

Lab 9: Terraform Variables with Separate Files (variables.tf + terraform.tfvars + main.tf)

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Level: Beginner

Platform: Ubuntu Linux + Microsoft Azure

Prerequisite: Lab 1 to Lab 8

Concept Explanation (Important)

What is a Variable in Terraform?

A **variable** in Terraform is a named value holder.

It is used to store data that can be reused in multiple places.

Simple Meaning:

A variable is a **container for a value** that can change without changing the code.

Why Variables are Used

Variables are used to:

- Avoid hardcoding values
 - Make Terraform code reusable
 - Make infrastructure flexible
 - Support multiple environments (dev, test, prod)
 - Centralize configuration
 - Improve maintainability
-

What is variables.tf?

`variables.tf` is a file where **variables are declared**.

Purpose of variables.tf:

- Define variable names
- Define variable types

- Define descriptions
- Set default values (optional)

Example Meaning:

`variables.tf` = **Definition file**
(Only structure of variables, not real environment values)

What is `terraform.tfvars`?

`terraform.tfvars` is a file where **actual values of variables are defined**.

Purpose of `terraform.tfvars`:

- Store real values of variables
- Separate code from configuration
- Change environment values without touching code
- Support environment-based deployments

Example Meaning:

`terraform.tfvars` = **Value file**
(Actual data for variables)

Difference Between `variables.tf` and `terraform.tfvars`

File	Purpose
<code>variables.tf</code>	Declare variables (structure)
<code>terraform.tfvars</code>	Define variable values (data)

Why `terraform.tfvars` is Important (Use Case)

1. Environment Separation

- dev.tfvars
- test.tfvars
- prod.tfvars

Same code, different values.

2. Configuration Management

Values change, code stays same.

3. Security

Sensitive values can be stored separately.

4. Reusability

One Terraform codebase → Multiple deployments.

5. Automation

Used in CI/CD pipelines easily.

Hands-On Lab

Objective

Create a Linux Virtual Machine using:

- `variables.tf`
 - `terraform.tfvars`
 - `main.tf`
-

Step 1: Go to Terraform Directory

```
cd terraform-azure-lab
```

Step 2: Create Files

```
touch variables.tf
```

```
touch terraform.tfvars
```

```
touch main.tf
```

Step 3: variables.tf

```
variable "rg_name" {
  description = "Resource Group name"
  type        = string
}

variable "location" {
  description = "Azure region"
  type        = string
}

variable "vnet_name" {
  description = "Virtual Network name"
  type        = string
}

variable "subnet_name" {
  description = "Subnet name"
  type        = string
}

variable "nsg_name" {
  description = "Network Security Group name"
  type        = string
}

variable "public_ip_name" {
  description = "Public IP name"
  type        = string
}

variable "nic_name" {
  description = "NIC name"
  type        = string
}

variable "vm_name" {
```

```

    description = "Virtual Machine name"
    type        = string
}

variable "admin_username" {
    description = "VM admin username"
    type        = string
}

variable "vm_size" {
    description = "VM size"
    type        = string
}

```

Step 4: terraform.tfvars

```

rg_name      = "rg-terraform-lab"
location     = "East US"

vnet_name    = "vnet-tfvars-lab"
subnet_name  = "subnet-tfvars-lab"
nsg_name     = "nsg-tfvars-lab"

public_ip_name = "pip-tfvars-lab"
nic_name       = "nic-tfvars-lab"

vm_name       = "Sandeep-machine-tfvars"
admin_username = "azureuser"
vm_size        = "Standard_B1s"

```

Step 5: main.tf

```

terraform {
  required_providers {
    azurerm = {
      source  = "hashicorp/azurerm"
      version = "~> 3.0"
    }
  }
}

```

```

provider "azurerm" {
  features {}
}

resource "azurerm_resource_group" "rg" {
  name      = var.rg_name
  location  = var.location
}

resource "azurerm_virtual_network" "vnet" {
  name          = var.vnet_name
  address_space = ["10.20.0.0/16"]
  location      = var.location
  resource_group_name = var.rg_name
}

resource "azurerm_subnet" "subnet" {
  name          = var.subnet_name
  resource_group_name = var.rg_name
  virtual_network_name = azurerm_virtual_network.vnet.name
  address_prefixes = ["10.20.1.0/24"]
}

resource "azurerm_network_security_group" "nsg" {
  name          = var.nsg_name
  location      = var.location
  resource_group_name = var.rg_name
}

resource "azurerm_public_ip" "pip" {
  name          = var.public_ip_name
  location      = var.location
  resource_group_name = var.rg_name
  allocation_method = "Static"
}

resource "azurerm_network_interface" "nic" {
  name          = var.nic_name
  location      = var.location
  resource_group_name = var.rg_name

  ip_configuration {
    name          = "internal"
    subnet_id    = azurerm_subnet.subnet.id
    private_ip_address_allocation = "Dynamic"
    public_ip_address_id       = azurerm_public_ip.pip.id
  }
}

```

```
}

resource "azurerm_linux_virtual_machine" "vm" {
    name          = var.vm_name
    resource_group_name = var.rg_name
    location      = var.location
    size          = var.vm_size
    admin_username = var.admin_username

    network_interface_ids = [
        azurerm_network_interface.nic.id
    ]

    admin_ssh_key {
        username  = var.admin_username
        public_key = file("~/ssh/id_rsa.pub")
    }

    os_disk {
        caching           = "ReadWrite"
        storage_account_type = "Standard_LRS"
    }

    source_image_reference {
        publisher = "Canonical"
        offer     = "0001-com-ubuntu-server-focal"
        sku       = "20_04-lts"
        version   = "latest"
    }
}
```

Step 6: Initialize Terraform

```
terraform init
```

Step 7: Plan

```
terraform plan
```

Step 8: Apply

```
terraform apply
```

Type:

```
yes
```

Step 9: Verify VM

VM Name:

```
Sandeep-machine-tfvars
```

Step 10: Cleanup

```
terraform destroy
```

Type:

```
yes
```