

# OpenCV

## Introduction and Tutorial

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# Outline

- Introduction
- Installation
- Examples

# Introduction

- Open Source Computer Vision Library
  - Library of programming functions
    - Aimed at real time computer vision, launched in 1999
  - BSD license
    - Free for both commercial and research
  - Cross-platform
    - Windows, Linux/Mac, Android, iOS, etc.
  - Latest version: OpenCV 3.3
    - Release on 08/03/2017

# Introduction

- More than 2500 optimized algorithms
  - Image Processing
    - Matrix operation, format conversion, filtering, ...
  - Computer Vision
    - Calibration, segmentation, recognition, tracking, ...
  - Machine Learning
    - SVM, classification, regression, ...
    - Deep learning: not for training, but for deploying, ResNet, Googlenet, Alexnet...
  - Basic human computer interaction

# Introduction

- OpenCV has C++, C, **Python**, Java and MATLAB interfaces and supports Windows, Linux, Android and Mac OS.
- <http://opencv.org/about.html>
- [http://docs.opencv.org/3.0-beta/doc/py\\_tutorials/py\\_tutorials.html](http://docs.opencv.org/3.0-beta/doc/py_tutorials/py_tutorials.html)
- <https://www.learnopencv.com/>
- <http://www.pyimagesearch.com/>

# Installation

Use OpenCV in Python on Mac OS / Ubuntu / Windows:

(complicated way: <http://www.pyimagesearch.com/2016/10/24/ubuntu-16-04-how-to-install-opencv/>)

Step 1: Install Anaconda or Miniconda

(<https://docs.continuum.io/anaconda/install/>,  
<https://conda.io/docs/user-guide/install/index.html>)

Step 2: Create a Conda environment

```
conda create -n xxx  
source activate xxx
```

Step 3: Install OpenCV with conda

```
#Install opencv 3  
#https://anaconda.org/menpo/opencv3  
$ conda install -c menpo opencv3  
#install opencv 2  
#https://anaconda.org/menpo/opencv  
$ conda install -c menpo opencv
```

# Examples

Read and show images:

```
1  import numpy as np      # import numpy
2  import cv2              # import OpenCV
3
4  # load the color image
5  img_color = cv2.imread('./files/car.jpg')
6
7  # convert it to gray one
8  img_gray = cv2.cvtColor(img_color, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
9
10 # display two images
11 cv2.imshow('Color Image', img_color)
12 cv2.imshow('Gray Image', img_gray)
13
14 # write the gray one to the disk
15 cv2.imwrite('car_gray.png', img_gray)
16
17 # press any key in the image window to exit
18 cv2.waitKey(0)
19
20 # destroys all the windows we created
21 cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

# Examples

Read and show images:



[http://docs.opencv.org/3.0-beta/doc/py\\_tutorials/py\\_gui/py\\_image\\_display/py\\_image\\_display.html#py-display-image](http://docs.opencv.org/3.0-beta/doc/py_tutorials/py_gui/py_image_display/py_image_display.html#py-display-image)

[http://docs.opencv.org/3.0-beta/doc/py\\_tutorials/py\\_gui/py\\_video\\_display/py\\_video\\_display.html#display-video](http://docs.opencv.org/3.0-beta/doc/py_tutorials/py_gui/py_video_display/py_video_display.html#display-video)



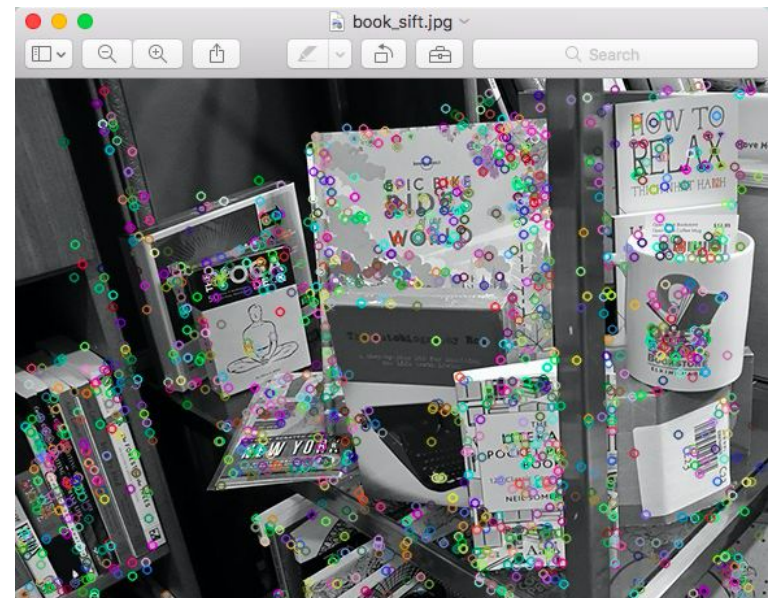
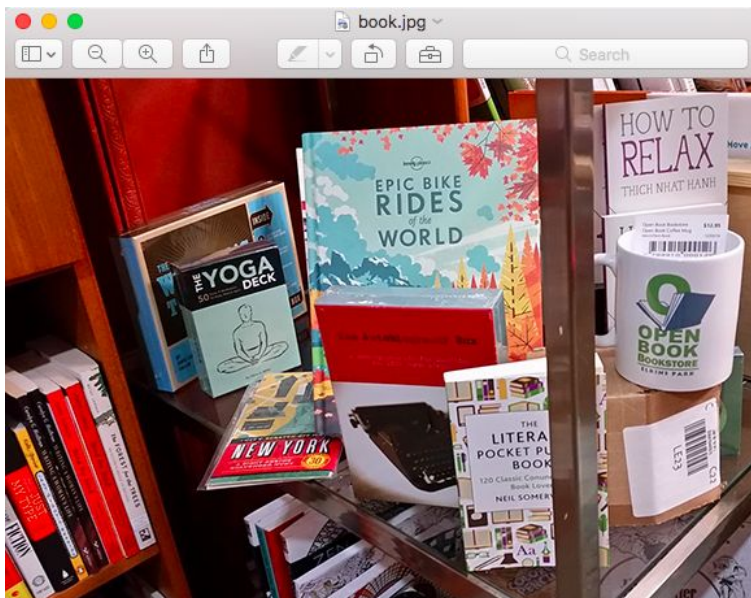
# Examples

Compute SIFT features:

```
1  import numpy as np      # import numpy
2  import cv2              # import OpenCV
3
4
5  # get the version
6  cv2_ver = cv2.__version__.split('.')[0]
7
8  # read the image
9  img = cv2.imread('./files/book.jpg')
10
11 # convert it to gray
12 gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
13
14 # create object
15 if cv2_ver == '3':
16     sift = cv2.xfeatures2d.SIFT_create()
17 elif cv2_ver == '2':
18     sift = cv2.SIFT()
19 else:
20     print "Wrong OpenCV Version!"
21
22 # detect the key points
23 kp = sift.detect(gray, None)
24
25 # draw key points
26 img = cv2.drawKeypoints(gray, kp, img)
27
28 # write the image with key points to disk
29 cv2.imwrite('book_sift.jpg', img)
```

# Examples

Compute SIFT features:



[http://docs.opencv.org/3.0-beta/doc/py\\_tutorials/py\\_feature2d/py\\_table\\_of\\_contents\\_feature2d/py\\_table\\_of\\_contents\\_feature2d.html#py-table-of-content-feature2d](http://docs.opencv.org/3.0-beta/doc/py_tutorials/py_feature2d/py_table_of_contents_feature2d/py_table_of_contents_feature2d.html#py-table-of-content-feature2d)