounded by the lower (Q1 = 25%) and upper quartile (Q3 = 75%). This excludes the quarter hours with the cheapest or most expensive 25% of the reBAPs that occur. The line within the box shows the median (Q2 = 50%) of all occurring values; i.e. half of all data points are larger and half are smaller. Together with the quantiles, the median gives an indication of the dispersion and skewness of the data. The whiskers indicate the level up to which the values are within the limits of Q1 – 1.5  $\times$  (Q3 – Q1) and Q3 + 1.5  $\times$  (Q3 – Q1). The whiskers thus show how the extremes of the data set are spread and give an impression of the volatility of the reBAP. Extreme outliers (quarter hours with particularly high/low prices) are not included in this box plot.



i Outliers are not depicted.

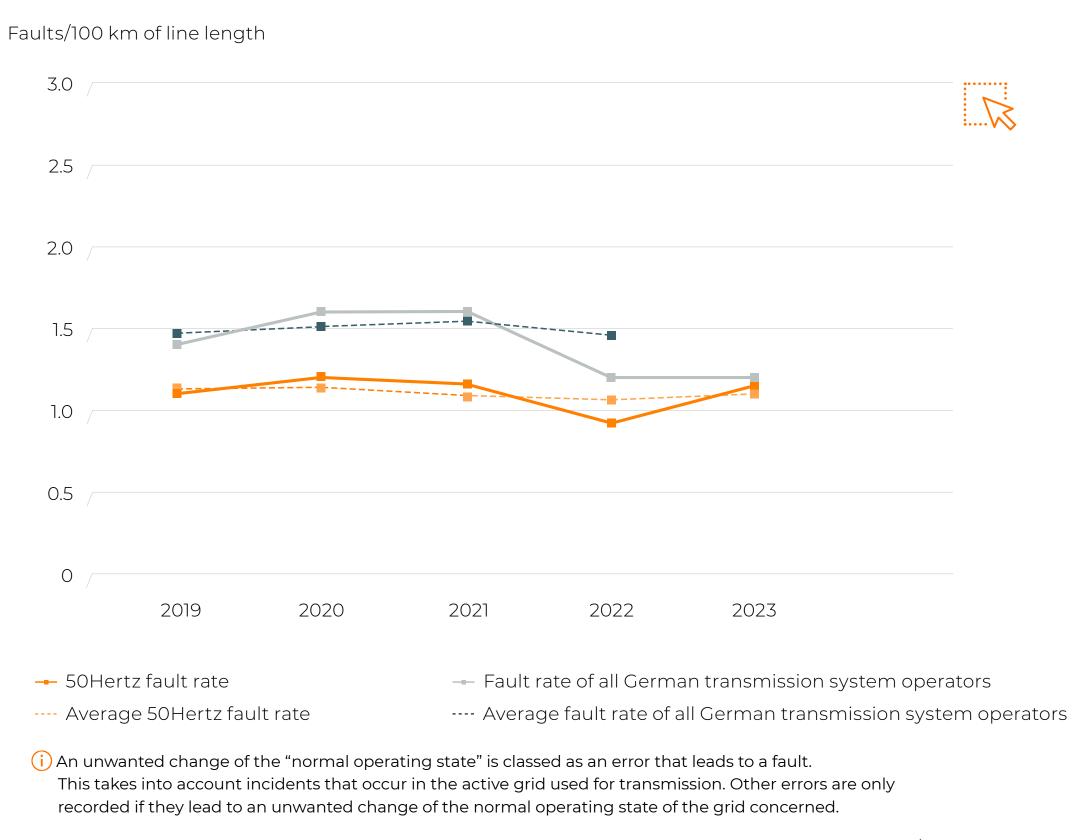
Extensive market changes came into effect on 22/06/2022: Introduction of the redesigned European electricity balancing market, implementation of imbalance settlement harmonisation methodology (ISHM).

Find out more at:

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### **System management**

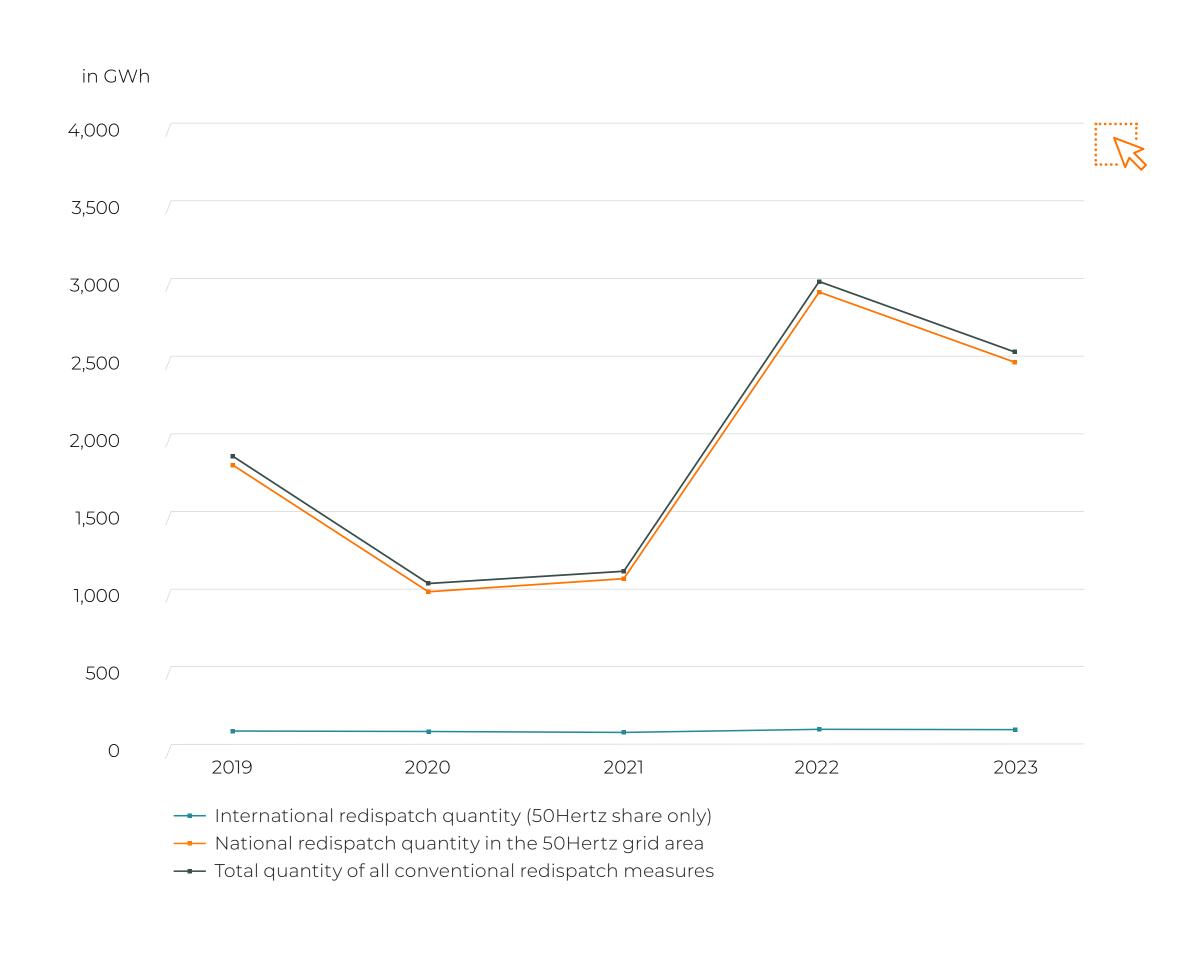
#### Comparison between the 50Hertz fault rate and that of the German transmission system operators

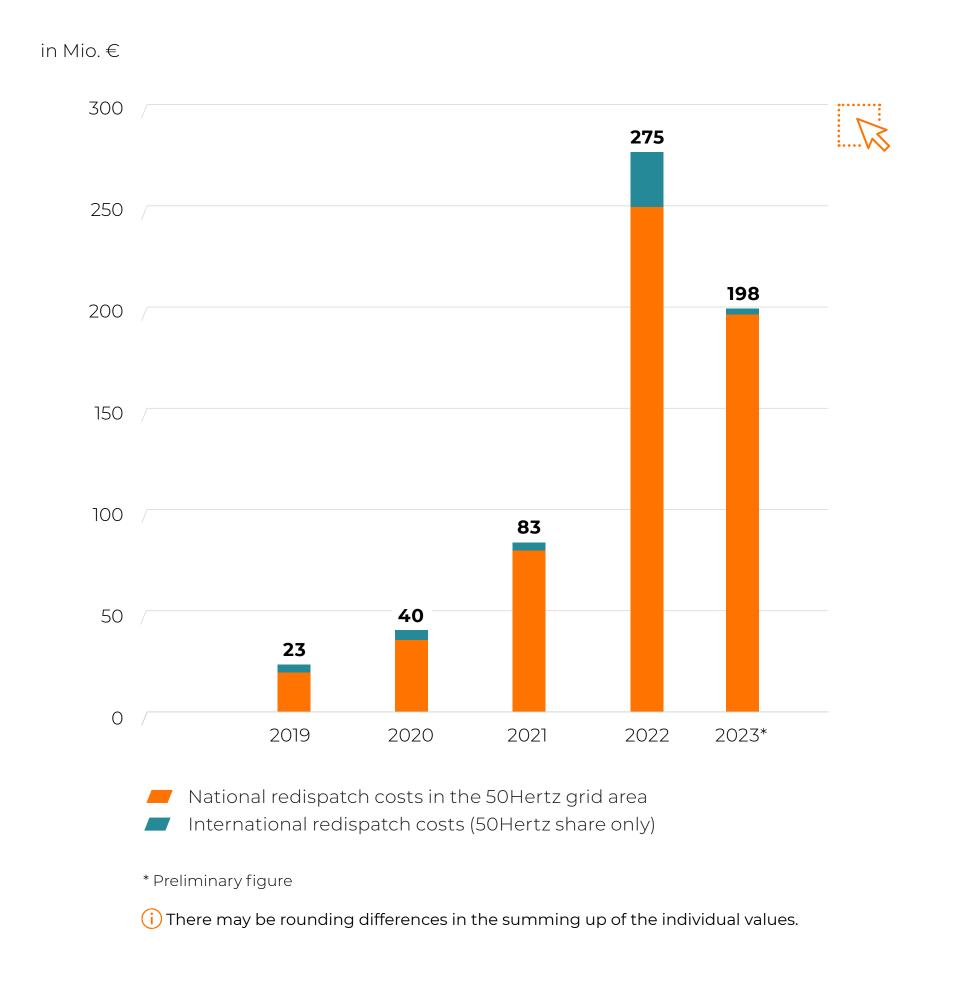


Source for the average for all German transmission system operators: Annual report of the "Forum Netztechnik/Netzbetrieb" im VDE ("Forum for System Technology/System Operations" in the German Association for Electrical, Electronic & Information Technologies), the value for 2023 is not yet available at the time of publication.

## **System management**

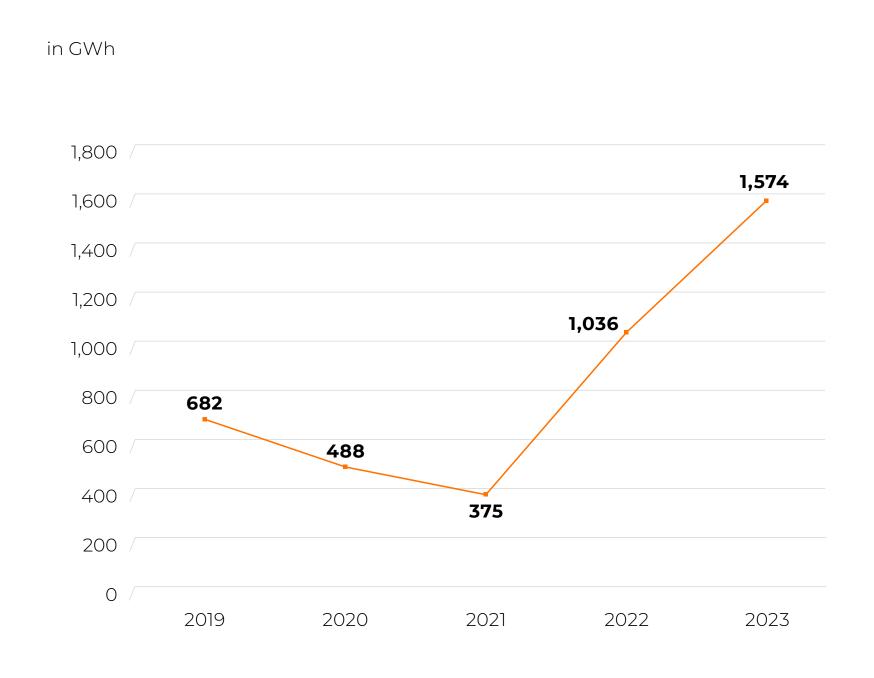
#### Development of congestion management measures (conventional redispatch) – quantities and costs



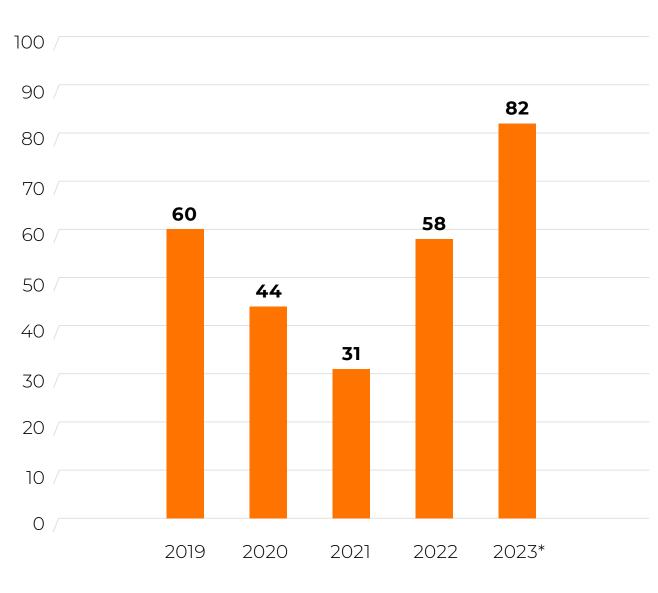


## **System management**

Development of congestion management measures due to the input reduction for renewable energy plants (for 50Hertz directly and the distribution network) – quantities and costs



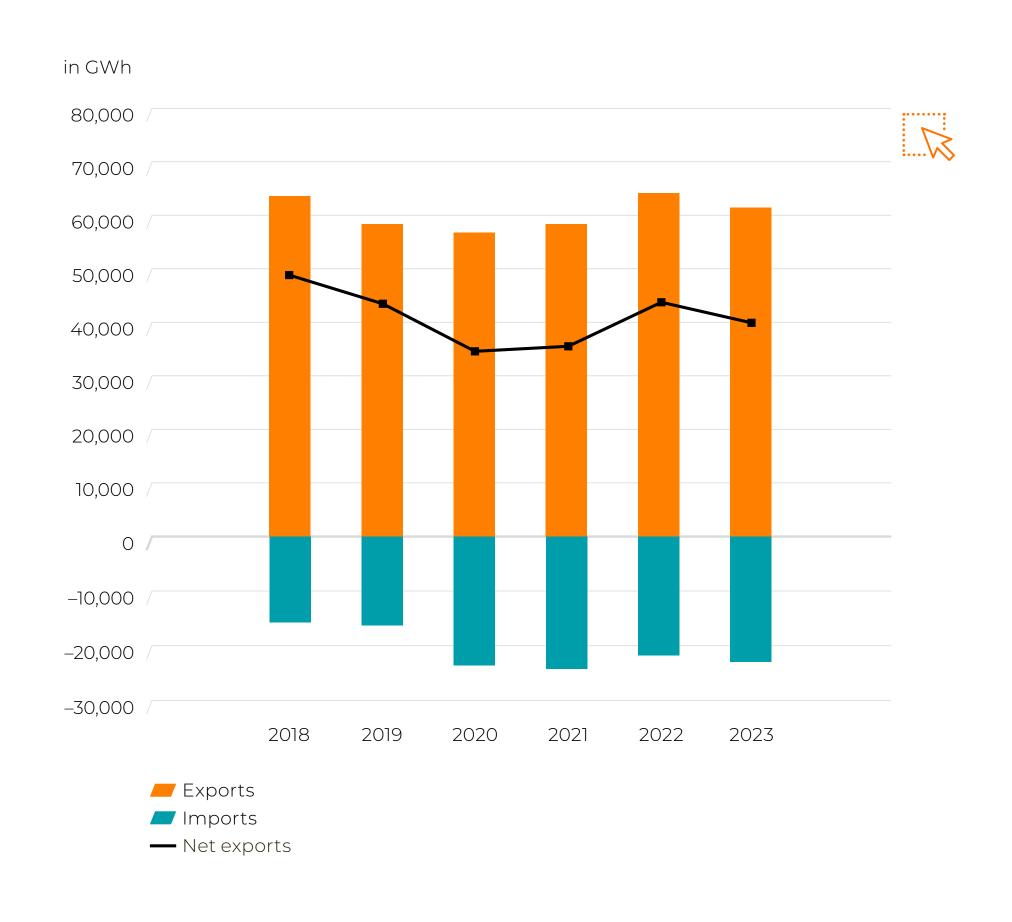
#### in EUR million



<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figure

## **Exchange and transport**

#### Development of exports and imports at the 50Hertz grid area boundaries



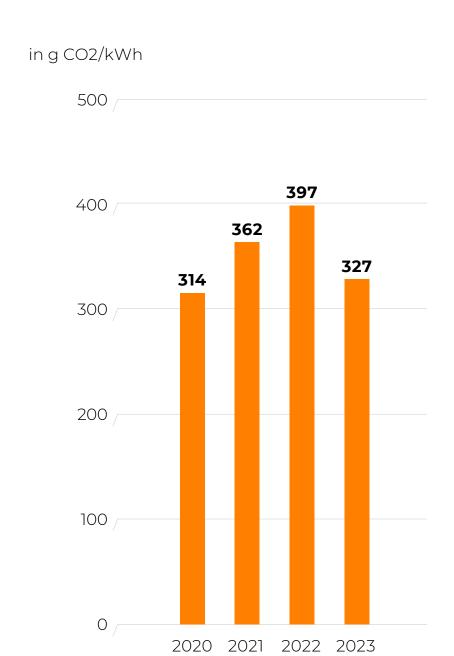


## Climate and environmental protection

#### **Climate protection:**

Greenhouse gas emissions from the German electricity mix

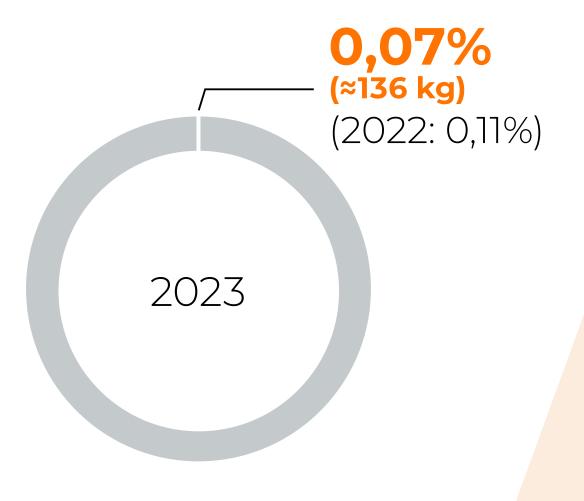
Greenhouse gas emissions of 50Hertz



Since this issue, the value has been calculated on an adjusted basis, which has also been applied to the previous year's values since 2020 in order to ensure comparability. For details see: eco2grid.50hertz.com/calculation.

Find out more at: eco2grid.50hertz.com

## SF6 leak rate (sulphur hexafluoride)



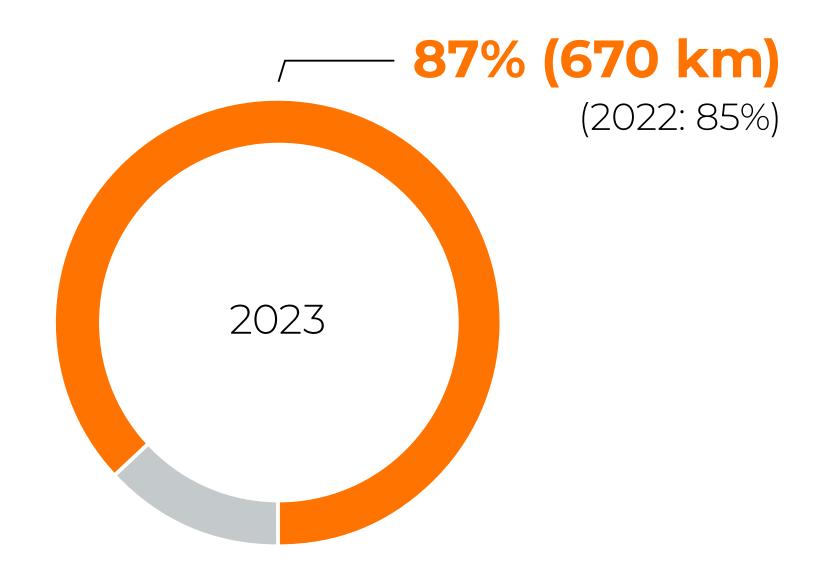


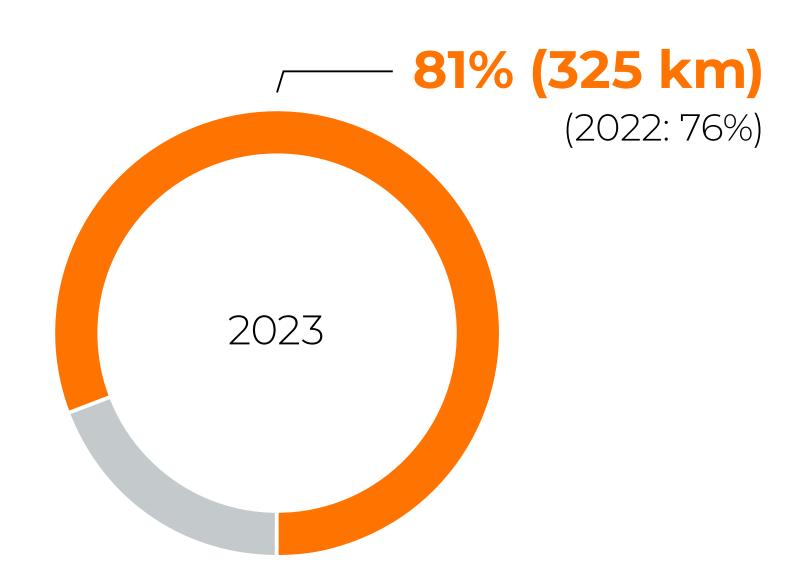
## Climate and environmental protection

**Environmental protection:** 

Share of ecologically managed forest routes

Share of line sections fitted with bird-protection markers over the entire line length in European Bird Sanctuaries or migration and resting sites





More information can be found at:

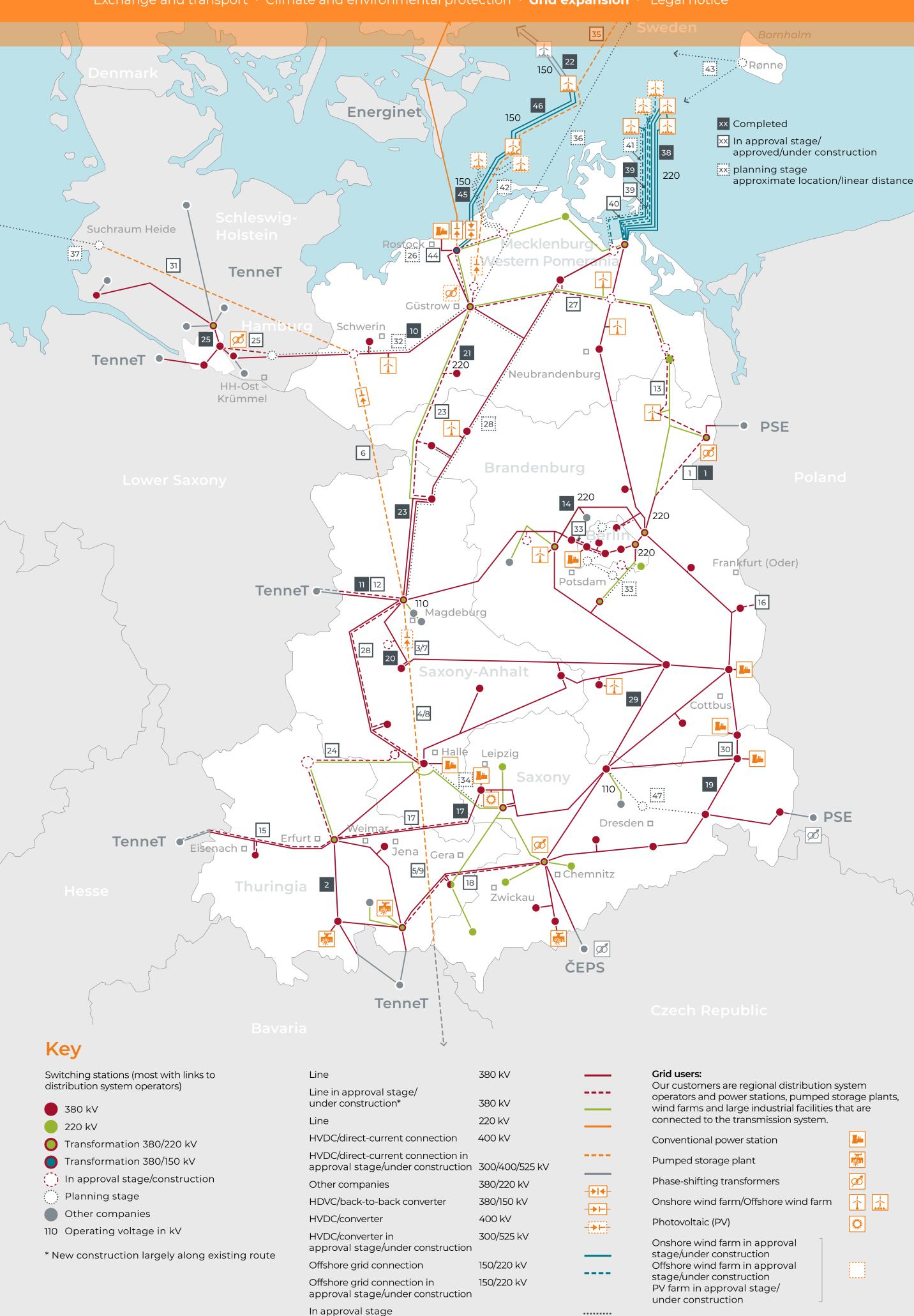
## **Grid expansion**

#### Grid expansion projects since 2009 according to EnLAG, BBPIG as well as offshore projects

Map number	P no.	Legal basis	s Project	Planning stage	Approval stage	Approved/under construction	Completed
1	3	EnLAG	Uckermark line (Neuenhagen – Bertikow/Vierraden – Krajnik (Poland))	·		26	97
2	4	EnLAG	South-western interconnector (Lauchstädt – Redwitz)				159
3	5	BBPIG	Extra-high-voltage line Wolmirstedt – Isar (SOL A1); direct current		87		
4	5	BBPIG	Extra-high-voltage line Wolmirstedt – Isar (SOL A2); direct current		94		
5	5	BBPIG	Extra-high-voltage line Wolmirstedt – Isar (SOL B); direct current		84		
6	5a	BBPIG	Extra-high-voltage line Klein Rogahn search area – Isar (SOL+ north segment); direct current		220		
7	5a	BBPIG	Extra-high-voltage line Klein Rogahn search area – Isar (SOL+ segment A1); direct current		70		
8	5a	BBPIG	Extra-high-voltage line Klein Rogahn search area – Isar (SOL+ segment A2); direct current		94		
9	5a	BBPIG	Extra-high-voltage line Klein Rogahn search area –		84		
10	9	EnLAG	Isar (SOL+ segment B); direct current  Wind bus bar (Hamburg/Krümmel – Schwerin)				65
11	10	BBPIG	Wolmirstedt – Helmstedt – Wahle (M24a)				46
12	10	BBPIG	Wolmirstedt – Helmstedt – Wahle (M24b)		47		
13	11	BBPIG	Bertikow – Pasewalk			7	25
14	'' ]]	EnLAG	380-kV-Berlin Northern Ring (Neuenhagen – Hennigsdorf – Wustermark)			,	71
					07		
15 16	12	BBPIG	Vieselbach – Eisenach – Mecklar  7. interconnector (Fisenbüttenstadt – Paszyna (Deland))		87		
		EnLAG	3. interconnector (Eisenhüttenstadt – Baczyna (Poland))		8		7.0
17	13	BBPIG	Pulgar – Vieselbach			75	30
18	14	BBPIG	Röhrsdorf – Weida – Remptendorf			63	46
19	26	BBPIG	Bärwalde – Schmölln				46
20	27	BBPIG	Walsleben – Förderstedt branch				12
21	28	BBPIG	Parchim South – Neuburg branch				1
22	29	BBPIG	Offshore connection Kriegers Flak – Baltic 2 (Combined Grid Solution)				50
23	39	BBPIG	Güstrow – Parchim South – Perleberg – Stendal West – Wolmirstedt		63	59	69
24	44	BBPIG	Südharz grid connection (Schraplau/Obhausen – Wolkramshausen – Vieselbach)		146		
25	51	BBPIG	Hamburg North – Hamburg East – Büchen/ Breitenfelde/Schwarzenbek-Land collective municipalities		28		31
26	52	BBPIG	Rostock region grid reinforcement (P215 Bentwisch – Güstrow – Gnewitz)		68		
27	53	BBPIG	Güstrow – Siedenbrünzow – Iven/Krusenfelde/Krien/ Spantekow/Werder/Bartow – Pasewalk North – Pasewalk		152		
28	60	BBPIG	Siedenbrünzow – Güstrow – Putlitz South – Perleberg – Osterburg – Stendal West – Wolmirstedt – Schwanebeck – Kloster- mansfeld – Schraplau/Obhausen – Lauchstädt	283		156	
29	61	BBPIG	Ragow – Streumen				89
30	62	BBPIG	Graustein – Bärwalde		22		
31	81	BBPIG	NordOstLink (Heide search area – Klein Rogahn search area)		≈106		
32	85	BBPIG	Güstrow – Krümmel	147			
33	87	BBPIG	Grid expansion and reinforcement Berlin	67	8		
34	93	BBPIG	Central Germany energy triangle (Lauchstädt – Leuna/Merseburg/Weißenfels – Pulgar)	59			
35	69	BBPIG	Hansa PowerBridge (Güstrow – Sweden)		25	150	
36	83	BBPIG	Hansa PowerBridge 2	35			
<b>37</b>			NOR-11-1 (LanWin3)	212			
38			Ostwind 1				289
39			Ostwind 2			176	98
40			Ostwind 3		3	101	
41			Ostwind 4 – high-voltage direct current connection (HVDC)	≈110			
42			OST-6-1 Gennaker	252			
43			Bornholm Energy Island (BEI)	≈184			
44			KONTEK grid connection			15	
45			Baltic 1				77
46			Baltic 2				192
47			Streumen – Dresden North search area – Schmölln	92			
				≈1,441	≈1,496	828	1,493

EnLAG – Energieleitungsausbaugesetz [German Energy Line Extension Act] BBPIG – Bundesbedarfsplanungsgesetz [German Federal Requirements Plan Act]

i Figures in kilometres; length of route for onshore projects in the 50Hertz grid area, length of cabling systems for offshore projects (including onshore sections where applicable)



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www.50hertz.com

https://csr.50hertz.com

www.netztransparenz.de

www.regelleistung.net

https://transparency.entsoe.eu