

190101085

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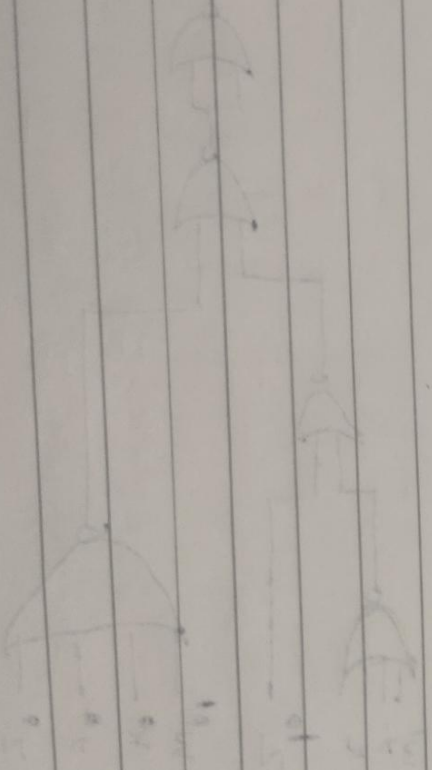
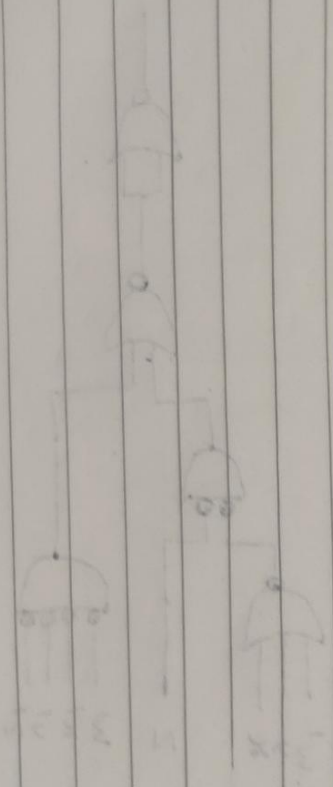
A) Finally answer is: —

$$f_1 = fa + ce + de + g$$

$$f_2 = fa + d + (cd + g)e$$

$$f_3 = ~~fa~~ abc$$

$$(Here, f_4 = a + b)$$



Hence,

$$f_{0x} = xaxb + xacx b c x d + xaxb x c d + x c d x g$$

Kernel - cube incidence matrix

	a	b	a c	b c	d	e	f
a+b	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
a c b c d	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
a+b+c+d	1	1	0	0	0	1	0
c d + g	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
	x a x b	x a c b c x d	x a x b x c d	x c d x g			

Hence,

prime rectangles are

$$① \{x a x b, x a x b c d, x a a, b\}$$

Kernel
veg

$$② \{x a x b, x a x b c d, x c d\}$$

Hence, we can name

$$f_a = a+b$$

~~cd~~

~~we can either leave it, also, as it does not affect~~

and

write expression as;

$$f_1 = f_a c e + d e g$$

$$f_2 = f_d d + (f_a + f_g) e$$

$$f_3 = f_s e$$

③

we may want to leave f_s also

Hence;

Q. D. Find $f_1 = ace + bce + d + g$

$f_2 = ad + bd + cde + g$

$f_3 = abc$

(A) For f_1

	a	b	c	d	e	g
ace	1	0	1	1	0	1
bce	0	1	1	1	0	1
dc	0	0	0	1	1	0
g	1	0	0	0	0	1

Hence,

literals \Rightarrow (1) $\{ace, bce, d, g\}$

(2) $\{ace, bce, d, g\}$

(B) for f_2

	a	b	c	d	e	g
ad	1	0	0	1	0	0
bd	0	1	0	1	0	0
cde	0	0	1	1	1	0
ge	0	0	0	0	1	1

literals \Rightarrow (1) $\{ad, bd, cde, d, g\}$

(2) $\{ad, bd, cde, g, d, g\}$

(C) for f_3

no literals

\Rightarrow Hence,

$$K(f_1) = \{ace + bce + d + g\}$$

$$K(f_2) = \{ad + bd + cde + g\}$$

$$K(f_3) = \{g\}$$

Q. ③ As in question 2.

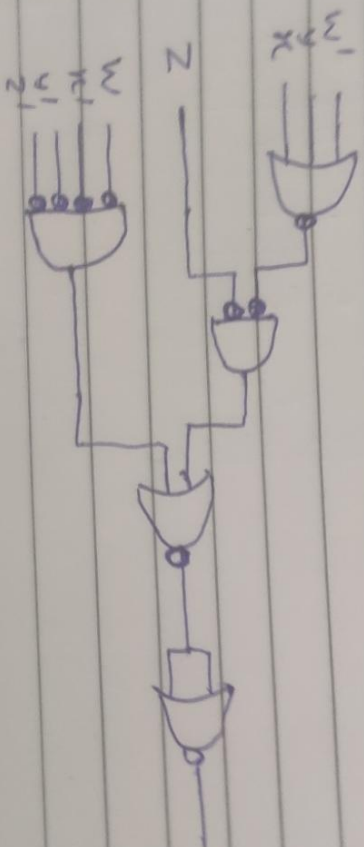
From 1st map:-

$$f(w, x, y, z) = \Sigma(1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13, 15)$$

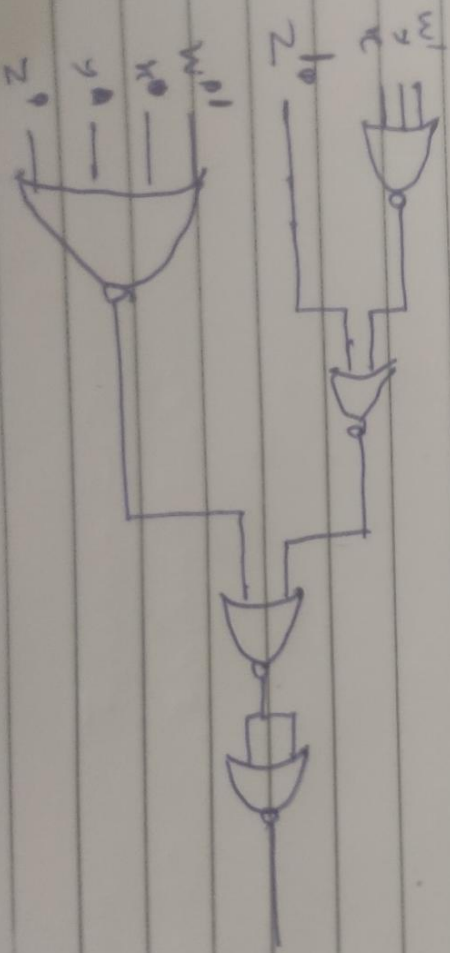
$$= w'z + yz + xz + wx'y'z'$$

$$F = (w' + y + x)z + wx'y'z'$$

Circuit Diagram (Simple)

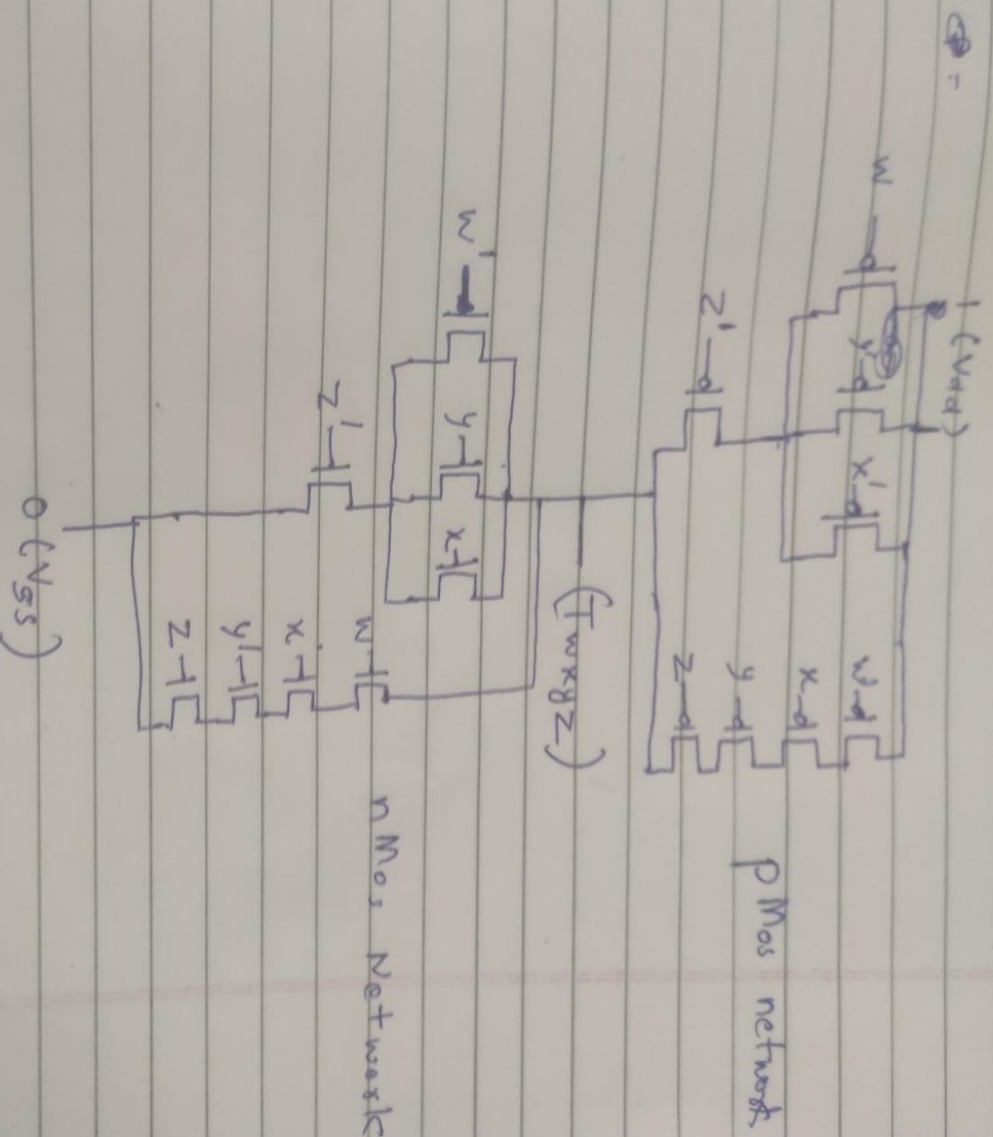


Hence, finally (using nor only)



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Q.2

Given,

$$f(w, x, y, z) = \sum (1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13, 15)$$

using k-map

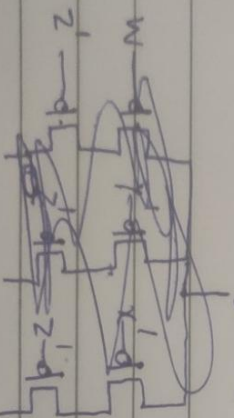
yz \ wx	00		01		10		11	
	00	01	10	11	00	01	10	11
01	1	1	1	1
10	1	1	1	1	.	.	.	.
11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.

$$f = w'z + yz + xz + wx'y'z'$$

and $f' = w'z + yz' + xz' + wx'y'z$ (using k map)

We will use complex gate implementation

(Add)



$$f = (w' + y + x)z + wx'y'z' \quad (\text{Simplification})$$

$$f' = (w' + y + x)z' + wx'y'z \quad (\text{Simplification})$$

We will use PMos for f 's representation and f' for its complement.