

LIVE WEBCAST THE BEPS PACKAGE

5 October 2015 4:00pm – 5:30pm (CEST)



INTRODUCTION



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Join the discussion

Ask questions and comment throughout the webcast



Directly: Enter your question in the space provided



Via email: CTP.BEPS@oecd.org



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BEPS OVERVIEW



Features of the BEPS Project

Fast-pace

· 2-year time-bound

Inclusive

- OECD and G20 countries working together on an equal footing
- 14 Developing Countries, ATAF, CREDAF and CIAT participating directly
- Other 60 Developing Countries participating via Regional Networks in Asia, Africa, Latin America and Eurasia

Transparent

- · 23 Discussion Draft published
- 12,000 pages of comments received
- 11 public consultations with stakeholders and regular webcasts



What's in the BEPS package?

- Minimum standards
- Reinforced international standards on tax treaties and transfer pricing
- Common approaches and best practices for domestic law measures
- Analytical reports with recommendations (digital economy and multilateral instrument)
- Detailed report on measuring BEPS



15 Actions around 3 Main Pillars

Coherence

Hybrid Mismatch Arrangements (2)

CFC Rules (3)

Interest Deductions (4)

Harmful Tax Practices (5)

Substance

Preventing Tax Treaty
Abuse (6)

Avoidance of PE Status (7)

TP Aspects of Intangibles (8)

TP/Risk and Capital (9)

TP/High Risk Transactions (10)

Transparency and Certainty

Measuring BEPS (11)

Disclosure Rules (12)

TP Documentation (13)

Dispute Resolution (14)

Digital Economy (1)

Multilateral Instrument (15)

COHERENCE ACTIONS 2, 3, 4 AND 5

HYBRID MISMATCH ARRANGEMENTS



Action 2 – Hybrid Mismatch Arrangements What is the problem?

Core aspect of BEPS as hybrid mismatch arrangements create non-taxed/ stateless income



Distort competition

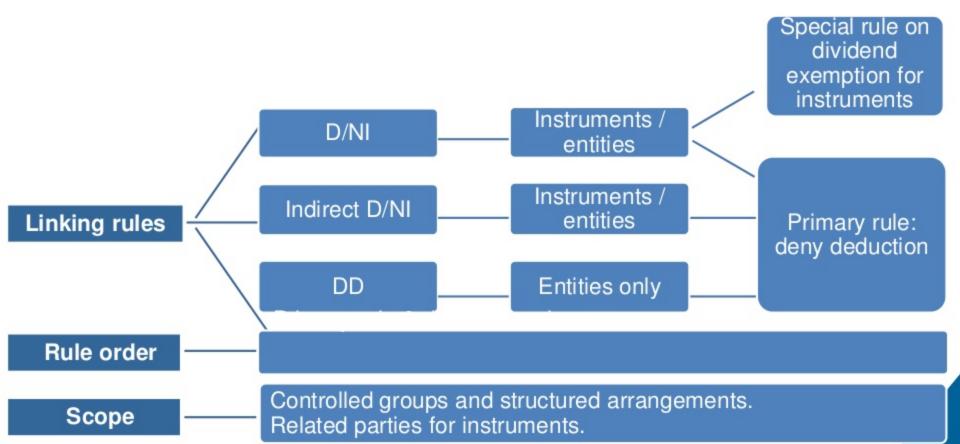
Erode tax base of affected countries

Inefficient

Non-transparent



Action 2 – Hybrid Mismatch Arrangements What have we done to address it?





Final Hybrids Report (2015) What is new?

Guidance on implementation and operation of the rules including transitional rules



2015 Report- Updates and replaces 2014 Report & includes detailed Commentary and Examples

in 2014 Report

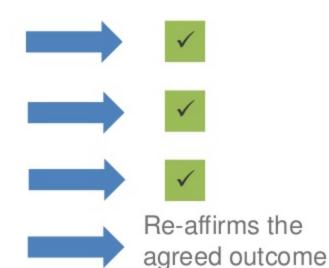
Outstanding issues

Treatment of stock lending and repos

Guidance on how to treat a payment that is included under a CFC regime

Guidance on operation of the imported mismatch rule

Treatment of hybrid regulatory capital under the hybrid financial instrument rule





Final Hybrids Report (2015) Where does this leave us?

Rules apply to all types of arrangements (incl. instruments and entities) and whether all countries participate or not

Comprehensive

Eliminates the mismatch benefit without affecting any other tax or regulatory outcomes

Related parties and structured transactions

Targeted and workable

Avoid double taxation

Stop hybrids

Agreed rule order with detailed commentary explaining effect and interaction of the rules

CFC RULES



Action 3 – Designing Effective CFC rules

- Recommendations for the design of effective CFC rules to combat BEPS and long-term deferral
- Not a minimum standard but sets out building blocks for effective CFC rules:
 - Definition of a CFC
 - CFC exemptions and threshold requirements
 - Definition of CFC income
 - Rules for computing income
 - Rules for attributing income
 - Rules to prevent or eliminate double tax
- Co-ordination with other relevant actions including; digital economy, hybrids, interest and transfer pricing



Action 3 – Designing Effective CFC rules

Final report recognises that different policy considerations underpin CFC rules and this determines their scope

Shared policy considerations

- Deterrent
- Backstop to transfer pricing
- Balance effectiveness with compliance burden
- Balance effectiveness with avoidance of double taxation

Specific policy objectives may be prioritised differently (i.e. worldwide versus territorial tax system)

- Balance between taxing foreign income and maintaining competitiveness
- Extent to which prevent base stripping (i.e. parent or foreign base stripping).



Action 3 – Designing Effective CFC rules

Some key points in final report

- Definition of a CFC
 - Includes transparent entities and PE's where they raise BEPS concerns
 - Report also includes a form of anti-hybrid rule to prevent avoidance of CFC rules
- CFC Exemptions and threshold requirements
 - Final report clearer on tax rate exemptions and use of lists such as a white list
- Definition of CFC income
 - Recognising different policy objectives there is more flexibility and options
- Elimination of double taxation
 - Stronger emphasis on ensuring that rules do not lead to double taxation

INTEREST DEDUCTIONS



Action 4 – Interest deductibility What is the problem?

"no or low taxation associated with practices that artificially segregate taxable income from the activities that generate it"

BEPS Action Plan, chapter 3



location of third party interest in high tax countries



quantity of related party interest, in excess of group's actual interest cost



use of interest expense to fund tax exempt income