

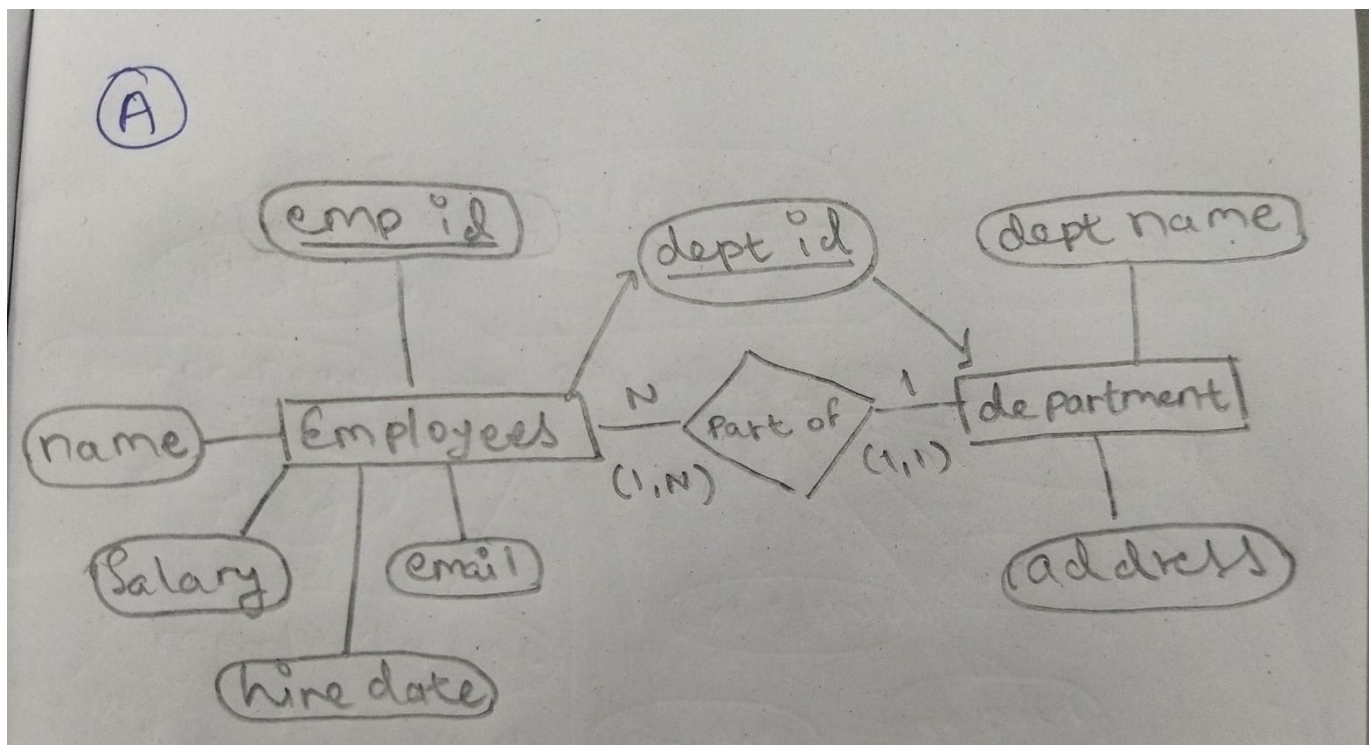
DBMS LAB 5

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Employee-Department Management

Part A: ER Diagram



- Part B

```
create table departments(
  dept_id number primary key,
  dept_name varchar2(100),
  address varchar2(100)
);

select * from departments;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

SQL All Rows Fetched: 0 in 0.013 seconds

DEPT_ID	DEPT_NAME	ADDRESS
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```
alter table employees
modify email varchar2(60);
```

- Part C

```
insert into departments values(1, 'Computer Science', 'Kurnool');
insert into departments values(2, 'Artificial Intelligence', 'Kurnool');
insert into departments values(3, 'Mechanical', 'Kurnool');

select * from employees;
select * from departments;
```

Script Output x Query Result x Query Result 1 x Query Result 2 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 3 in 0.007 seconds

DEPT_ID	DEPT_NAME	ADDRESS
1	Computer Science	Kurnool
2	Artificial Intelligence	Kurnool
3	Mechanical	Kurnool

```
update employees
set salary = salary + (0.1)*salary
where dept_id = 1;

select * from employees;
select * from departments;
```

Script Output x Query Result x Query Result 1 x Query Result 2 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 8 in 0.003 seconds

EMP_ID	NAME	SALARY	HIRE_DATE	EMAIL	DEPT_ID
1	alice johnson	55000	15-06-22	alice.johnson@example.com	1
2	bob smith	60000	20-03-21	bob.smith@example.com	2
3	carol davis	58000	10-01-23	carol.davis@example.com	3
4	david lee	62000	05-11-20	david.lee@example.com	1
5	emma watson	54000	01-09-22	emma.watson@example.com	2
6	frank martin	61000	18-12-21	frank.martin@example.com	3
7	grace hall	57000	25-07-23	grace.hall@example.com	1
8	harry potter	63000	12-05-20	harry.potter@example.com	2

```
delete from employees
where salary <= 25000;

select * from employees;
```

Script Output x Query Result x Query Result 1 x Query Result 2 x

SQL | Task completed in 0.027 seconds

```
create table stg_employees(
emp_id number primary key,
name varchar2(100),
salary number,
hire_date date,
email varchar2(100),
dept_id number not null,
foreign key(dept_id) references departments(dept_id)
);
```

Script Output x Query Result x Query Result 1 x Query Result 2 x Query Result 3 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 2 in 0.003 seconds

EMP_ID	NAME	SALARY	HIRE_DATE	EMAIL	DEPT_ID
1	harry potter	63000	12-05-20	harry.potter@example.com	1
2	giny potter	69000	12-05-20	giny.potter@example.com	2

```
merge into employees tar
using stg_employees src
on (tar.emp_id = src.emp_id)
when matched then
update set tar.dept_id = src.dept_id
when not matched then
insert (emp_id, name, salary, hire_date, email, dept_id)
values (src.emp_id, src.name, src.salary, src.hire_date, src.email, src.dept_id);
```

Script Output x Query Result x Query Result 1 x Query Result 2 x Query Result 3 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 9 in 0.001 seconds

EMP_ID	NAME	SALARY	HIRE_DATE	EMAIL	DEPT_ID
1	alice johnson	60500	15-06-22	alice.johnson@example.com	1
2	bob smith	60000	20-03-21	bob.smith@example.com	2
3	carol davis	58000	10-01-23	carol.davis@example.com	3
4	david lee	68200	05-11-20	david.lee@example.com	1
5	emma watson	54000	01-09-22	emma.watson@example.com	2
6	frank martin	61000	18-12-21	frank.martin@example.com	3
7	grace hall	62700	25-07-23	grace.hall@example.com	1
8	harry potter	63000	12-05-20	harry.potter@example.com	1
9	giny potter	69000	12-05-20	giny.potter@example.com	2

• Part D

```
select * from employees
order by salary desc;
```

```
select * from stg_employees;
```

Script Output x | Query Result x | Query Result 1 x | Query Result 2 x | Query Result 3 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 9 in 0.002 seconds

EMP_ID	NAME	SALARY	HIRE_DATE	EMAIL	DEPT_ID
1	110 giny potter	69000	12-05-20	giny.potter@example.com	2
2	104 david lee	68200	05-11-20	david.lee@example.com	1
3	108 harry potter	63000	12-05-20	harry.potter@example.com	1
4	107 grace hall	62700	25-07-23	grace.hall@example.com	1
5	106 frank martin	61000	18-12-21	frank.martin@example.com	3
6	101 alice johnson	60500	15-06-22	alice.johnson@example.com	1
7	102 bob smith	60000	20-03-21	bob.smith@example.com	2
8	103 carol davis	58000	10-01-23	carol.davis@example.com	3
9	105 emma watson	54000	01-09-22	emma.watson@example.com	2

```
select distinct name from employees;
```

```
select * from stg_employees;
```

Script Output x | Query Result x | Query Result 1 x | Query Result 2 x | Query Result 3 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 9 in 0.002 seconds

NAME
1 alice johnson
2 bob smith
3 carol davis
4 david lee
5 emma watson
6 frank martin
7 grace hall
8 harry potter
9 giny potter

```
select * from employees
where salary > 30000 and salary < 50000;
```

```
select * from stg_employees;
```

```
select * from employees;
```

Script Output x | Query Result x | Query Result 1 x | Query Result 2 x | Query Result 3 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 0 in 0.002 seconds

EMP_ID	NAME	SALARY	HIRE_DATE	EMAIL	DEPT_ID
--------	------	--------	-----------	-------	---------

```
select * from employees
where lower(name) like 'a%';
```

```
select * from stg_employees;
```

Script Output x | Query Result x | Query Result 1 x | Query Result 2 x | Query Result 3 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 1 in 0.003 seconds

EMP_ID	NAME	SALARY	HIRE_DATE	EMAIL	DEPT_ID
1	101 alice johnson	60500	15-06-22	alice.johnson@example.com	1

```
select dept_id, count(*) as num_emp from employees
group by dept_id;
```

```
select * from stg_employees;
```

```
select * from employees;
```

Script Output x | Query Result x | Query Result 1 x | Query Result 2 x | Query Result 3 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 3 in 0.002 seconds

DEPT_ID	NUM_EMP
1	4
2	3
3	2

```
select dept_id, avg(salary) as avg_salary from employees
group by dept_id
having avg(salary) > 40000;
```

```
select * from stg_employees;
```

```
select * from employees;
```

```
select * from departments;
```

Script Output x | Query Result x | Query Result 1 x | Query Result 2 x | Query Result 3 x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 3 in 0.002 seconds

DEPT_ID	AVG_SALARY
1	63600
2	61000
3	59500

• Part E

```

create user C##faculty_user identified by pass;
create user C##clerk_user identified by pass;
create user C##admin_user identified by pass;

select * from stg_employees;

```

Script Output x | Query Result 1 x | Query Result 2 x | Query Result 3 x

Task completed in 0.898 seconds

```

Error starting at line : 99 in command -
create user clerk_user identified by pass
Error report -
ORA-65096: invalid common user or role name

https://docs.oracle.com/error-help/db/ora-65096/65096.00000 - "common user or role name must start with prefix %s"
Cause: An attempt is being made to create a common user or role without
the correct prefix as specified in the COMMON_USER_PREFIX
parameter.
Action: Specify a valid common user or role name with the correct prefix.
Params: 1) common_user_prefix
parameter.

Error starting at line : 100 in command -
create user admin_user identified by pass
Error report -
ORA-65096: invalid common user or role name

https://docs.oracle.com/error-help/db/ora-65096/65096.00000 - "common user or role name must start with prefix %s"
Cause: An attempt is being made to create a common user or role without
the correct prefix as specified in the COMMON_USER_PREFIX
parameter.
Action: Specify a valid common user or role name with the correct prefix.
Params: 1) common_user_prefix
parameter.

User C##FACULTY_USER created.

User C##CLERK_USER created.

User C##ADMIN_USER created.

Grant succeeded.

grant select on employees to C##faculty_user;

grant select, update on employees to C##clerk_user;

grant all privileges on employees to C##admin_user;

Revoke succeeded.

revoke update on employees from C##clerk_user;

grant select on employees to C##faculty_user with grant option;

grant select on employees to public;

```

• Part F

22.

If **faculty_user** tries to insert into **EMPLOYEES** without the INSERT privilege, the operation will fail with an "insufficient privileges" error.

23.

Once the **UPDATE** privilege is revoked, **clerk_user** can no longer update the table and will receive a permission denied error.

24.

WITH GRANT OPTION is dangerous because it allows users to grant privileges to others, potentially leading to uncontrolled access and security risks.

25.

Granting privileges to **PUBLIC** gives all users, including unauthorized ones, access to the privilege, which can compromise database security.
