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$$\begin{aligned} p_1 &\rightarrow 1, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25 \\ p_2 &\rightarrow 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 11, 14, 15, 18, 19, 22 \\ p_3 &\rightarrow 19, 20, 21, 24, 5, 6, 7, 12, 13, 14, 15 \\ p_4 &\rightarrow 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 24, 25 \\ p_5 &\rightarrow 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25 \end{aligned}$$

9 we get $\Delta 0012$

\Rightarrow 19th bit is wrong.

Hence, 19th bit is wrong.
 $H = 1001101110011101101011$

Q. 5 $\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline 10 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 3 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 4 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline 5 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 6 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline 7 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline 8 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ \hline 9 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$

we get these codes by keeping one rule that if code for A is given. If we change all its' bit values we will get code for $g - A$.

Ques

Ans

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(a) $M = 10011010$

Hence, As $m \text{ bits} = 8$

No. of added bits = 4 [as $k = m+k+1$]

Total bits = k $8+4=12$

$\begin{cases} K_1 \rightarrow 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11 & (\text{bit } 1) \\ K_2 \rightarrow 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 11 & (\text{bit } 2) \\ K_3 \rightarrow 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 12 & (\text{bit } 4) \\ K_4 \rightarrow 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 & (\text{bit } 5) \end{cases}$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ K_1 & K_2 & m_1 & K_3 m_2 & m_3 & m_4 & m_5 & m_6 & m_7 & m_8 \\ | & | & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}$$

Hence,

message $\Rightarrow 011100101010$ Ans.

To retrieve message, Just remove 4th, 2nd, 4th, 6th and 8th bit.

(b)

Given $\begin{matrix} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ M = 1001101011000111011000101011 \end{matrix}$

Total 25 bits.

Hence, number of added bits are $\Rightarrow 4$.

Hence, 1st, 3rd, 4th, 6th & 10th are parity bits.

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Q. ① $(BB)_{16} = (1 \times 16^1 + 1 \times 16^0)$
 $\Rightarrow (187)_{10} - \text{①} \quad [\text{Converting to base } 10]$

$$(273)_x \Rightarrow [ax^2 + bx^1 + c]_{10} - \text{②}$$

By eqn ① and ② $\quad [\text{Converting to base } 10]$

$$2x^2 + 7x + 3 = 187$$

$$\Rightarrow [ax^2 + bx + c = 184]$$

$$\boxed{x = -9} \quad \text{or} \quad \boxed{x = 8}$$

↳ invalid

Hence $x = 8$

Q. ② $(1011 \ 0101) + (0111 \ 0101) = (1010 \ 1010)$

Let, weights are a, b, c and d .

Then

$$[(a+c+d)(b+d)] + [(b+c+d)(b+d)] \\ \Downarrow \\ a+c+d < 10 \quad = [a+c \quad a+c]$$

$$(b+d) + 10(a+c+d) + 10(b+c+d) + (b+d)$$

$\Rightarrow a+c+d < 10$

$$10a + 13b + 20c + 2ad = 11a + 11c$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 13b + 9c + 2ad = a \\ d = 0 \end{array} \right. \quad = a$$

As, weights are integers & non negative
Hence, b, c, a & d are integers & non negative

$$\begin{aligned} & b+d < 10 \\ & d+a+c < 10 \\ & \text{So, } \boxed{b=0} \text{ and } \boxed{d=0} \end{aligned}$$

a can be g if $c=1$ but this will violate eqn ①
or a can be 0 if $c=0$

So, $\boxed{a=0} \quad \boxed{b=0} \quad \boxed{c=0} \quad \boxed{d=0}$ Ans.