Single line comment

Multiline String

That is why I created 30 days of python.

That is why I created 30 days of python.

```
In [11]: multiline_string = '''I am a teacher and enjoy teaching.
    I didn't find anything as rewarding as empowering people.
    That is why I created 30 days of python.'''

In [10]: print(multiline_string)

I am a teacher and enjoy teaching.
    I didn't find anything as rewarding as empowering people.
```

Another way of doing the same thing

```
In [12]: multiline_string = """I am a teacher and enjoy teaching.
    I didn't find anything as rewarding as empowering people.
    That is why I created 30 days of python."""

In [13]: print(multiline_string)
    I am a teacher and enjoy teaching.
    I didn't find anything as rewarding as empowering people.
```

String Concatenation

```
In [14]: first_name = 'Asabeneh'
In [15]: last_name = 'Yetayeh'
    space = ' '
    full_name = first_name + space + last_name
In [16]: print(full_name)
```

Asabeneh Yetayeh

In [32]: print(f)

Checking length of a string using len() builtin function

```
In [17]: print(len(first_name))
In [18]: print(len(last_name))
In [19]: print(len(first_name) > len(last_name))
        True
In [20]: print(len(full_name))
        16
         Unpacking characters
In [21]: language = 'Python'
In [27]: a,b,c,d,e,f= language
         print(a)
In [28]: print(b)
        У
In [29]: print(c)
        t
In [30]: print(d)
        h
In [31]: print(e)
        0
```

Accessing characters in strings by index

If we want to start from right end we can use negative indexing. -1 is the last index

Slicing

```
In [53]: language = 'Python'
In [54]: first_three = language[0:3]
In [55]: last_three = language[3:6]
In [56]: print(last_three)
    hon
In [57]: last_three = language[-3:]
In [58]: print(last_three)
    hon
In [59]: last_three = language[3:]
In [60]: print(last_three)
    hon
```

Skipping character while splitting Python strings

```
Day 3 3 5
In [70]: print('Day 4\t3\t5')
Day 4 3 5
In [71]: print('This is a back slash symbol (\\)')
This is a back slash symbol (\\)
In [72]: print('In every programming language it starts with \"Hello, World!\"')
In every programming language it starts with "Hello, World!"
In [73]: print("In every programming language it starts with 'Hello, World!")
In every programming language it starts with 'Hello, World!"
```

String Methods

capitalize(): Converts the first character the string to Capital Letter

```
In [75]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
In [79]: print(challenge.capitalize())
Thirty days of python
```

count(): returns occurrences of substring in string, count(substring, start=.., end=..)

endswith(): Checks if a string ends with a specified ending

```
In [85]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
In [86]: print(challenge.endswith('on'))
```

expandtabs(): Replaces tab character with spaces, default tab size is 8. It takes tab size argument

```
In [93]: challenge = 'thirty\tdays\tof\tpython'
In [94]: print(challenge.expandtabs())
    thirty days of python
In [95]: print(challenge.expandtabs(10))
    thirty days of python
```

find(): Returns the index of first occurrence of substring

```
In [96]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
In [97]: print(challenge.find('y'))
5
In [98]: print(challenge.find('th'))
0
```

format() formats string into nicer output

```
In [100...
first_name = 'Siddharth'
last_name = 'Bose'
job = 'Data Scientist'
country = 'India'
sentence = 'I am {} {}. I live in {}.'.format(first_name, last_name, print(sentence)
```

I am Siddharth Bose. I am a Data Scientist. I live in India.

```
In [104... radius = 10
    pi = 3.14
    area = pi * (radius**2)
    result='The area of circle with radius {} is {}'.format(str(radius),str(area))
    print(result)
```

The area of circle with radius 10 is 314.0

index(): Returns the index of substring

```
In [105... challenge = 'thirty days of python'
    print(challenge.find('y'))
    print(challenge.find('th'))

5
0
```

isalnum(): Checks if string contains only alphanumeric character

```
challenge = 'ThirtyDaysPython'
In [106...
          print(challenge.isalnum())
         True
          challenge = '30DaysPython'
In [107...
          print(challenge.isalnum())
         True
In [108...
          challenge = 'thirty days of python'
          print(challenge.isalnum())
         False
          challenge = 'thirty days of python 2019'
In [109...
          print(challenge.isalnum())
         False
```

isalpha(): Checks if all characters are alphabets

```
In [110... challenge = 'thirty days of python'
    print(challenge.isalpha())

False
In [111... num = '123'
    print(num.isalpha())

False
In [116... grow = 'thirty days of python 2019'
    print(grow.isalpha())
```

isdecimal(): Checks Decimal Characters

```
In [126... challenge = "thirty days of python 2019"
    print(challenge.isdecimal())
```

False

True

isdigit(): Checks Digit Characters

```
In [127... challenge = 'Thirty'
    print(challenge.isdigit())

False
In [129... challenge = '30'
    print(challenge.isdigit())

True
```

isdecimal():Checks decimal characters

```
In [1]:    num = '10'
    print(num.isdecimal())

True

In [3]:    num='10.5'
    print(num.isdecimal())

False
```

isidentifier():Checks for valid identifier means it check if a string is a valid variable name

```
In [4]: challenge = '30DaysOfPython'
    print(challenge.isidentifier())

False
In [5]: challenge = 'thirty_days_of_python'
    print(challenge.isidentifier())
```

islower():Checks if all alphabets in a string are lowercase

```
In [6]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
    print(challenge.islower())

True

In [7]: challenge = 'Thirty days of python'
    print(challenge.islower())

False
```

isupper(): returns if all characters are uppercase characters

```
In [8]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
    print(challenge.isupper())

False
In [9]: challenge = 'THIRTY DAYS OF PYTHON'
    print(challenge.isupper())

True
```

isnumeric():Checks numeric characters

join(): Returns a concatenated string

```
In [16]: web_tech = ['HTML', 'CSS', 'JavaScript', 'React']
    result = '#, '.join(web_tech)

In [15]: print(result)
    HTML#, CSS#, JavaScript#, React
```

strip(): Removes both leading and trailing characters

```
In [19]: challenge = ' thirty days of python '
print(challenge.strip('y'))
thirty days of python
```

replace(): Replaces substring inside

```
In [20]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
    print(challenge.replace('python', 'coding'))
    thirty days of coding
```

split():Splits String from Left

```
In [22]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
    print(challenge.split()) # ['thirty', 'days', 'of', 'python']

['thirty', 'days', 'of', 'python']

In [23]: challenge = '300 days mght20 of python'
    print(challenge.split())

['300', 'days', 'mght20', 'of', 'python']
```

title(): Returns a Title Cased String

```
In [25]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
print(challenge.title())
```

Thirty Days Of Python

swapcase(): Checks if String Starts with the Specified String

```
In [27]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
    print(challenge.swapcase())

THIRTY DAYS OF PYTHON

In [28]: challenge = 'Thirty Days Of Python'
    print(challenge.swapcase())

tHIRTY dAYS of pYTHON
```

startswith(): Checks if String Starts with the Specified String

```
In [29]: challenge = 'thirty days of python'
    print(challenge.startswith('thirty'))

True

In [30]: challenge = '30 days of python'
    print(challenge.startswith('thirty'))
```

False