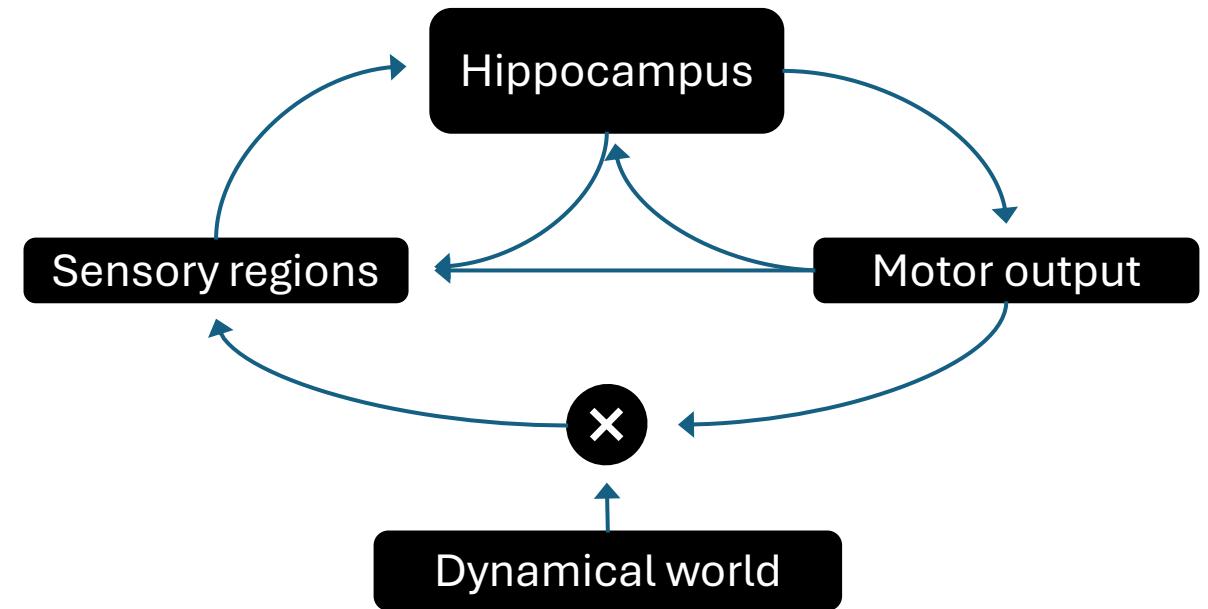


Sensory modulated interactions between olfactory bulb hippocampus and behavior



Cognitive maps & navigation

- Rats form internal cognitive ‘field maps’ of environment
 - Latent learning

VOL. 55, No. 4

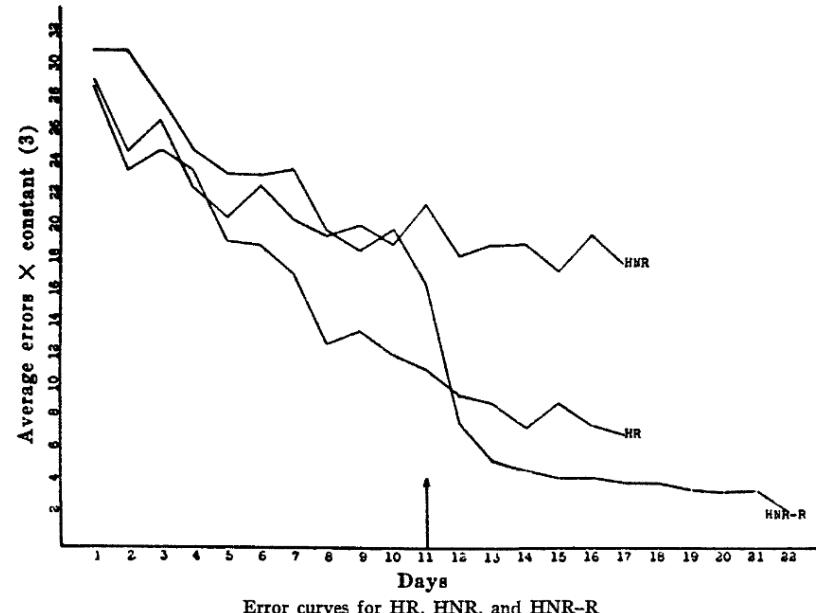
JULY, 1948

THE PSYCHOLOGICAL REVIEW

COGNITIVE MAPS IN RATS AND MEN¹

BY EDWARD C. TOLMAN

University of California



(Tolman, 1948)

Hippocampus & cognitive maps

J. Neurol. Neurosurg. Psychiat., 1957, 20, 11.

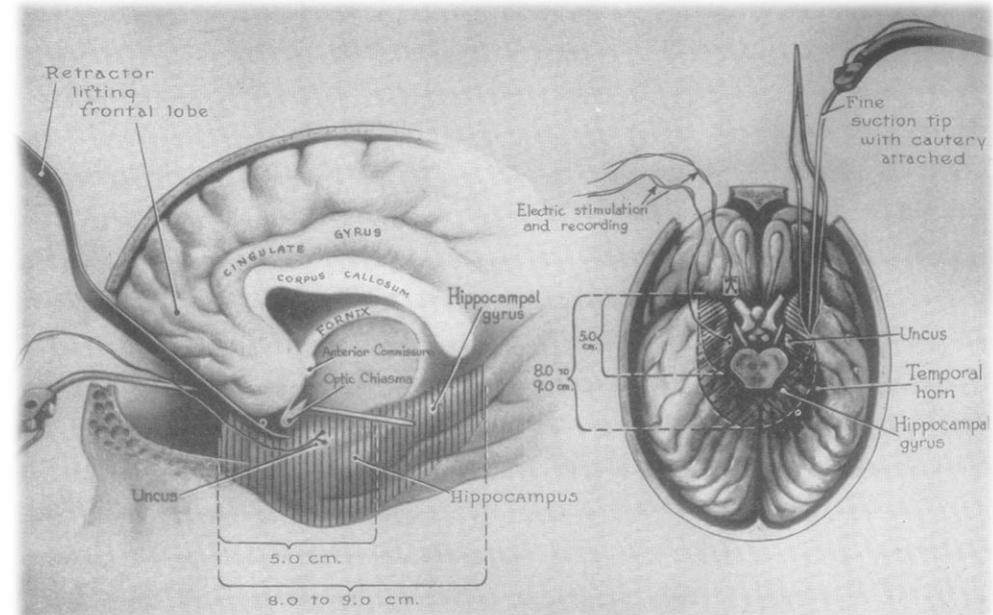
- Hippocampus necessary for human episodic memory

LOSS OF RECENT MEMORY AFTER BILATERAL HIPPOCAMPAL LESIONS

BY

WILLIAM BEECHER SCOVILLE and BRENDA MILNER

In the Department of Neurosurgery, Hartford Hospital, and the Department of Neurology and Neurosurgery,
Yale University School of Medicine, New Haven, Connecticut, U.S.A.



(Scoville and Milner, 1957)

Hippocampus & cognitive maps

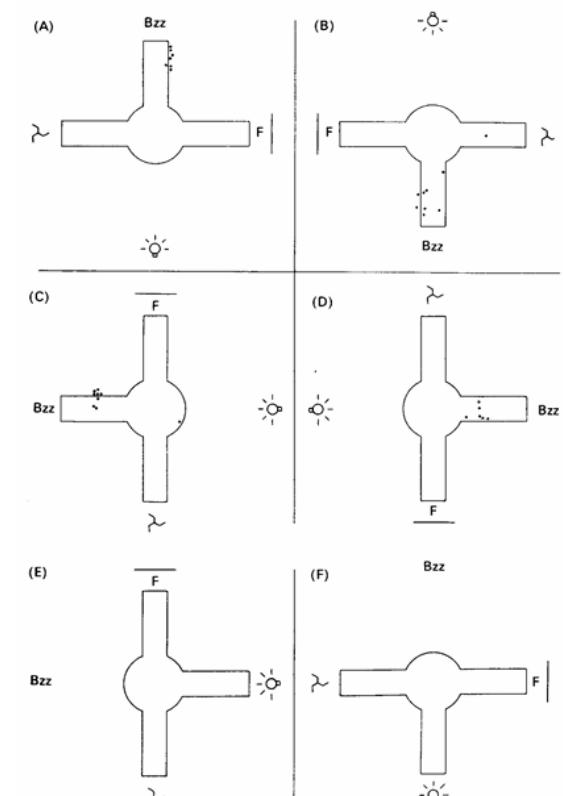
- Hippocampus necessary for human episodic memory
- Hippocampal neurons fire with selective spatial tunings

THE HIPPOCAMPUS AS A COGNITIVE MAP

JOHN O'KEEFE
AND
LYNN NADEL



CLARENDON PRESS · OXFORD



(O'Keefe & Nadel, 1978)

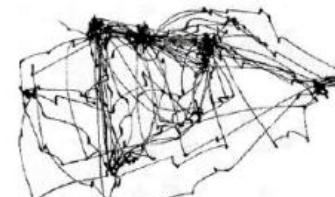
Active sampling

- Being-in-the-world is an active process

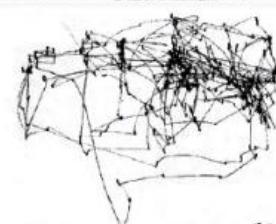
Eye Movements and Vision

by Alfred L. Yarbus

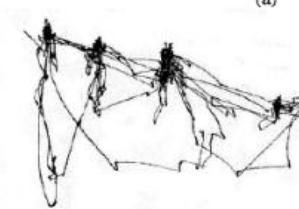
Institute for Problems of Information Transmission
Academy of Sciences of the USSR, Moscow



(a)



(b)



(c)

(Yarbus, 1967)

Active sampling

- Being-in-the-world is an active process
- Neuronal oscillations in sensory regions track sampling behavior

J. Physiol. (1942) 100, 459-473.

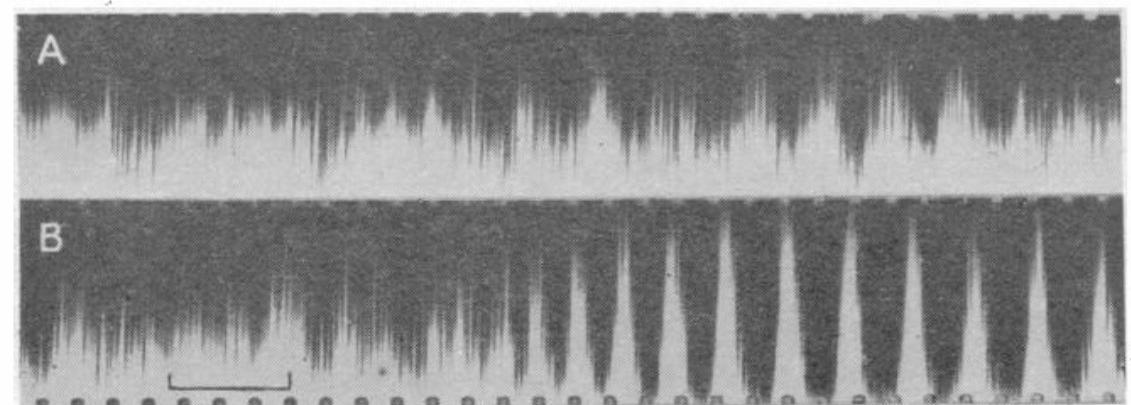
612.86

OLFACTORY REACTIONS IN THE BRAIN OF THE HEDGEHOG

By E. D. ADRIAN

From the Physiological Laboratory, Cambridge

(Received 21 October 1941)



(Adrian, 1942)

Active sampling

- Being-in-the-world is an active process
- Neuronal oscillations in sensory regions track sampling behavior
- Hippocampal oscillations selectively coherent with sensory region and behavior

0270-6474/82/0212-1705\$02.00/0
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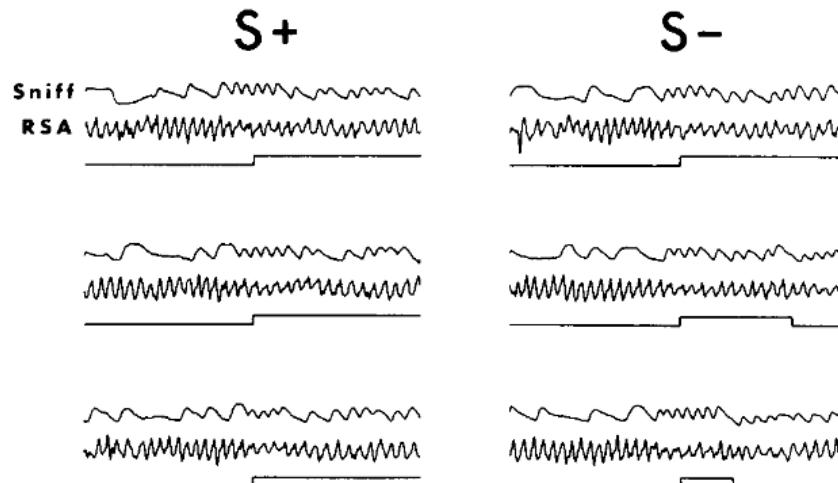
The Journal of Neuroscience
Vol. 2, No. 12, pp. 1705-1717
December 1982

TEMPORAL RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN SNIFFING AND THE LIMBIC θ RHYTHM DURING ODOR DISCRIMINATION REVERSAL LEARNING¹

FOTEOS MACRIDES,² HOWARD B. EICHENBAUM,* AND WILLIAM B. FORBES

Worcester Foundation for Experimental Biology, Shrewsbury, Massachusetts 01545 and *Department of Biology, Wellesley College, Wellesley, Massachusetts 02181

Received May 24, 1982; Revised July 26, 1982; Accepted August 24, 1982



(Macrides et al., 1982)

Self-organized mapping through action

- Grid and place cells rely on body-derived signals
 - Path integration

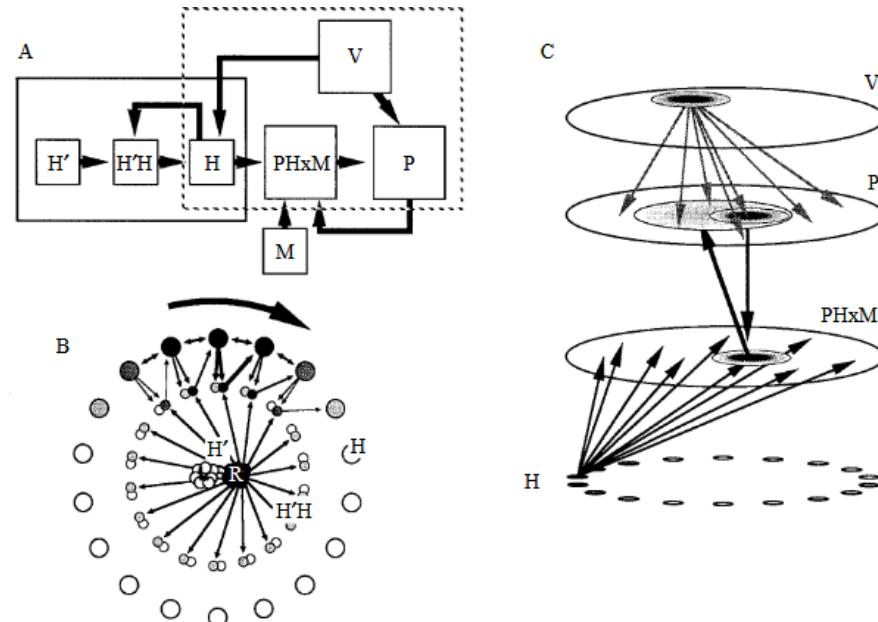
The Journal of Experimental Biology 199, 173–185 (1996)
Printed in Great Britain © The Company of Biologists Limited 1996
JEB0129

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DECIPHERING THE HIPPOCAMPAL POLYGLOT: THE HIPPOCAMPUS AS A PATH INTEGRATION SYSTEM

B. L. McNAUGHTON, C. A. BARNES, J. L. GERRARD, K. GOTTHARD, M. W. JUNG, J. J. KNIERIM,
H. KUDRIMOTI, Y. QIN, W. E. SKAGGS, M. SUSTER AND K. L. WEAVER

Arizona Research Laboratories, Division of Neural Systems, Memory, and Aging, University of Arizona, Tucson,
AZ 85724, USA



(McNaughton et al., 1996)

Self-organized mapping through action

- Grid and place cells rely on body-derived signals
 - Path integration
- Context dependent place cells

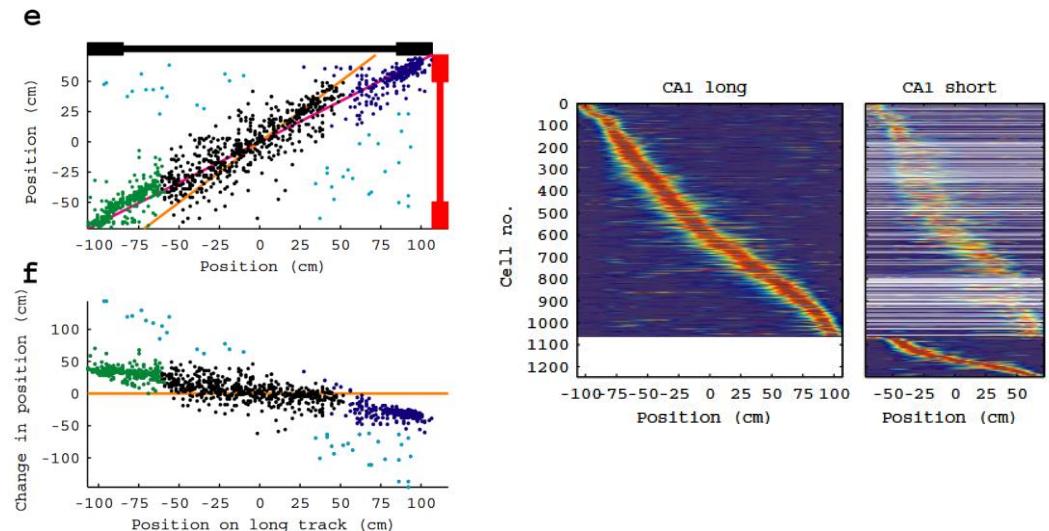
13448 • The Journal of Neuroscience, December 10, 2008 • 28(50):13448–13456

Behavioral/Systems/Cognitive

Hippocampal Network Dynamics Constrain the Time Lag between Pyramidal Cells across Modified Environments

Kamran Diba and György Buzsáki

Center for Molecular and Behavioral Neuroscience, Rutgers University–Newark, Newark, New Jersey 07102



(Diba & Buzsáki, 2008)

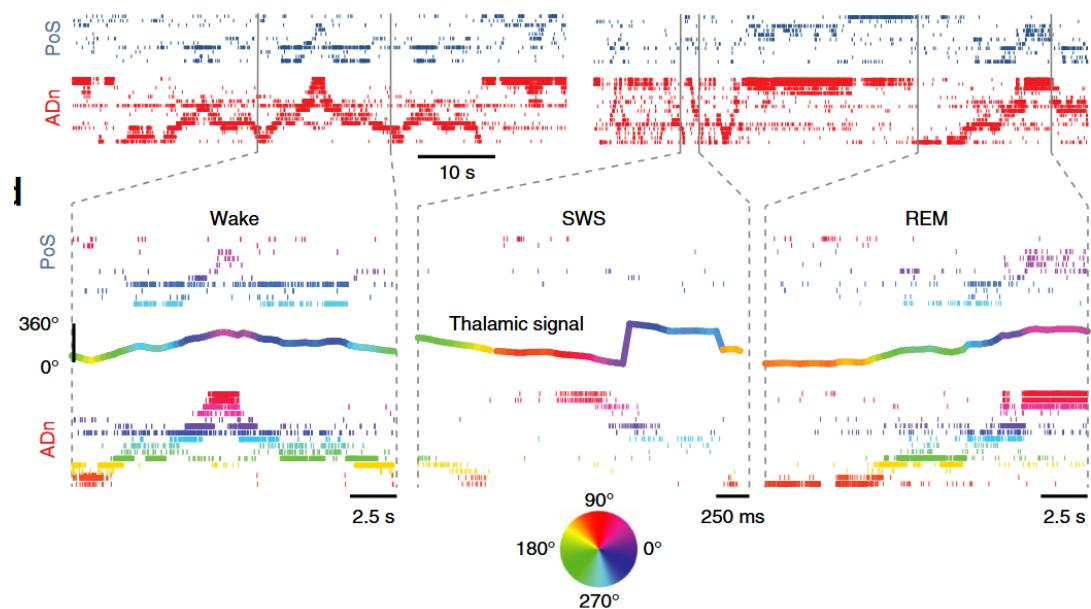
Self-organized mapping through action

- Grid and place cells rely on body-derived signals
 - Path integration
- Context dependent place cells
- Single unit correlations maintained during sleep

ARTICLES
**nature
neuroscience**

Internally organized mechanisms of the head direction sense

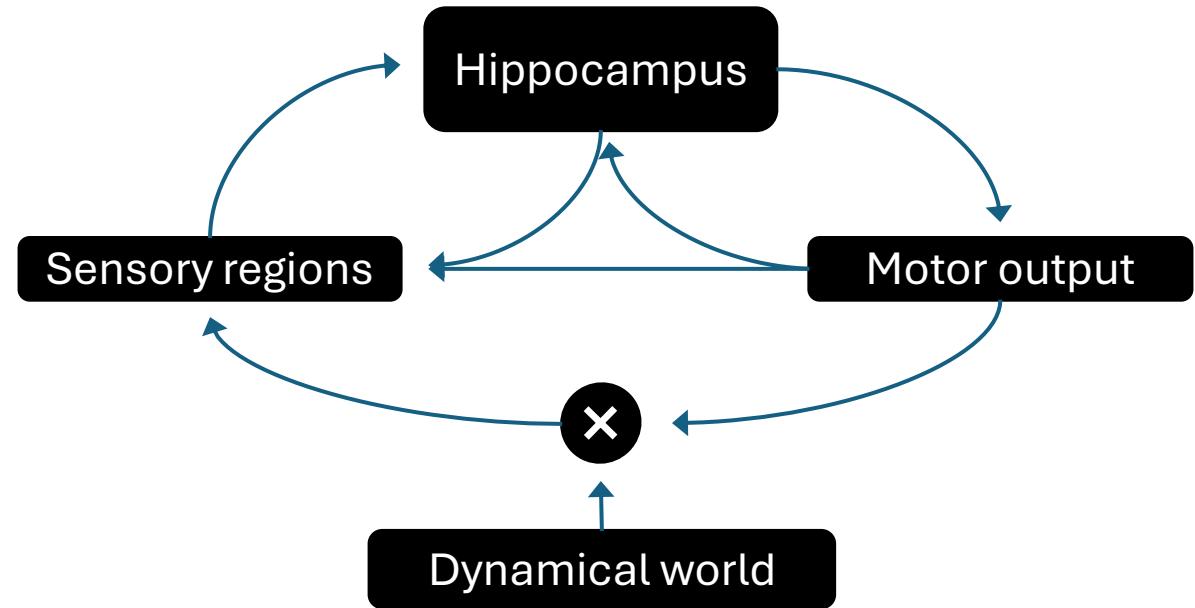
Adrien Peyrache, Marie M Lacroix, Peter C Petersen & György Buzsáki



(Peyrache et al., 2015)

Sensory grounding through action

- Did I move or did the world change?
- Sensory inputs and action signals should converge in the brain
 - Where?
- Existing cognitive map used to compute change



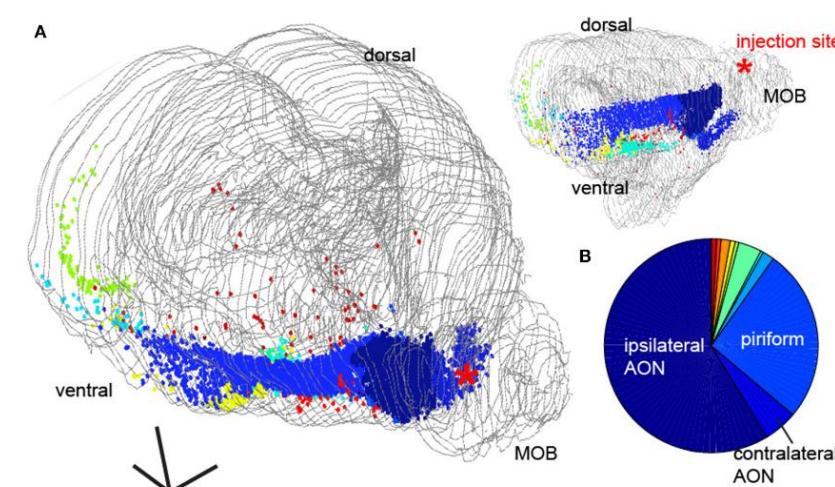
Centrifugal inputs to the olfactory bulb

- Anterior olfactory nucleus
- Piriform cortex
- Horizontal limb of the diagonal band
- Amygdala
- Hippocampus
- Lateral entorhinal cortex
- Locus coeruleus



Centrifugal Inputs to the Main Olfactory Bulb Revealed Through Whole Brain Circuit-Mapping

Krishnan Padmanabhan^{1,2,3*}, Fumitaka Osakada^{4,5}, Anna Tarabrina⁶, Erin Kizer⁶, Edward M. Callaway^{1,4}, Fred H. Gage⁶ and Terrence J. Sejnowski^{1,2,7}



Sniffing and place

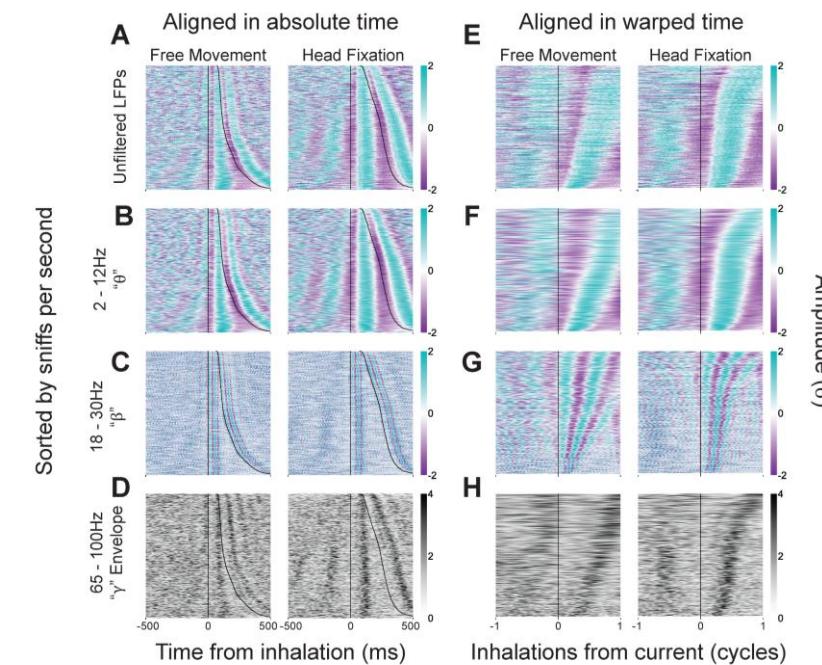
- OB LFPs track sniffing

Challenges in inferring breathing rhythms from olfactory bulb local field potentials

Sidney Rafilson, Nathan Hess, Teresa M. Findley, Matthew C. Smear

doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2024.11.08.622727>

This article is a preprint and has not been certified by peer review [what does this mean?].



Sniffing and place

- OB LFPs track sniffing
 - Nasal respiration is necessary and sufficient

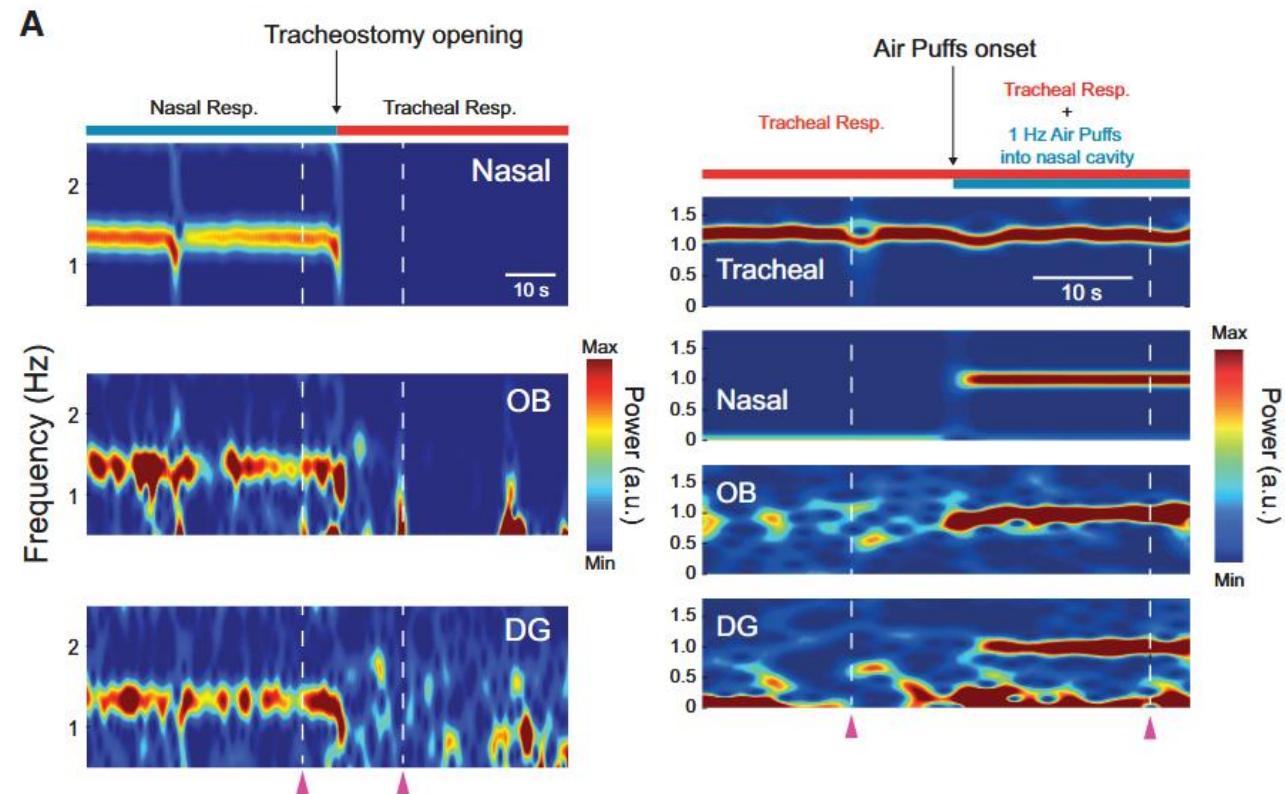
5338 • The Journal of Neuroscience, May 11, 2016 • 36(19):5338–5352

Systems/Circuits

A Respiration-Coupled Rhythm in the Rat Hippocampus Independent of Theta and Slow Oscillations

Andre L. V. Lockmann, Diego A. Laplagne, Richardson N. Leao, and Adriano B. L. Tort

Brain Institute, Federal University of Rio Grande do Norte, RN 59056-450, Brazil



(Lockmann et al., 2016)

Sniffing and place

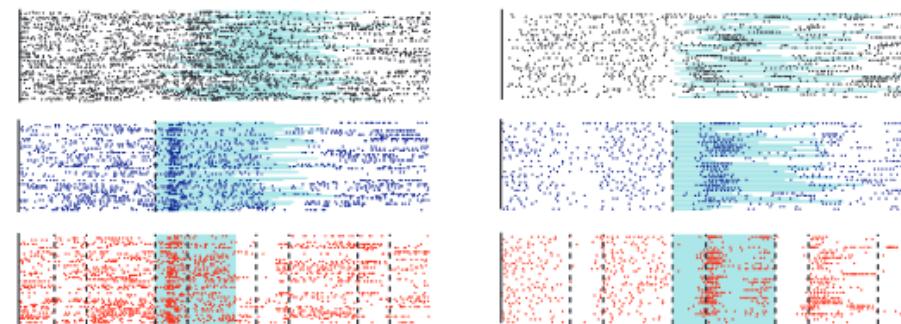
- OB LFPs track sniffing
 - Nasal respiration is necessary and sufficient
 - Single units tuned to time/phase in sniff cycle

ARTICLES

nature
neuroscience

Precise olfactory responses tile the sniff cycle

Roman Shusterman¹, Matthew C Smear^{1,2}, Alexei A Koulakov³ & Dmitry Rinberg¹



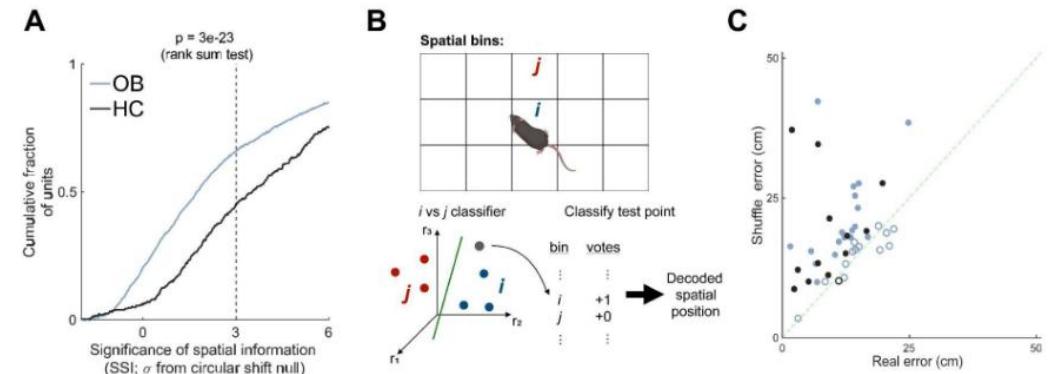
Sniffing and place

- OB LFPs track sniffing
 - Nasal respiration is necessary and sufficient
- Single units tuned to time/phase in sniff cycle
- Single units tuned to place and population encodes allocentric space

Neuroscience

Olfactory bulb tracks breathing rhythms and place in freely behaving mice

Scott C Sterrett, Teresa M Findley, Sidney E Rafilson, Morgan A Brown, Aldis P Weible, Rebecca Marsden, Takisha Tarvin, Michael Wehr, James M Murray, Adrienne L Fairhall, Matthew C Smear 



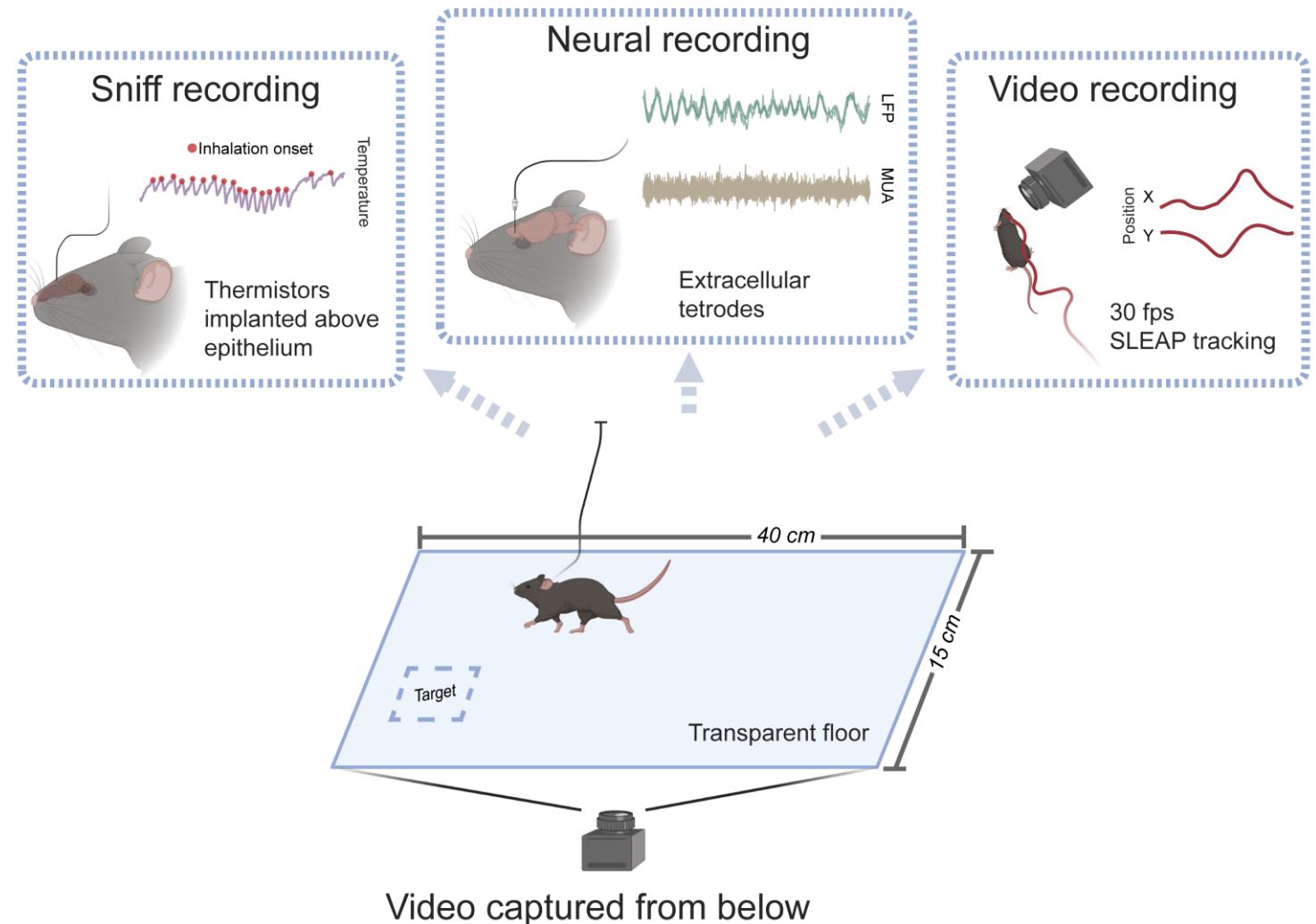
Research Question

Are sniffing and spatial information formed from feedforward sensory inputs or sent through centrifugal feedback?

- If information depends on feed-forward sensory inputs it cannot be used as an action grounding signal
 - Nor does it represent a cognitive map
- Any information that remains in the absence of sensory inputs could be used for action grounding or represent the neuronal substrate of the cognitive map

Experimental design

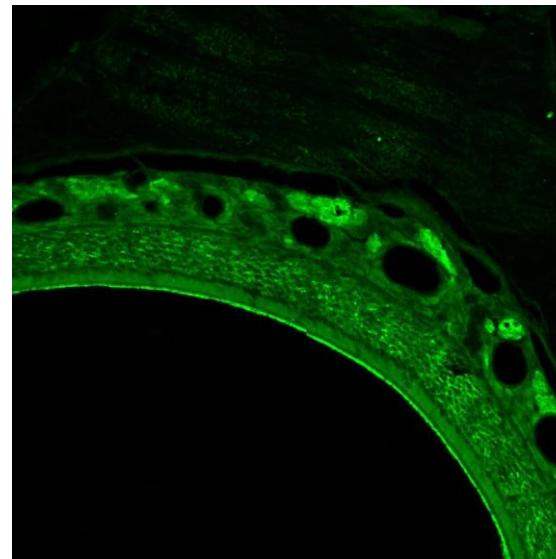
- Foraging like task (clickbait)
- Thermistor to record sniffing
- Tetrodes implanted in OB and CA1
- Bottom-up video tracking



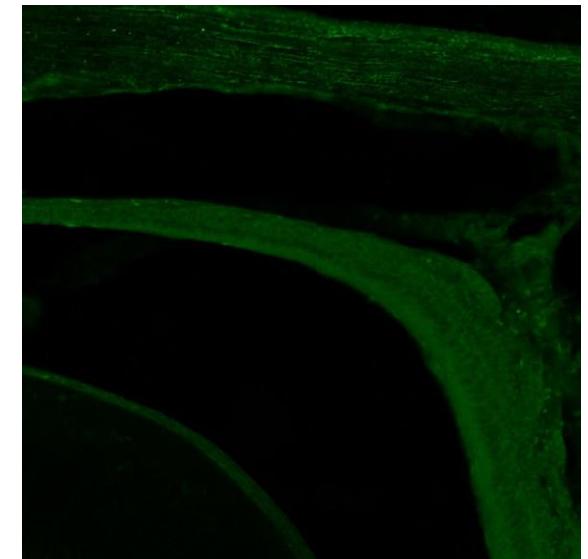
Experimental design

- Foraging like task (clickbait)
- Thermistor to record sniffing
- Tetrodes implanted in OB and CA1
- Bottom-up video tracking
- MMZ to ablate olfactory sensory neurons

Pre injection

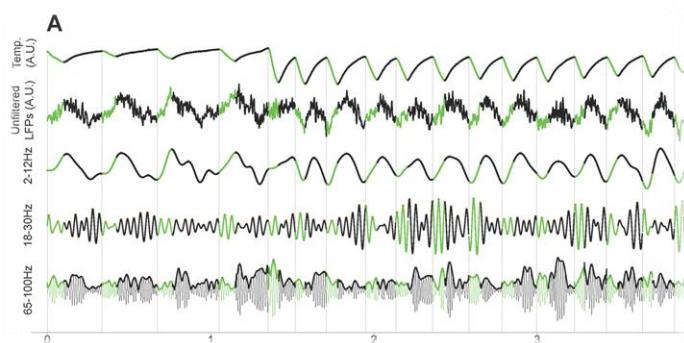


Post injection

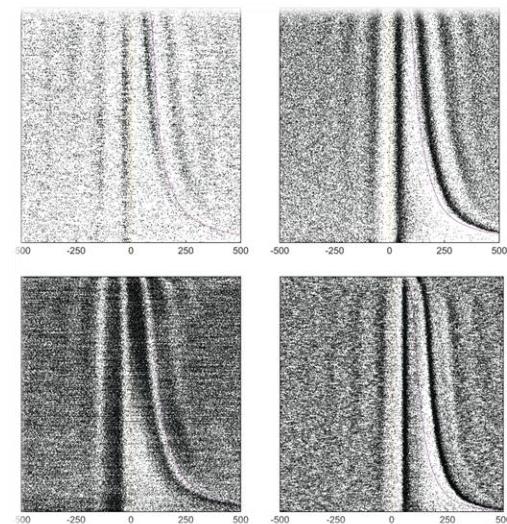


Results overview

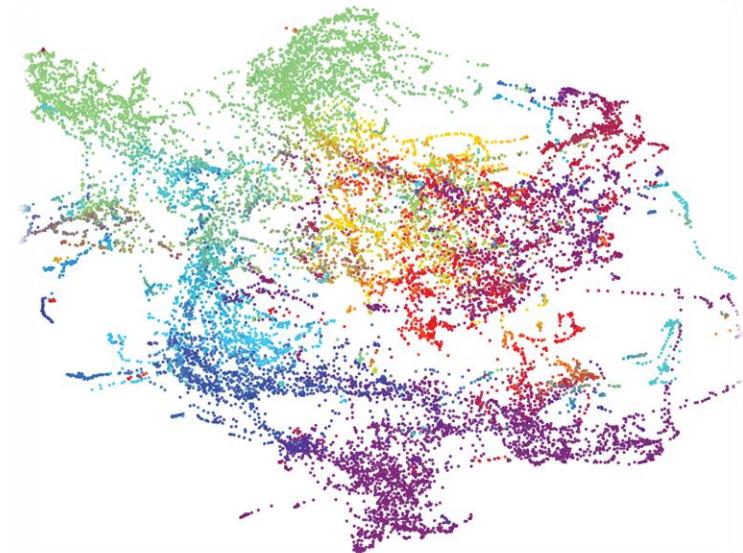
Local field potentials



Single unit spiking

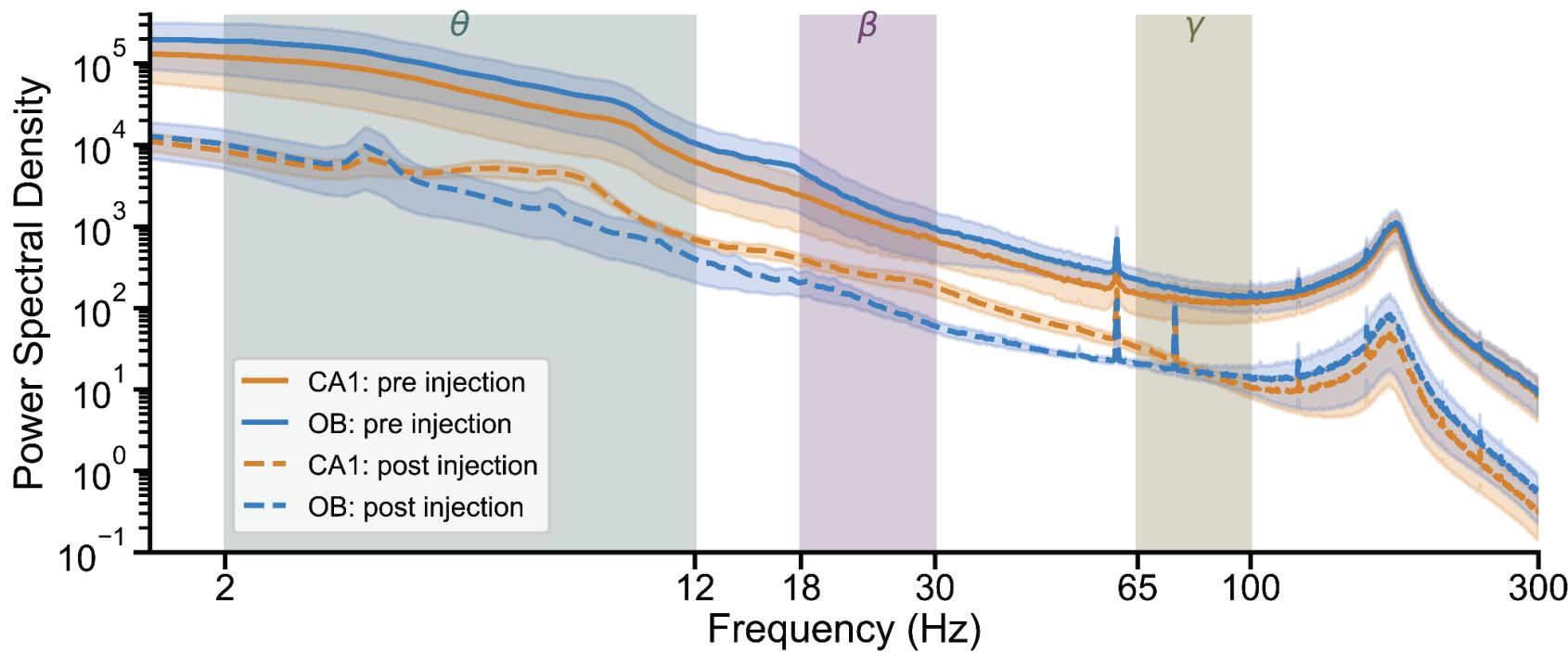


Population activity



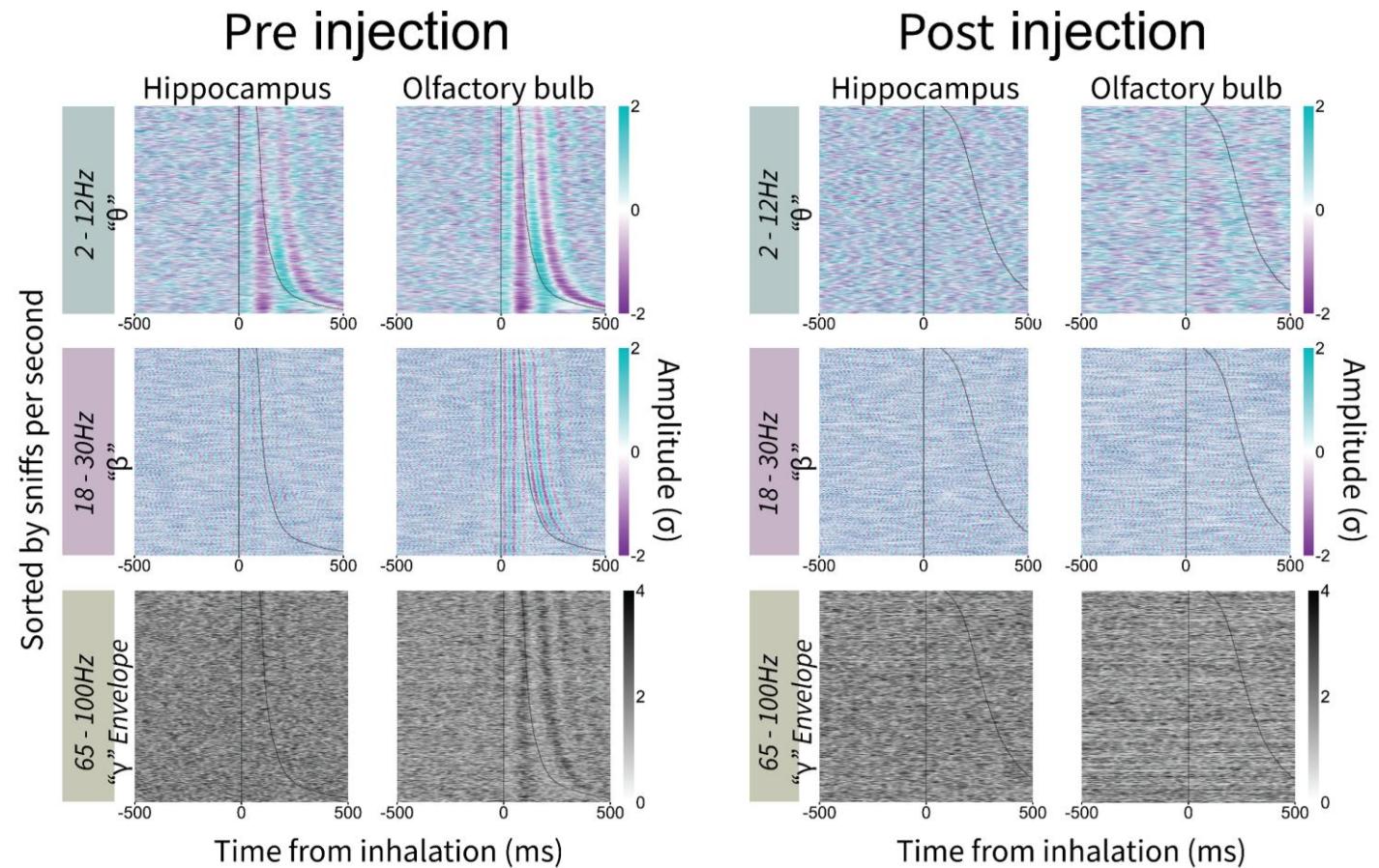
Sniff synchronous local field potentials

- MMZ uniformly reduced power across spectra



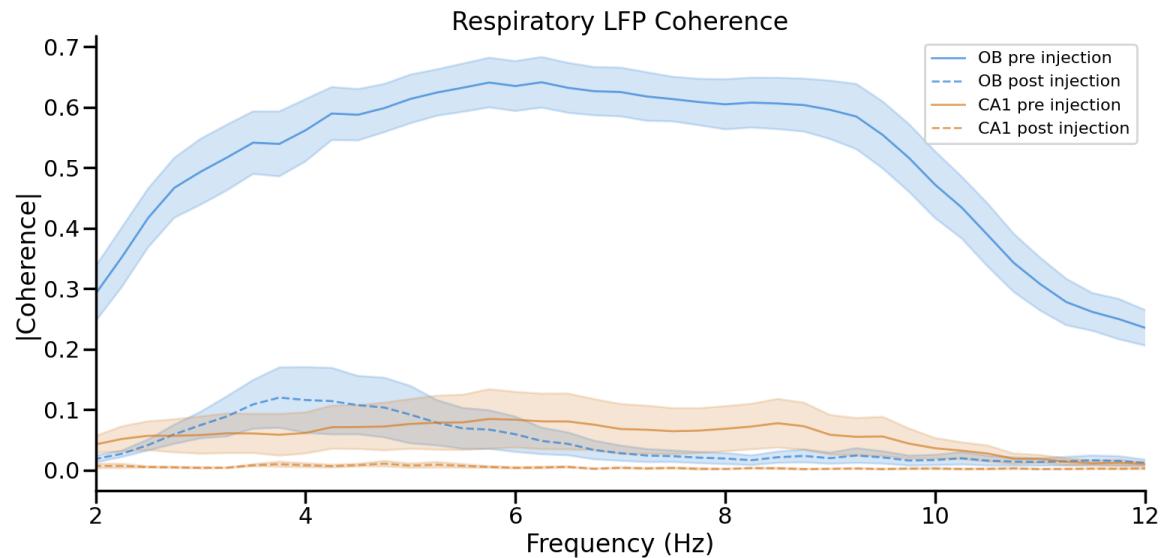
Sniff synchronous local field potentials

- MMZ uniformly reduced power across spectra
- LFPs track respiration



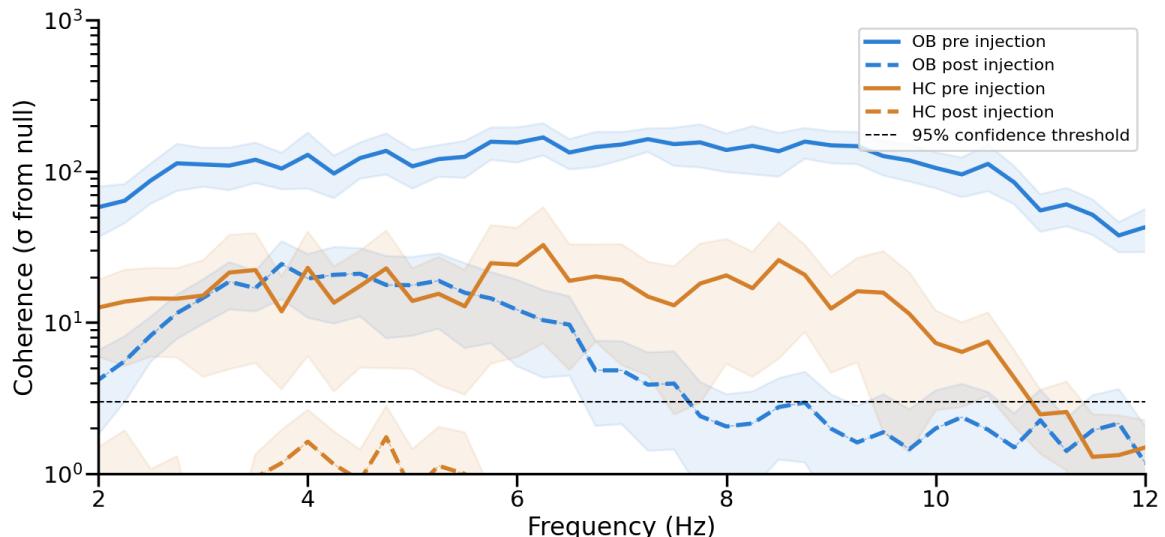
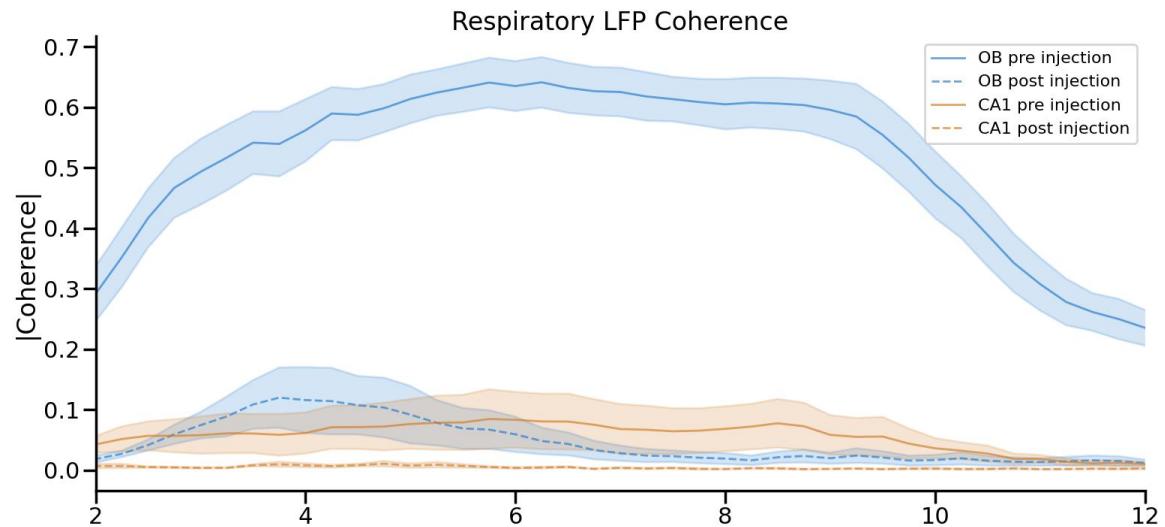
Sniff synchronous local field potentials

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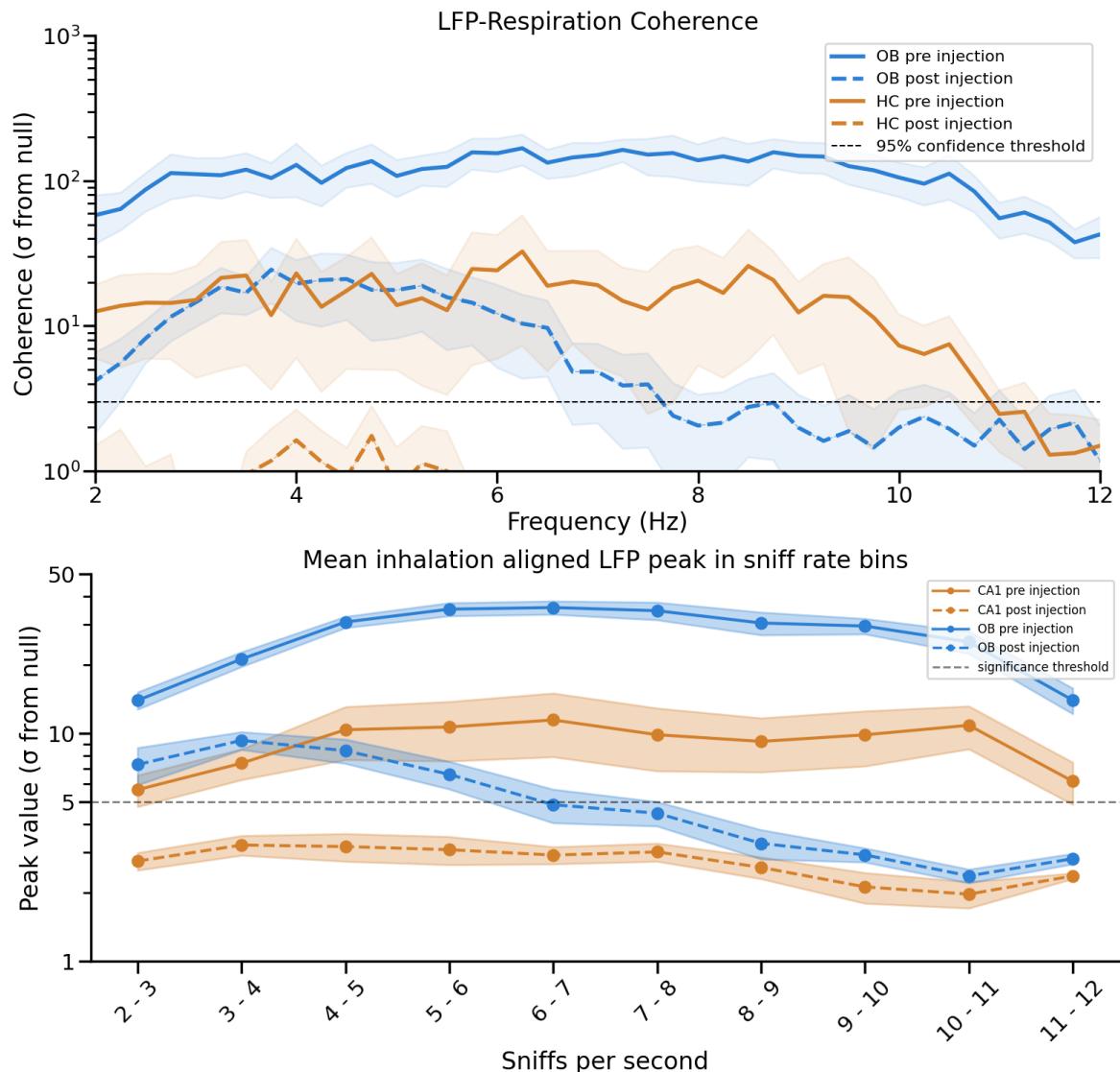
Sniff synchronous local field potentials

- MMZ uniformly reduced power across spectra
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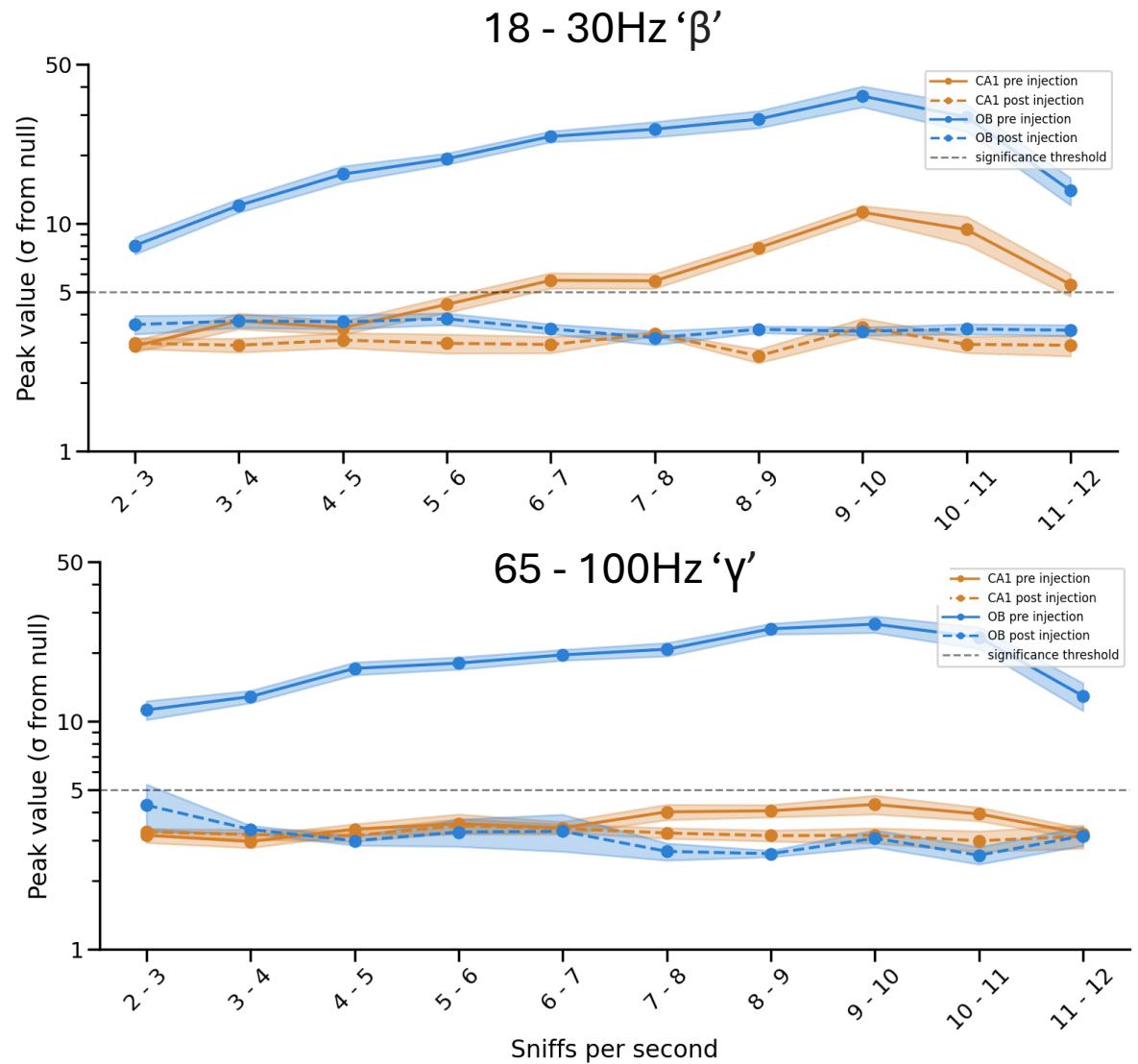
Sniff synchronous local field potentials

- MMZ uniformly reduced power across spectra
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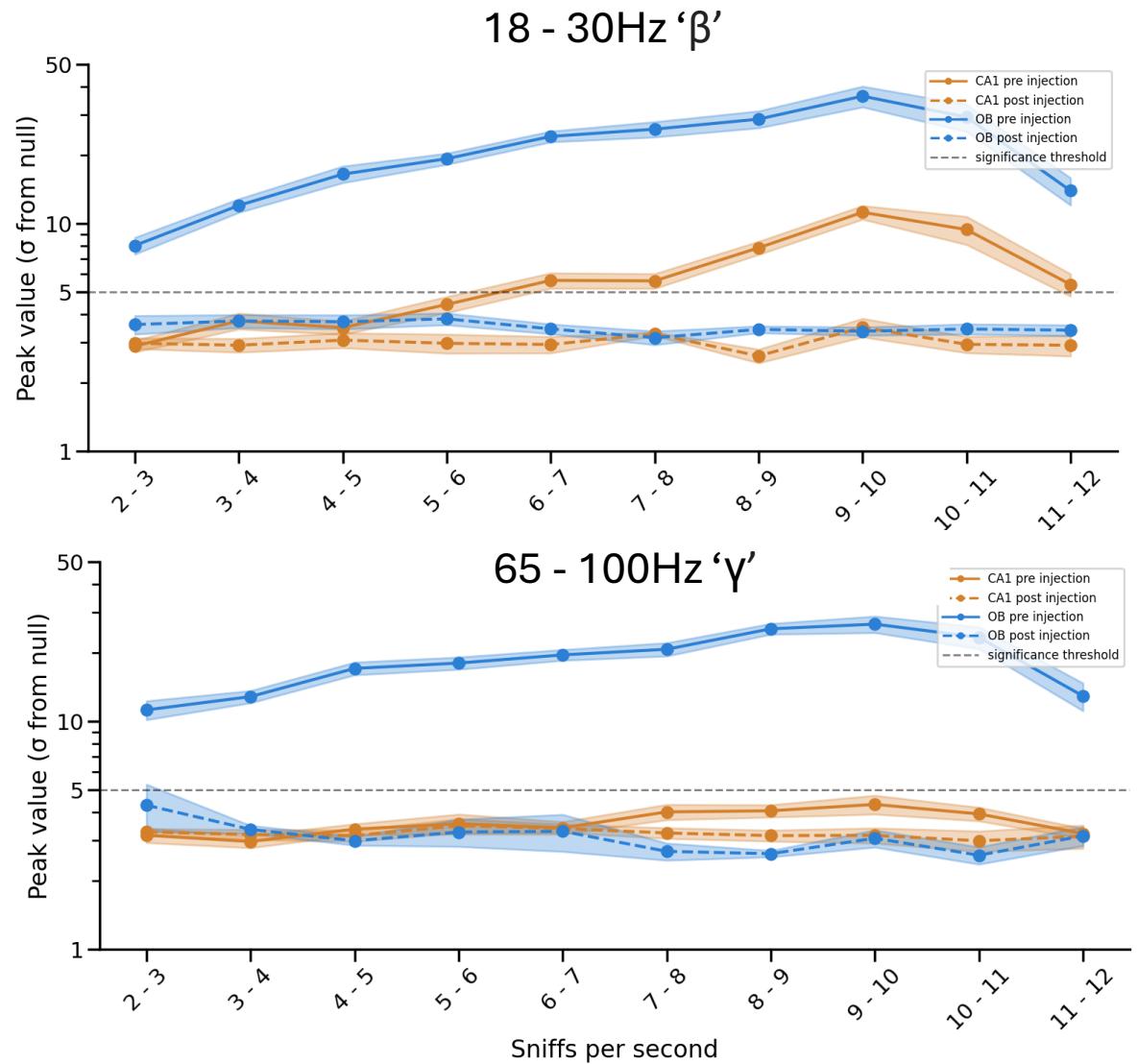
Sniff synchronous local field potentials

- MMZ uniformly reduced power across spectra
- LFPs track respiration
- MMZ disrupts alignment with respiration

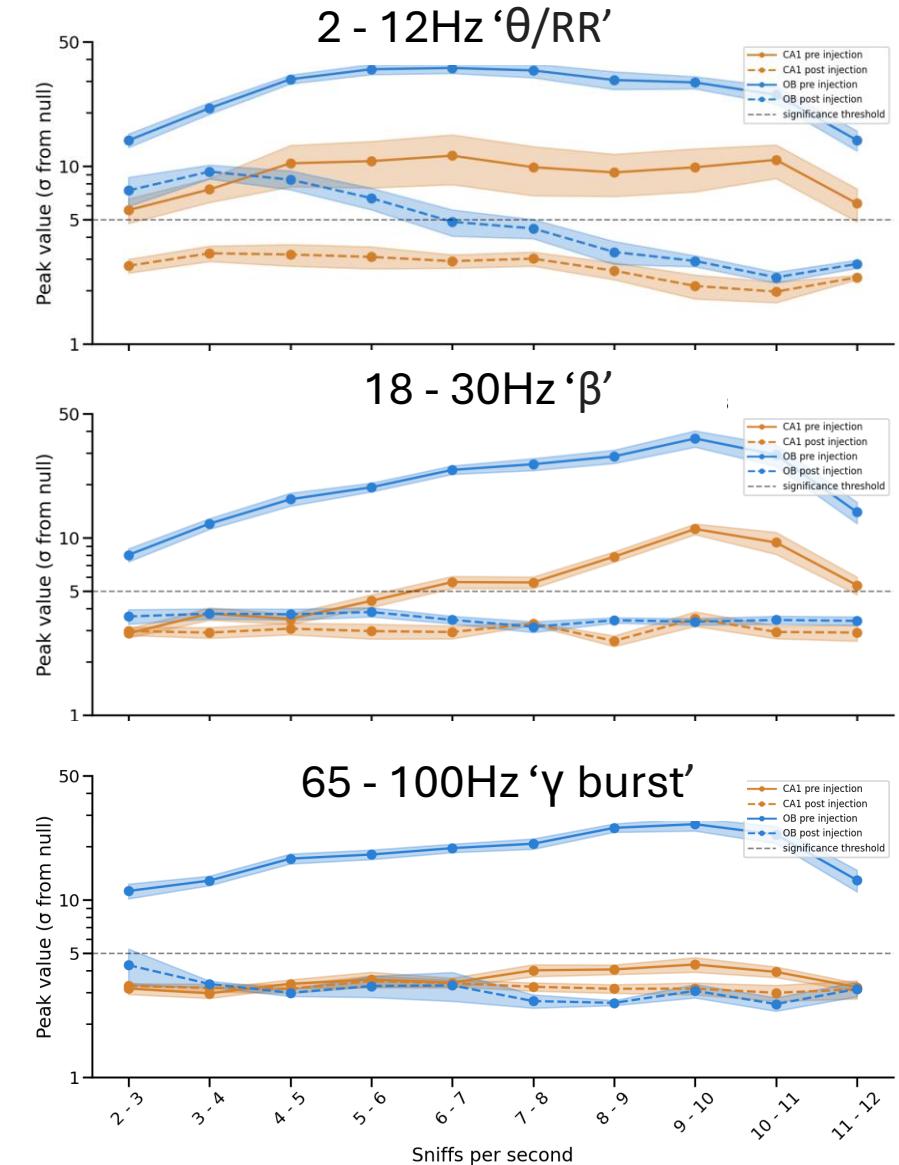
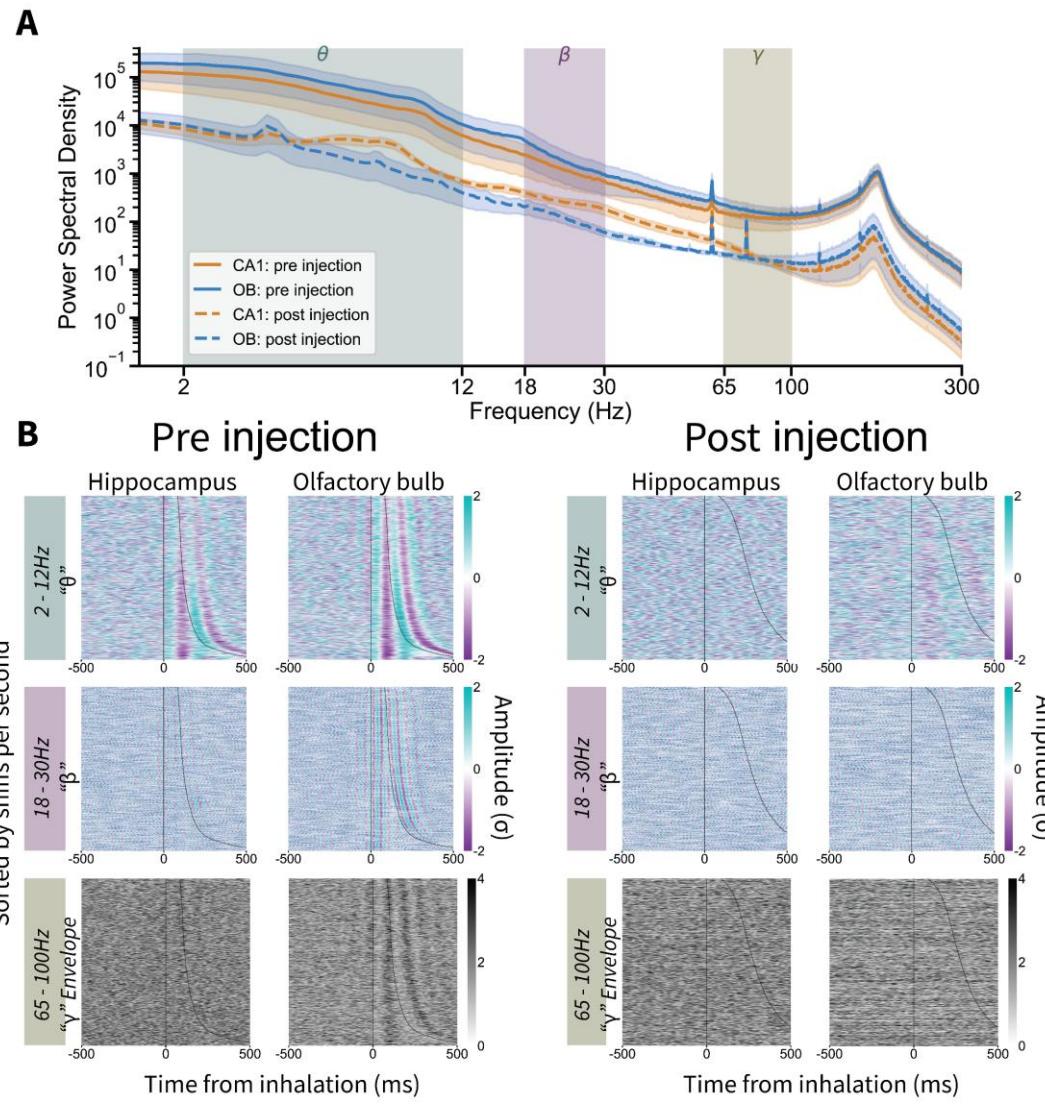


Sniff synchronous local field potentials

- MMZ uniformly reduced power across spectra
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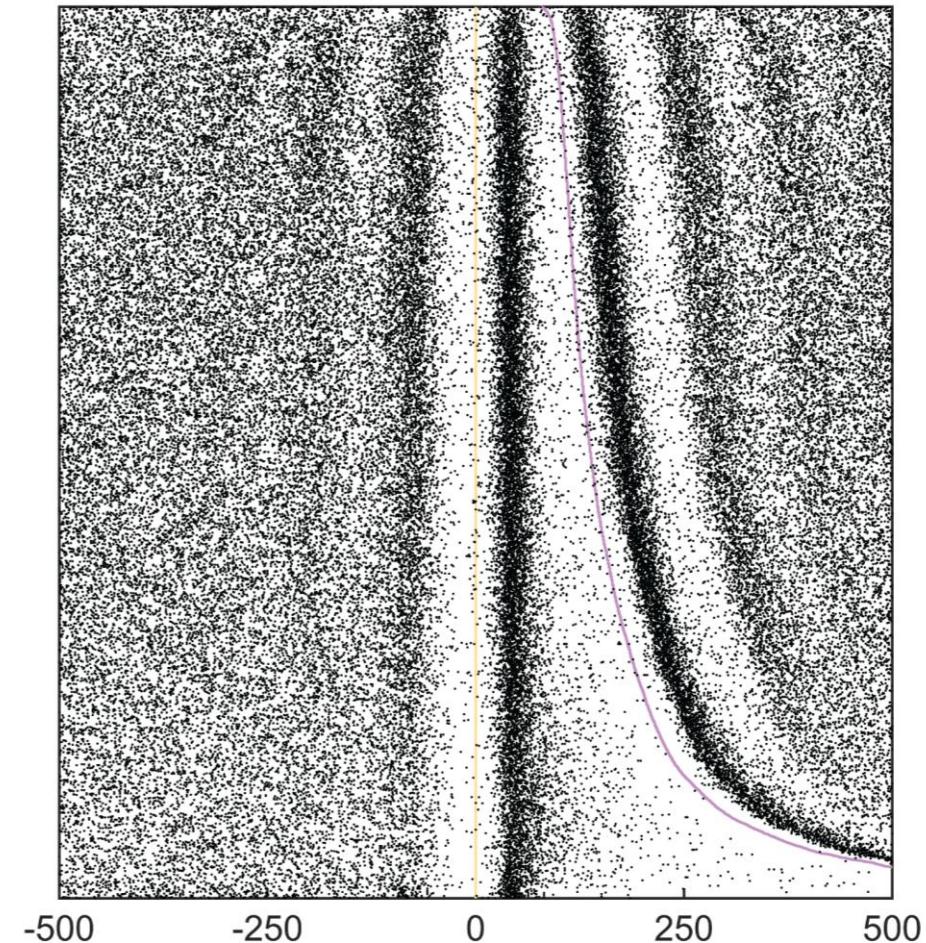


Sniff synchronous local field potentials



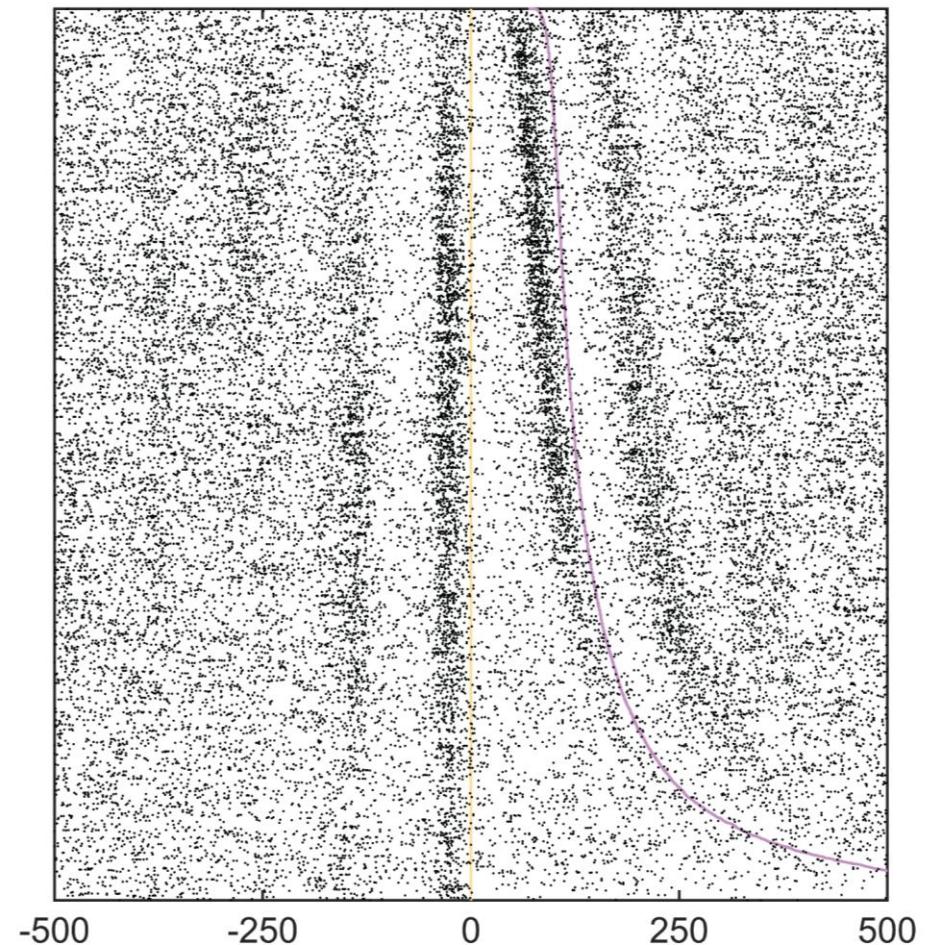
Sniff synchronous spiking

- OB single units follow inhalation



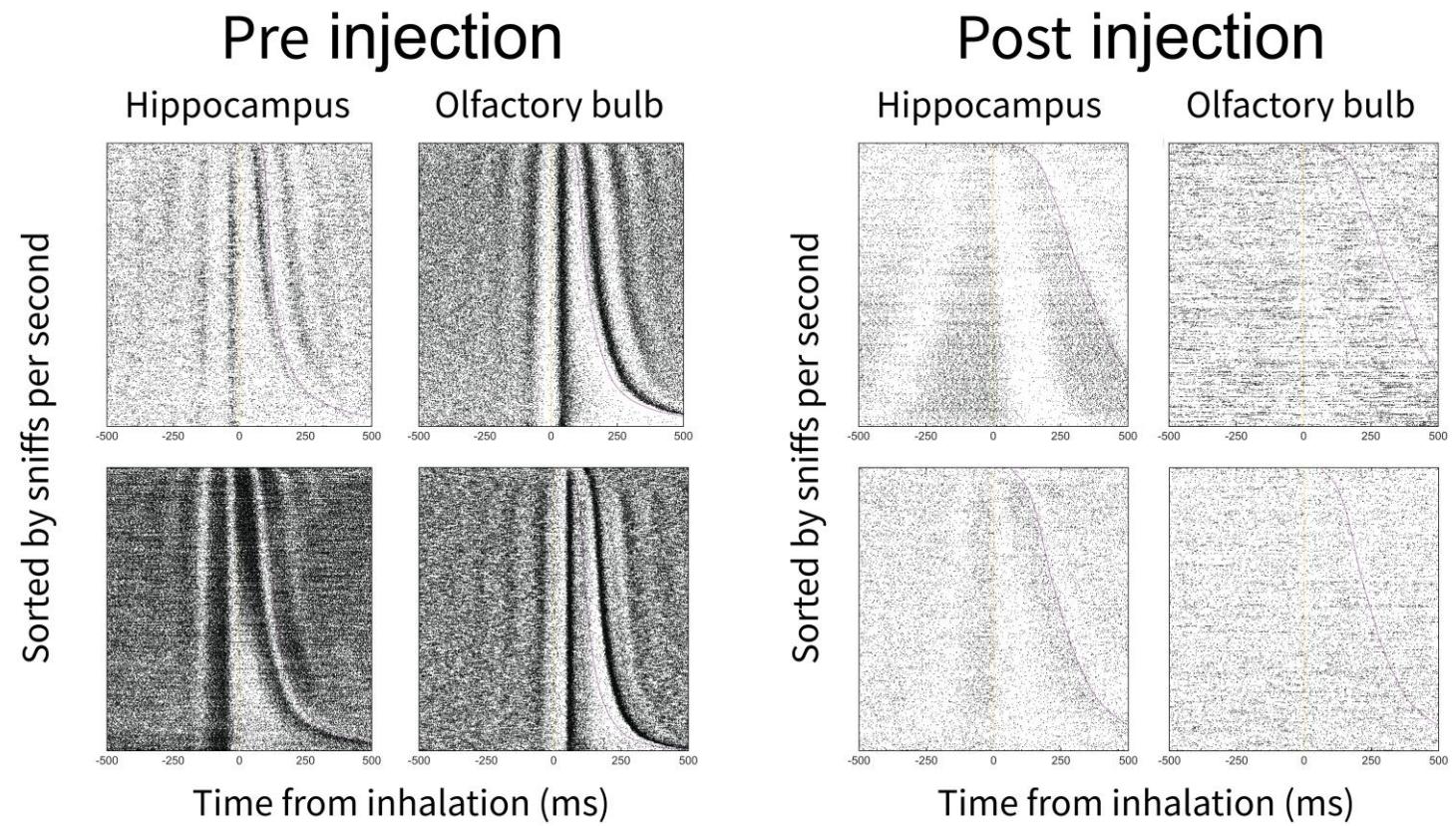
Sniff synchronous spiking

- OB single units follow inhalation
- CA1 single units precede inhalation



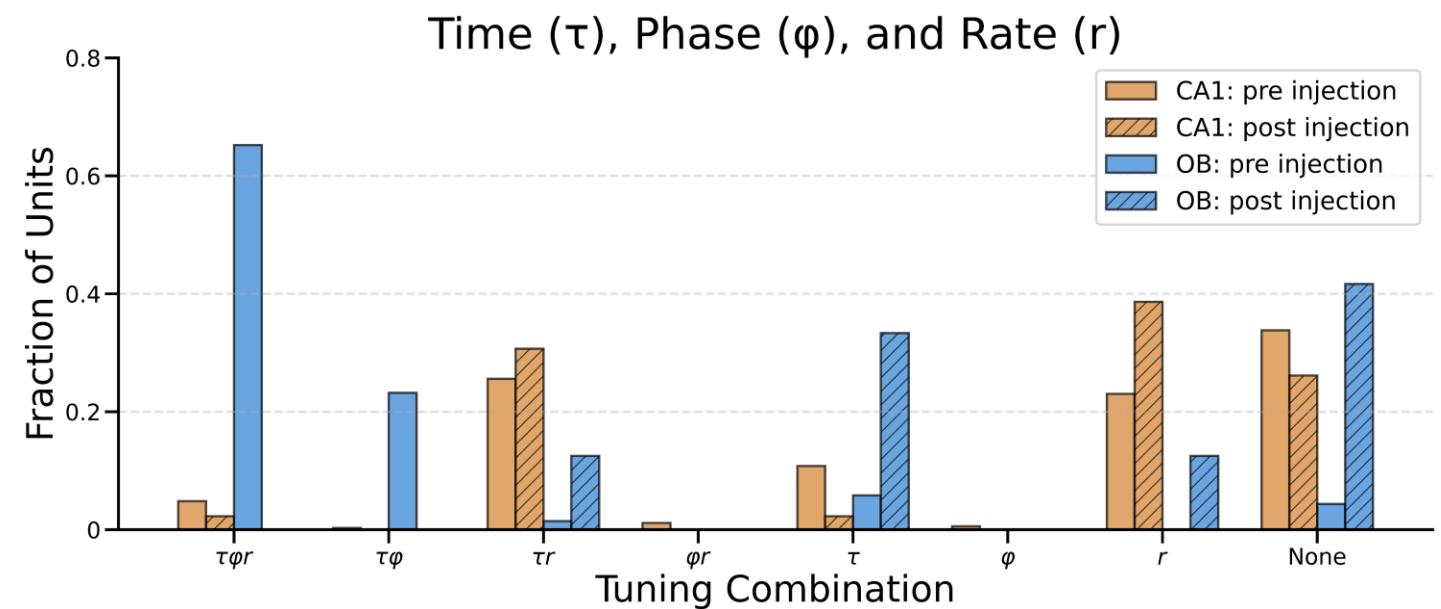
Sniff synchronous spiking

- OB single units follow inhalation
- CA1 single units precede inhalation
- MMZ disrupts tuning in OB but not CA1



Sniff synchronous spiking

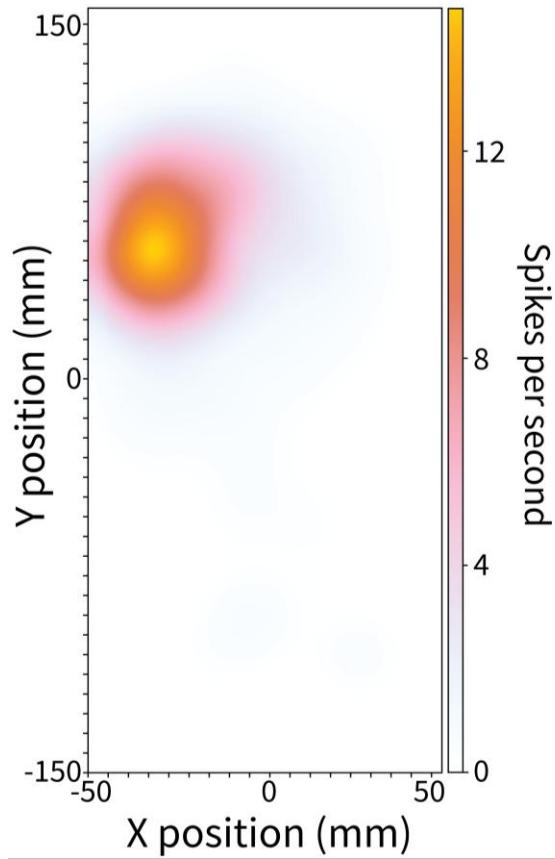
- OB single units follow inhalation
- CA1 single units precede inhalation
- MMZ disrupts tuning in OB but not CA1
- PGAM quantifies tuning



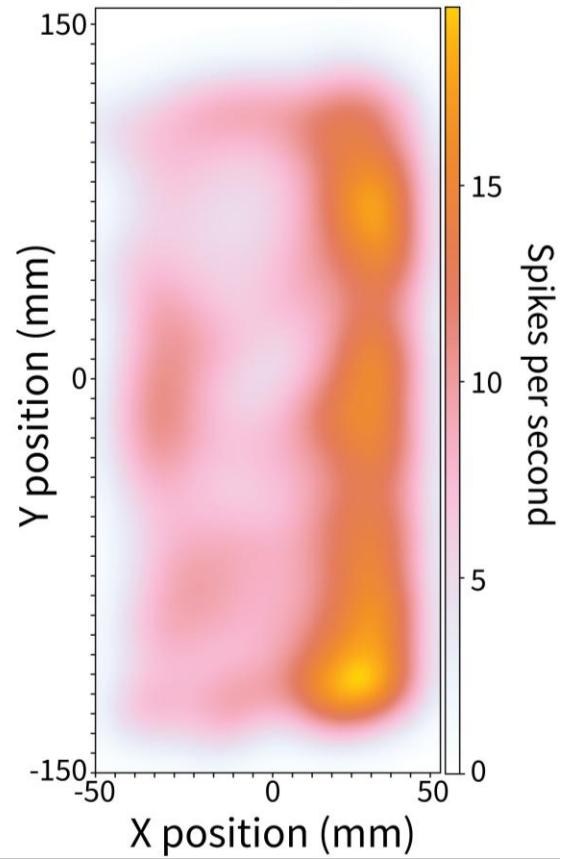
Spatial olfactory code

- Place cells in CA1 and spatial tuned OB units

Hippocampus

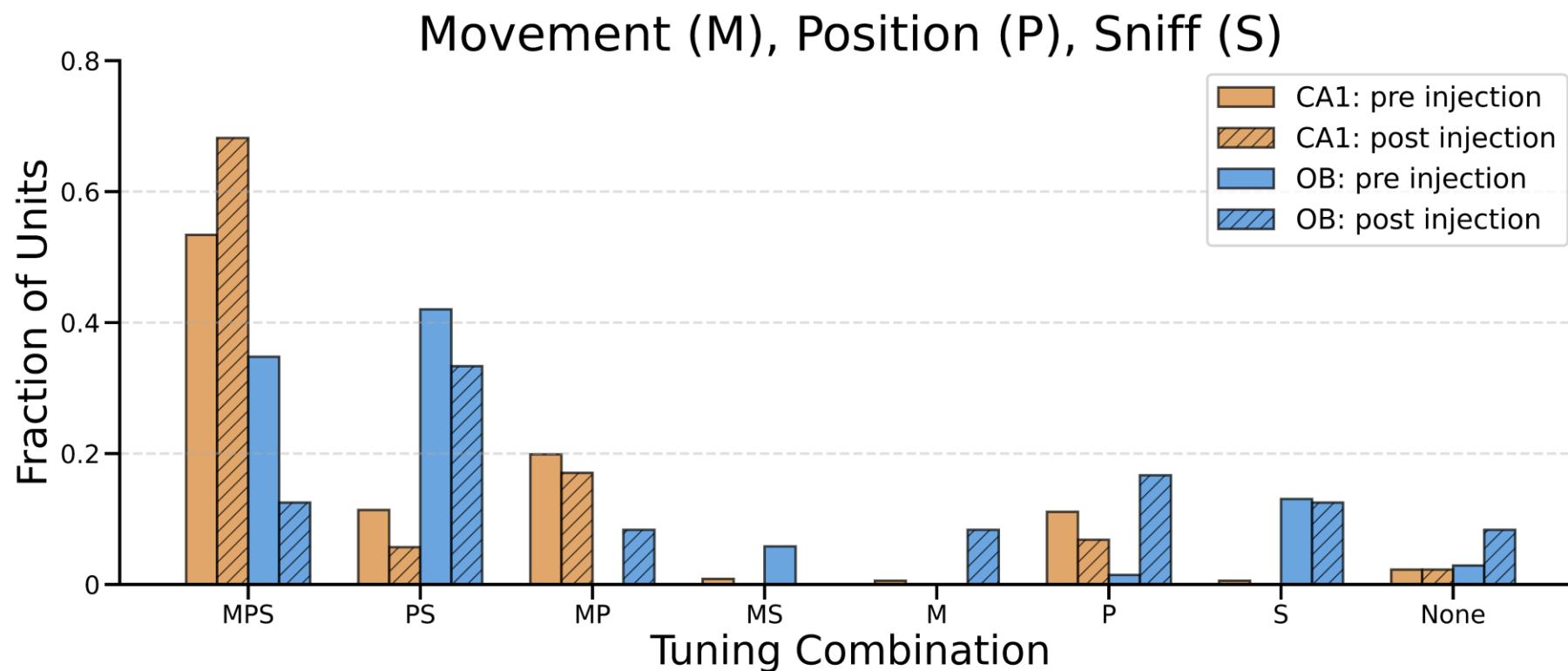


Olfactory bulb

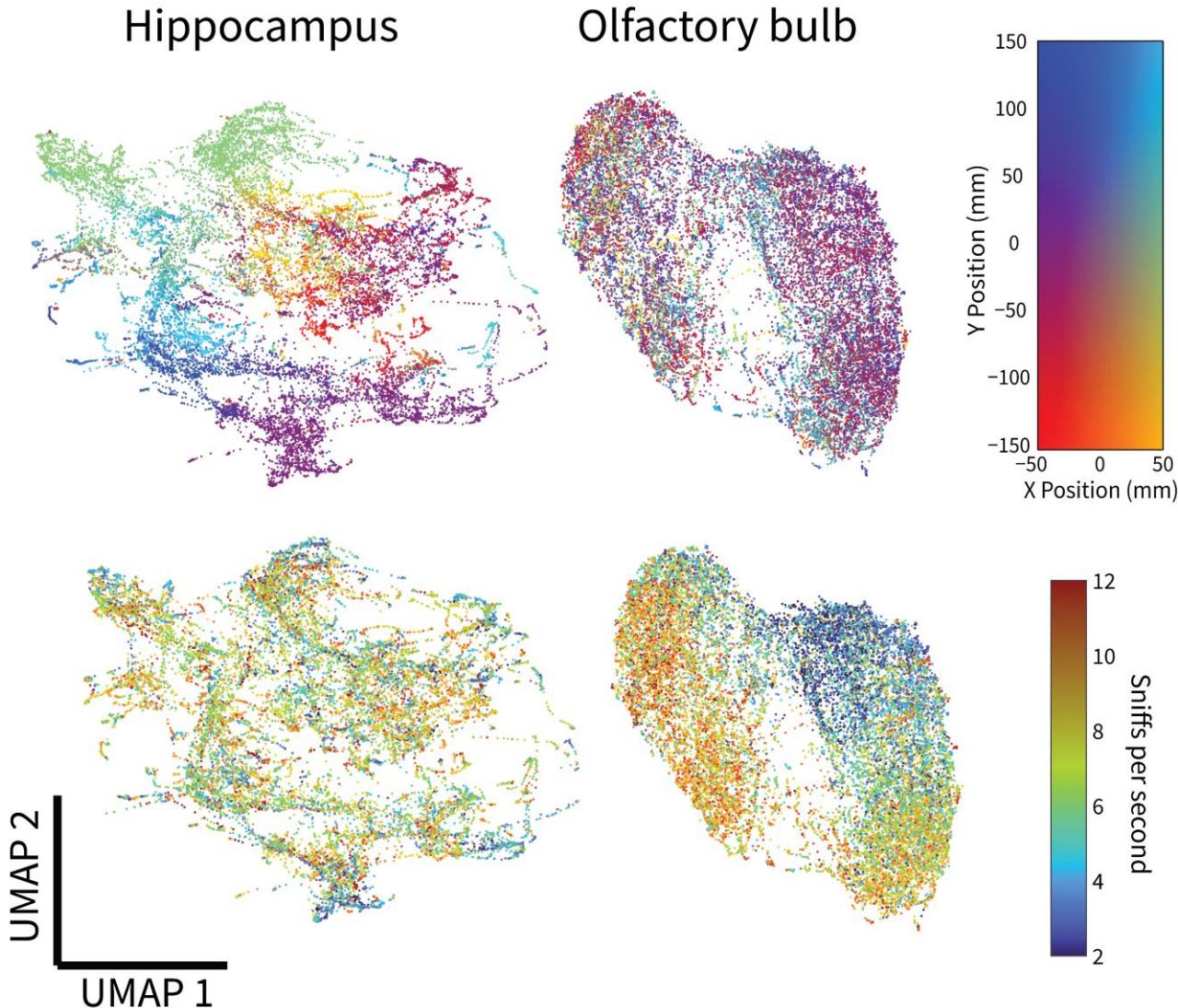


Spatial olfactory code

- Place cells in CA1 and spatial tuned OB units

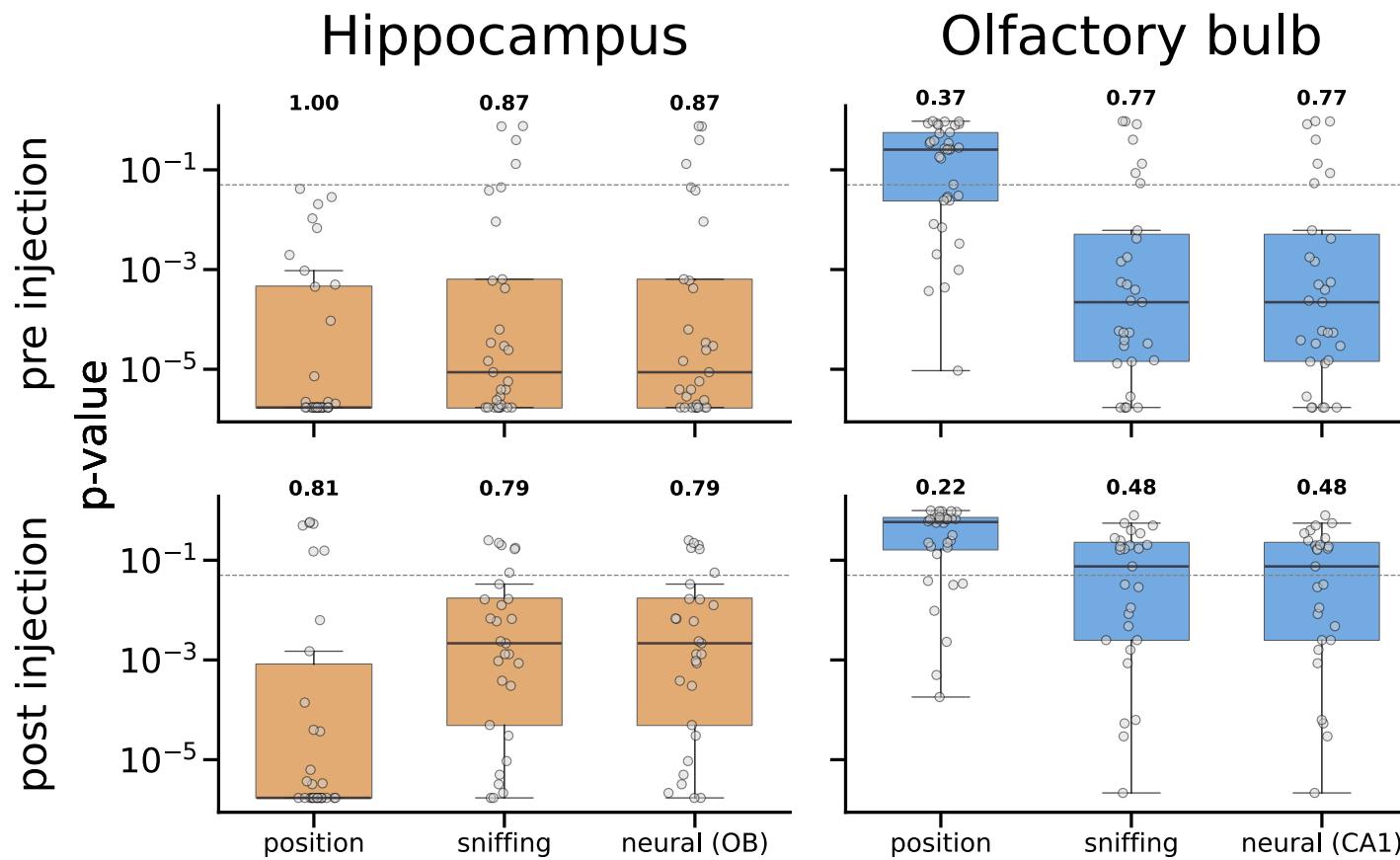


Population correlations



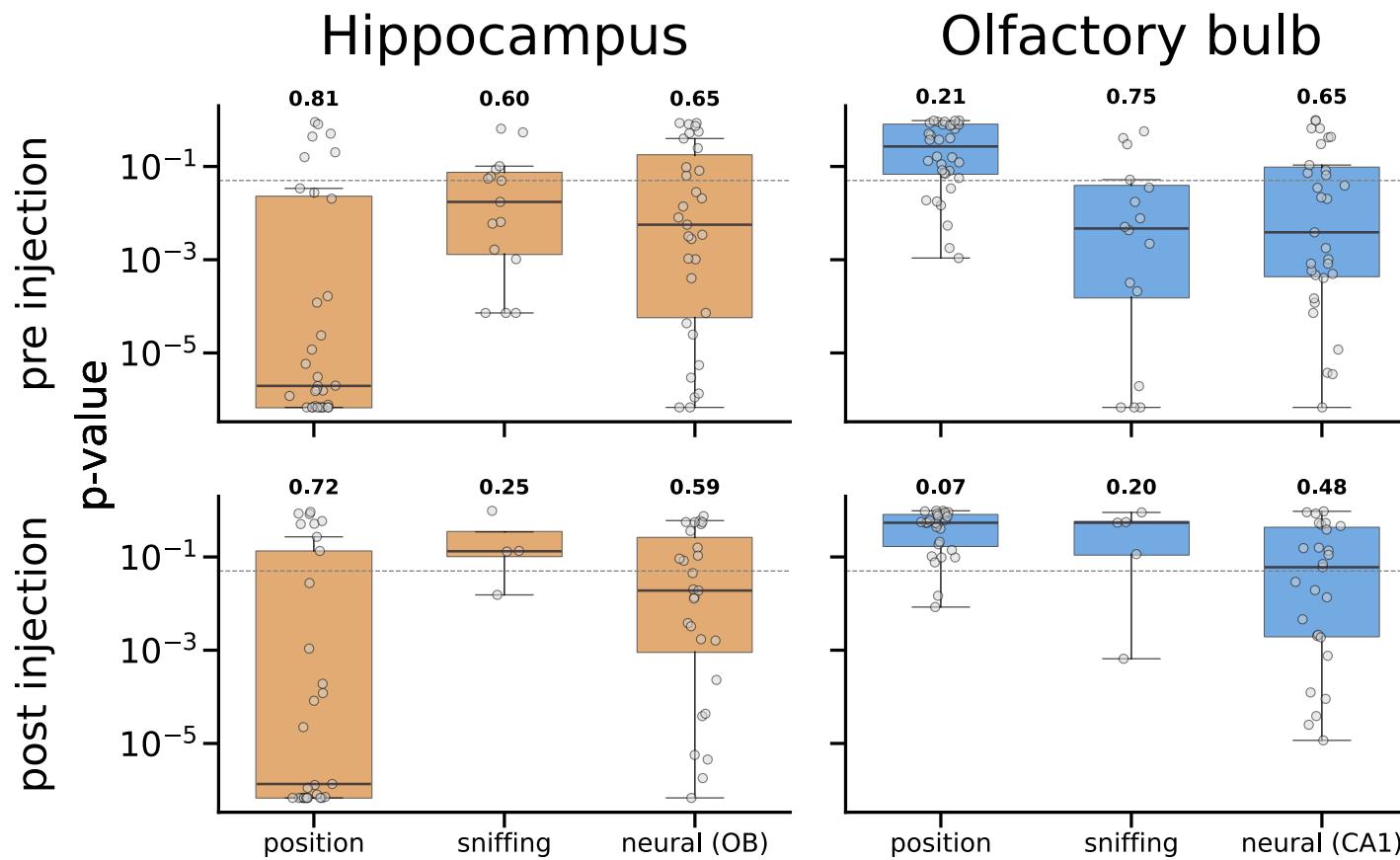
- Populations encodes position and sniff rates

Population correlations



- Populations encodes position and sniff rates
- LSTM decoding

Population correlations



- Populations encodes position and sniff rates
- LSTM decoding
- Kalman filter decoding

Discussion

- Olfactory bulb encodes allocentric space in the absence of chemosensory inputs
- Precise timing of OB activity relative to respiration depends on chemosensory inputs
 - Single unit spiking, beta and gamma oscillations
- Hippocampal LFPs lose synchrony with respiration after ablation of olfactory sensory neurons

Respiratory oscillations as a global timing mechanism