INTERN REPORT

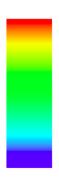
-Siddhartha Pothukuchi

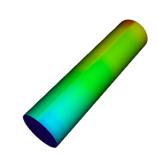
Model Designing:

- To start with designing a 3D-model for a web application, we need to use a **gltf/glb** extension model for an optimal rendering on the website.
- In my project I used Blender to create 3d models.

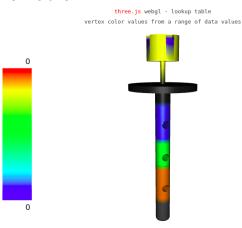
three.js webgl - lookup table
vertex color values from a range of data values





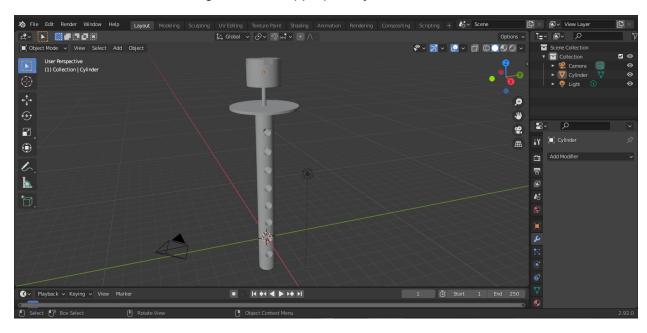


- With limited resources on the internet, I could come up with this model(generating this
 model with 3Js). I used a naive method to colormap the model, by analysing the index of
 vertex and coloring each vertex based on that.
- A GLTF format is a JSON file, containing all the information about the scene(in Blender) and the mesh associated with it.
- The final product looks like this.





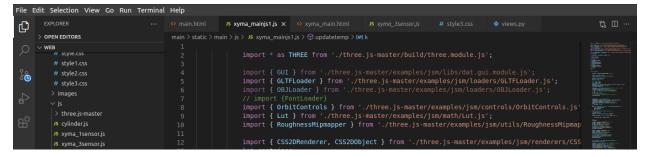
☐ Create a Blender model suiting the model appropriately.



- ☐ Then click on File->Export->gltf/glb
- ☐ Save the file in the project folder.

Download Code:

Download the repository from the site-<u>Git Hub[3Js]</u>



 Use the repository-<u>Main codebase</u>. In this navigate to main->static->js->xyma_mainjs1.js

Code Walkthrough:

• Line 1-12: Importing packages from threejs, path to source codes are mentioned in the code.

• Line 13-28: Initializing required variables. (fps in 25 is for controlling the frames per second in live data updating)

• Line 33-85(init()):

- container- provide the div element of html, for rendering the 3d model on the webpage.
- scene.background-background color of the scene.
- width,height Based on the screen dimensions,(Change accordingly)
- o sprite.scale.x changing the width of the legend.
- mesh=(new....(THREE.MeshPhongMaterial))-To *change accordingly,* use this site for more info <u>Materials</u>- navigate the side bar for materials.
- o earthdiv, moondiv -For labelling on the legend.

• Line 158-188(loadmodel()):

- loader-setpath to the folder where the glb files are located, and in .load(provide the *file name*).
- o console.log(geometry)- checkout for geometry properties.

• Line 190-240(updatetemp()):

- o sensortemp- array consisting of temperature values of sensors.
- If else conditions are based on positions done by debugging from geometry properties.

• Line 242-289(updatecolors()):

• Update colors on the model based on temperature values assigned to vertices.