# Bio Medical Waste Management



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- Storage
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### What is BIO MEDICAL WASTE (BMW)?

Any waste, which is generated during diagnosis, treatment or immunization of human beings or animals or in research activities pertaining there to or in production or testing of biological or in health camps

Source: Schedule I appended to BMWM Rules, 2016



## Purpose of BMW Management

- To prevent the environment from being a reservoir and vehicle for the spread of microorganisms involved in HAIs (Hospital Acquired Infections)
- To guide the handling of contaminated solid and liquid waste material.



### **Steps involved in BMW MANAGEMENT**

- Survey the waste generating areas
- Segregation and packaging
- Collection of waste
- Transportation to storage area
- Storage of waste (not beyond 48 hrs.)
- Transportation of waste from storage
- Treatment of waste
- Disposal

Inside the hospital

Outside of hospital



# **BMW Generating Areas**

Outpatient Operation Inpatients Department Department Theatre Dr Dr **ICU & GA Examination Examination** Room Room Room **Dilatation Patient Block Room** Area Rooms **Investigations Operation Theatre** Area



# BMW Segregation in OPD | OT | WARD





#### **BMW Segregation 1**

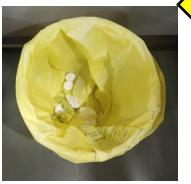


#### **Items** Treatment option

ANATOMICAL WASTE, Cotton, Bandage, Wiper, Face mask, expired, discarded medicine, infected tissue paper

Incineration / Deep Burial



















29/5/2020

#### BMW segregation 2



#### **Items**

Any kind of **PLASTIC or RUBBER** items like bags, Gloves, Syringe, Tubes, empty drops plastic containers...

#### **Treatment option**

Shredding after Autoclaving



















#### BMW segregation 3



#### **Items**

Broken or empty **GLASS** items like bottles, syringes, vials

#### **Treatment option**

Destruction & Shredding after autoclaving /Chemical treatment





















29/5/2020

#### BMW segregation 4



Items Treatment option

Needle, Knife, Blade, Lancet and any other

SHARP items

Destruction & Shredding after autoclaving/Chemical treatment



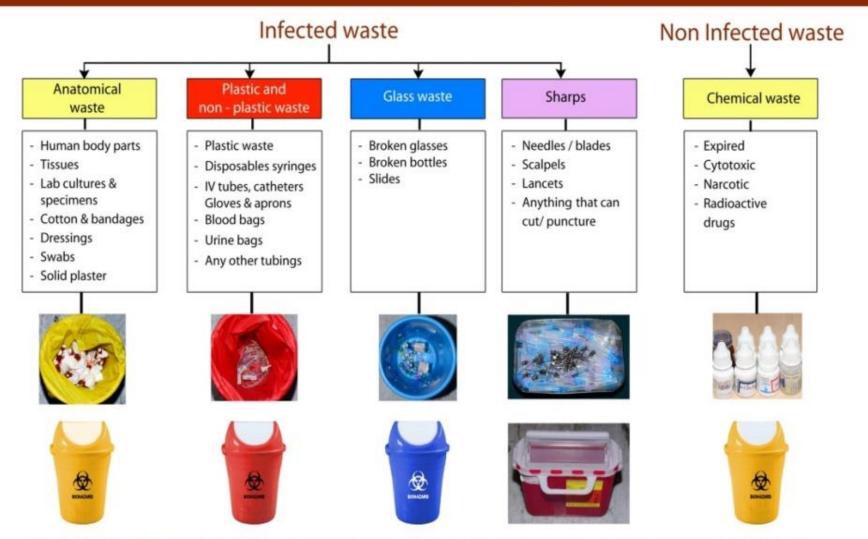








#### **Bio Medical Waste Segregation**



Note: Use green coloured bin for other general waste like paper, food, etc. For clarifications contact the Infection control team.

## General Waste (Non Infected Waste)

Colour coding	Items	Usage	Treatment option
Green color Bag	plastic materials & papers, disposables, cardboards, metal containers, office waste, food waste	This container is used in the OT, OP, Ward and all common areas for paper and food waste	Deep Burial in the pit





# Packaging & Transporting



#### Packaging & Transporting

- Bags 3/4<sup>th</sup> filled should be tied
- Packed and removed from the generating area





## BMW storage and disposal

- Stored in the storage area
- Weighing &
   Recording in a
   separate register
- Handed over to the outsourced agency - RAMKY everyday







## Disposal to the treatment area







## **General Waste Disposal**





# BMW Treatment (outside of hospital)



#### Disposal of Waste in Yellow Bag

**Incineration** is a waste treatment **process** that involves the combustion of organic substances contained in waste materials. **Incineration** and other high-temperature waste treatment systems are described as "thermal treatment". **Incineration** of waste materials converts the waste into ash, flue gas and heat.







### Disposal of Waste in Red Bag

**Autoclaving:** Autoclaves are used 90% of the time to treat medical waste. They are closed chambers that apply heat, pressure and steam to sterilize the medical waste and to kill all the microorganisms.

**Shredding:** A **plastic shredder** is a machine used to cut **plastic** into smaller pieces for granulation. In the process, large **plastic** items are fed into the **shredder**. Moving at a slower speed than a granulator, blades break the **plastic** down into smaller chunks.







#### Disposal of Waste in Blue Bag/White container

**Secured land fill:** The incinerator ash, discarded medicines, cytotoxic substances, Sharps, Glasses and solid chemical waste should be treated by this option. The shredded particles could be sent to recycling plants





#### Consequences of Poor Segregation

- May lead to penalty and legal action
- Affect the recognition of organization
- It has become more rigorous due to COVID-19
- High risk for infection
- Re-segregation may not be possible after transportation
- Appropriate Treatment will not be possible

