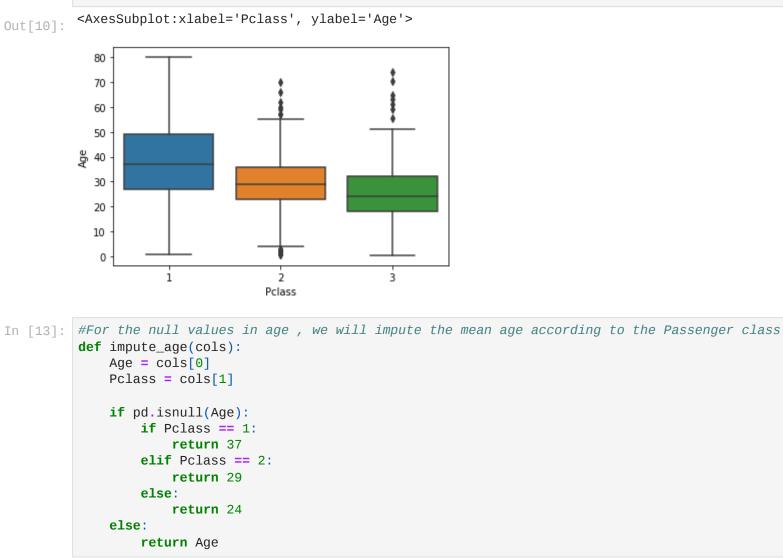
## LOGISTIC REGRESSION - TITANIC SURVIVAL In [1]: import numpy as np import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns In [2]: train = pd.read\_csv('titanic\_train.csv') train.head(2) Passengerld Survived Pclass Fare Cabin Embarked Name Sex Age SibSp Parch **Ticket** Out[2]: male 22.0 Braund, Mr. Owen Harris 0 A/5 21171 7.2500 NaN 1 Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th... female 38.0 C85 С 0 PC 17599 71.2833 In [3]: #Plot to check the null values in the dataset sns.heatmap(train.isnull() , yticklabels=False , cbar=False , cmap = 'viridis') <AxesSubplot:> Out[3]: sns.countplot(x='Survived' , data = train , hue = 'Pclass' ) <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Survived', ylabel='count'> Out[5]: Pclass 350 300 250 200 150 100 50 Survived sns.histplot(train['Age'].dropna() , kde=False) <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age', ylabel='Count'> Out[7]: 100 80 60 Count 40 20 20 Age In [9]: train['Age'].plot.hist() <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Frequency'> Out[9]: 175 150 125 Freduency 75 50 25 20 10 30 40 50 In [10]: sns.boxplot(x='Pclass' , y = 'Age' , data = train) <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Pclass', ylabel='Age'> Out[10]:





In [26]: embark = pd.get\_dummies(train['Embarked'] , drop\_first = True)

train = pd.concat([train , sex , embark ], axis = 1)

Sex Age SibSp Parch

1

male 22.0

C:\Users\siddh\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear\_model\\_logistic.py:814: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):

Name

Braund, Mr. Owen Harris

1 Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Th... female 38.0

0 1

0 0 0

train.drop(['Sex' , 'Embarked' , 'Name', 'PassengerId','Ticket'] , axis=1 , inplace=True)

Fare male Q S

7.2500

0 71.2833

X\_train, X\_test , y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(X, y, test\_size=0.3)

Increase the number of iterations (max\_iter) or scale the data as shown in:

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\_model.html#logistic-regression

support

164

103

267

267

267

https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:

from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report , confusion\_matrix

recall f1-score

0.86

0.75

0.82

0.80

0.82

0.90

0.69

0.80

0.82

Ticket

0 A/5 21171 7.2500

0 PC 17599 71.2833

Fare Embarked male Q S

0 0 0

Out[19]:

In [20]:

Out[22]:

In [27]: embark

Out[27]:

Q S

**3** 0 1 **4** 0 1

**886** 0 1 **887** 0 1 **888** 0 1

**889** 0 0 **890** 1 0

In [30]: train.head(2)

0

In [32]: train.head(2)

Out[30]:

Out[32]:

In [35]:

In [36]:

In [37]:

In [38]:

Out[38]:

In [39]:

In [42]:

889 rows × 2 columns

Passengerld Survived Pclass

In [31]: #Drop categoricaL Columns with strings

Survived Pclass Age SibSp Parch

3 22.0

1 38.0

X = train.drop('Survived' , axis=1)

In [34]: from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.

n\_iter\_i = \_check\_optimize\_result(

print(classification\_report(y\_test,p))

precision

0.82

0.82

0.82

0.82

print(confusion\_matrix(y\_test,p))

from sklearn.linear\_model import LogisticRegression

In [33]: #Initialize Input and output

y = train['Survived']

log = LogisticRegression()

log.fit(X\_train,y\_train)

LogisticRegression()

print('\n')

p = log.predict(X\_test)

0

1

accuracy macro avg

weighted avg

[[148 16] [ 32 71]]