

# Unsupervised Machine Learning

## Clustering Algorithms

I/p  $f_1 f_2 \dots f_n$   $\downarrow$  Dependent  
o/p

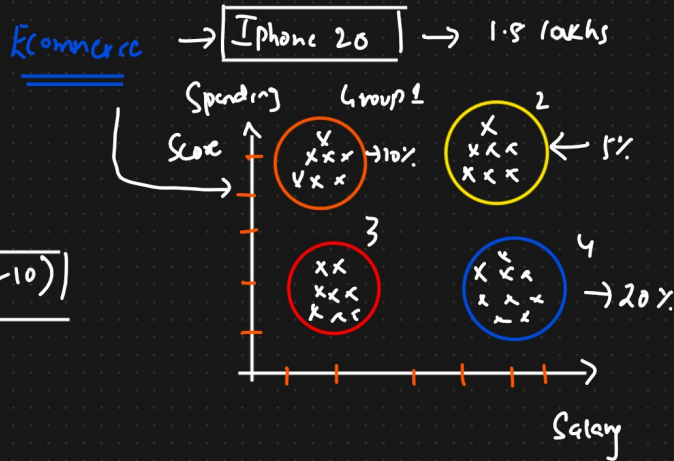
Supervised ML

$f_1 f_2 f_3 \dots f_n$   
- - - -  
- - - -

- ① K Means Clustering
- ② Hierarchical Clustering.
- ③ DBSCAN Clustering.

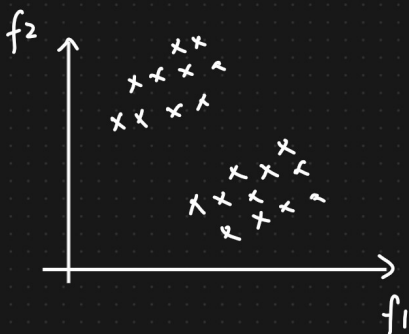
Datant

Salary	Spending Score (1-10)
-	-
-	-
-	-

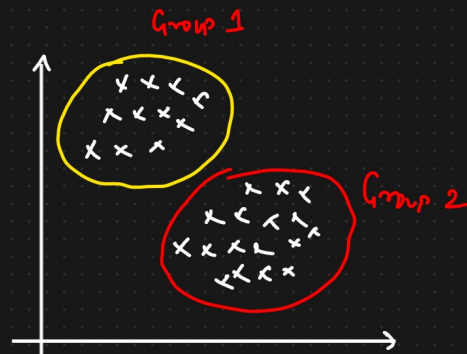


## ① K Means Clustering

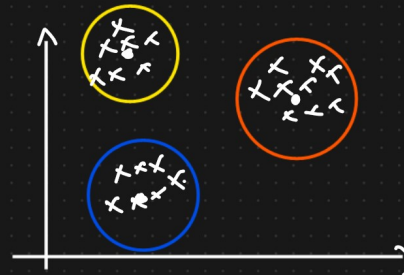
### Geometric Intuition



$\Rightarrow$  K Means



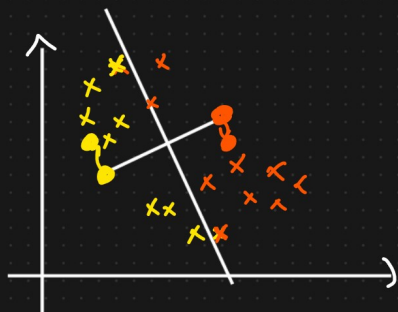
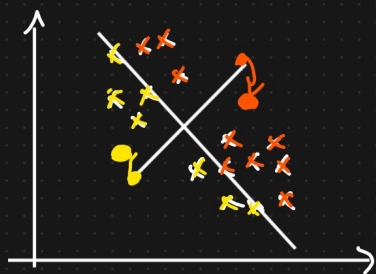
$\Rightarrow$  K Means



## K Means Mathematical Intuition

Steps

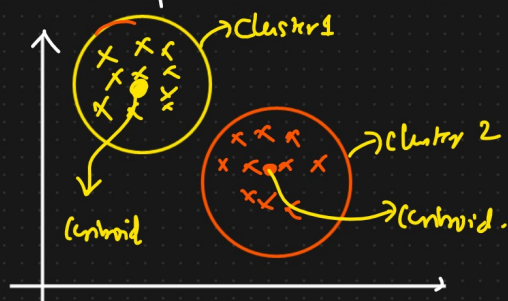
$k=2$



① Initialize some  $K \rightarrow$  centroids

② Points that are nearest to the centroid  $\rightarrow$  Group

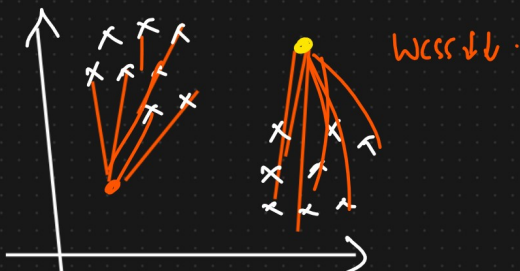
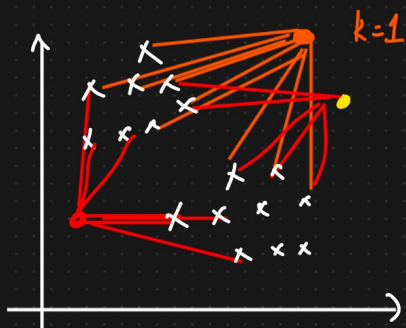
③ Move the centroids  $\rightarrow$  Mean



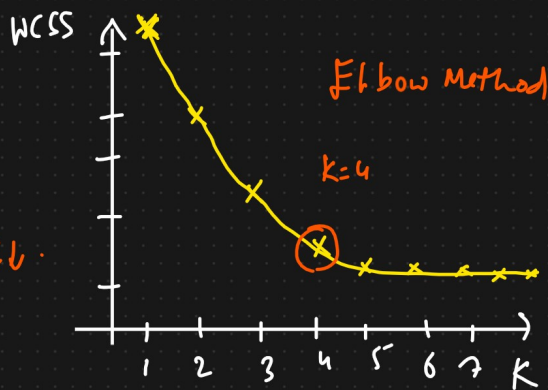
## How do we select the K Value?

WCSS = Within Cluster Sum of Squares

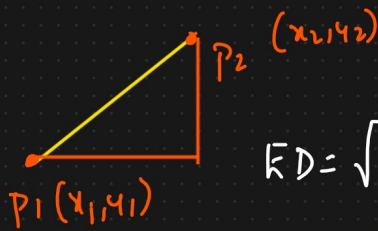
Initialize  $K=1$  to  $20$



$$WCSS = \sum_{i=1}^K (\text{Distance between point to the nearest centroid})^2$$



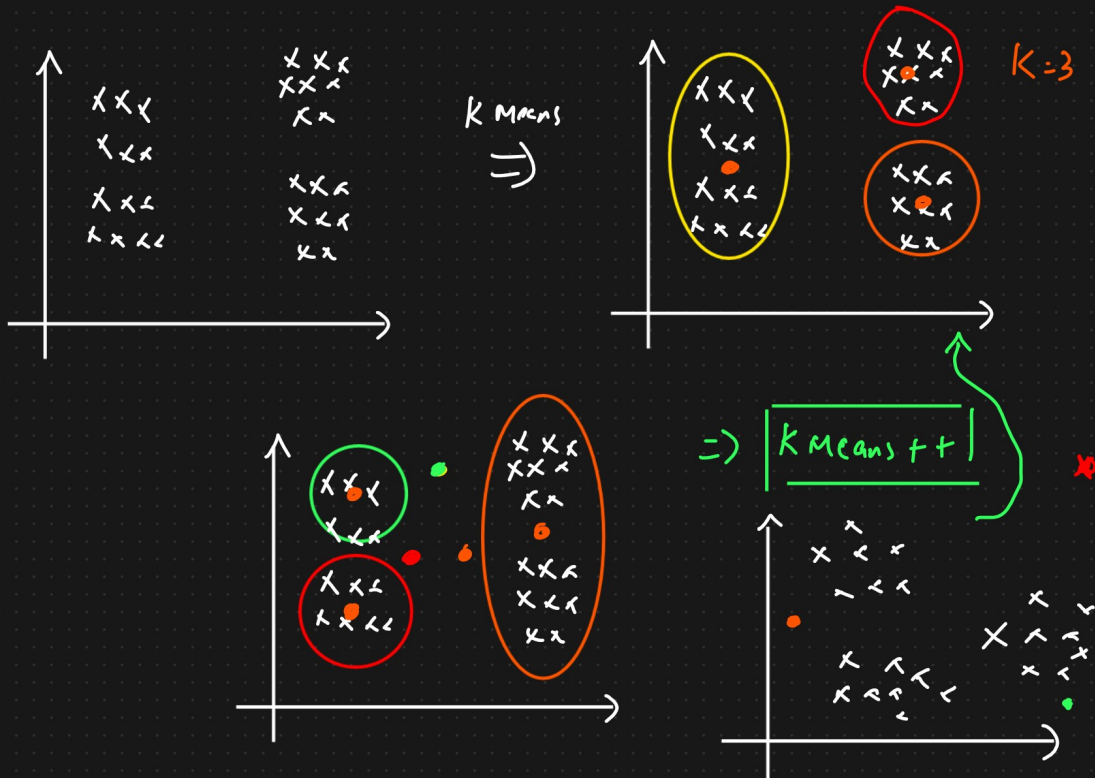
Euclidean Distance or Manhattan Distance



$$ED = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

$$MD = |x_2 - x_1| + |y_2 - y_1|$$

## Random Initialization Trap (K Means++)



## K Means++ Initialization Technique