AirSensor Package for PurpleAir Data

Shared tools for a community of practice.







Institutional Support

The initial development of this package was funded by the <u>Air Quality Sensor</u> <u>Performance Evaluation Center</u> at the South Coast Air Quality Management District with funds from an EPA STAR grant.

Additional funding was provided by the US Forest Service <u>AirFire</u> group in support of the Interagency Wildland Fire Air Quality Response Program.

<u>Mazama Science</u> develops and maintains the package as part of its ongoing relationships with federal, state and local air quality agencies.



Shared Tools for Communities of Practice

R packages for air quality analysis.



Why support open, shared tools?

Science at its best is:

- Open
- Transparent
- Reproducible

Shared tools improve communication:

- Among scientists
- Between scientists and citizens
- Among citizen scientists

Vetted algorithms and standard plots build familiarity and trust.



Why support open, shared tools?

The "Data Deluge" is real.

Looking at PM2.5 measurements only:

AirNow 2018:

$$1112\ sta. \times \frac{1\ float}{sta. \cdot hour} \times \frac{4\ bytes}{float} \times \frac{24\ hours}{day} \times \frac{365\ days}{year} \approx \textbf{39\ Megabytes}$$

PurpleAir 2018:

$$7123 \; sen. \times \frac{90 \; float}{sen. \cdot hour} \times \frac{4 \; bytes}{float} \times \frac{24 \; hours}{day} \times \frac{365 \; days}{year} \approx \mathbf{22 \; Gigabytes}$$

New tools are needed to work efficiently with large datasets.



R & RStudio

R statistical programming language

- Free
- Open source
- Cross platform
- Powerful
- Cutting edge
- Popular
- Analyst centered
- Thousands of packages
- High quality graphics

RStudio GUI for R

- Free
- Open source
- Cross platform
- Powerful
- Cutting edge
- Popular
- Analyst centered
- Interactive graphics
- Markdown documents
- Debugging tools
- Packaging tools
- Documentation tools

Steep learning curve!

Makes everything easier!



AirSensor R package goals

Data Model

- Synoptic data model
- Time series data model

Data Ingest

- Synoptic data access from Purple Air
- Spatial metadata enhancement
- Time series data access from PA

Data Analysis

- Outlier detection
- Smoothing, NowCast, etc.
- Linear fits
- State-of-Health metrics
- Comparison with federal monitors

Data manipulation

- Subset sensors by time/location
- Subset sensors by data/metadata
- Convert sensors to hourly axis
- Work with "openair" package functions

Data Visualization

- Maps
- Interactive maps
- Timeseries plots
- Interactive timeseries plots
- Community videos

Ease of Use

Pipeline style coding

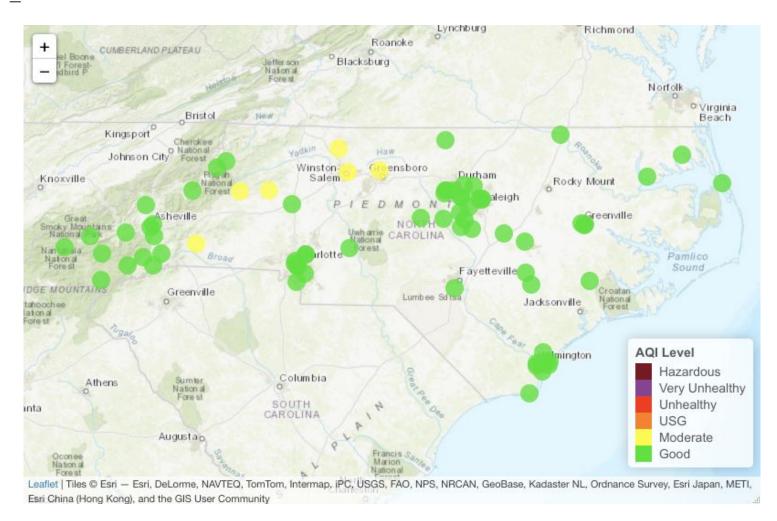


Working with PurpleAir Synoptic (PAS) data

- Same data as shown on PurpleAir map
- Enhanced with additional spatial metadata
- Interactive map

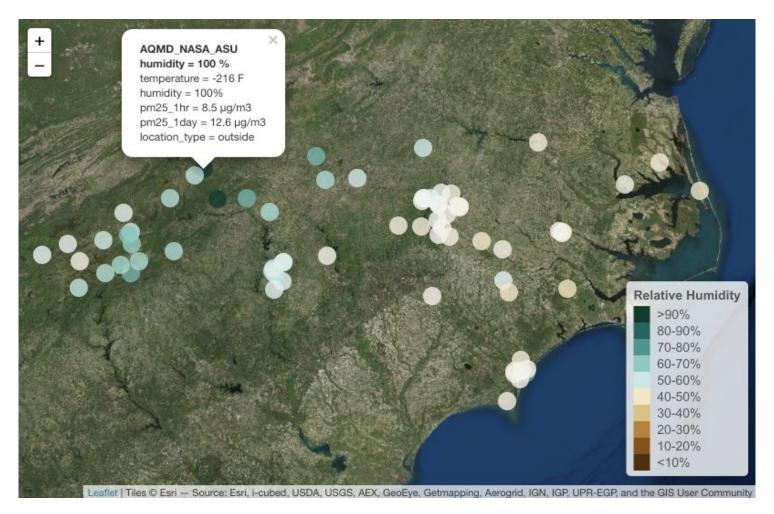


```
pas_load() %>%
  pas_filter(stateCode == 'NC') %>%
  pas_leaflet()
```

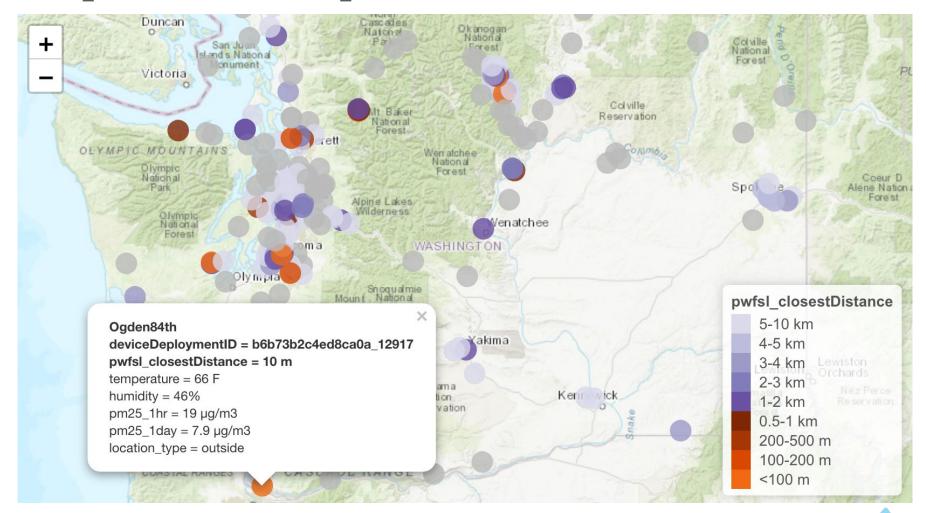




```
pas_load() %>%
  pas_filter(stateCode == 'NC') %>%
  pas leaflet(param = 'humidity', maptype = 'satellite')
```



```
pas_load() %>%
  pas_filter(stateCode == 'WA') %>%
  pas leaflet(param = 'pwfsl closestDistance')
```



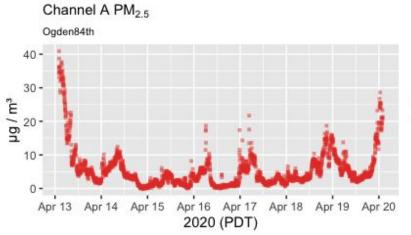


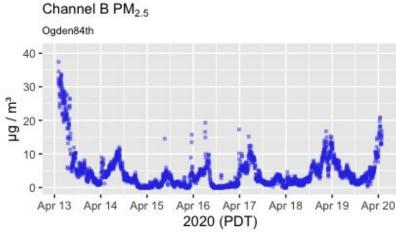
Working with PurpleAir Timeseries (PAT) data

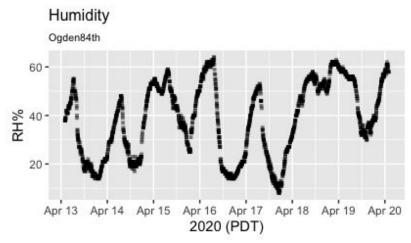
- Data from ThingSpeak API
- Lots of data analysis
- Lots of data visualization
- Makes common tasks easy
- Makes difficult tasks straightforward

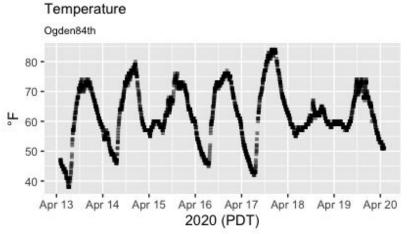


pat <- pat_load("b6b73b2c4ed8ca0a_12917")
pat %>% pat multiplot()

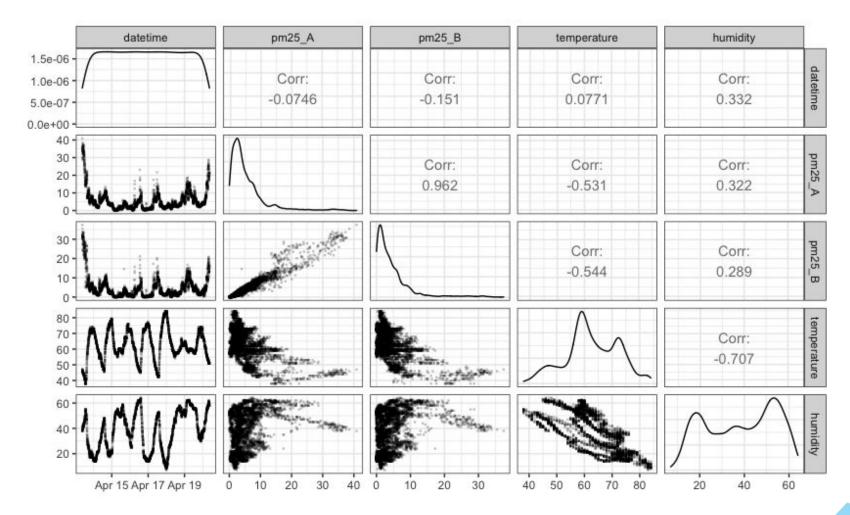




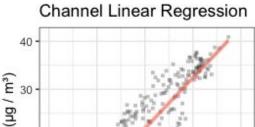


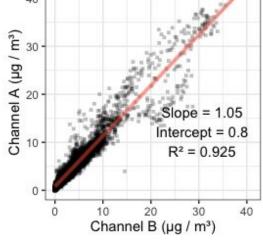


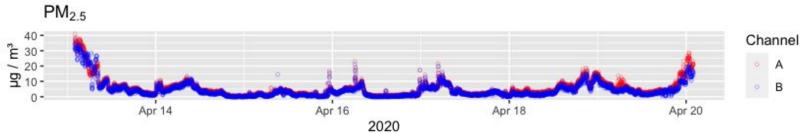




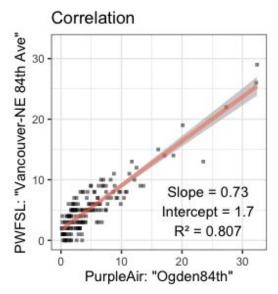
A / B Channel Comparison -- Ogden84th

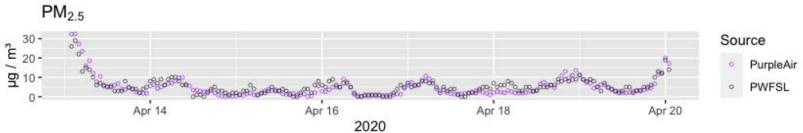






Sensor / Monitor Comparison -- Distance: 0km





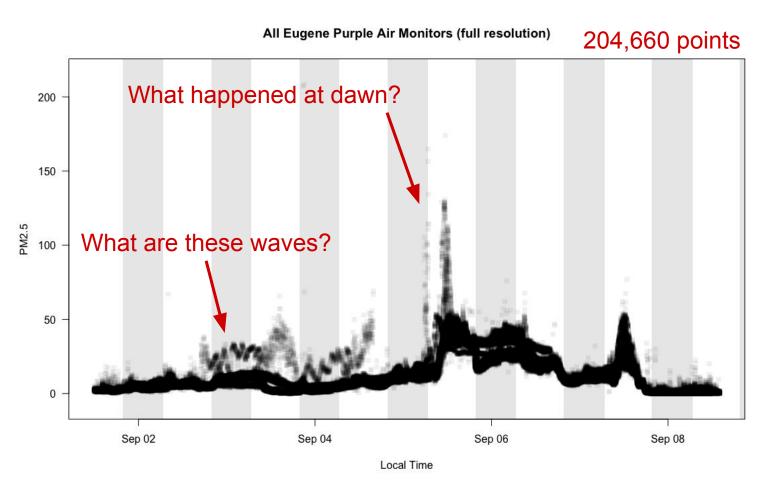


Advanced Examples

- Compatibility with PWFSLSmoke R package
- Mapping
- Meta-analysis

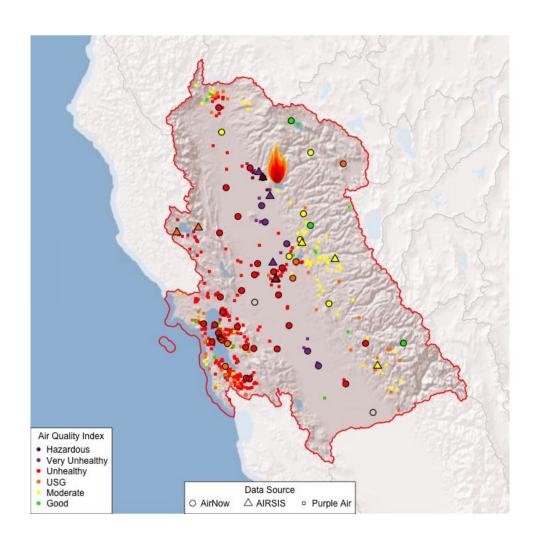


One week in Eugene.





Camp Fire monitors and sensors



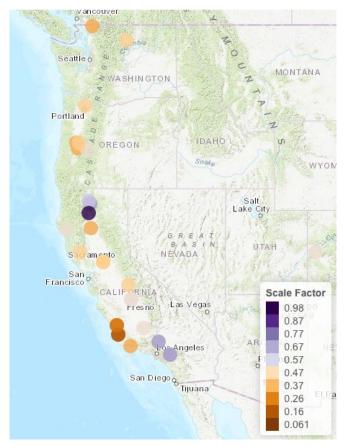


Meta-analysis: sensor-monitor comparison

How good is the fit?



What is the scale factor?





State-of-Health Index

Multi-metric index of individual SoH metrics, calculated daily

Reviewed lots of data, tried lots of combinations

Current best version is:

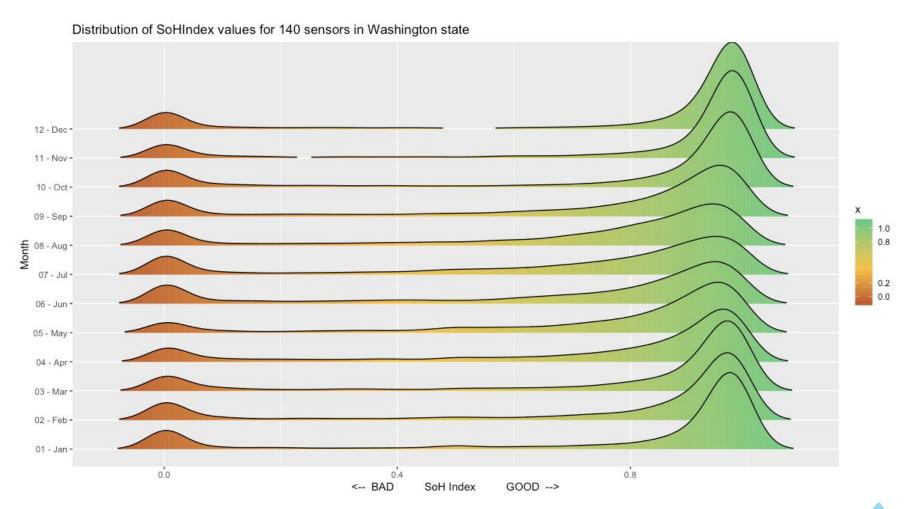
PurpleAirSoH_dailyToIndex_00()

- 1. If the A or B channel percent reporting is < 50%, index = 0
- 2. Otherwise, index = pm25_A_pm25_B_rsquared
- 3. Poor/Fair/Good breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.8, 1)

Ends up tossing out 10-20% of sensor-days



Distribution of SoHIndex by month for Washington





Thanks for listening!



http://mazamascience.com/presentations

http://smoke.mazamascience.com

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GitHub Branches!

