



CS 225

Data Structures



Destructor

[Purpose]:

Destructor

[Purpose]: Free any resources maintained by the class.

Automatic Destructor:

1. Exists only when no custom destructor is defined.
2. [Invoked]:
3. [Functionality]:

sphere.h

```
1 #ifndef SPHERE_H
2 #define SPHERE_H
3
4 namespace cs225 {
5     class Sphere {
6     public:
7         Sphere();
8         Sphere(double r);
9         Sphere(const Sphere &s);
10        ~Sphere();
11
12
13
14
15        ...        // ...
16    private:
17        double r_;
18
19    };
20 }
21
22 #endif
```

sphere.cpp

```
1 #include "sphere.h"
2
3 namespace cs225 {
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21        ...        // ...
22    }
```

Operators that can be overloaded in C++

Arithmetic	+	-	*	/	%	++	--
Bitwise	&		^	~	<<	>>	
Assignment	=						
Comparison	==	!=	>	<	>=	<=	
Logical	!	&&					
Other	[]	()	->				

sphere.h

```
1 #ifndef SPHERE_H
2 #define SPHERE_H
3
4 namespace cs225 {
5     class Sphere {
6     public:
7         Sphere();
8         Sphere(double r);
9         Sphere(const Sphere &s);
10        ~Sphere();
11
12
13
14
15        ...        // ...
16    private:
17        double r_;
18
19    };
20 }
21
22 #endif
```

sphere.cpp

```
1 #include "sphere.h"
2
3 namespace cs225 {
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22        ...        // ...
23    }
24 }
```

One Very Special Operator

Definition Syntax (.h):

```
Sphere & operator=(const Sphere& s)
```

Implementation Syntax (.cpp):

```
Sphere & Sphere::operator=(const Sphere& s)
```

Assignment Operator

Similar to Copy Constructor:

Different from Copy Constructor:

Assignment Operator

	Copies an object	Destroys an object
Copy constructor		
Assignment operator		
Destructor		

The “Rule of Three”

If it is necessary to define any one of these three functions in a class, it will be necessary to define all three of these functions:

- 1.

- 2.

- 3.



Inheritance

Planet.h

```
1 #ifndef PLANET_H_
2 #define PLANET_H_
3
4 #include "Sphere.h"
5
6 public class Planet :
7     public cs225::Sphere {
8
9 }
10
11 #endif
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
```

Planet.cpp

```
1 #include "Planet.h"
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
```

Derived Classes

[Public Members of the Base Class]:

```
5 int main() {  
6     Planet p;  
7     p.getRadius(); // Returns 1, the radius init'd  
8                     // by Sphere's default ctor  
...     ...  
... }
```

[Private Members of the Base Class]:

Planet.h

```
1 #ifndef PLANET_H_
2 #define PLANET_H_
3
4 #include "Sphere.h"
5
6 public Planet :
7     public cs225::Sphere {
8     public:
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17     private:
18
19
20 }
21
22 #endif
```

Planet.cpp

```
1 #include "Planet.h"
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
```



Virtual

Sphere.cpp

```
1 Sphere::print_1() {
2     cout << "Sphere" << endl;
3 }
4
5 Sphere::print_2() {
6     cout << "Sphere" << endl;
7 }
8
9 virtual Sphere::print_3() {
10     cout << "Sphere" << endl;
11 }
12
13 virtual Sphere::print_4() {
14     cout << "Sphere" << endl;
15 }
16
17 // In .h file:
18 virtual Sphere::print_5() = 0;
19
20
21
22
```

Planet.cpp

```
1 // No print_1() in RedBall.cpp
2
3
4
5 Planet::print_2() {
6     cout << "Earth" << endl;
7 }
8
9 // No print_3() in RedBall.cpp
10
11
12
13 Planet::print_4() {
14     cout << "Earth" << endl;
15 }
16
17 Planet::print_5() {
18     cout << "Earth" << endl;
19 }
20
21
22
```


Runtime of Virtual Functions

	<code>Sphere obj;</code>	<code>Planet obj;</code>	<code>Planet r; Sphere &obj = r;</code>
<code>obj.print_1();</code>			
<code>obj.print_2();</code>			
<code>obj.print_3();</code>			
<code>obj.print_4();</code>			
<code>obj.print_5();</code>			

CS 225 – Things To Be Doing

Theory Exam 1 is ongoing

More Info:

<https://courses.engr.illinois.edu/cs225/sp2018/exams/>

MP2 Released!

Extra Credit Deadline: Monday, Feb. 5th – Up to +7 Extra Credit

Due Date: Monday, Feb. 12th

lab_memory

Due: Sunday, Feb. 4th

POTD

Every Monday-Friday – *Worth +1 Extra Credit /problem (up to +40 total)*