

# TSF Travel Management System - 30-Day Sprint Plan

## Overview

Based on the new module breakdown (Travel Approval + Travel Claim + Employee Reimbursement), here's an aggressive but achievable development plan to complete the Travel module within 30 days, with expense module as stretch goal.

## Week 1: Foundation & Core Structure

### Days 1-2: Project Restructuring

**Deliverable:** Clean, modular codebase structure

#### Day 1 Tasks:

##### 1. Create new folder structure

```
apps/  
├── authentication/  
├── master_data/  
├── travel/  
├── expenses/  
└── notifications/
```

##### 2. Split models.py (6-8 hours)

- Move User, Role, Permission models → `apps/authentication/models.py`
- Move geography models → `apps/master_data/models/geography.py`
- Move travel models → `apps/travel/models/application.py`
- Create `__init__.py` files with proper imports

#### Day 2 Tasks:

##### 1. Reorganize views and serializers (6-8 hours)

- Split by domain (auth, master\_data, travel)
- Fix all imports
- Test basic functionality

##### 2. Enhanced User model implementation

python

```
# Add to User model
reporting_manager = models.ForeignKey('self', ...)
base_location = models.ForeignKey('master_data.Location', ...)
```

## Days 3-4: Enhanced Permission System

**Deliverable:** Working multi-role dashboard system

### Day 3 Tasks:

#### 1. Implement enhanced Role/Permission models (4 hours)

- Add dashboard\_access field to Role
- Add is\_primary field to UserRole
- Add permission categories

#### 2. Create role management utilities (4 hours)

```
python

# User model methods
def get_primary_role(self)
def can_access_dashboard(self, dashboard_type)
def get_approval_hierarchy(self)
```

### Day 4 Tasks:

#### 1. Update authentication views (4 hours)

- Enhanced login response with role information
- Role switching API endpoint
- Dashboard routing logic

#### 2. Permission mixins and decorators (4 hours)

- HasPermissionMixin for views
- Custom permission validators

## Days 5-7: Master Data Models

**Deliverable:** All master data models and APIs

### Day 5 Tasks:

#### 1. Travel-specific master models (6 hours)

```
python
```

```
class ApprovalMatrix(models.Model):
    # Amount-wise approval rules
class GuestHouseMaster(models.Model):
    # TSF guest houses
class ARCHotelMaster(models.Model):
    # Approved hotels
class LocationSPOC(models.Model):
    # Vehicle booking coordinators
```

## Day 6 Tasks:

### 1. DA/Incidental calculation models (4 hours)

python

```
class DAIncidentalMaster(models.Model):
    # Grade-wise DA rates by city category
```

### 2. Master data APIs and serializers (4 hours)

- CRUD operations for all master models
- Proper validation rules

## Day 7 Tasks:

### 1. Testing and bug fixes (6 hours)

- Test all master data APIs
- Fix import issues
- Ensure proper permissions

### 2. Database migration and sample data (2 hours)

- Create sample grades, locations, travel modes
- Test user hierarchy setup

## Week 2: Travel Application Core

### Days 8-10: Enhanced Travel Models

**Deliverable:** Complete travel application system

## Day 8 Tasks:

### 1. Enhanced TravelApplication model (4 hours)

python

```
# Add required TSF fields
internal_order = models.CharField(max_length=50)
general_ledger = models.CharField(max_length=50)
sanction_number = models.CharField(max_length=50)
advance_amount = models.DecimalField(...)
```

## 2. Accommodation and Vehicle booking models (4 hours)

python

```
class AccommodationBooking(models.Model):
    # Guest house priority logic
class VehicleBooking(models.Model):
    # SPOC-based vehicle requests
```

## Day 9 Tasks:

### 1. Business logic validators (6 hours)

python

```
# apps/travel/business_logic/validators.py
def validate_advance_booking(departure_date, travel_mode)
def validate_flight_fare(amount, grade)
def validate_own_car_distance(distance)
```

### 2. Travel application serializers (2 hours)

- Enhanced validation
- Nested booking serializers

## Day 10 Tasks:

### 1. Travel application APIs (6 hours)

- Create/Read/Update travel requests
- File upload handling
- Status management

### 2. Basic testing (2 hours)

- Test travel request creation
- Validate business rules

## Days 11-14: Approval Workflow Engine

**Deliverable:** Dynamic approval system

## Day 11 Tasks:

### 1. Approval workflow models (4 hours)

python

```
class TravelApprovalFlow(models.Model):  
    # Dynamic approval chains
```

### 2. Approval engine business logic (4 hours)

python

```
class ApprovalEngine:  
    def generate_approval_flow(self)  
    def create_approval_records(self)
```

## Day 12 Tasks:

### 1. Manager approval APIs (6 hours)

- List pending approvals
- Approve/reject actions
- Approval history tracking

### 2. CEO approval for flights > ₹10k (2 hours)

- Special approval trigger
- Email notifications

## Day 13 Tasks:

### 1. Travel desk approval system (6 hours)

- Booking coordination
- File upload for tickets/confirmations
- Status updates

### 2. SPOC vehicle coordination (2 hours)

- Location-based SPOC assignment
- Vehicle request forwarding

## Day 14 Tasks:

### 1. Integration testing (6 hours)

- End-to-end approval flow testing
- Different user scenarios

- Permission validation

## 2. Bug fixes and optimizations (2 hours)

# Week 3: Booking & Document Management

## Days 15-17: Booking Process Implementation

**Deliverable:** Complete booking workflow

### Day 15 Tasks:

1. **Accommodation priority logic** (4 hours)
  - Guest House → ARC Hotel → Alternative Hotel
  - Availability checking
  - Automatic fallback
2. **Document management system** (4 hours)

```
python
```

```
class TravelDocument(models.Model):  
    # Booking confirmations, bills, receipts
```

### Day 16 Tasks:

1. **Vehicle booking coordination** (6 hours)
  - Local vs inter-unit vehicles
  - SPOC notification system
  - Duty slip generation
2. **Email notification system** (2 hours)
  - Booking confirmations
  - Approval notifications

### Day 17 Tasks:

1. **File upload and management** (4 hours)
  - Secure file handling
  - Document validation
  - Storage organization
2. **Booking APIs completion** (4 hours)
  - All booking types (flight, train, hotel, vehicle)
  - Status tracking

## Days 18-21: Travel Claim (TA/DA) Module

**Deliverable:** Basic expense claim system

### Day 18 Tasks:

#### 1. Travel claim models (4 hours)

python

```
class TravelClaim(models.Model):  
    # Link to travel application  
class ConveyanceClaim(models.Model):  
    # Individual expense items  
class DACalculation(models.Model):  
    # Auto-calculated DA/incidentals
```

#### 2. DA/Incidental calculation engine (4 hours)

python

```
def calculate_da_incidentals(travel_application)  
def validate_conveyance_claims(claims)
```

### Day 19 Tasks:

#### 1. Self-declaration functionality (4 hours)

- Expense entry forms
- Receipt upload
- Duplicate claim prevention

#### 2. Claim validation logic (4 hours)

- Policy compliance checking
- Amount validation against entitlements

### Day 20 Tasks:

#### 1. Account verification workflow (6 hours)

- Finance team review process
- Approval/rejection with comments
- Settlement tracking

#### 2. Claim APIs (2 hours)

- CRUD operations for claims
- Status management

## Day 21 Tasks:

### 1. Integration with travel applications (4 hours)

- Link claims to approved travel
- Auto-populate travel details
- Settlement deadline tracking

### 2. Testing and validation (4 hours)

- End-to-end claim process
- Business rule validation

## Week 4: Completion & Polish

### Days 22-24: Cancellation & Modification

**Deliverable:** Complete travel lifecycle management

## Day 22 Tasks:

### 1. Travel modification system (6 hours)

python

```
class TravelModification(models.Model):  
    # Change requests with re-approval  
class TravelCancellation(models.Model):  
    # Cancellation with refund tracking
```

### 2. Re-approval workflow (2 hours)

- Modified requests need fresh approvals
- Partial cancellation handling

## Day 23 Tasks:

### 1. Cancellation APIs (4 hours)

- Cancel with reason
- Refund calculation
- Booking cancellation coordination

### 2. Advanced features (4 hours)

- Travel history
- Reporting dashboards
- Search and filtering



## Day 24 Tasks:

### 1. Employee reimbursement module (6 hours)

python

```
class ReimbursementRequest(models.Model):  
    # Non-travel expense claims
```

### 2. Integration preparation (2 hours)

- SAP integration endpoints
- Data export functionality

## Days 25-27: Testing & Bug Fixes

**Deliverable:** Production-ready travel module

## Day 25 Tasks:

### 1. Comprehensive testing (8 hours)

- All user scenarios
- Permission boundaries
- Error handling

## Day 26 Tasks:

### 1. Performance optimization (4 hours)

- Database query optimization
- API response times
- File upload efficiency

### 2. Security audit (4 hours)

- Permission checking
- Input validation
- File upload security

## Day 27 Tasks:

### 1. Bug fixes and refinements (8 hours)

- Address all issues found in testing
- UI/API consistency
- Error message improvements

## Days 28-30: Documentation & Deployment Prep

**Deliverable:** Deployable system with documentation

### Day 28 Tasks:

1. **API documentation** (4 hours)
  - Endpoint documentation
  - Request/response examples
  - Authentication guide
2. **Admin panel customization** (4 hours)
  - Master data management
  - User role assignment
  - System configuration

### Day 29 Tasks:





1. **Deployment configuration** (4 hours)
  - Production settings
  - Environment variables
  - Database migration scripts
2. **Final testing** (4 hours)
  - Production-like environment testing
  - Load testing basics

### Day 30 Tasks:

1. **Final delivery preparation** (8 hours)
  - Code cleanup
  - Final documentation
  - Demo preparation

## Success Metrics

### Minimum Viable Product (Travel Module):

-  User authentication with role switching
-  Travel request creation with validation
-  Multi-level approval workflow
-  Booking process (all modes)

- ☒ Document management
- ☒ Basic travel claims

### Stretch Goals (If time permits):

- ☒ Employee reimbursement module
- ☒ Advanced reporting
- ☒ SAP integration preparation

## Risk Mitigation

### High-Risk Areas:

1. **Approval workflow complexity** - Start early, test frequently
2. **File upload/management** - Use proven libraries, implement gradually
3. **Business rule validation** - Create comprehensive test cases

### Contingency Plans:

1. **If behind schedule** - Prioritize core travel request/approval flow
2. **If bugs emerge** - Daily bug triage, fix critical issues immediately
3. **If scope creep** - Document additional requirements for post-delivery phase

## Development Tips for 30-Day Sprint:

1. **Daily Progress Tracking:** End each day with working, tested code
2. **Incremental Testing:** Test each component as you build it
3. **Code Reuse:** Use Django's built-in features wherever possible
4. **Focus on Core:** Don't get distracted by nice-to-have features
5. **Documentation:** Document as you code, not at the end