& Architecture

University of Mumbai Examinations Summer 2022

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes DATE: 30/5/2022 QP CODE: 94001 Max. Marks: 80

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	The magnitude of 8 bit signed binary number is
Option A:	7bit \$ 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Option B:	8 bit
Option C:	9 bit
Option D:	6 bit
2.	FFH is which type of number
Option A:	Hexadecimal
Option B:	Octal Octal
Option C:	Decimal
Option D:	Binary
- F	
3.	If the program has a total 1000 instructions and CPU has 10 average CPI with speed of 2GHz. Find the execution time of a program
Option A:	01 micro seconds
Option B:	50 micro seconds
Option C:	05 micro seconds
Option D:	10 micro seconds
4.	Assuming AL=00H, which flag will be set when ALU performs SUB AL, 22H?
Option A:	Sign
Option B:	Carry
Option C:	Parity
Option D:	Zero
5.7	The first machine cycle of an instruction is always a
Option A:	Memory read Memory read
Option B:	Fetch cycle
Option C:	I/O read
Option D:	Memory write
10000000000000000000000000000000000000	
6.	In Instruction Pipelining Structural Hazard means
Option A:	Any condition in which either the source or the destination operands of a
	instruction are not available at the time expected in the pipeline
Option B:	A delay in the availability of an instruction causes the pipeline to stall
Option C:	
Option C.	The situation when two instructions require the use of a given hardware resource at the same time.
	N / 33 - N / 44 A \ 1 V - 10
Option D:	When a data gets overwritten by branching
\$\tag{2}\tag{3}\tag{2}\tag{3}\tag{2}\	In the case of Non Restoring Division Algorithm, when $(18)_{10}$ is divided by $(10)_{10}$
1 4 4 6 6 3 C	
27 27 2 XX	then what is stored in the registers Q & A respectively?
Option A:	0001, 1000
Option B:	0110,0001
Option C:	1000, 0001

	\$2.00 to \$2.	
Option D:	0001, 1010	
8.	Program counter holds	
Option A:	Address of the instruction	
Option B:	The data of instruction	
Option C:	Instruction opcode	
Option D:	Flag information Place information	
9.	In memory Hierarchy which is the fastest memory	
Option A:	Main memory	
Option B:	Secondary memory	
Option C:	Register	
Option D:	Cache	
10.	DMA is used when	
Option A:	I/O device is faster than the microprocessor	
Option B:	I/O device is slower than the microprocessor	
Option C:	I/O device and microprocessor are of same speed	
Option D:	when speed is not the criteria for selection	

Please use either of the 3 option given below while setting up the subjective/descriptive questions

Option 1

Q2	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each	
(20 Marks Each)	\$\text{\$\exitity{\$\text{\$\exitit{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\exitin}}}}\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{	
A	Explain multiplexer and demultiplexer	
В	Explain following instructions of 8086 Microprocessor with one example each. 1) SBB 2) JMP 3) MOV 4) STD 5) NOT	
C	Describe Flynn's classification of parallel computing in detail.	
D	Perform 7 ÷ 2 using the Restoring Division Algorithm.	
E	List and explain in detail the characteristics /parameters of memory	
F	Why I/O modules are required in microprocessor systems	

Option 1

Q3 (20 Marks Each)	Solve any Four out of Six 5 marks each
	Explain SR and JK flip flop
В	Write an assembly language program to add two 16 bit BCD numbers and store the result.
	Give the organization of the Hardwired control Unit and explain the function performed by various blocks.
D	Explain following assembler directives of 8086 Microprocessor. 1)ASSUME 2) DUP 3) SEGMENT 4) ENDP 5) DB
EV	Explain associative cache mapping technique
FRANK	What is meant by programmed controlled I/O

Option 1

	Q4.	Solve any Four out of Six	5 marks each
T	(20 Marks Each)		
		Convert 25 decimal to binary	
Identify the addressing mo		Identify the addressing modes of the following instru	actions
6		1.MOV CX, 2200H	

	2.MOV AX,[1000H]
	3.MOV CL, AL
	4.MOV [SI], AX
	5.MOV AX, [SI+200]
C	Explain the concept of nano programming
D	Explain Amdahl's Law.
E	Consider a direct mapped cache with block size 4 KB. The size of the main memory is 16 GB and there are 10 bits in the tag. Find- 1. Number of bits in physical address 2. Number of bits in block offset
F	3. Number of bits in line number Write short notes on DMA