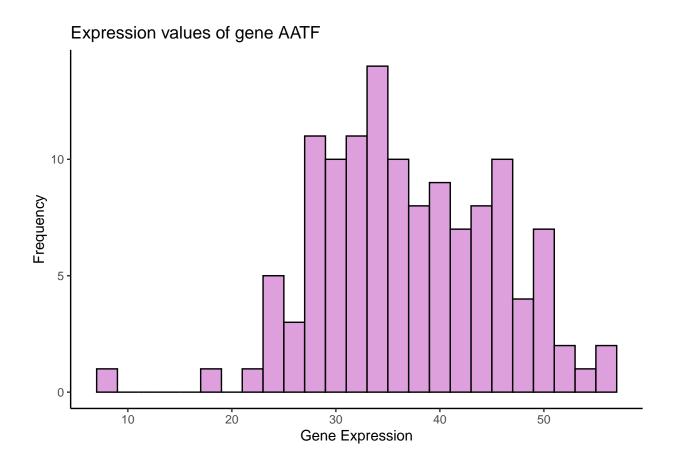
## Final project 1

#### 2025-07-12

long\_gene <- genedata %>%

```
pivot_longer(
   cols = -Gene,
                        # all columns except 'Gene' pivoted
   names_to = "participant_id", #naming column 2 according to the naming convention of my metadata in
#the two later
   values_to = "gene_expression"
 )
#print(long_gene)
#linking the two datasets
combined_data <- merge(long_gene, metadata, by = "participant_id")</pre>
#tail(combined_data)
#using a pipe to filter and select the data i want for my gene of interest AATF
AATFData <- combined_data %>%
  dplyr::filter(Gene == "AATF") %>%
 dplyr::select(participant_id, 'gene_expression', age, sex, icu_status) %>%
 dplyr::mutate(ICUStatus = ifelse(trimws(tolower(icu_status)) == 'yes', TRUE, FALSE))
#print(AATFData)
#creating histogram using ggplot. source: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/r-language/histogram-in-r-using
ggplot(AATFData,aes(x = gene_expression)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 2, color = "black", fill= "plum") +
  labs(x = "Gene Expression", y = "Frequency") +
  ggtitle("Expression values of gene AATF") +
  \#scale_x\_continuous(breaks=seq(2, 30, by = 2) +
 theme_classic()
```



scatter plot

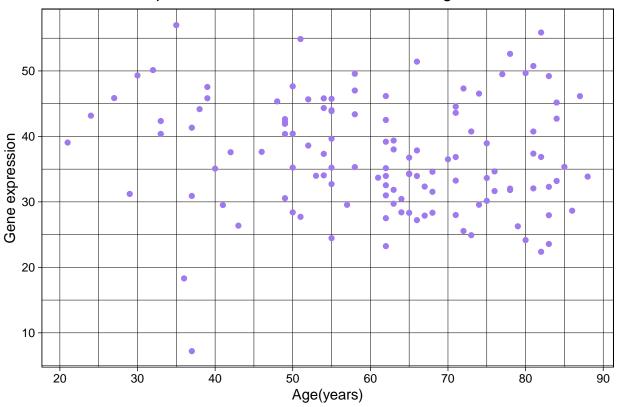
```
#colorPalette <- c('plum', 'mediumpurple2') #setting my colorpalette

AATFData$age <- as.numeric(AATFData$age) #converting my column age to numeric values to exclude NA valu
```

## Warning: NAs introduced by coercion

## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
## ('geom\_point()').





#### Boxplot

```
#boxplot specifications plotting icu status, sex and gene expression

AATFData <- AATFData %>%

mutate(sex_standard = str_trim(tolower(sex))) #standardized the format of sex column

AATFData_sex <- AATFData %>%

filter(!sex_standard %in% c("unknown", "", "na", "n/a") & !is.na(sex_standard))

#chat gpt was used here to understand what mistake i was making when trying to filter out the unwanted

ggplot(AATFData_sex, aes(x = sex_standard, y = gene_expression, fill = icu_status)) +

geom_boxplot()+

theme_classic() +

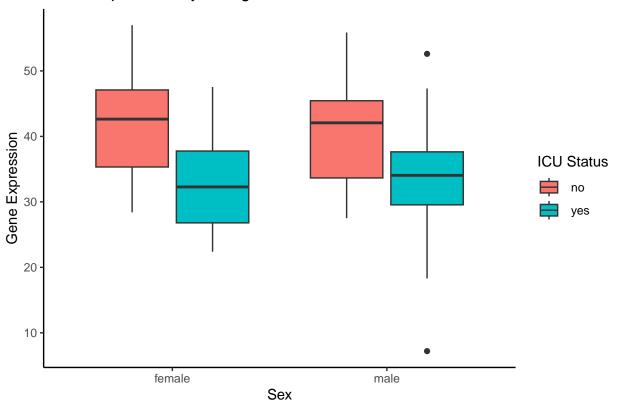
labs(title = "Gene Expression by Categorical Covariates",

x = "Sex",

y = "Gene Expression",

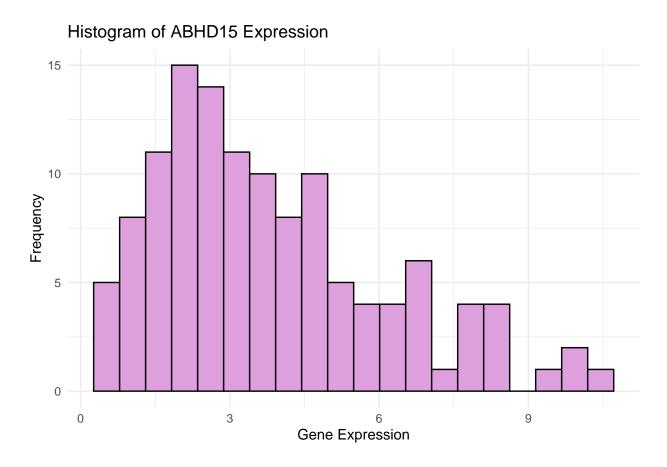
fill = "ICU Status")
```

### Gene Expression by Categorical Covariates

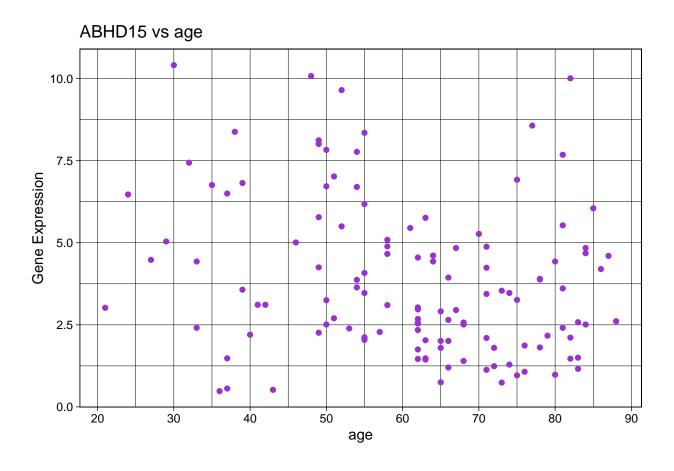


```
my_function <- function(data, gene_list, continuous_cov, categorical_cov1, categorical_cov2) {</pre>
  for (gene_name in gene_list) {
    # Setting filters and paramaters within the function
   gene_data <- data %>%
      filter(Gene == gene name) %>%
      #!!sym is used here to tell r to take the string stored in the variable provided
      #and evaluate it as a column name
      select(participant_id, gene_expression, !!sym(continuous_cov),
             !!sym(categorical_cov1), !!sym(categorical_cov2)) %>%
      # ensuring continuous covariate is numeric
     mutate(!!sym(continuous_cov) := as.numeric(!!sym(continuous_cov))) %>%
      # Cleaning categorical variables
      mutate(across(c(!!sym(categorical_cov1), !!sym(categorical_cov2)), ~ str_trim(tolower(.)))) %>%
      #accessing columns for categorical variable and removing unwanted values
      filter(!is.na(!!sym(categorical_cov1)) & !(!!sym(categorical_cov1)
                                                 %in% c("unknown", "", "na", "n/a")))
    #i asked chatqpt here to evaluate my code and it was used to determine some corrections
    #the function parameters were updated to allow user input when using the function
    #this update allows for function usability across other data sets
    # Histogram
   histogram <- ggplot(gene_data, aes(x = gene_expression)) +
      geom_histogram(fill = "plum", color = "black", bins=20) +
```

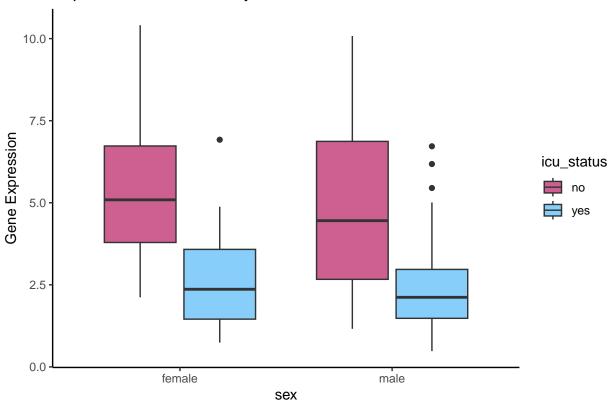
```
labs(title = paste("Histogram of", gene_name, "Expression"),
           x = "Gene Expression", y = "Frequency") +
      theme_minimal()
    # Scatterplot
    scatterplot <- ggplot(gene_data, aes(x = !!sym(continuous_cov), y = gene_expression)) +</pre>
      geom_point(color = "darkorchid") +
      scale x continuous(breaks = seq(0, 100, by = 10)) +
      labs(title = paste(gene_name, "vs", continuous_cov),
           x = continuous_cov, y = "Gene Expression") +
      theme_linedraw()
    # Boxplot
    boxplot <- ggplot(gene_data, aes(x = !!sym(categorical_cov1), y = gene_expression,</pre>
                                     fill = !!sym(categorical_cov2))) +
      geom_boxplot() +
      scale_fill_manual(values=c("hotpink3","lightskyblue")) +
      labs(title = paste("Expression of", gene_name, "by", categorical_cov1),
           x = categorical_cov1, y = "Gene Expression", fill = categorical_cov2) +
      theme_classic()
   print(histogram)
   print(scatterplot)
   print(boxplot)
}
#calling my previously defined function and setting values for the parameters
my_function(data = combined_data,
            gene_list = c("ABHD15", "ABI1", "AATF"),
            continuous_cov = "age",
            categorical_cov1 = "sex",
            categorical_cov2 = "icu_status")
## Warning: There was 1 warning in 'mutate()'.
## i In argument: 'age = as.numeric(age)'.
## Caused by warning:
## ! NAs introduced by coercion
```



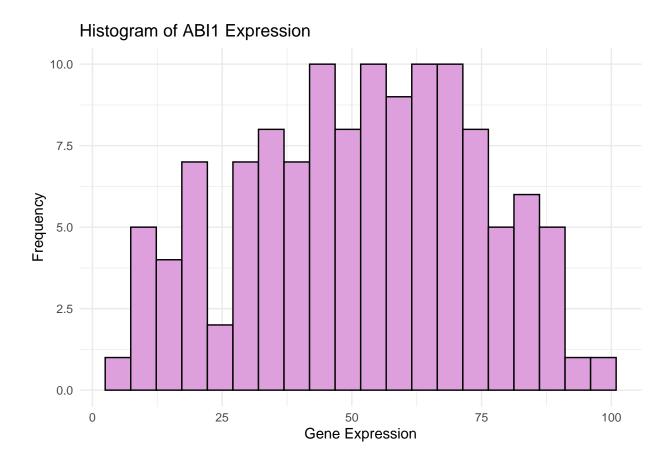
## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range ## ('geom\_point()').



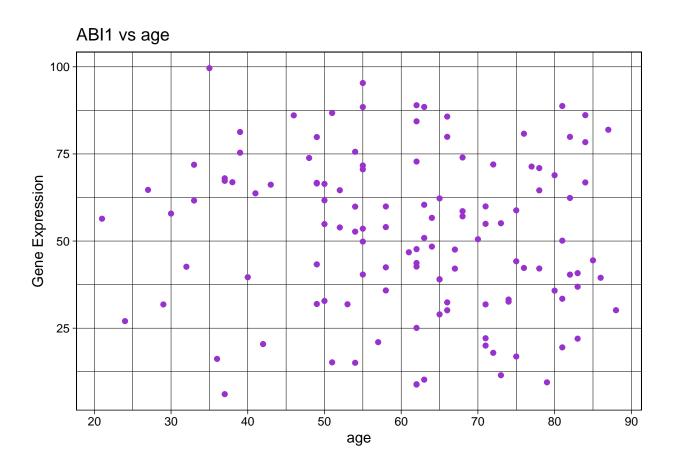
# Expression of ABHD15 by sex

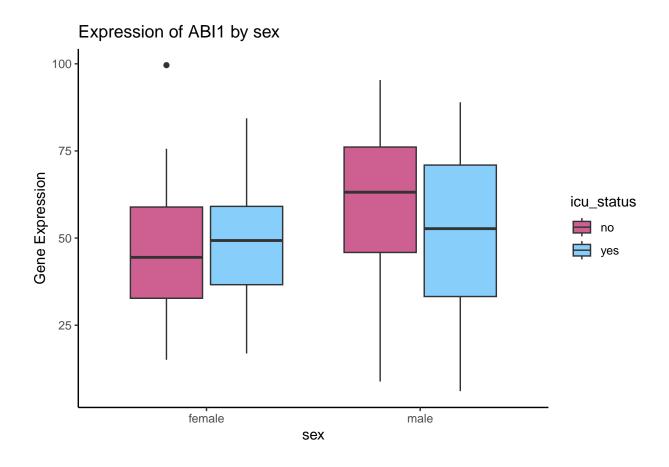


```
## Warning: There was 1 warning in 'mutate()'.
## i In argument: 'age = as.numeric(age)'.
## Caused by warning:
## ! NAs introduced by coercion
```

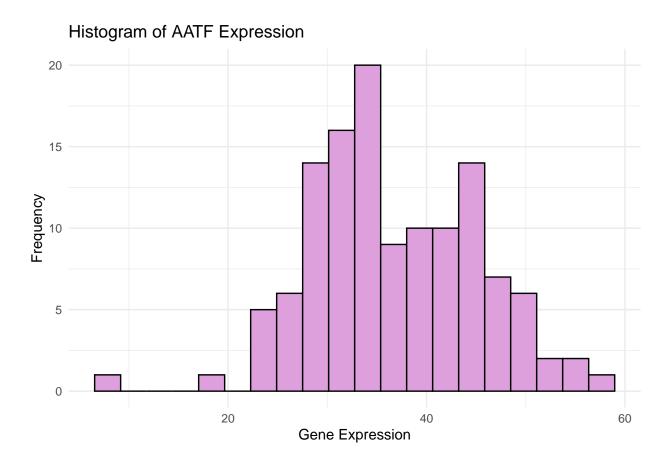


## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range ## ('geom\_point()').





```
## Warning: There was 1 warning in 'mutate()'.
## i In argument: 'age = as.numeric(age)'.
## Caused by warning:
## ! NAs introduced by coercion
```



## Warning: Removed 2 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range ## ('geom\_point()').

