

Lab 12: Terraform Modules – Using Existing Module to Create a Virtual Machine in Azure

Author: Dr. Sandeep Kumar Sharma

Level: Intermediate

Platform: Ubuntu Linux + Microsoft Azure

Prerequisite: Lab 1 to Lab 11

Learning Objective

Participants will learn:

- What a Terraform module is
 - Why modules are used
 - Difference between root module and child module
 - What is a public module
 - How to use an existing (ready-made) Terraform module
 - How to create Azure VM using a module
-

Learning Outcome

After completing this lab, participants will:

- Understand modular Terraform design
 - Use community modules
 - Build infrastructure faster
 - Follow real production Terraform practices
-

Concept Explanation

What is a Terraform Module?

A Terraform module is a **reusable block of Terraform code**.

Instead of writing everything again and again, we reuse code.

Module = Ready-made infrastructure template

Types of Modules

1. Root Module → Your main project folder
 2. Child Module → Reusable component folder
 3. Public Module → Modules available on Terraform Registry
-

Why Modules are Used

- Reusability
 - Standardization
 - Clean structure
 - Scalability
 - Team collaboration
 - Faster deployments
 - Production design
-

Using Existing Public Module

We will use a **Terraform Registry Azure VM module**.

Source:

```
Azure/compute/azurerm
```

This is an official community-supported module.

Hands-On Lab

Step 1: Create New Folder

```
mkdir terraform-azure-module-lab  
cd terraform-azure-module-lab
```

Step 2: Create Main File

```
touch main.tf  
nano main.tf
```

Step 3: Provider Configuration

```
provider "azurerm" {  
    features {}  
}
```

Step 4: Use Existing VM Module

```
module "linux_vm" {  
    source  = "Azure/compute/azurerm"  
    version = "~> 5.0"  
  
    resource_group_name = "rg-module-lab"  
    location           = "East US"  
  
    vm_os_simple       = "UbuntuServer"  
    vm_size            = "Standard_B1s"  
  
    admin_username     = "azureuser"  
  
    ssh_public_keys   = [  
        {  
            username  = "azureuser"  
            public_key = file("~/ssh/id_rsa.pub")  
        }  
    ]  
  
    vm_name           = "Sandeep-module-vm"  
}
```

Step 5: Initialize Terraform

```
terraform init
```

Terraform will: - Download module - Download providers

Step 6: Plan

```
terraform plan
```

Step 7: Apply

```
terraform apply
```

Type:

```
yes
```

Step 8: Verify in Azure

- Resource Group: rg-module-lab
 - Virtual Machine: Sandeep-module-vm
-

Understanding the Flow

```
main.tf
  ↓
module block
  ↓
Terraform Registry
  ↓
Module code
```

```
↓  
Azure Infrastructure
```

Key Understanding

- We did not write VM code
 - We reused module code
 - Terraform handled everything
 - Module abstracted complexity
-

Real Production Use

In real companies:

- VM modules
- Network modules
- Security modules
- Database modules
- Monitoring modules

Everything is modular.

Cleanup

```
terraform destroy
```

Type:

```
yes
```