eTUTORIALSPO\$NT

ENHANCED BY Google

Q

How to get data from MySQL in Django View with Models

In this article, you will learn how to retrieve data from MySQL database table using Django.

Django is a high-level Python web framework that enables rapid development of secure and maintainable websites. Django is compatible with almost all popular RDBMS and NoSQL type databases, like - MySQL, PostgreSQL, MongoDB, Oracle. As of popularity and simplicity, MySQL is most commonly used back-end database for Django. It supports MySQL 5.6 and higher.

These are the step by step process for MySQL connection with Django and process to fetch data and display in view template.

Install MySQL

MySQL download is available at it's official site www.mysql.com/downloads/. Once the installer package is downloaded, unzip it, run the setup.exe and follows the installation process. By default, it will be installed under 'C:\MySQL' directory.

Once the process is completed, make sure the success installation on command prompt. For this, go to location of mysqld server which is in c:\mysql\bin and type -

mysqld --console

You can also use MySQL of the another server, like- if you have installed WAMP or XAMPP server on your system, you can use MySQL of that server.

Django Project

Suppose, we have a project name 'demo' -

(env) c:\python37\Scripts\projects\demo>

The MySQL connection with Django requires the installation of MySQL client. Let's run the following command -

(env) c:\python37\Scripts\projects\school>pip install mysqlclient
Collecting mysqlclient
Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/5d/b3/a753b836eab49c8656516
| 266kB 726kB/s
Installing collected packages: mysqlclient
Successfully installed mysqlclient-1.4.6

If, you have faced any error while installation of MySQL client. You can download and try to install the wheel file according to your system OS bits and python version from here -

http://qpypi.qpython.org/simple/mysqlclient/

Process to get MySQL data

Create a Model

Django provides Models, which represents a table or collection of database. It is basically a class whose every attribute is the field of the table. Open 'models.py' and put the following code. The database table 'students' will be created automatically by the following code.

from django.db **import** connections **from** django.db **import** models

```
# Create your models here.

class Student(models.Model):
    roll = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    sclass = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    fname = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    lname = models.CharField(max_length=100)
    class Meta:
        db_table = "students"
```

Suppose, we have the following records in 'students' table. That, we will have to fetch and display in HTML template using Django.

```
INSERT INTO `students` (`id`, `roll`, `sclass`, `fname`, `lname`) VALUES (1, '12', '1A', 'Priska', 'Kashyap'), (2, '11', '2A', 'Aditi', 'Vyas');
```

Create a view

Open 'views.py' and put the following code. Here, we have first import the 'render' and 'redirect' modules and then we have import the database table we are working with from the 'models.py' file. Then, we retrieve all objects from the students database table and stores it in the 'students' variable. So that, we can render this to a HTML template file 'show.html' -

```
from django.shortcuts import render,redirect
from demoapp.models import Student

# Create your views here.

def show(request):
    students = Student.objects.all()
    return render(request,"show.html",{'student':students})
```

Create a template -

Now, create a new directory 'templates' in 'demoapp' folder and an HTML file 'show.html'

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <title>Django CRUD Operations</title>
    <meta charset="utf-8">
    k rel="stylesheet" href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/3.4.1/css/l
    <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.4.1/jquery.min.js"></script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.googleapis.com/ajax.
    <script src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/3.4.1/js/bootstrap.min.js";
</head>
<body>
<div class="container">
<thead>
            Student ID
                                 Roll
                                 Class
                                 First Name
                                 Last Name
            </thead>
        {% for stud in student %}
            <td>{{stud.id}}</td>
                <td>{{stud.roll}}</td>
                                 {{stud.sclass}}
                                 <td>{{stud.fname}}</td>
                                 <td>{{stud.lname}}</td>
            {% endfor %}
                </div>
</body>
</html>
```

Change settings in 'settings.py'

Django provides default database settings to 'sqlite3', so we will have to change this settings. Here, we have changed the 'ENGINE' setting for MySQL and written the database name in 'NAME', username in 'USER', database password in 'PASSWORD', hostname in 'HOST' and portname in 'PORT' -

```
DATABASES = {
   'default': {
        'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.mysql',
        'NAME': 'school',
        'USER': 'root',
        'PASSWORD': ",
        'HOST': 'localhost',
        'PORT': '3306'
    }
}
```

Change settings in 'urls.py'

The 'urls.py' page contains all the particular paths for routing pages. Put the following code in 'urls.py' -

```
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path
from demoapp import views

urlpatterns = [
   path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
   path('show',views.show),
]
```

Run the project

Open the command prompt and go to your project directory and activate the virtualenv.

```
c:\python37\Scripts\projects\env\Scripts>activate
(env) c:\python37\Scripts\projects\env\Scripts>cd ..
```

To know more in details about 'virtualenv', go to our article -

Windows commands to Create and Run first Django app

Now, let's migrate the following project -

(env) c:\python37\Scripts\projects\demo>python manage.py migrate

Once the migration is done, use the following command to run the server -

(env) c:\python37\Scripts\projects\demo>python manage.py runserver

It returns messages something like this -

January 09, 2020 - 14:04:41 Django version 3.0.2, **using** settings 'demo.settings' Starting development server at http://127.0.0.1:8000/ Quit the server with CTRL-BREAK.

Open the 'http://127.0.0.1:8000/show' on the browser. It shows the data as follows -



Related Articles

Python | Uploading images in Django Python Convert Celsius to Fahrenheit Sending Emails in Python How to generate QR code in Python 3

How to check palindrome number in python

CRUD operations in python

Fibonacci series in Python recursion

Python file lock

Python - XML to JSON

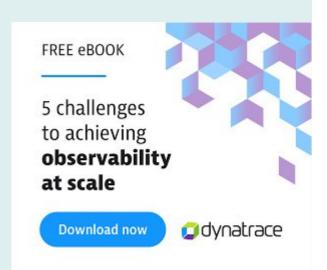
Python XML to Dictionary

Python dict to XML ElementTree

Django Send Mail on Contact form submission

How to insert data in MySQL database from an HTML form using Django

How to get data from XML file in PHP PHP Create Word Document from HTML PHP code to send email using SMTP Hypertext Transfer Protocol Overview PHP MySQL PDO Database Connection and CRUD Operations Create Dynamic Pie Chart using Google API, PHP and MySQL How to encrypt password in PHP Splitting MySQL Results Into Two Columns Using PHP



General Knowledge



















Learn Popular Language











Blogs



Stateful vs Stateless

A Stateful application recalls explicit subtleties of a client like profile, inclinations, and client activities...



Best programming language to learn in 2021

In this article, we have mentioned the analyzed results of the best programming language for 2021...

Dec 20

How is Python best for mobile app development?

Python has a set of useful Libraries and Packages that minimize the use of code...

July 18

Learn all about Emoji

In this article, we have mentioned all about emojis. It's invention, world emoji day, emojicode programming language and much more...

Jan 10

Data Science Recruitment of Freshers

In this article, we have mentioned about the recruitment of data science. Data Science is a buzz for every technician...

Follow us









About Us Contact Us

