

## CSE 2336 Assignment 4



### NOTES:

Each program should include comments that explain what each block of code is doing. Additionally, the programs should compile without errors, and run with the results described in the exercise. The following deductions will be made from each exercise if any of the following is incorrect or missing:

Proper formatting [5 points]

Proper names for classes and variables [5 points]

Comments [5 point]

Program doesn't compile [ 10 points]

Source code (java file) missing [ 10 points]

Executable (class file) missing [10 points]

Missing array where an array was required [5 points]

Missing loop where a loop was required [5 points]

Missing class from the design provided [10 points]

Missing method from the design provided [ 5 points]

**This Lab is due Saturday November 10 at 6:00am.**



## Lab (100 Points)

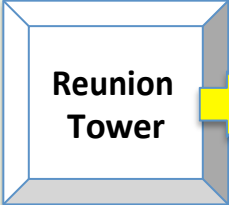
Create a Java for the game Dallopoly. The game board is depicted on the next page. The objective of the game is to start on the Reunion Tower square and get to SMU.

Each player takes a turn by spinning a wheel that contains the values 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 11, 12, and 13. The player will move ahead (or back, if a negative number) the number of squares on the board indicated by the spin value. If the spin value causes a player to move beyond the end of the board or ahead of the starting square, the player may not move. In that case, the player will remain on the same square and play resumes with the next player.

The game ends when the first player lands directly on the SMU square.

A UML design is provided that you must follow when building this solution. Read the instructions and steps provided on the model very carefully. Each class in the model is described in detail on separate pages in the instructions.

When you run the program, there will be no user interaction. This is a simulation of two players playing the game from start to finish. Your output should depict each step of the game with the spin value and board location of each player after each turn. Sample output is provided in the instructions.



Dealey Plaza

Design District

Victory Park

West End

Perot Museum

Downtown

Klyde Warren Park

Arts District

Deep Ellum

Fair Park

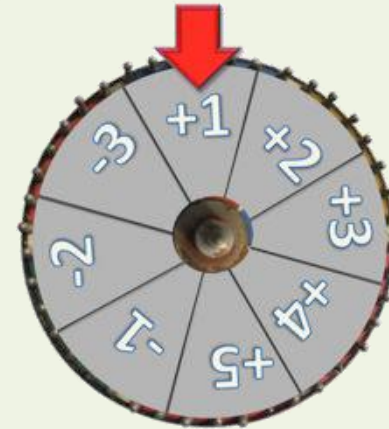
West Village

Katy Trail

North Park Mall

White Rock Lake

Bush Library



# Sample Output:

```
> java GameLauncher
```

```
Starting the game...
```

```
Horse is on Reunion Tower square
```

```
Robot is on Reunion Tower square
```

```
Horse spun 2 Horse is on Design District square
```

```
Robot spun 3 Robot is on Victory Park square
```

```
Horse spun 5 Horse is on Klyde Warren Park square
```

```
Robot spun 3 Robot is on Downtown square
```

```
Horse spun 3 Horse is on Fair Park square
```

```
Robot spun 5 Robot is on West Village square
```

```
Horse spun 3 Horse is on Klyde Warren Park square
```

```
Robot spun 3 Robot is on White Rock Lake square
```

```
Horse spun 4 Horse is on West Village square
```

```
Robot spun 2 Robot is on Katy Trail square
```

```
Horse spun 3 Horse is on White Rock Lake square
```

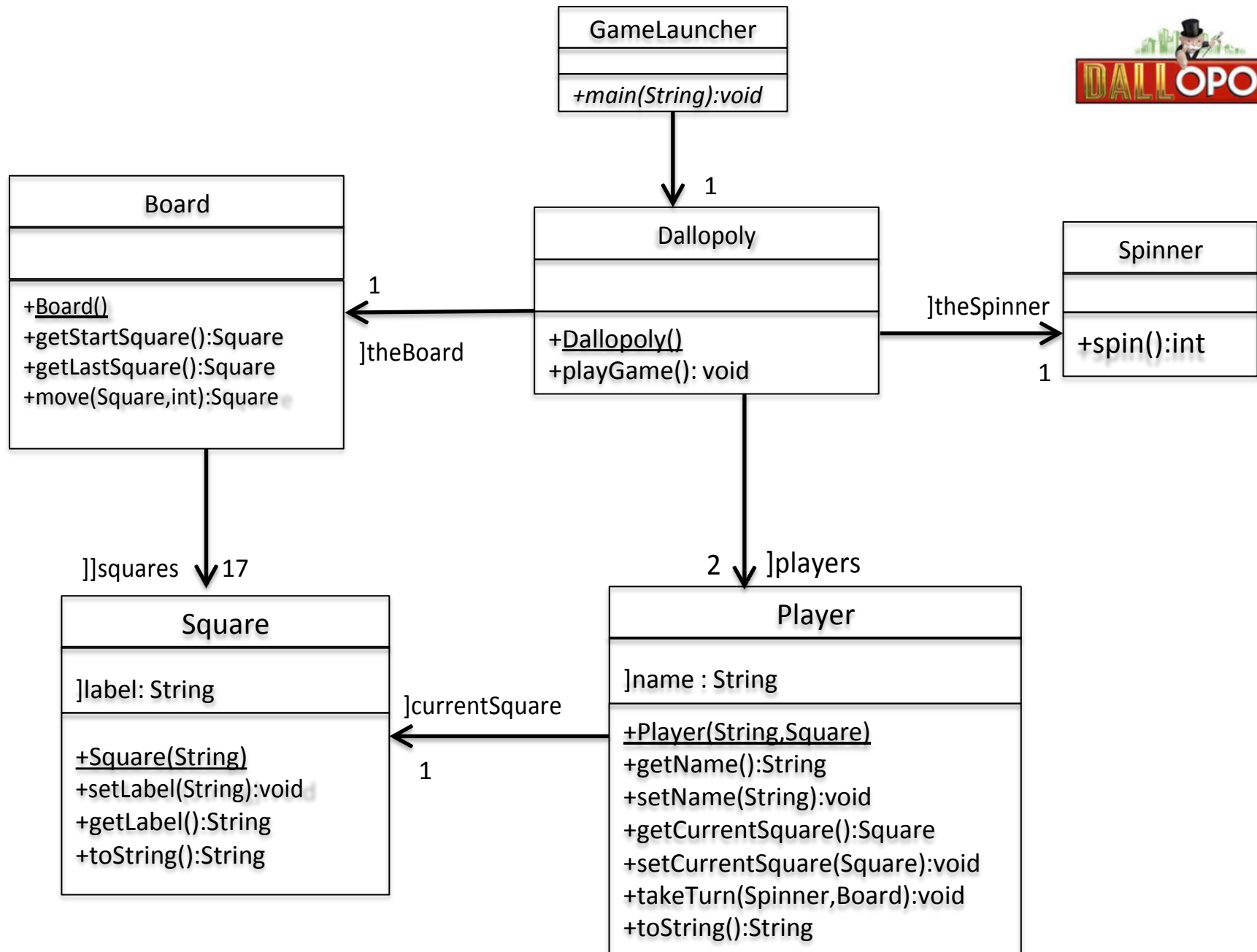
```
Robot spun 3 Robot is on Deep Ellum square
```

```
Horse spun 3 Horse is on White Rock Lake square
```

```
Robot spun 3 Robot is on Downtown square
```

```
Horse spun 2 Horse is on SMU square
```

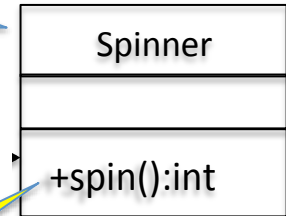
```
GAME OVER!!! WINNER HORSE IS ON SMU SQUARE
```





### Spinner:

A simple class with no attributes and no dependencies on any other classes.



spin() method returns a random selection of the values 1,2,3,4,5, ]1, ]2, or ]3

### Square:

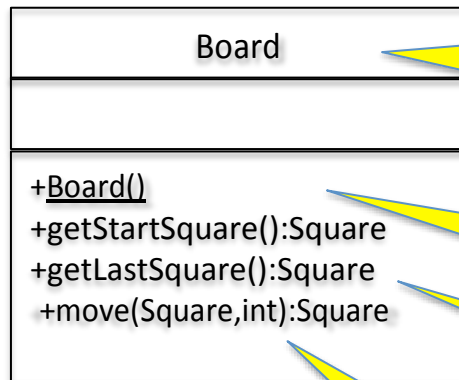
A simple class a single simple attribute with no dependencies on any other classes.

Square
]label: String
<u>+Square(String)</u> +setLabel(String):void +getLabel():String +toString():String

Constructor accepts a String to set the initial value of the Square's label.

Getter & setter to allow access to the label's value.

toString displays a printed representation of the Square.



### Board:

Creates and holds onto all of the 17 Square objects. No simple attributes and one reference attribute.

Constructor creates the ArrayList *squares* and creates each of the 17 Square objects (with unique names – see game board for names) and retains them in that ArrayList.

*getStartSquare()* returns the Square at the first spot in the ArrayList.  
*getLastSquare()* returns the Square in the last spot of the ArrayList

*squares* reference attribute is an ArrayList containing the 17 Square objects.

*move()* method accepts two parameters: a Square and an int. Determine the Square that is that number of spots away on the board and return it. If the *int* value would cause the player to move off the end (or off the beginning) of the board, just return the Square that was passed in because the Player cannot move if the spin value exceeds the size of the board.





*takeTurn* accepts the game's Spinner and Board to allow the Player to communicate with those objects. Sends the *spin* message to the Spinner, which will return the spin value. Then sends the spin value and the current square to the board's *move* method. The board will return the Player's new square location. Update the value of currentSquare with the returned Square.

### Player:

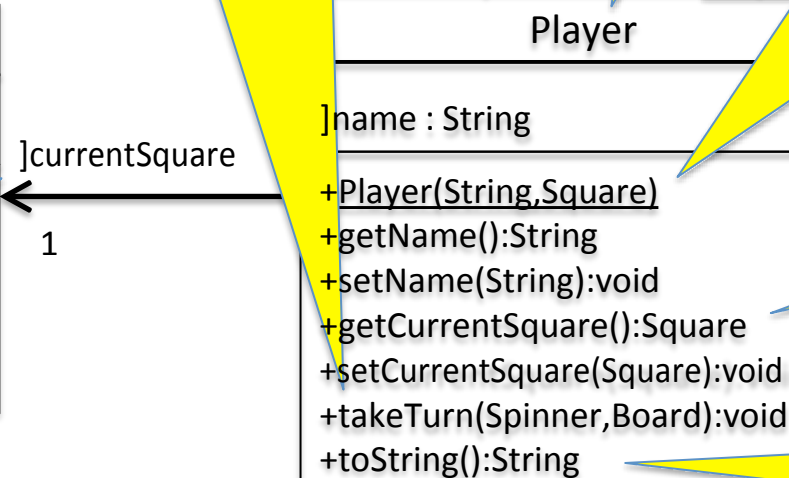
Has one simple attribute (name) and one reference attribute which holds a reference to the Square the Player is currently sitting on.

The constructor accepts two parameters: A String containing the Player's name, and the Board's starting Square.

getters and setters for both attributes.

*toString* returns Player's name and current Square.

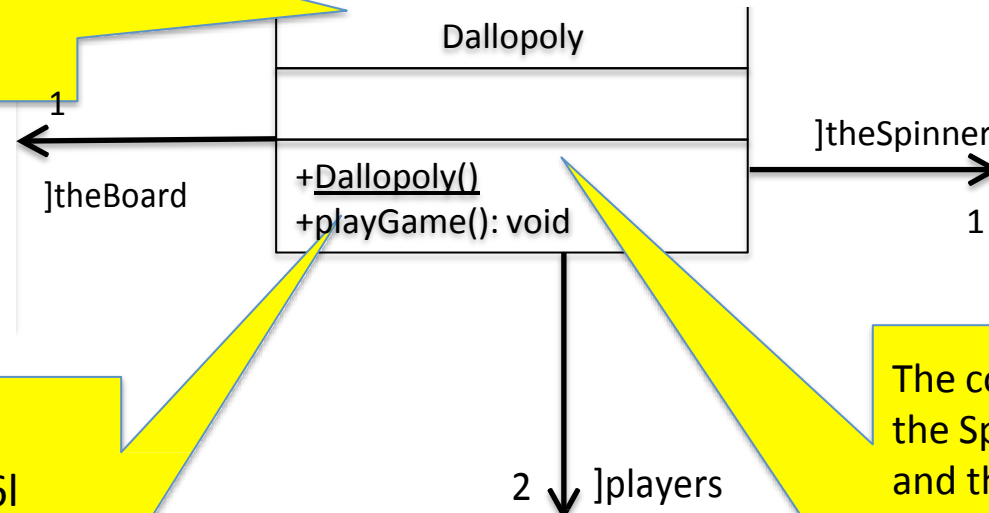
reference attribute containing Player's location on the board.





## Dallopoly:

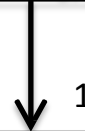
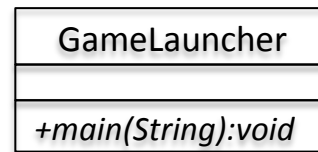
The central game class. The Constructor



### *playGame() method:*

Outer loop repeats until one of the player wins by landing on the last square. Inner loop alternates players so each gets a turn.

The constructor creates the Spinner, the Board, and the Players. When creating each Player, pass the name and a reference to the board's starting square. (which you must first get from the board.) Print each Player to the console after creating them and adding them to the players ArrayList.



**GameLauncher:**

```
Board  
IDallopoly game = new Dallopoly();  
game.playGame();
```

```
public void playGame()
{
    //set a flag that will change when the game ends
    boolean gameOver = false;

    //Create an outer loop that exits when a player wins
    while(gameOver == false)
    {

        //Loop through the ArrayList of players and
        //send each player the "takeTurn" message.
        //After the player has moved, compare the player's new square
        //to the Board's lastSquare. If the player is on the Board's
        //last square, declare that player the winner and exit the
        //while loop.
```

**//INSERT MISSING CODE HERE**

```
    }//end while
}//end playGame
```