

# DBMS Deadline 6

## 1) Transactions that we are using:

T1 : While checking-out a cart, for each cart-item A, we are reducing the availability of the product( i.e stock) by the number of items that has been bought by that customer while checking out.

T1:   **START TRANSACTION;**  
      **SELECT ci.product\_id INTO productID, ci.quantity INTO quantity**  
      **FROM cart\_item ci**  
      **WHERE ci.cart\_id=c.cart\_id;** -- 'c' is for cart  
      /\*This statement finds the quantity and product\_id of an cart\_item present in that customer's cart and then stores them into two variables 'productID' which stores the product\_id of that product and 'quantity' which stores the quantity of that product\*/

**UPDATE Product P**  
      **SET P.stock=P.stock-quantity**  
      **WHERE P.product\_id=productID;**  
      /\*This statement finds the product with that product\_id and deducts the quantity(the total number of items brought by the customer) from the total available stock of that product\*/

**COMMIT;**

T2: This transaction is for someone who is viewing that product and after finding it available, he adds that product into his cart

Here for simplicity, we have assumed three variables 'desired\_product\_id' which stores the desired product\_id of the product desired by the customer, 'desired\_quantity' which stores the desired quantity of the product and 'current\_customer\_id' which stores the current customer's id

T2:   **START TRANSACTION;**  
      **SELECT C.cart\_id INTO current\_cart\_id**  
      **FROM customer C**  
      **WHERE C.customer\_id=current\_customer\_id;**  
      /\*This statement find the current customer's cart and stores them into variable 'current\_cart\_id'\*/

**UPDATE cart\_item**  
      **INSERT INTO cart\_item (cart\_id, product\_id, quantity)**  
      **VALUES (current\_cart\_id, desired\_product\_id, desired\_quantity)**  
      **WHERE product\_id=desired\_product\_id AND ;**  
      /\*This statement creates an entry for cart\_item table using the values provided\*/

**COMMIT;**

T3: This transaction is for checking coupon discount from the entered coupon code and then applying this to the cart total amount

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T3:  START TRANSACTION;
      SELECT C.percentage_discount
      FROM coupon C
      WHERE C.coupon_code = entered_coupon_code;
      //save this in a variable discount

      UPDATE cart C
      SET C.cart_total_amount = C.cart_total_amount*(100-discount)/100
      WHERE C.cart_id = customer.cart_id;

      COMMIT;
```

T1: { READ(quantity) from the cart\_item, WRITE(quantity) to product, COMMIT}  
T2: { READ(quantity) from product, WRITE(quantity) to cart\_item, COMMIT }  
T3: { READ(coupon\_discount) from coupon, WRITE(cart\_total\_amt) to cart, COMMIT}

**SERIAL SCHEDULE:**

T1	T2	T3
READ(quantity) from cart_item		
WRITE(quantity) to product		
COMMIT		
	READ(quantity) from product	
	WRITE(quantity) to cart_item	
	COMMIT	
		READ(coupon_discount)
		WRITE(cart_total_amt)
		COMMIT

**CONFLICT SERIALIZABLE SCHEDULE:**

T1	T2	T3
READ(quantity) from cart_item		
		READ(coupon_discount)
WRITE(quantity) to product		
COMMIT		
	READ(quantity) from product	
		WRITE(cart_total_amt)
		COMMIT
	WRITE(quantity) to cart_item	
	COMMIT	

**No swap is required between conflicting instructions** to make it equivalent to the above shown (first table) serial schedule so **it is a conflict serializable schedule**.

Serializable: As it produces the same effect as the serial schedule

#### NON-CONFLICT SERIALIZABLE SCHEDULE:

T1	T2	T3
READ(quantity) from cart_item		
		READ(coupon_discount)
	READ(quantity) from product	
WRITE(quantity) to product		
	WRITE(quantity) to cart_item	
		WRITE(cart_total_amt)
		COMMIT
	COMMIT	
COMMIT		

Such **swaps would be necessarily required that would be between conflicting instructions** (read and write on same data object 'quantity' in T1 and T2 shown above) to make it equivalent to the above shown (first table) serial schedule so it is **not a conflict serializable schedule**.

Conflict: read write of same data object quantity by T1 and T2

#### RESOLUTION OF THE CONFLICT USING LOCKING SYSTEM:

T1	T2	T3
READ(quantity) from cart_item		
	lockS(cart_item)	
		READ(coupon_discount)
	READ(quantity) from product	
WRITE(quantity) to product		
	WRITE(quantity) to	

	<b>cart_item</b>	
	<b>unlockS(cart_item)</b>	
		<b>WRITE(cart_total_amt)</b>
		<b>COMMIT</b>
	<b>COMMIT</b>	
<b>COMMIT</b>		