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Assignment 1

AI1110: Probability And Random Variables

Siddhant Godbole CS22BTECH11054

 $P(E) = P_1(S) \cdot P_2(S) \cdot P_3(X = 4) \tag{2}$

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Question: A die is thrown three times,

E: 4 appears on the third toss,F: 6 and 5 appears respectively on first two tosses

Solution: A fair dice is tossed thrice.

There are three differnt ordered outcome each with values from 1 to 6 with equal probability.

Let X be a random variable which takes the values 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6.

 P_1 , P_2 and P_3 are probablities connected to respective three dice rolls.

A fair die gives equal (1/6) probability for any X.

S being the set of the sample space.

 $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\} \tag{1}$

 $\therefore P(E) = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot (1/6) \tag{3}$

 $P(F) = P_1(X = 6) \cdot P_2(X = 5) \cdot P_3(S) \tag{4}$

 $P(F) = (1/6) \cdot (1/6) \cdot 1$ (5)

=(1/36) (6)

dice-dependence

	X	D1	D2	D3	P
	Е	1	1	1/6	1/6
Ì	F	1/6	1/6	1	1/36

So, probability of

 $\mathbf{E}: 4$ appears on the third toss is : 1/6 or 0.167 or 16.7%

 \mathbf{F} : 6 and 5 appears respectively on first two tosses is : 1/36 or 0.0278 or 2.78%