

## Spam Classifier

Sid

$\vec{x}$  : features of email,  $\vec{y} = \text{spam}(1) \text{ or not spam}(0)$

$m = 100$  words

$$x \in \mathbb{R}^{100} \quad x_j = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{word } j \text{ appears} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

## Error Analysis

- Start w/ simple algorithm & test on cross-validation data
- Plot learning curves
- Error analysis : manually examine errors  
(numerical value for error)

## Handling Skewed Data

Skewed classes  $\rightarrow$  lot more/less examples for one class vs the other.

Precision/Recall ( $y=1$  in presence of 'rare' class)

		Actual	
		1	0
Predicted	1	True +	False +
	0	False -	True -

$$\text{Precision} : \frac{\text{True}^+}{\# \text{ predicted}^+} = \frac{\text{True}^+}{\text{True}^+ + \text{False}^+}$$

$$\text{Recall} : \frac{\text{True}^+}{\# \text{ actual}^+} = \frac{\text{True}^+}{\text{True}^+ + \text{False}^-}$$

Logistic Regression :  $0 \leq h_{\theta}(x) \leq 1$

Predict 1 if  $h_{\theta}(x) \geq \text{threshold}$   
0                      <

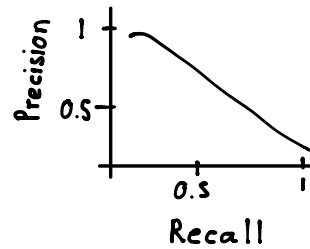
---

threshold  $\geq 0.5$

↳ ↑ Precision, ↓ Recall

threshold  $< 0.5$

↳ ↓ Precision, ↑ Recall



F<sub>1</sub> Score :  $2 \frac{PR}{P+R}$   
[0, 1]

Large Data :

- use algorithm w/ many parameters (low bias)

→  $J_{\text{train}}(\theta)$  small

- Use very large training set (unlikely to overfit - low variance)

→  $J_{\text{train}}(\theta) \approx J_{\text{test}}(\theta)$

$J_{\text{test}}(\theta)$  small