Geocoding in FoodChain-Lab

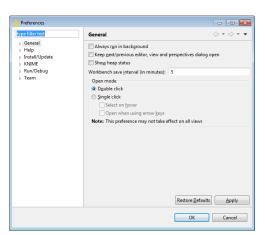
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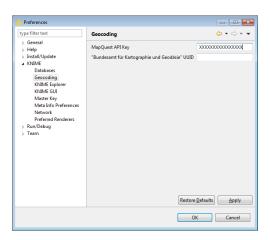
- Perform a geocoding by using the Geocoding workflow from https:
 - //github.com/SiLeBAT/BfROpenLabResources/raw/ master/GitHubPages/workflows/Geocoding.zip.
- Use "Street", "HouseNumber", "City" and "Country" as input parameters.
- Do the geocoding by using the MapQuest Geocoding Service.

- Import the Geocoding workflow from https: //github.com/SiLeBAT/BfROpenLabResources/raw/ master/GitHubPages/workflows/Geocoding.zip.
- In this tutorial we are using the MapQuest Open Geocoding service.

- For using MapQuest you have to register and create a key at https://developer.mapquest.com
- This key has to be entered in the KNIME preferences.
- Select **File** < **Preferences** in the menu bar.

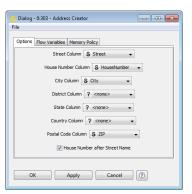


- The Preferences dialog will pop up.
- Here you can specify all preferences for KNIME and FoodChain-Lab.



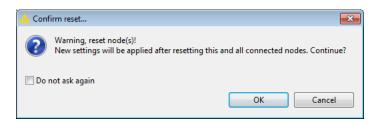
- Select KNIME < Geocoding in the navigation tree on the left.
- Enter your MapQuest Application Key and press OK.

- To perform geocoding we need one column with addresses in our data table. The **Supply Chain Reader** puts out all parts of the address (street, city, ...) in different columns.
- The address column is created via the Address Creator node.
- Double click on this node to open its dialog.



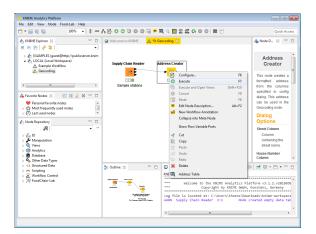
In the dialog you can specify the columns that should used for creating the address column.

- Since we want to do the Geocoding based on "Street", "HouseNumber", "City" and "Country", we have to set the Country Column to "Country" and the Postal Code Column to "none".
- Press OK to close the dialog.



- Since we changed the settings, the node resets automatically.
- Press OK.

The configuration for the Address Creator has been updated.

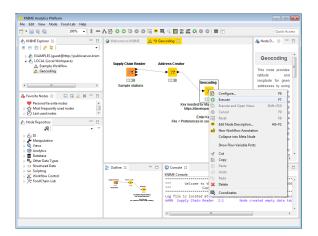


Right click on the Address Creator node and select Execute.

- Now that we updated the **Address**, the geocoding can be set up.
- Double click on the **Geocoding** node to open its dialog.

- Here you can specify the **Service Provider** for geocoding and the column that should be used.
- Both are already correctly set, so we don't need to change anything here.

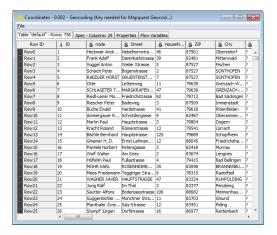
- For many requests geocoding services return multiple results (e.g. when there are two streets with the same name).
- To deal with this we have to decide if we just want to use the first or look at all choices and try to find the best.
- Looking manually at all choices is a lot of work for large data sets. In this tutorial select Use first and press OK.



■ Right click on the **Geocoding** node and select **Execute**.

- The execution can take a while.
- The progress bar under the node shows what percentage of data has been processed.

- When the execution is finished, we can look at the results.
- Right click on the **Geocoding** node and select Coordinates.



In the dialog that pops up, you can look at the whole data table.

- Scroll to the right to look at the columns with latitude and longitude (the two rightmost columns).
- Some geocoding requests were not successful. MapQuest returned US coordinates, although all addresses are in Germany.