

Game States and Groups



What we did:

- Create two new game states - PLAY and END. Assign different game behaviour for the different states.
- Group similar game objects together in a group and assign the same behaviour to all of them
- Create colliders for the T-Rex and each obstacle. End the game if T-Rex collides with the obstacle.

How we did it:

Step 1: Group all objects into a single group (Cloud and obstacle(cactus))

Using group properties program the behaviour of all the objects in a single stroke.

```
23 //generate some random number here
24 var rand = randomNumber(1,100);
25 console.log(rand);
26
27 //create Obstacle and Cloud Groups
28 var ObstacleGroup = createGroup();
29 var CloudsGroup = createGroup();
30
31 //set text
32 textSize(18);
33 textFont("Georgia");
34
```

Step 2: Add the sprites to groups

```
88
89 //assign scale and lifetime to the obstacle
90 obstacle.scale = 0.5;
91 obstacle.lifetime = 70;
92
93 //add each obstacle to the group
94 ObstaclesGroup.add(obstacle);
95 }
96 }
```

```

110 //adjust the depth
111 cloud.depth = trex.depth;
112 trex.depth = trex.depth + 1;
113
114 //add each cloud to the group
115 CloudsGroup.add(cloud);
116 }
117

```

Step 3: Introduce a variable which will hold the value of the game state. Game State could be PLAY or END.

```

1 //initiate Game STATES
2 var PLAY = 1;
3 var END = 0;
4 var gameState = PLAY;
5
6 //create a trex sprite
7 var trex = createSprite(200,380,20,50);
8 trex.setAnimation("trex");
9

```

Step 4: Put an IF and ELSE IF condition inside the function draw()

```

34
35 if(gameState === PLAY){
36
37 }
38
39 else if(gameState === END) {
40
41 }
42

```

Step 5: Put code behaviours inside the game state

```

38 function draw() {
39 //set background to white
40 background("white");
41
42 if(gameState === PLAY){
43
44 }
45
46 else if(gameState === END) {
47

```

Step 6: Move the ground, in PLAY state, stop the movement in END state

```

38- function draw() {
39-   //set background to white
40-   background("white");
41-
42-   if(gameState === PLAY){
43-     //move the ground
44-     ground.velocityX = -6;
45-   }
46-
47-   else if(gameState === END) {
48-     ground.velocityX = 0;
49-   }
50-

```

Step 7: Display score at all times

```

38- function draw() {
39-   //set background to white
40-   background("white");
41-   //display score
42-   text("Score: "+ count, 250, 100);
43-
44-
45-   if(gameState === PLAY){
46-     //move the ground
47-     ground.velocityX = -6;
48-     //scoring
49-     count = Math.round(World.frameCount/4);
50-   }
51-

```

Step 8: Reset ground during play state

```

44-   //scoring
45-   count = Math.round(World.frameCount/4);
46-
47-   if (ground.x < 0){
48-     ground.x = ground.width/2;
49-   }
50- }
51-
52- else if(gameState === END) {
53-   ground.velocityX = 0;
54- }

```

Make T-Rex jump during play state only

```

49     }
50
51     //jump when the space key is pressed
52     if(keyDown("space") && trex.y >= 359){
53         trex.velocityY = -10 ;
54     }
55
56     //add gravity
57     trex.velocityY = trex.velocityY + 0.8;
58 }

```

Step 9: Make the invisible ground support the T-Rex at all times

```

61     else if(gameState === END) {
62         ground.velocityX = 0;
63     }
64
65     //console.log(trex.y);
66
67     //stop trex from falling down
68     trex.collide(invisibleGround);
69
70     //spawn the clouds
71     spawnClouds();

```

Step 10: Spawn the cloud and the obstacles In PLAY state

```

79     //spawn the clouds
80     spawnClouds();
81
82     //spawn obstacles
83     spawnObstacles();
84

```

Step 11:

Write code to END the game when the T-Rex collides with the obstacles/ cactus.

```

62
63     //spawn obstacles
64     spawnObstacles();
65
66     if(ObstaclesGroup.isTouching(trex)){
67         gameState = END;
68     }
69 }
70

```

Give '0' velocity to all the obstacles and the clouds in the game when the T-Rex collides with an obstacle.


```
72  
73 else if(gameState === END) {  
74     ground.velocityX = 0;  
75  
76     ObstaclesGroup.setVelocityXEach(0);  
77     CloudsGroup.setVelocityXEach(0);  
78 }  
79  
80 //console.log(trex.y);  
81  
82 //stop trex from falling down  
83 trex.collide(invisibleGround);
```

What's next? : Fix More Bugs