### Siddhant Bhagat

#### 22BCE0682



# 1.5 Design a Hybrid topology with switches and routers

Design and configure a fully connected Hybrid Network in CISCO Packet Tracer and ensure all devices can communicate with each other.

#### Requirements:

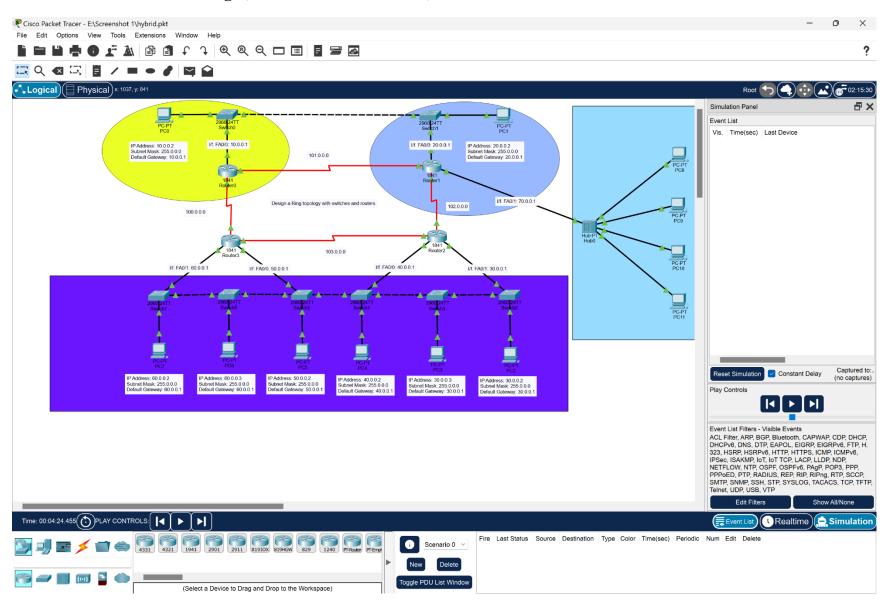
- 1. Detailed Network Design(Screenshot from CISCO)
- 2. Basic setup
  - 1. What devices are added to the workspace in CISCO Packet Tracer?
  - 2. What are the steps to connect each device to every other device using appropriate cables?
- 3. MAC and IP address configuration
  - 1. How do you assign an IP address to each device in Hybrid Network? Mention the both IP and MAC address of each device from your network.
  - 2. Mention the configuration made on routers with different interfaces.
  - 3. What subnet mask should be used for the given IP address?
- 4. Verification
  - 1. How can you verify the connectivity between devices using the command?
  - 2. What steps would you take if a device does not respond to a ping request?
- 5. Status of packet transmission (screenshot of workspace along with status panel)

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### 1. Detailed Network Design(Screenshot from CISCO)



### 2. Basic setup

- a. What devices are added to the workspace in CISCO Packet Tracer?
- The devices used are:
  - o 8 Switches
  - o 4 Routers
  - 12 PCs
  - o 1 Hub
  - b. What are the steps to connect each device to every other device using appropriate cables?
- Connect each Router to a Switch using a Copper Straight-through cable.
- Connect each Switch to a PC using Copper Straight-through cables.
- Connect the Routers to each other using Serial cables to establish communication between them.

### 3. MAC and IP address configuration

- a. How do you assign an IP address to each device in the Bus Network?

  Mention both the IP and MAC addresses of each device from your network.
- PCs and Laptops:
  - o Click on a PC or Laptop.
  - Go to the "Desktop" tab.
  - Open the "IP Configuration" tool.
  - Assign an IP address and subnet mask.
    - PC0: IP Address: 10.0.0.2, MAC Address: 0030.F2D3.9868
    - PC1: IP Address: 20.0.0.2, MAC Address: 0005.5E0C.A61C
    - PC2: IP Address: 30.0.0.2, MAC Address: 00E0.8FD7.7B36
    - PC3: IP Address: 30.0.0.3, MAC Address: 0001.97ED.026E
    - PC4: IP Address: 40.0.0.2, MAC Address: 0001.6446.2110
    - PC5: IP Address: 50.0.0.2, MAC Address: 0030.F233.6506
    - PC6: IP Address: 60.0.0.3, MAC Address: 0030.A3EE.8B96
    - PC7: IP Address: 60.0.0.2, MAC Address: 00E0.F725.9DD7
    - PC8: IP Address: 70.0.0.2, MAC Address: 0001.C908.E6C4
    - PC9: IP Address: 70.0.0.3, MAC Address: 000A.41C2.56D4
    - PC10: IP Address: 70.0.0.4, MAC Address: 000D.BD4D.A166
    - PC11: IP Address: 70.0.0.5, MAC Address: 00E0.A3A8.4B9C
- Routers:
  - o Router0:
    - I/f. FA0/0: IP Address: 10.0.0.1, MAC Address: 00E0.A3BA.8C01
    - I/f. Se0/0/0: IP Address: 100.0.0.2
    - I/f. Se0/0/1: IP Address: 101.0.0.1
    - RIP: 10.0.0.0, 100.0.0., 101.0.0.0

#### o Router1:

■ I/f. FA0/0: IP Address: 20.0.0.1, MAC Address: 0002.1704.1501

■ I/f. FA0/1: IP Address: 70.0.0.1, MAC Address: 0002.1704.1502

I/f. Se0/0/0: IP Address: 102.0.0.1
I/f. Se0/0/1: IP Address: 101.0.0.2

■ RIP: 20.0.0.0,70.0.0.0, 101.0.0., 102.0.0.0

#### o Router2:

■ I/f. FA0/1: IP Address: 30.0.0.1, MAC Address: 0000.0C90.5602

■ I/f. FA0/0: IP Address: 40.0.0.1, MAC Address: 0000.0C90.5601

I/f. Se0/0/0: IP Address: 102.0.0.2
I/f. Se0/0/1: IP Address: 103.0.0.1

■ RIP: 30.0.0.0, 40.0.0.0, 102.0.0., 103.0.0.0

#### o Router3:

■ I/f. FA0/0: IP Address: 50.0.0.1, MAC Address: 0040.0BAB.5601

■ I/f. FA0/1: IP Address: 60.0.0.1, MAC Address: 0040.0BAB.5602

I/f. Se0/0/0: IP Address: 100.0.0.1
 I/f. Se0/0/1: IP Address: 103.0.0.2

■ RIP: 50.0.0.0, 60.0.0.0, 100.0.0., 103.0.0.0

### b. Mention the configuration made on routers with different interfaces.

- Added HWIC-2T Module
- Set Respective FA0/0 and FA0/1
- Set Respective Se0/0/0 and Se0/0/1
- Set all the RIP Routing.

#### c. What subnet mask should be used for the given IP address?

Devices		Subnet - Mask
PC	PC0	255.0.0.0
	PC1	
	PC2	
	PC3	
	PC4	
	PC5	
	PC6	
	PC7	
	PC8	

Devices	Subnet - Mask
PC9	
PC10	
PC11	

#### 4. Verification

- a. How can you verify the connectivity between devices using the command?
- Open the Command Prompt on a PC or Laptop.
- Use the ping command to test connectivity. For example:

```
Unset ping ip-address-of-the-target
```

- Some Examples:
  - o Pinging 10.0.0.2 to 20.0.0.2

```
C:\>ping 20.0.0.2

Pinging 20.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 20.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=lms TTL=126
Ping statistics for 20.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = lms, Maximum = lms, Average = lms
```

o Pinging 20.0.0.2 to 30.0.0.3

```
C:\>ping 30.0.0.3

Pinging 30.0.0.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.

Reply from 30.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=39ms TTL=125

Reply from 30.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125

Reply from 30.0.0.3: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 30.0.0.3:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 39ms, Average = 17ms
```

o Pinging 40.0.0.2 to 60.0.0.2

```
C:\>ping 60.0.0.2

Pinging 60.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 60.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=126
Reply from 60.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=20ms TTL=126
Reply from 60.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=126
Reply from 60.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 60.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 1ms, Maximum = 27ms, Average = 12ms
```

o Pinging 50.0.0.2 to 10.0.0.2

```
C:\>ping 10.0.0.2

Pinging 10.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

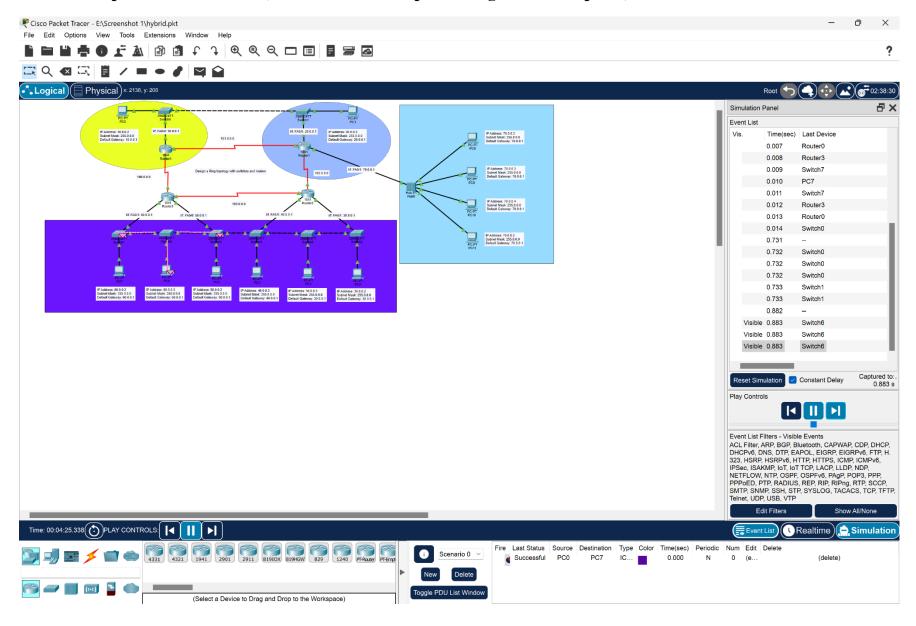
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=lms TTL=126
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=126
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=lms TTL=126
Reply from 10.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=lms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = lms, Maximum = 2ms, Average = lms
```

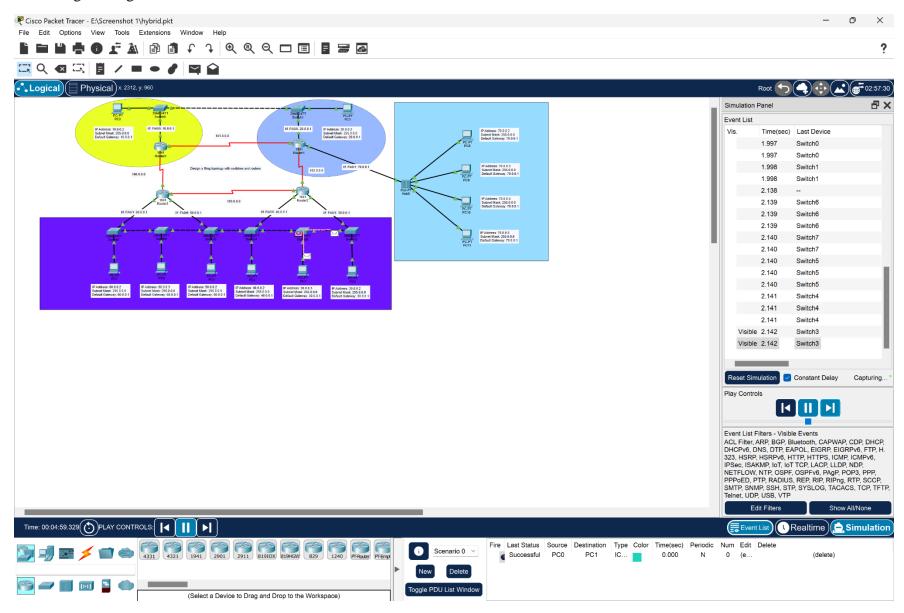
#### b. What steps would you take if a device does not respond to a ping request?

- Check cabling and ensure correct IP addressing.
- Verify that the routers are properly configured and that routing between networks is enabled.
- Ensure that all interfaces are up and running.

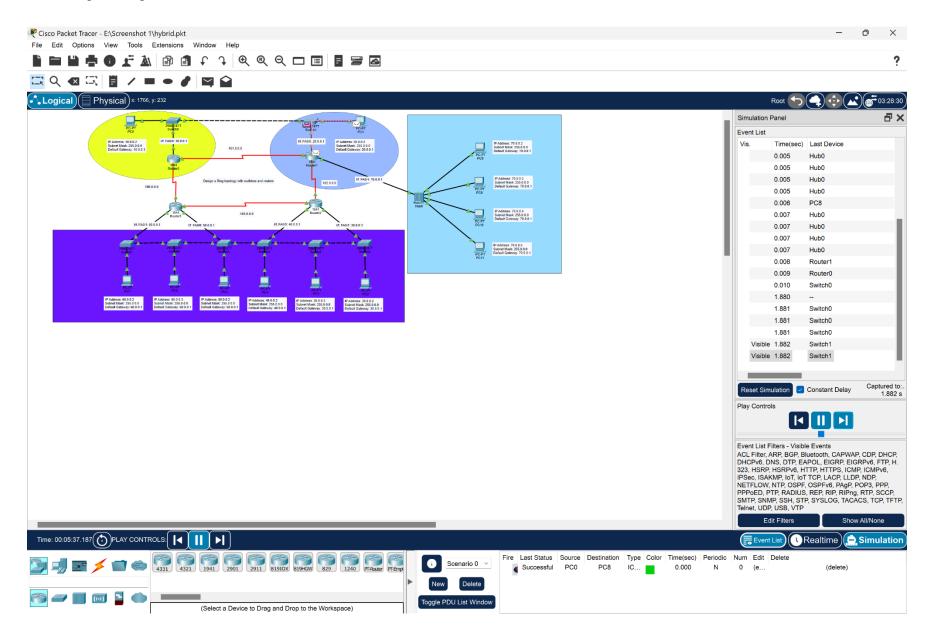
### 5. Status of packet transmission (screenshot of workspace along with status panel)



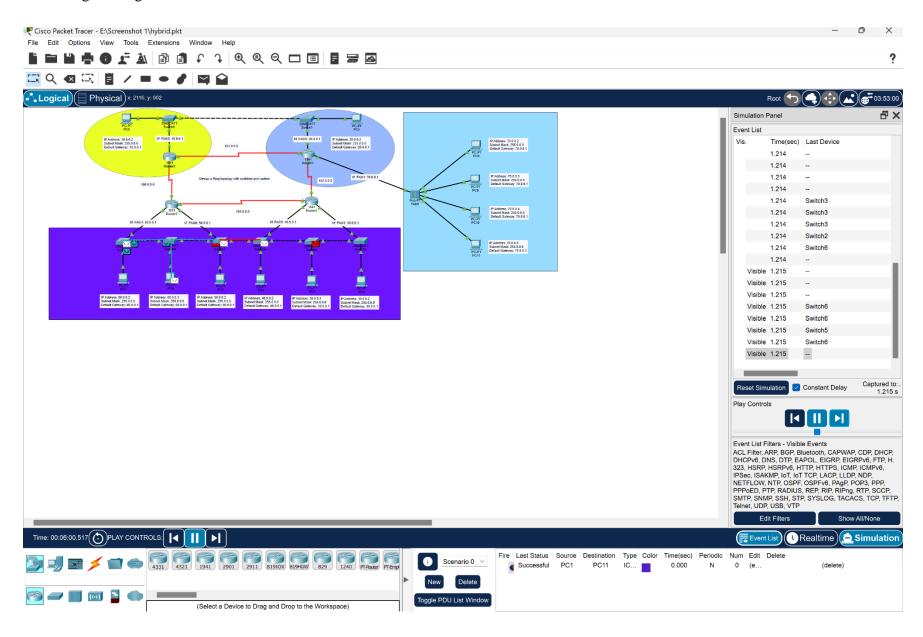
### 1. Sending Message from PC0 to PC1



### 2. Sending Message from PC0 to PC8



### 3. Sending Message from PC1 to PC11



### 4. Sending Message from PC0 to PC7

