Assignment-4 (strings): -

- 1. Implement your own functions for
 - a) reading a string with multiple lines
 - b) printing strings
- 2. Define your own iterative functions for

(using array notation as well as exclusively using pointers)

- a) finding length
- b) copying
- c) concatenation
- d) comparision
- e) reversing in memory
- f) finding first occurrence of given character
- g)finding last occurrence of given character
- h)counting no.of occurences of a given character
- i) finding a substring in a main string
- j) Whether a string starts or ends with a particular sub string
- 3. Write recursive functions for
 - a)finding string length
 - b)comparision of two strings
 - c)displaying string in reverse order
 - d)to count no.of occurences of a given character
 - e)finding occurrence of a given character
 - f)finding sub string in a main string
- 4. Perform the following operations using sprintf
 - a) concatenation of two strings
 - b) copying one string to other
 - c) length of a string
- 5. Study the following functions strncpy, strncat, strncmp, strcasecmp, strncasecmp, strrchr, strrchr, strrtok, sprintf, snprintf, sscanf
- 6. Study about various functions which can convert from string to different types atoi, atol, atol, atof strtoimax, strtol, strtoul, strtof, strtod etc man -k strto for more listing
- 7. Implement your own function to convert a string having only digits into an integer and vice versa
- 8. Explore the following functions used for raw memory operations. memcpy, memcmp, memset, bzero
- 9. Implement generic swap function (which swap variables of any type, Hint:-memcpy)

- 10. Write a program to copy one array from other using memcpy
- 11. Write a c program to find sum & avg of command line arguments
- 12. Convert the string in a.b.c.d format into 32 bit unsigned integer (use pointer operations for packing purpose)

Buffered I/O operations

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13. int a,b,c;
    printf("enter two no.s\n");
    scanf(""%d%d",&,&b); //but here give input of 3 no.s separated by space.
    printf("ente ranother number\n");
    scanf("%d",&c);
    printf("%d,%d,%d\n",a,b,c);
    What do you observer, if any prob fix it using "%d" while reading variable c
   (or) use __fpurge before reading c
14. char c1,c2;
    printf("enter any character\n");
    scanf("%c",&c1); //you may use getchar(c1); here
    scanf("%c",&c2);
    printf("c1=%d,c2=%d\n",c1,c2);
    fix any prob using a space before %c or using __fpurge
15. int x,y;
   for(int i=1;i<=5;i++)
       printf("i=%d",i); //dont use \n at end of printf
       y=1/(i-5);
   What do you observer when you run above code.
   Try the same using \n at the end of printf or by using fflush after printf
```