



# AWS Project

Siddharth Singh Rathour

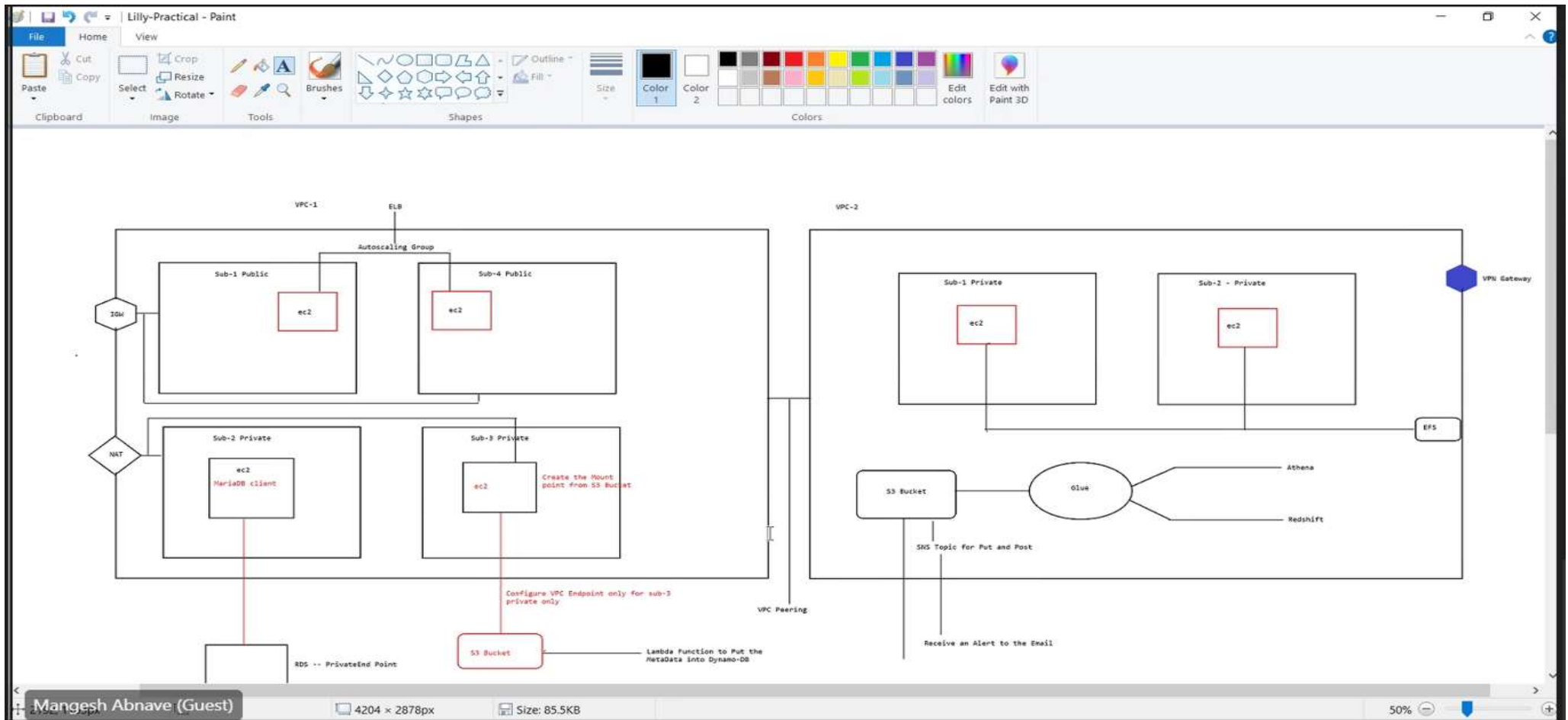
Swati Suman

Sahana M

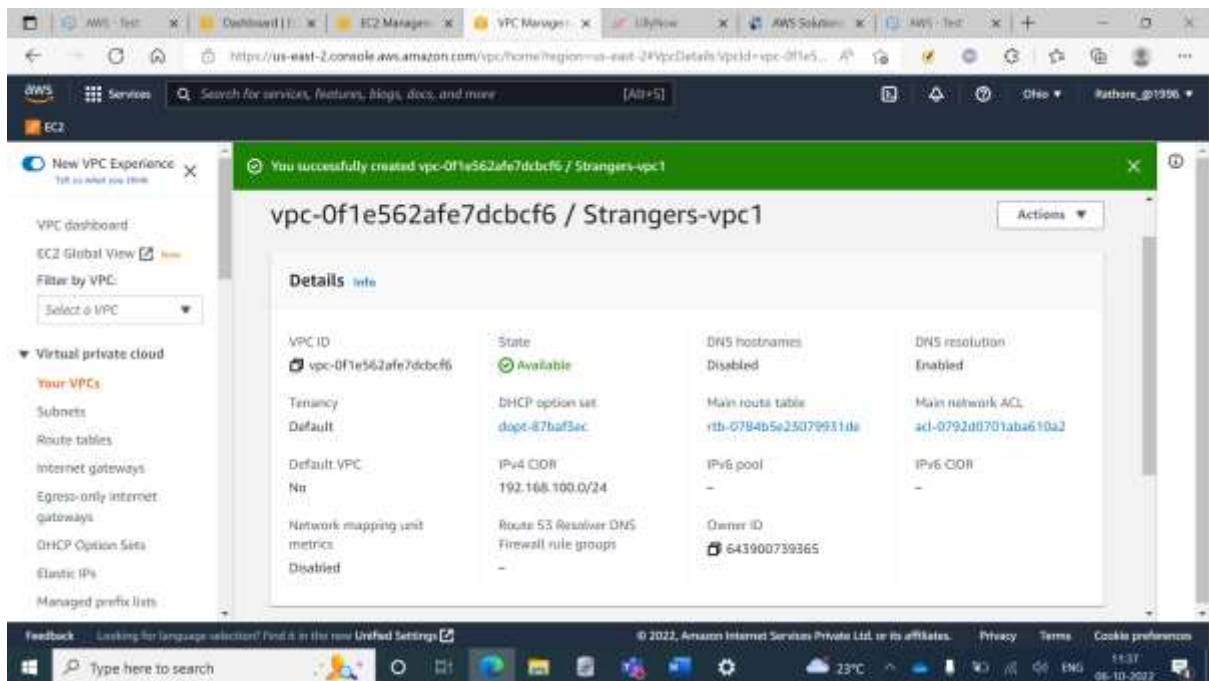
Anmol Kumar Singh

**Group Name:** Strangers

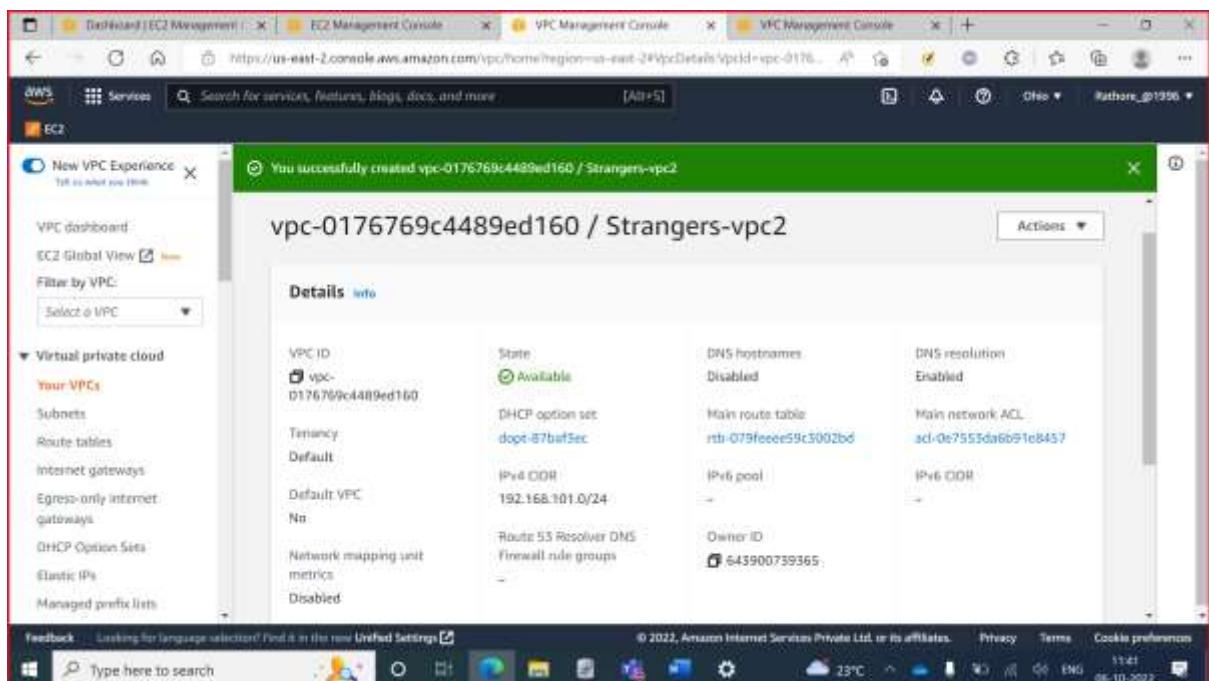
## Problem Statement shown in the diagram:



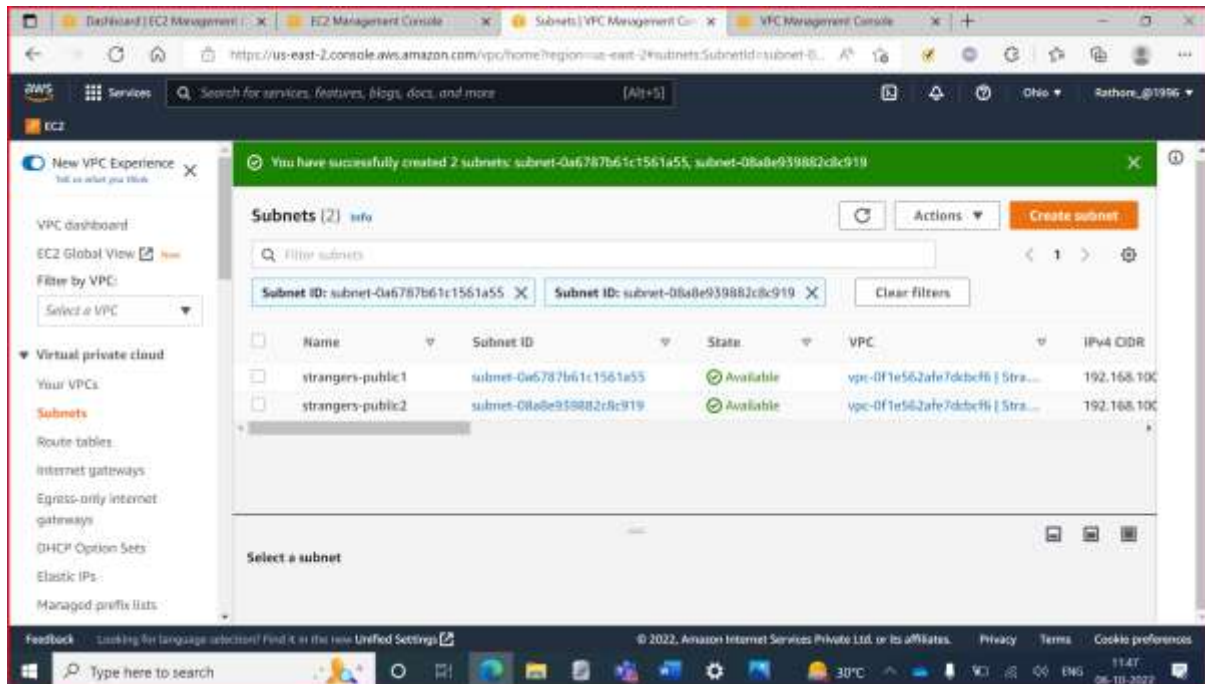
**Step 1:** Created a public VPC. VPC Name: Stranger-vpc1



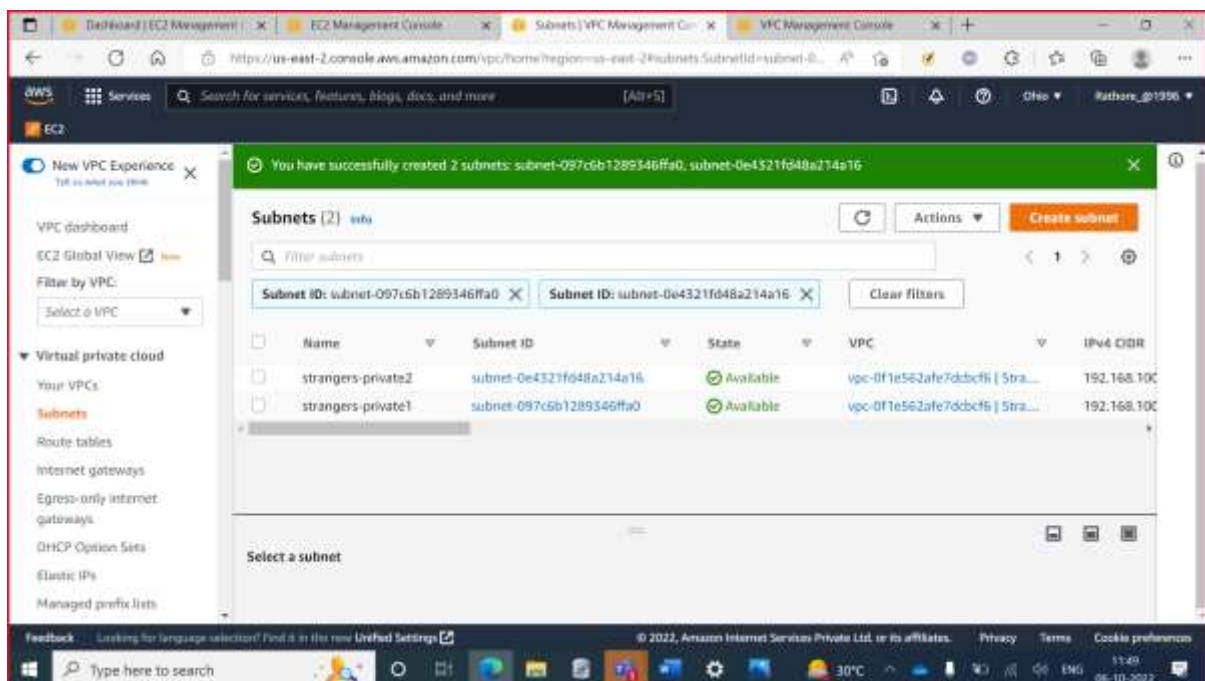
**Step 2:** Created a public VPC. VPC Name: Strangers-vpc2



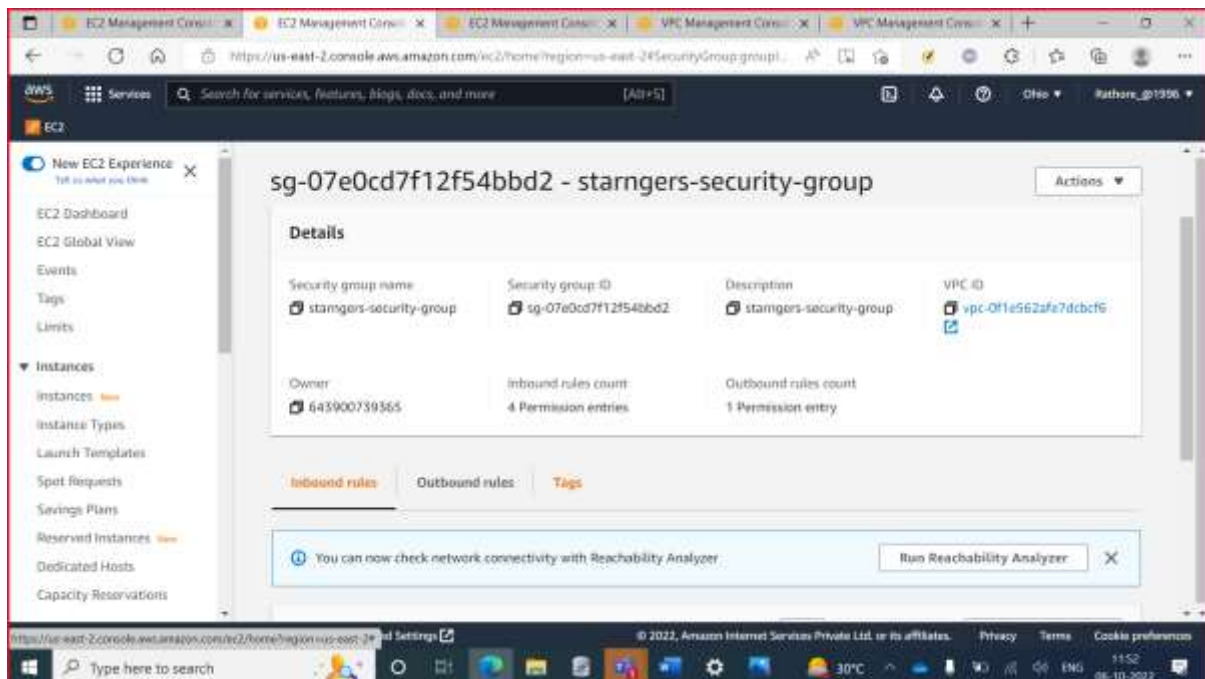
**Step 3:** Created two public subnets. Subnet Name: strangers-public1 and strangers-public2



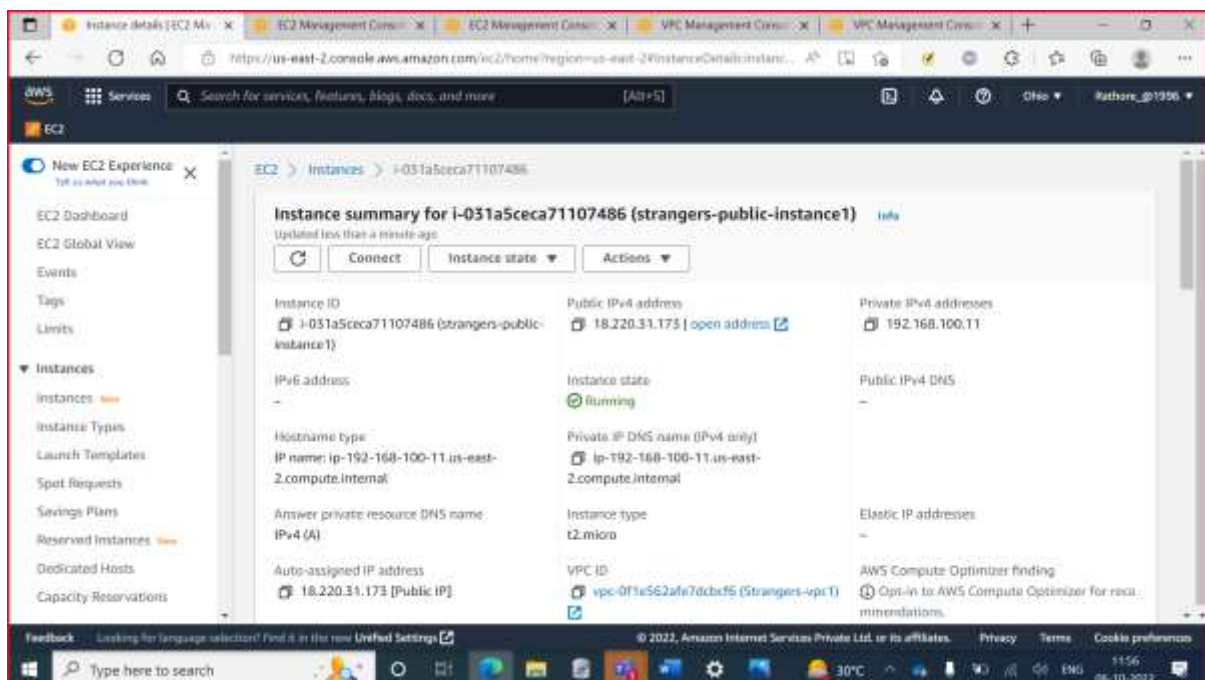
**Step 4:** Created two private subnets. Subnet Name: strangers-private1 and strangers-private2



## Step 5: Created security group. Security group name: strangers-security-group

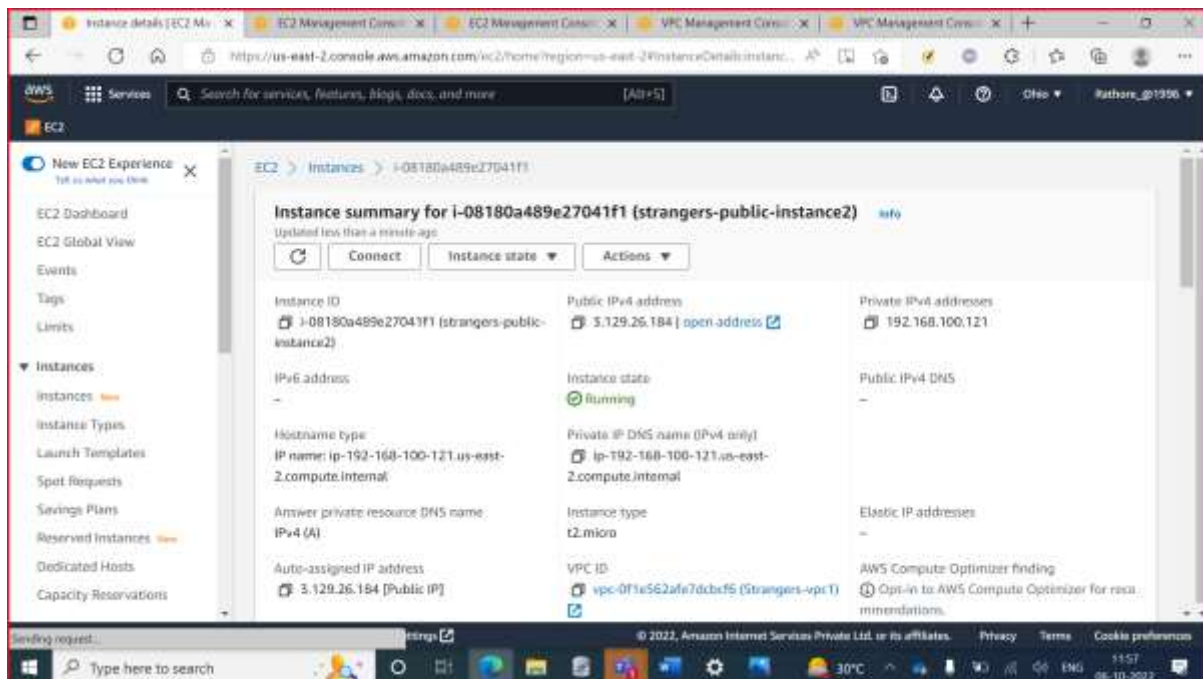


## Step 6: Public Instance1

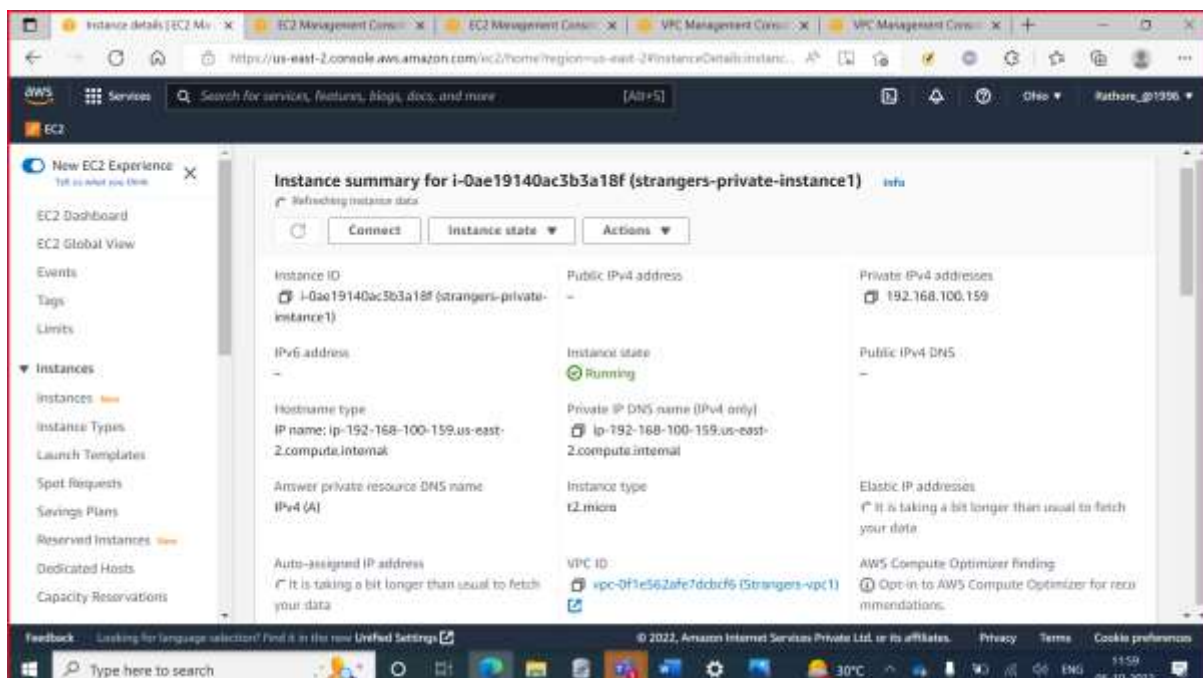




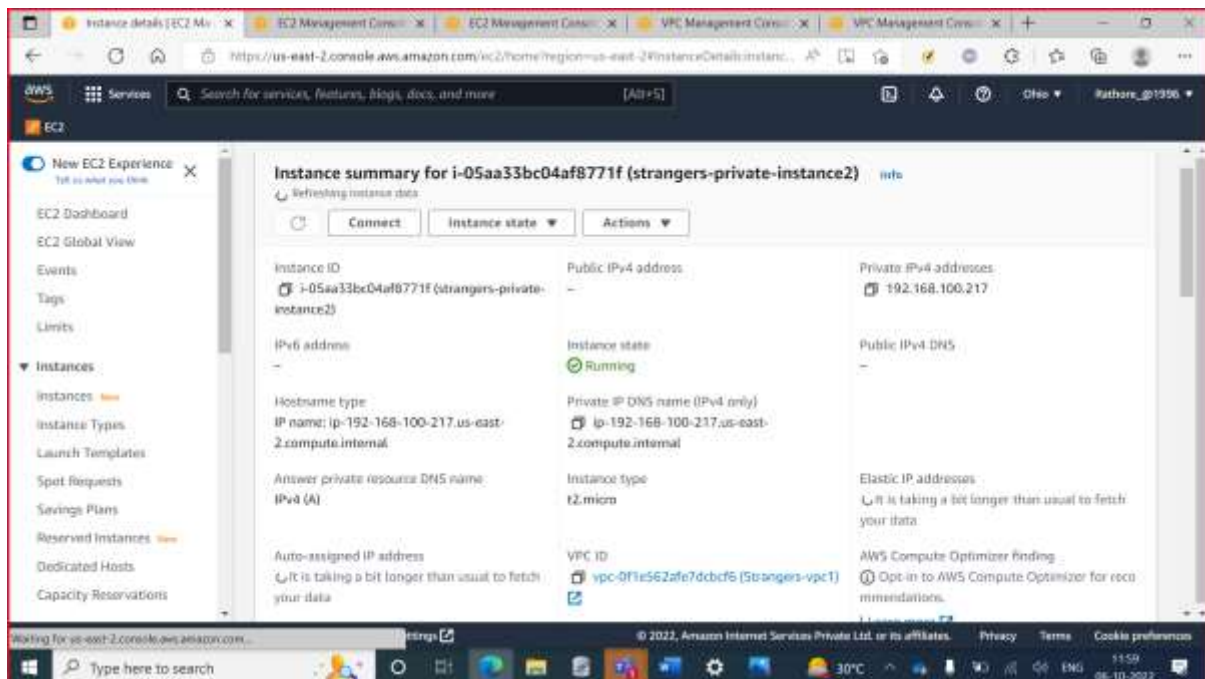
## Step 6: Public Instance2



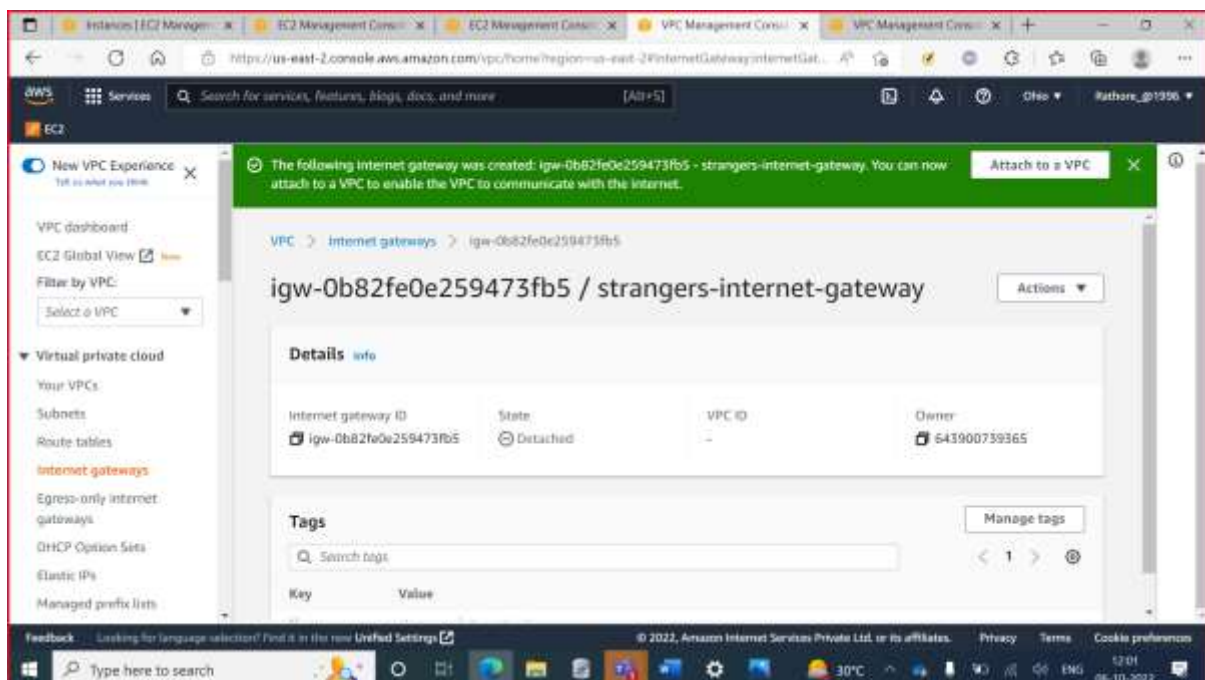
## Step 7: Private Instance1



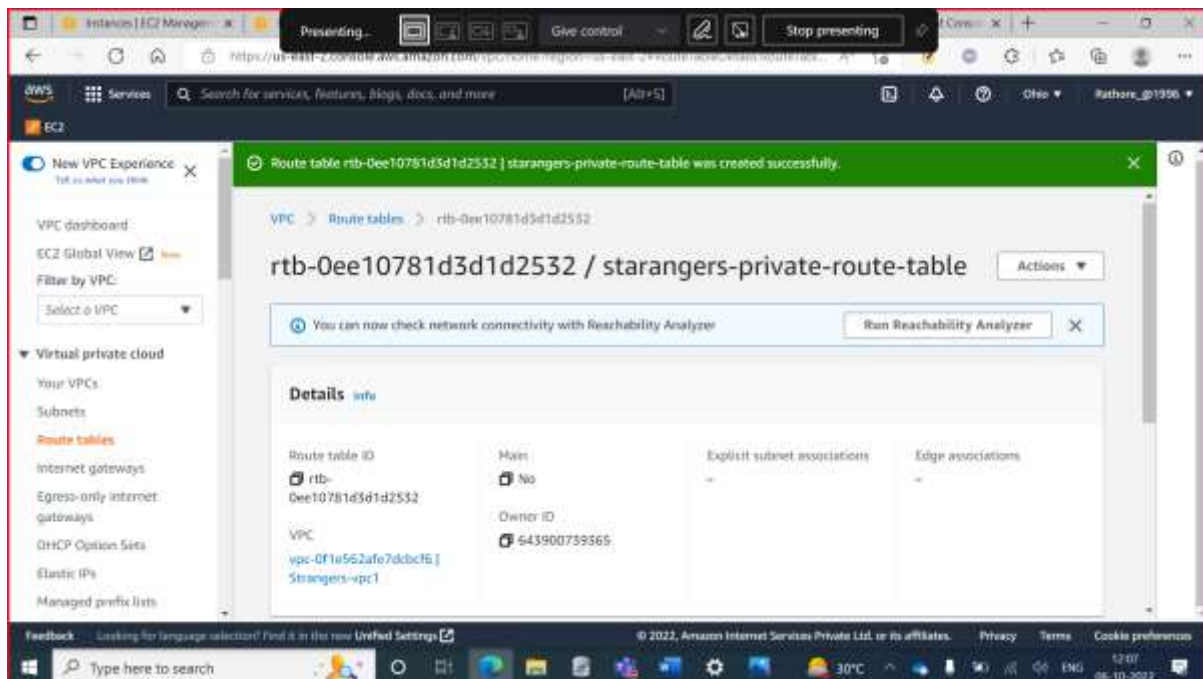
## Step 8: Private Instance2



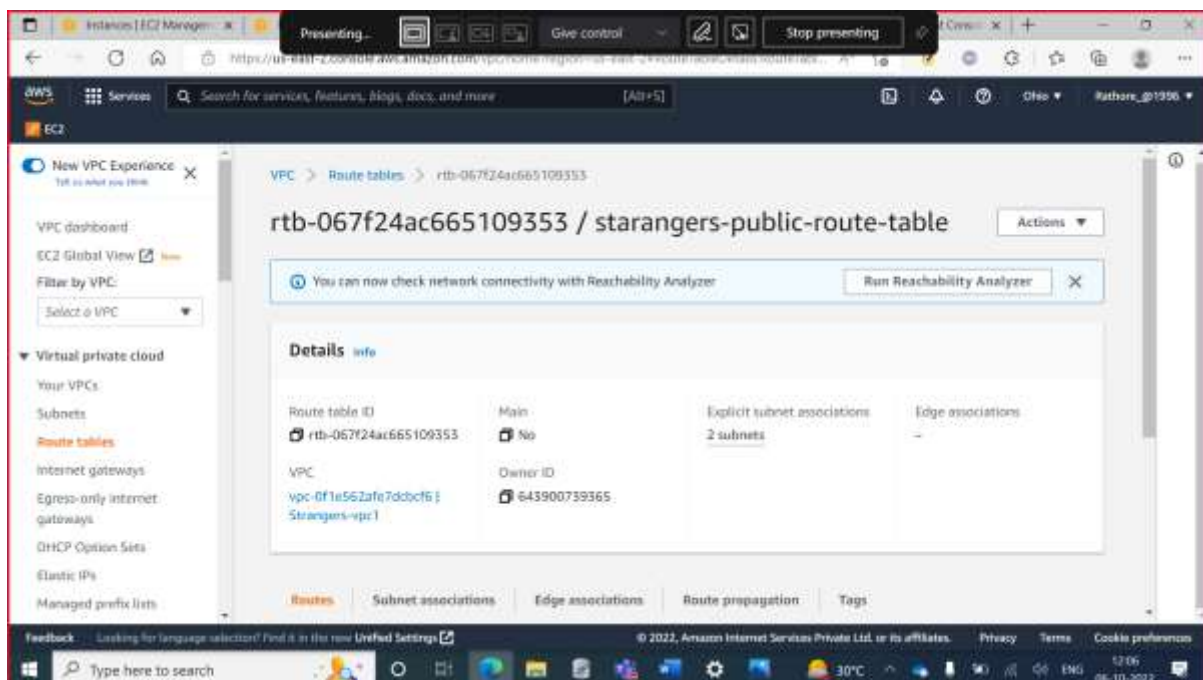
## Step 9: Private Instance2



## Step 9: Route table for private subnets

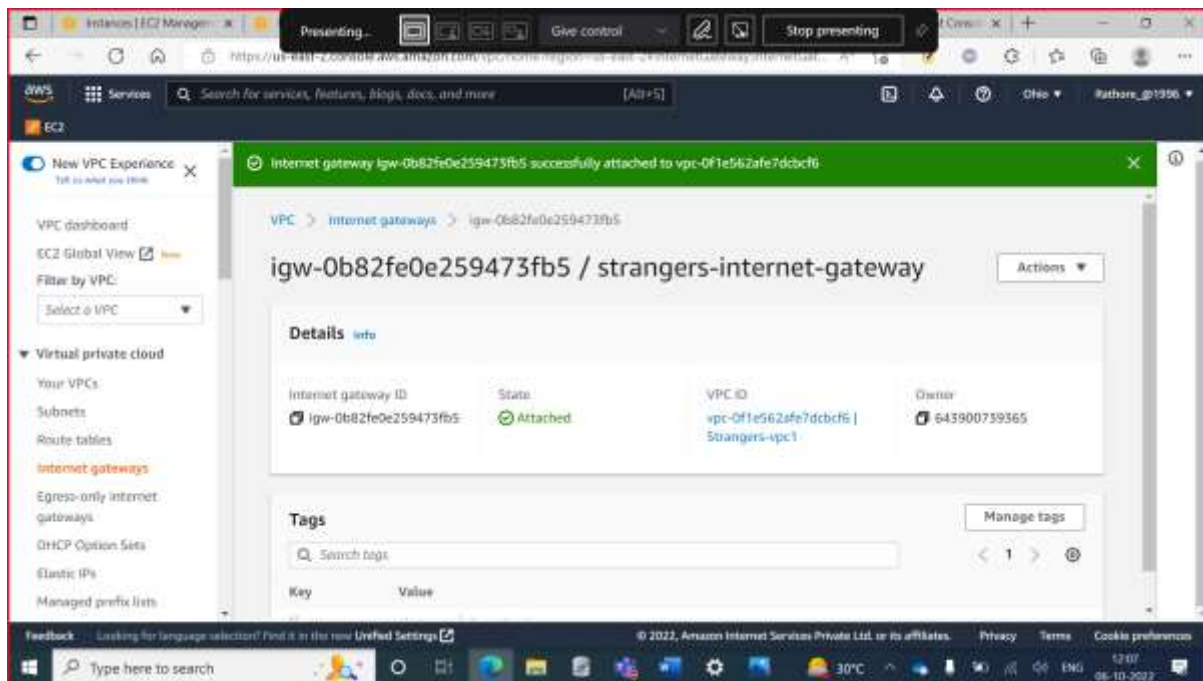


## Step 10: Route table for public subnets

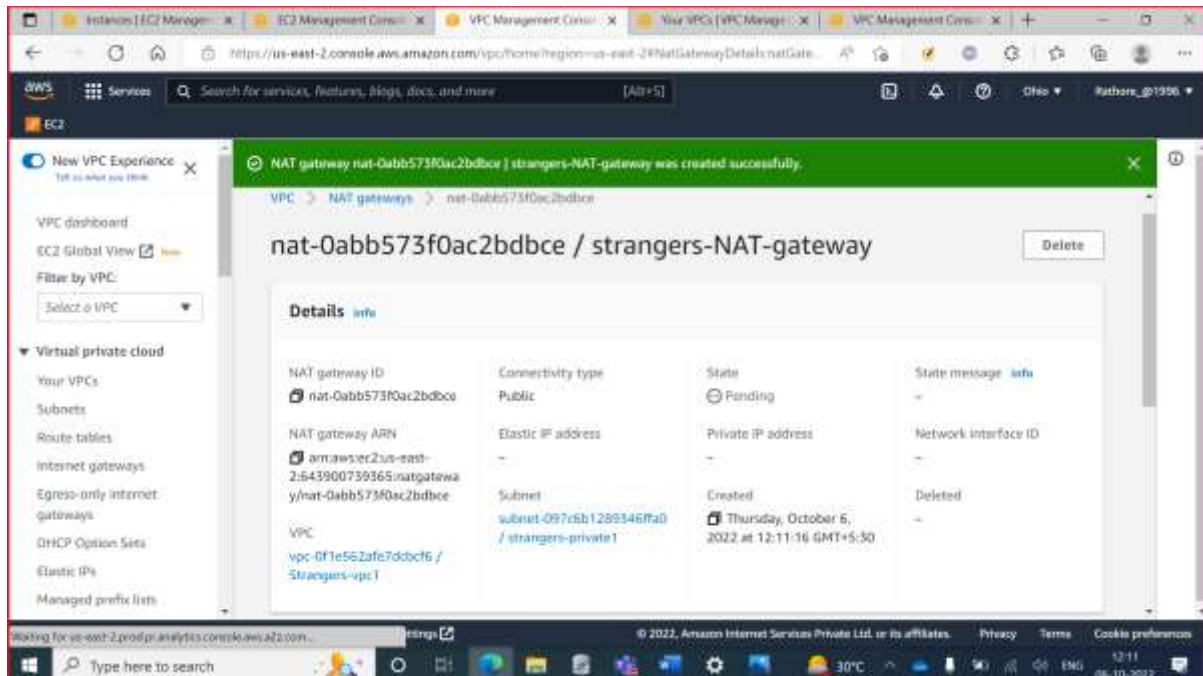




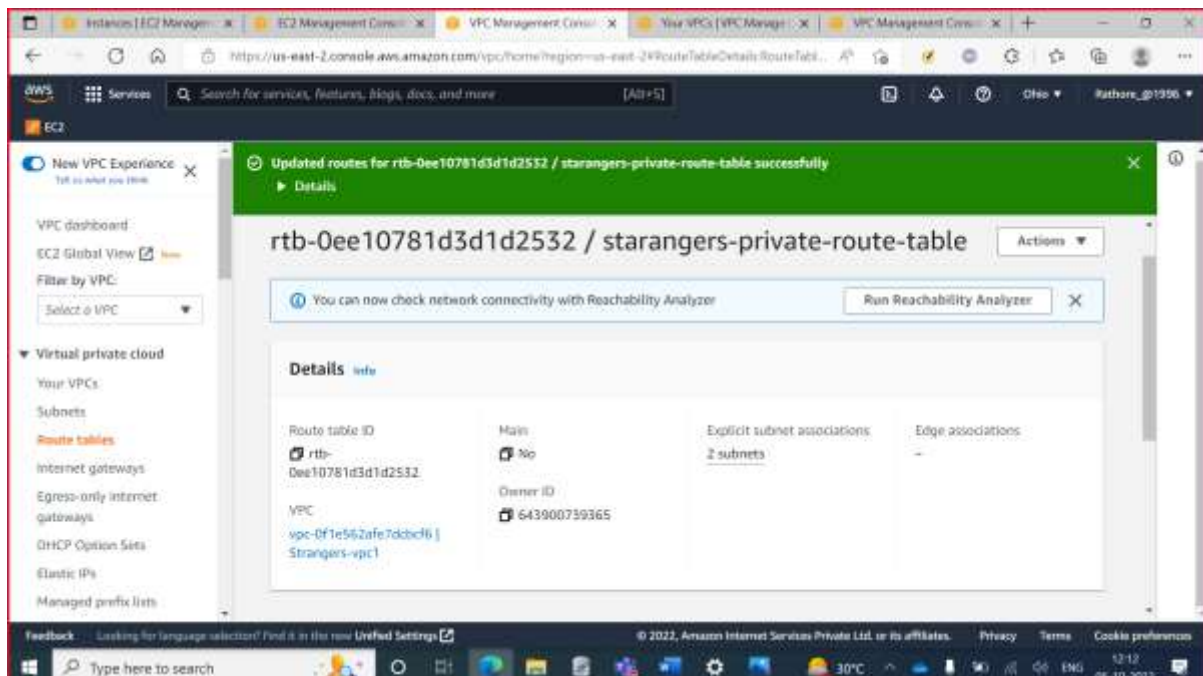
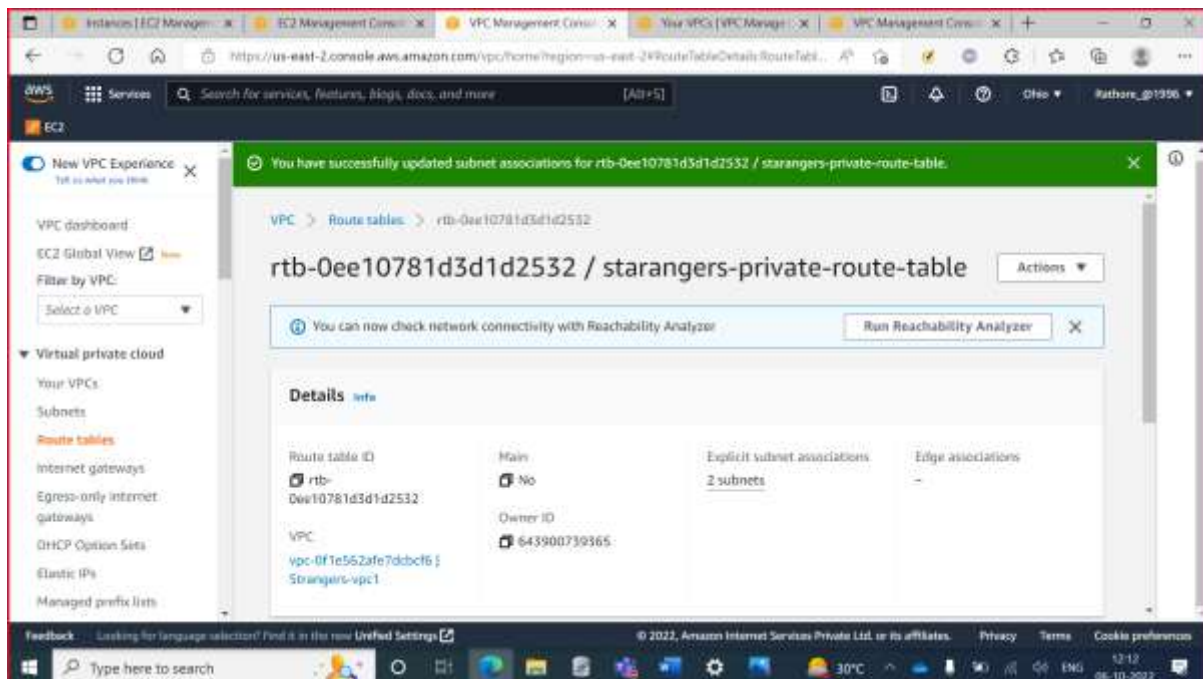
## Step 11: Internet gateway for public route table



## Step 11: NAT gateway for private route table



## Step 12: Subnets associations for private route table



### Step 13: Connected EC2 instance using SSH

```
root@ip-192-168-100-11:~#
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.2006]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\rathour_siddhant_singh@killy.com\Downloads>ssh -i "aid.pem" ec2-user@18.228.31.173
The authenticity of host '18.228.31.173 (18.228.31.173)' can't be established.
ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:jwOCVWbWbWuA5lAbpc2yongjRahA2eA4iridua.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '18.228.31.173' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.

  ____  _
 / ___|| | | |
| |___| |_| |
 \___|_____|_|_|_|

Amazon Linux 2 AMI

https://aws.amazon.com/amazon-linux-2/
[ec2-user@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]$ yum update
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
You need to be root to perform this command.
[ec2-user@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]$ yum install apache2
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
You need to be root to perform this command.
[ec2-user@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]$ sudo su -
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]# yum install apache2
Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
awscli-core                               3.7 kB 00:00:00
awscli-extra-docker                       3.0 kB 00:00:00
awscli-extra-kernel-5.10                  3.0 kB 00:00:00
1/7: awscli-core/2/x86_64/group.gz        1.5 kB 00:00:00
2/7: awscli-core/2/x86_64/updateinfo     488 kB 00:00:00
3/7: awscli-extra-docker/2/x86_64/updateinfo 6.4 kB 00:00:00
4/7: awscli-extra-docker/2/x86_64/primary.db 93 kB 00:00:00
5/7: awscli-extra-kernel-5.10/2/x86_64/updateinfo 18 kB 00:00:00
6/7: awscli-extra-kernel-5.10/2/x86_64/primary.db 11 MB 00:00:00
7/7: awscli-core/2/x86_64/primary.db     60 MB 00:00:00
No package apache2 available.
Error: Nothing to do
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]#
```

### Step 12: Installing the dependencies

```
root@ip-192-168-100-11:~#
(3/9) apr-util-bdb-1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2.x86_64.rpm          19 kB 00:00:00
(4/9) generic-logos-httpd-18.0.0-4.amzn2.noarch.rpm      19 kB 00:00:00
(5/9) httpd-filesystem-2.4.54-1.amzn2.noarch.rpm          24 kB 00:00:00
(6/9) httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64.rpm                    1.4 MB 00:00:00
(7/9) httpd-tools-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64.rpm              88 kB 00:00:00
(8/9) mailcap-2.1.41-2.amzn2.noarch.rpm                  21 kB 00:00:00
(9/9) mod_http2-1.15.19-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64.rpm          149 kB 00:00:00
-----
Total: 9.0 MB/s | 1.9 MB 00:00:00
Running transaction check
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded
Running transaction
Installing : apr-1.7.0-9.amzn2.x86_64                                1/9
Installing : apr-util-bdb-1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2.x86_64                 2/9
Installing : apr-util-1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2.x86_64                    3/9
Installing : httpd-tools-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64                     4/9
Installing : httpd-filesystem-2.4.54-1.amzn2.noarch                 5/9
Installing : generic-logos-httpd-18.0.0-4.amzn2.noarch             6/9
Installing : mailcap-2.1.41-2.amzn2.noarch                          7/9
Installing : mod_http2-1.15.19-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64                 8/9
Installing : httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64                           9/9
Verifying : apr-util-1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2.x86_64                     1/9
Verifying : apr-util-bdb-1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2.x86_64                 2/9
Verifying : httpd-tools-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64                     3/9
Verifying : mod_http2-1.15.19-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64                 4/9
Verifying : httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64                           5/9
Verifying : mailcap-2.1.41-2.amzn2.noarch                          6/9
Verifying : generic-logos-httpd-18.0.0-4.amzn2.noarch             7/9
Verifying : httpd-filesystem-2.4.54-1.amzn2.noarch                 8/9
Verifying : apr-1.7.0-9.amzn2.x86_64                              9/9
Installed:
httpd.x86_64 0:2.4.54-1.amzn2

Dependency Installed:
apr.x86_64 0:1.7.0-9.amzn2          apr-util.x86_64 0:1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2  apr-util-bdb.x86_64 0:1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2  generic-logos-httpd.noarch 0:18.0.0-4.amzn2
httpd-filesystem.noarch 0:2.4.54-1.amzn2  httpd-tools.x86_64 0:2.4.54-1.amzn2  mailcap.noarch 0:2.1.41-2.amzn2  mod_http2.x86_64 0:1.15.19-1.amzn2.0.1

Complete!
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]#
```

### Step 13: Checking the status of httpd

```
root@ip-192-168-100-11:~#
Verifying : apr-util-bdb-1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2.x86_64 2/9
Verifying : httpd-tools-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64 3/9
Verifying : mod_http2-1.15.19-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64 4/9
Verifying : httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64 5/9
Verifying : mailcap-2.1.41-2.amzn2.noarch 6/9
Verifying : generic-logos-httpd-18.0.0-4.amzn2.noarch 7/9
Verifying : httpd filesystem-2.4.54-1.amzn2.noarch 8/9
Verifying : apr-1.7.0-9.amzn2.x86_64 9/9

Installed:
httpd.x86_64 0:2.4.54-1.amzn2

Dependency Installed:
apr.x86_64 0:1.7.0-9.amzn2      apr-util.x86_64 0:1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2      apr-util-bdb.x86_64 0:1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2      generic-logos-httpd.noarch 0:18.0.0-4.amzn2
httpd filesystem.noarch 0:2.4.54-1.amzn2      httpd-tools.x86_64 0:2.4.54-1.amzn2      mailcap.noarch 0:2.1.41-2.amzn2      mod_http2.x86_64 0:1.15.19-1.amzn2.0.1

Complete!
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]# systemctl status httpd
* httpd.service - The Apache HTTP Server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/httpd.service; disabled; vendor preset: disabled)
   Active: inactive (dead)
     Docs: man:httpd.service(8)
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]# systemctl start httpd
* httpd.service - The Apache HTTP Server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/httpd.service; disabled; vendor preset: disabled)
   Active: active (running) since Thu 2022-10-06 06:54:41 UTC; 2s ago
     Docs: man:httpd.service(8)
   Main PID: 3585 (httpd)
   Status: "Processing requests..."
   CGroup: /system.slice/httpd.service
           └─3585 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3586 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3587 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3588 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3589 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3590 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND

Oct 06 06:54:41 ip-192-168-100-11.us-east-2.compute.internal systemd[1]: Starting The Apache HTTP Server...
Oct 06 06:54:41 ip-192-168-100-11.us-east-2.compute.internal systemd[1]: Started The Apache HTTP Server.
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]#
```

### Step 14: Enabling the httpd server

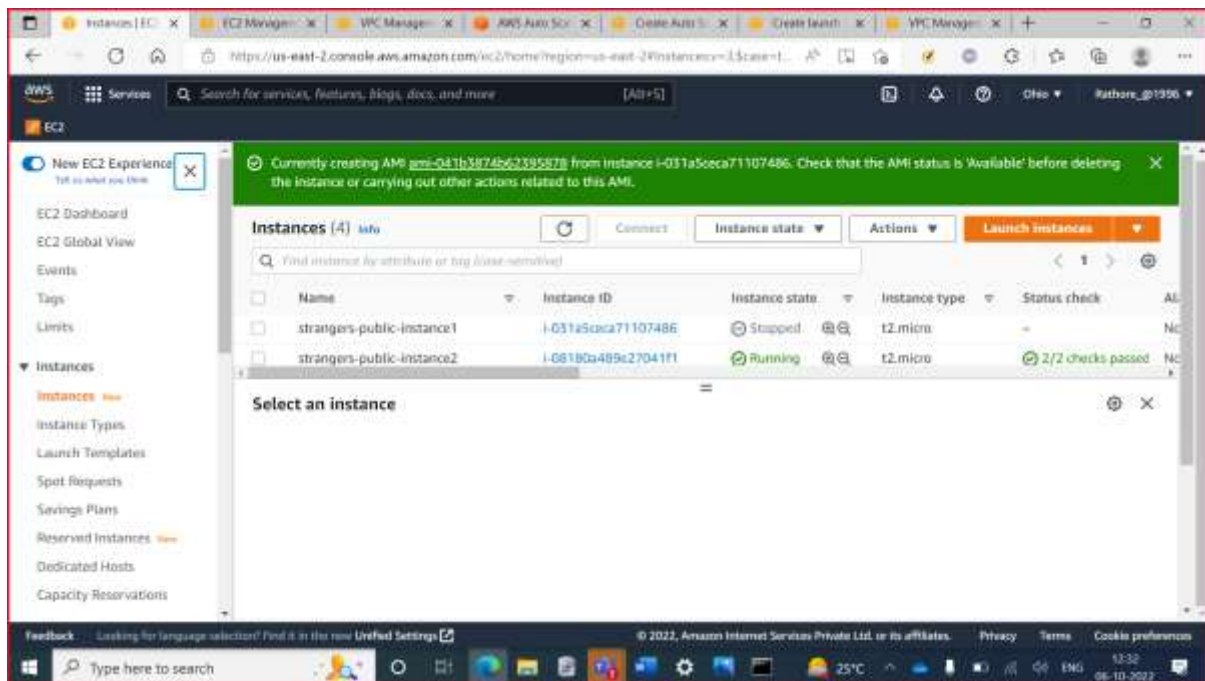
```
root@ip-192-168-100-11:~#
Oct 06 06:54:41 ip-192-168-100-11.us-east-2.compute.internal systemd[1]: Starting The Apache HTTP Server...
Oct 06 06:54:41 ip-192-168-100-11.us-east-2.compute.internal systemd[1]: Started The Apache HTTP Server.
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]#
* httpd.service - The Apache HTTP Server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/httpd.service; disabled; vendor preset: disabled)
   Active: inactive (dead)
     Docs: man:httpd.service(8)
   Main PID: 3585 (httpd)
   Status: "Processing requests..."
   CGroup: /system.slice/httpd.service
           └─3585 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3586 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3587 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3588 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3589 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3590 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND

Oct 06 07:00:08 ip-192-168-100-11.us-east-2.compute.internal systemd[1]: Starting The Apache HTTP Server...
Oct 06 07:00:08 ip-192-168-100-11.us-east-2.compute.internal systemd[1]: Started The Apache HTTP Server.
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]# systemctl enable httpd
Created symlink from /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/httpd.service to /usr/lib/systemd/system/httpd.service.
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]# systemctl status httpd
* httpd.service - The Apache HTTP Server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/httpd.service; enabled; vendor preset: disabled)
   Active: active (running) since Thu 2022-10-06 07:00:08 UTC; 25s ago
     Docs: man:httpd.service(8)
   Main PID: 3233 (httpd)
   Status: "total requests: 0; idle/busy workers 100/0; Requests/sec: 0; Bytes served/sec: 0 B/sec"
   CGroup: /system.slice/httpd.service
           └─3233 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3234 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3235 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3236 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3237 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND
           └─3238 /usr/sbin/httpd -DFOREGROUND

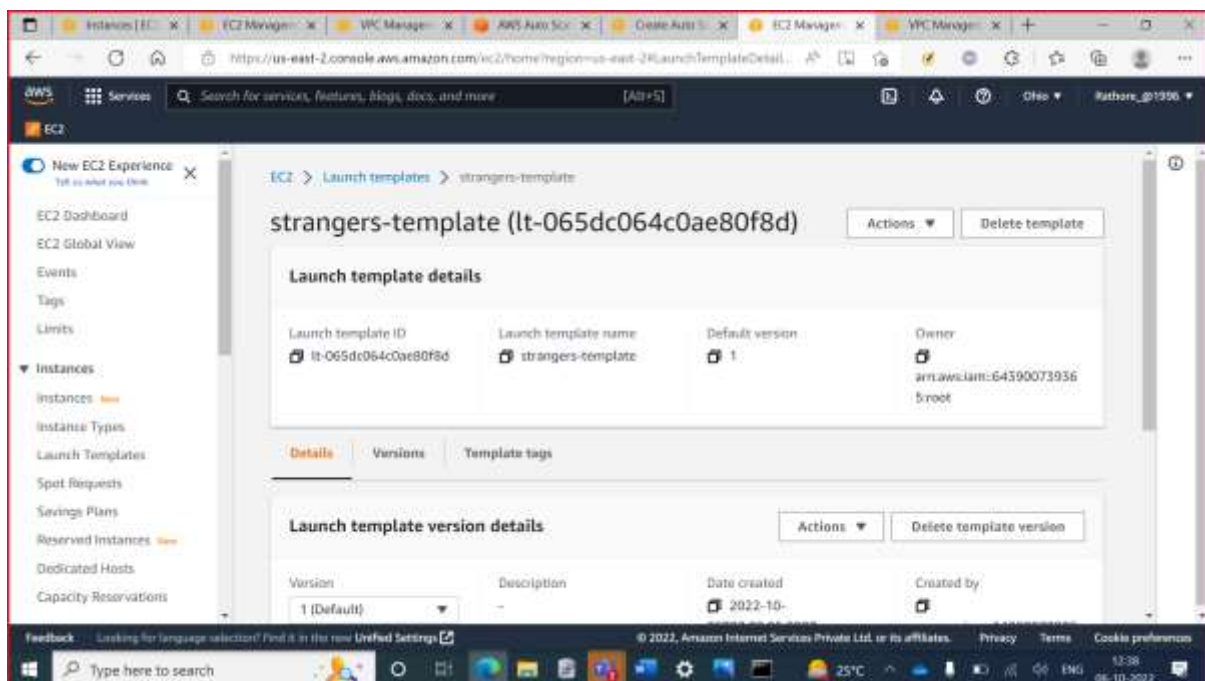
Oct 06 07:00:08 ip-192-168-100-11.us-east-2.compute.internal systemd[1]: Starting The Apache HTTP Server...
Oct 06 07:00:08 ip-192-168-100-11.us-east-2.compute.internal systemd[1]: Started The Apache HTTP Server.
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]# systemctl enable httpd
[root@ip-192-168-100-11 ~]#
```



## Step 15: Image of the public Instance 1



## Step 16: Template required for the auto-scaling





## Step 17: Target group

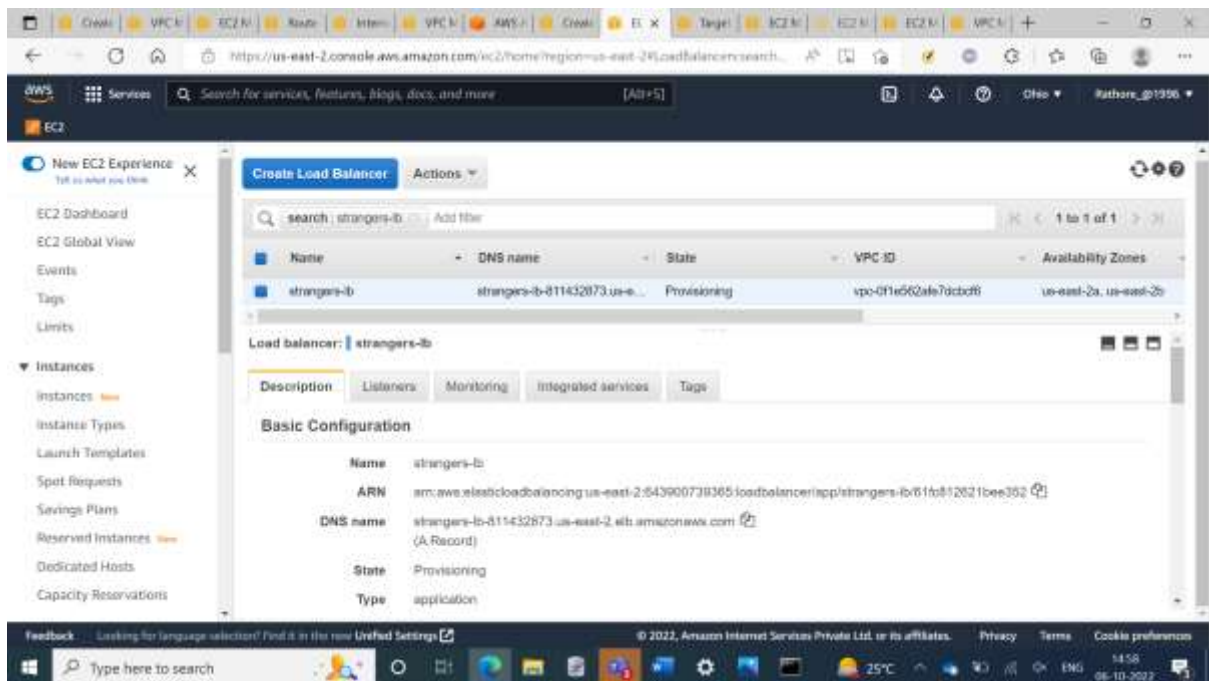
The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for the 'strangers-target-group' target group. The left sidebar contains navigation links for EC2 services. The main content area displays the 'Details' for the target group, including its ARN, target type (Instance), protocol and port (TCP: 80), VPC ID, and IP address type (IPv4). A 'Load balancer' section indicates 'None associated'. A summary table at the bottom shows the status of targets.

Total targets	Healthy	Unhealthy	Unused	Initial	Draining
2	0	0	2	0	0

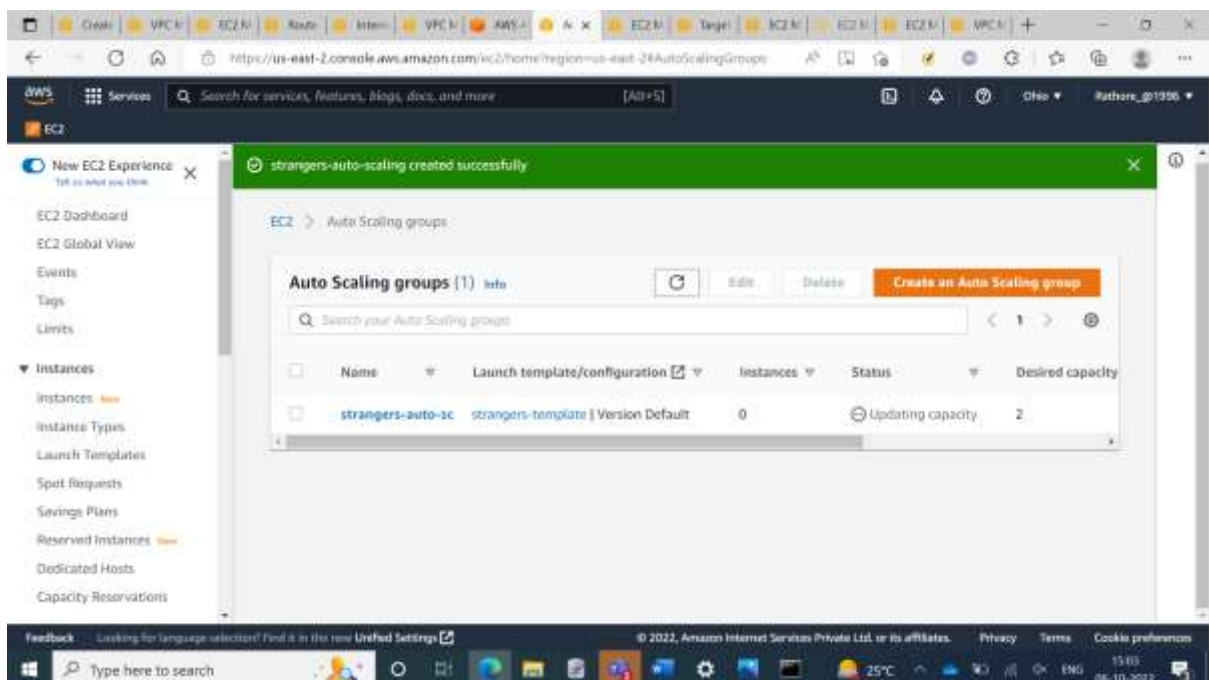
The screenshot shows the 'Create target group' page in the AWS Management Console. A notification banner at the top states: 'New features for target groups are available only in the new experience. We are replacing this older experience for target groups with a new one. We will add new features and make improvements only to the new experience. To switch between the old and new experiences, use the New EC2 Experience toggle at the top of the left navigation pane.' Below the banner, there is a 'Create target group' button and an 'Actions' dropdown. A table lists the existing target groups.

Name	Port	Protocol	Target type	Load Balancer	VPC ID	Monitor
strangers-targetgroup	80	HTTP	instance		vpc-01e562afe7dcbdf6	

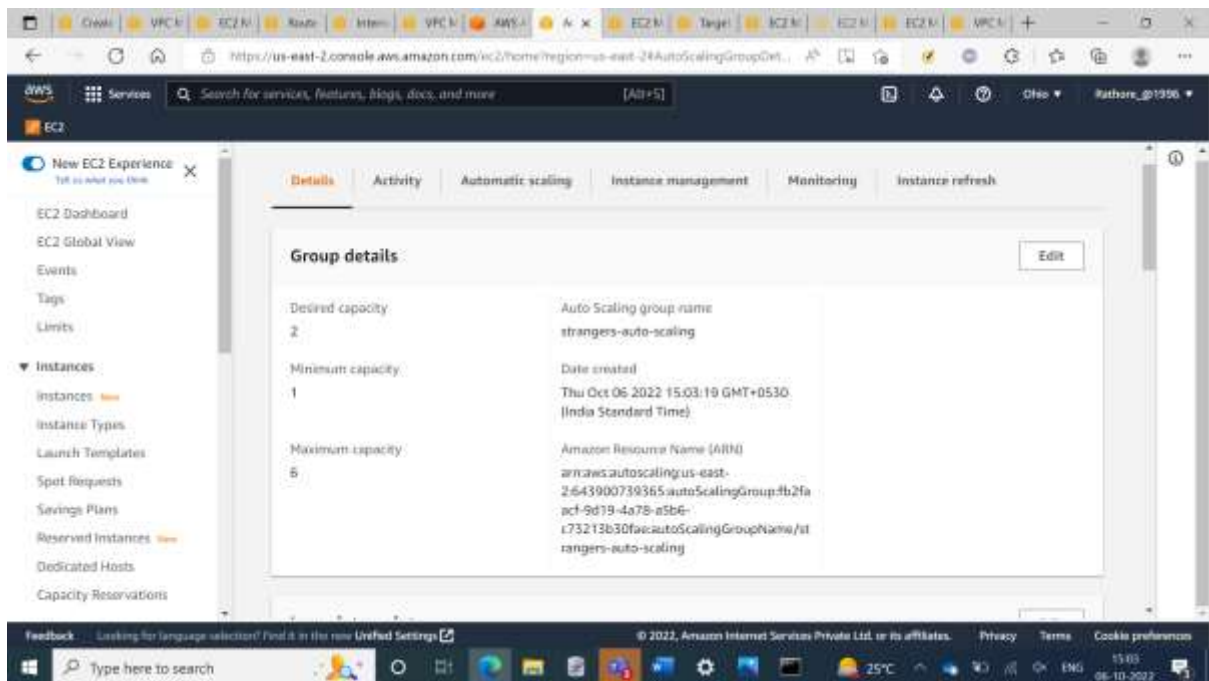
## Step 18: Load Balancer



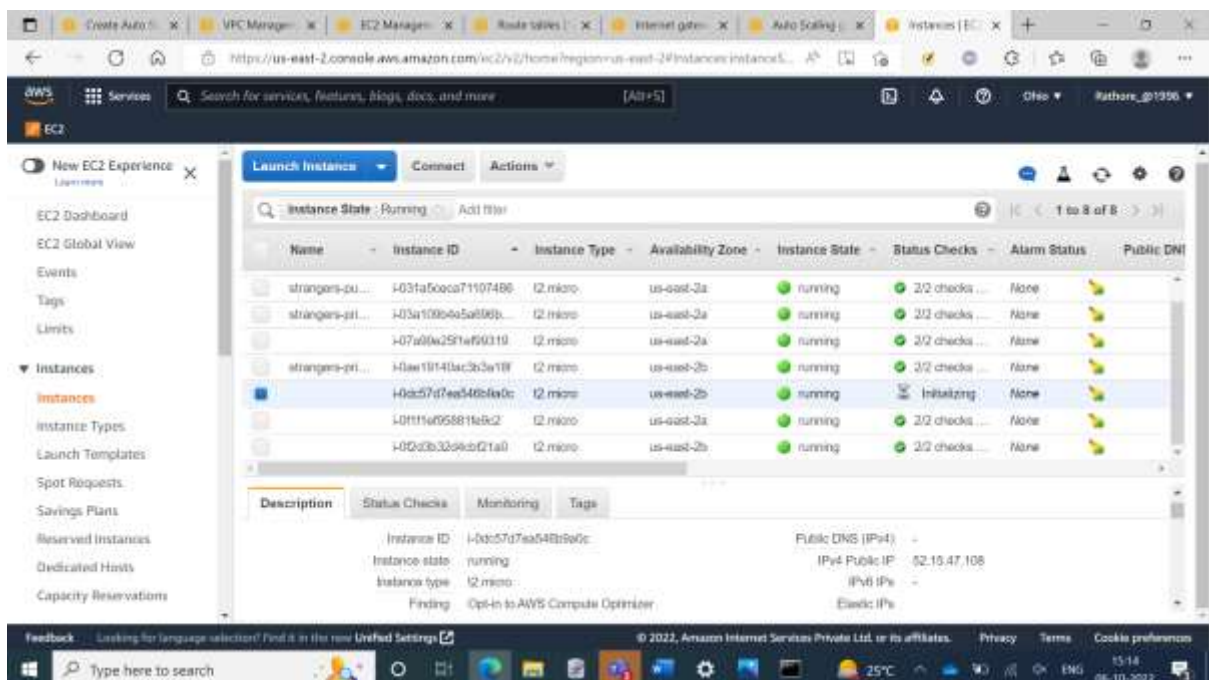
## Step 18: Auto Scaling group



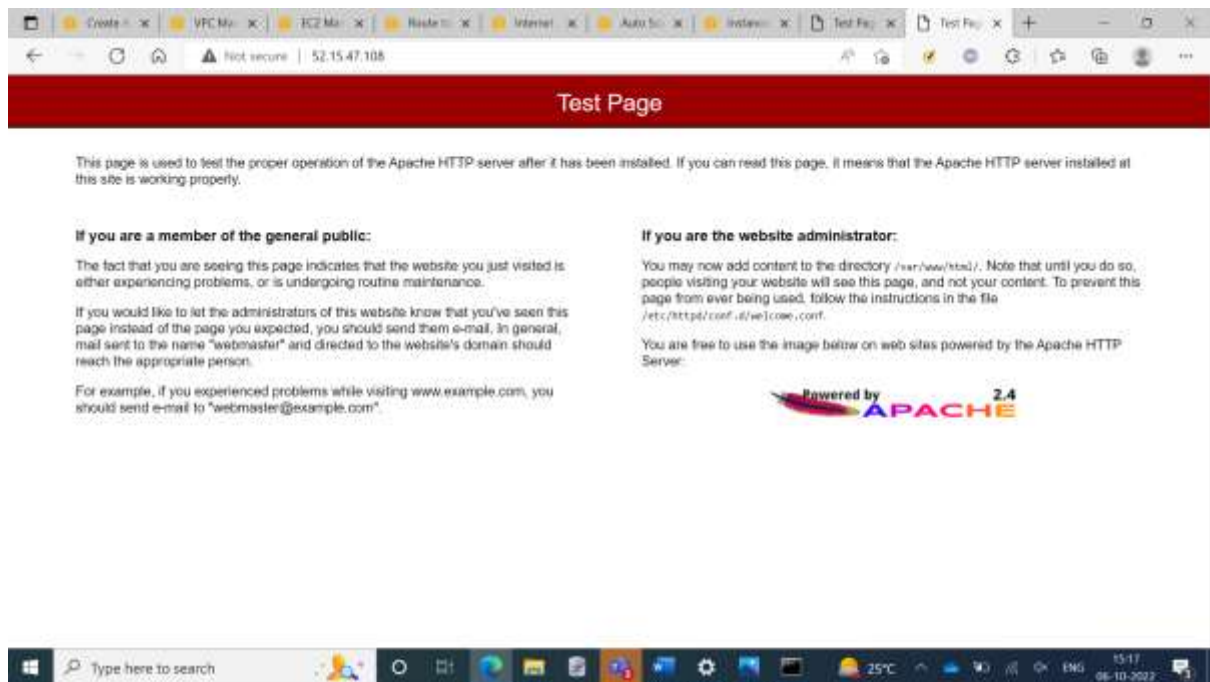
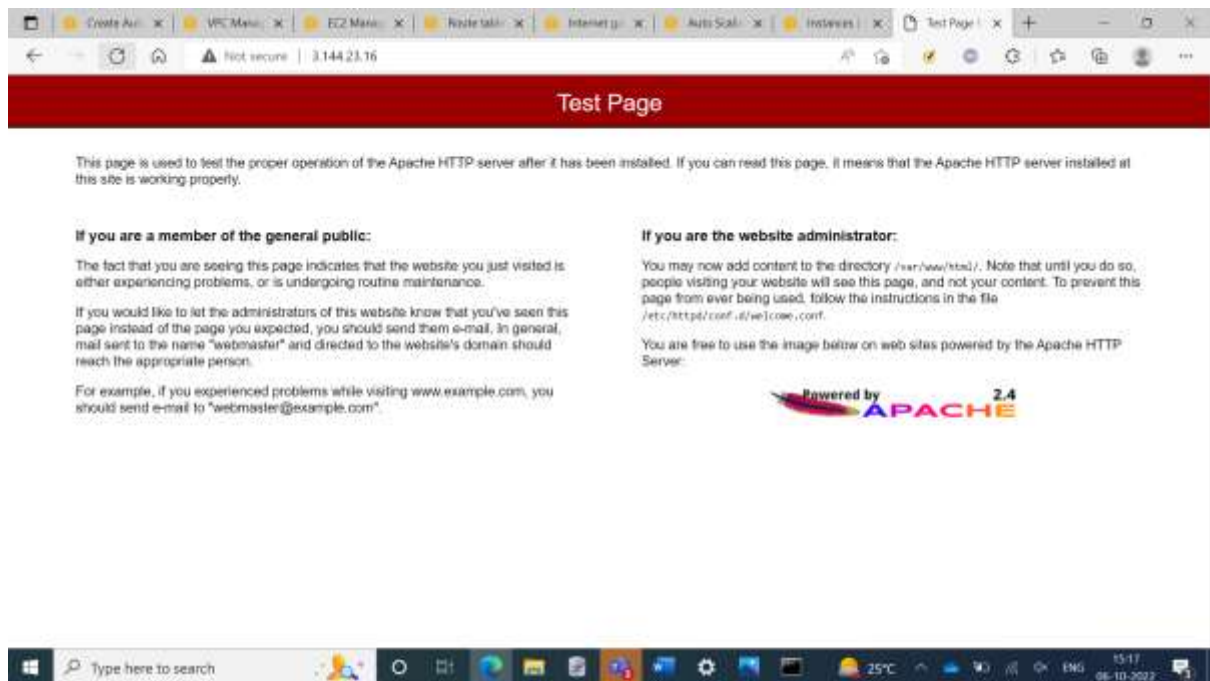
## Step 19: Auto Scaling group



## Step 20: Showing the Instances

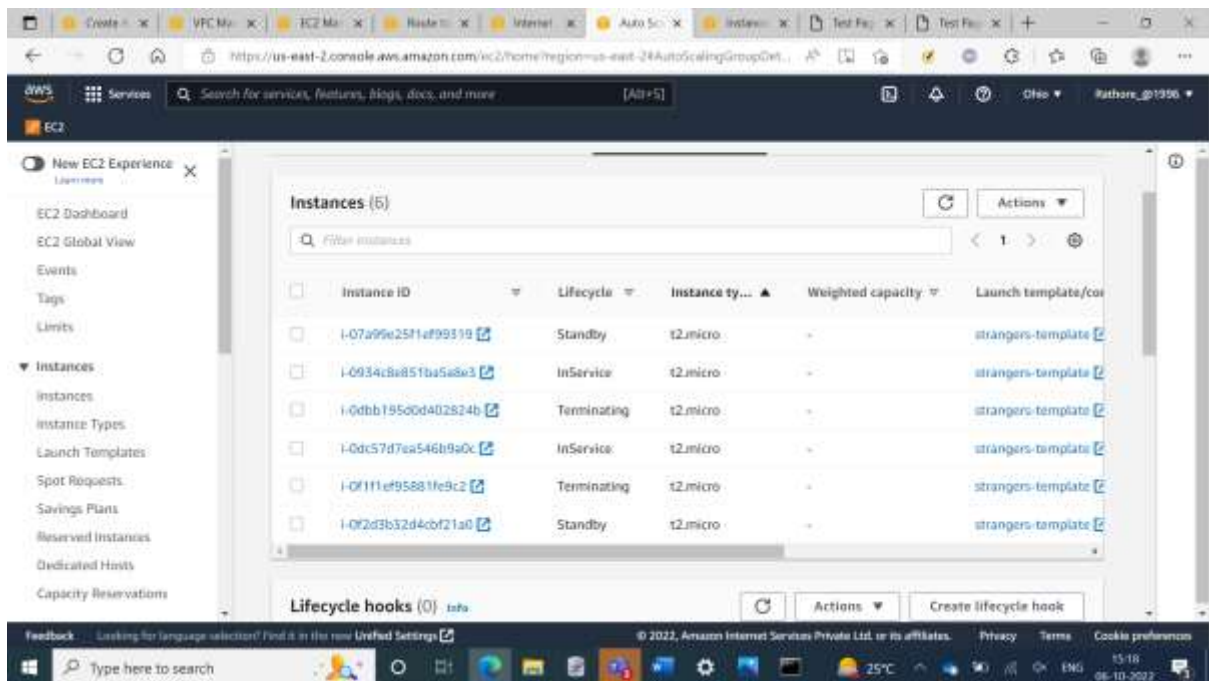


## Step 21: Testing the Auto Scaling

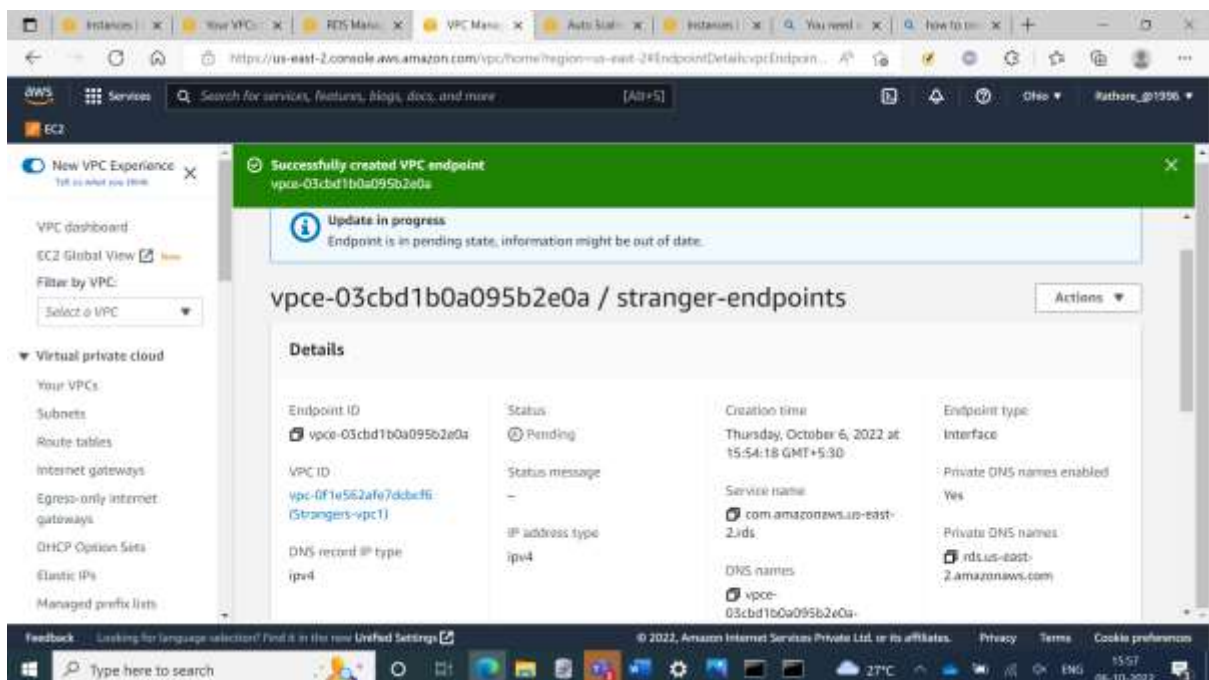




## Step 22: Showing the Auto Scaling

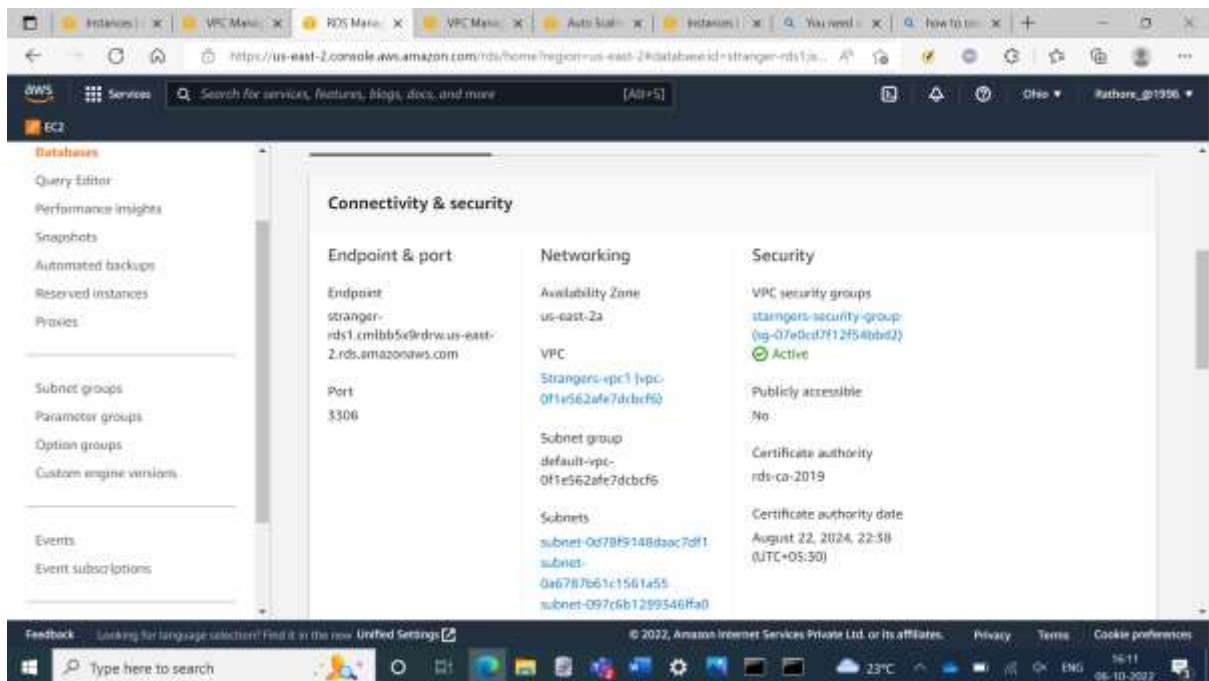


## Step 23: Created Endpoints

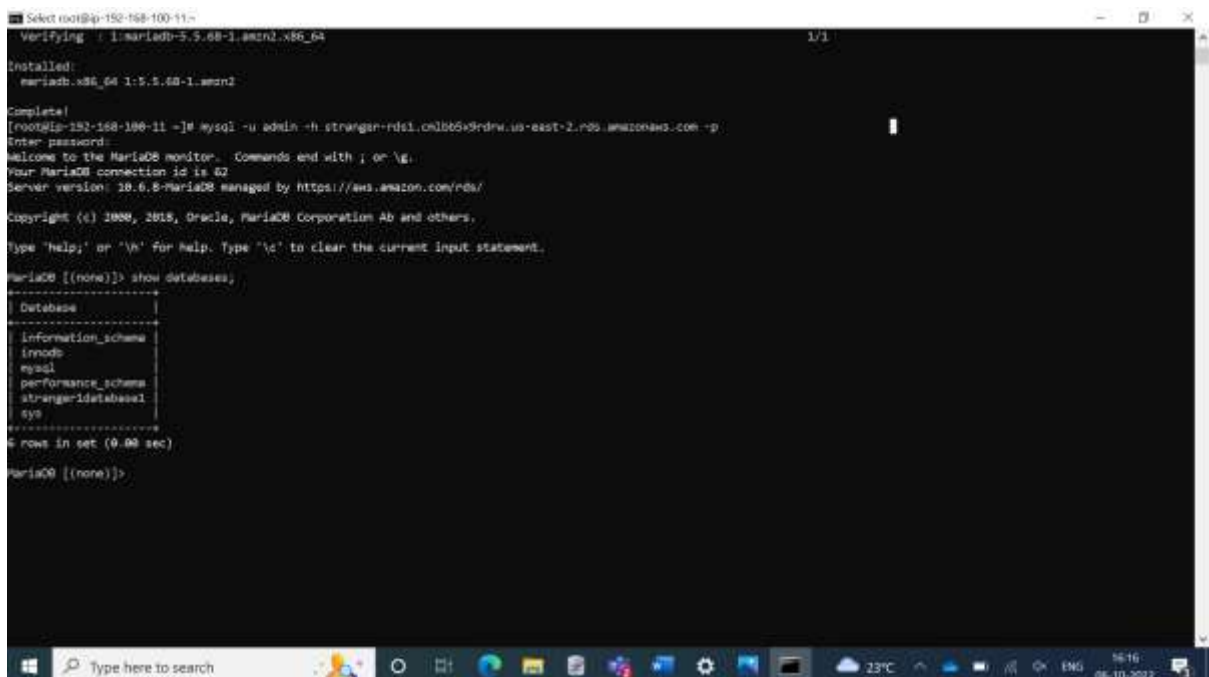




## Step 24: Created RDS



## Step 25: Connected RDS with EC2 Instances



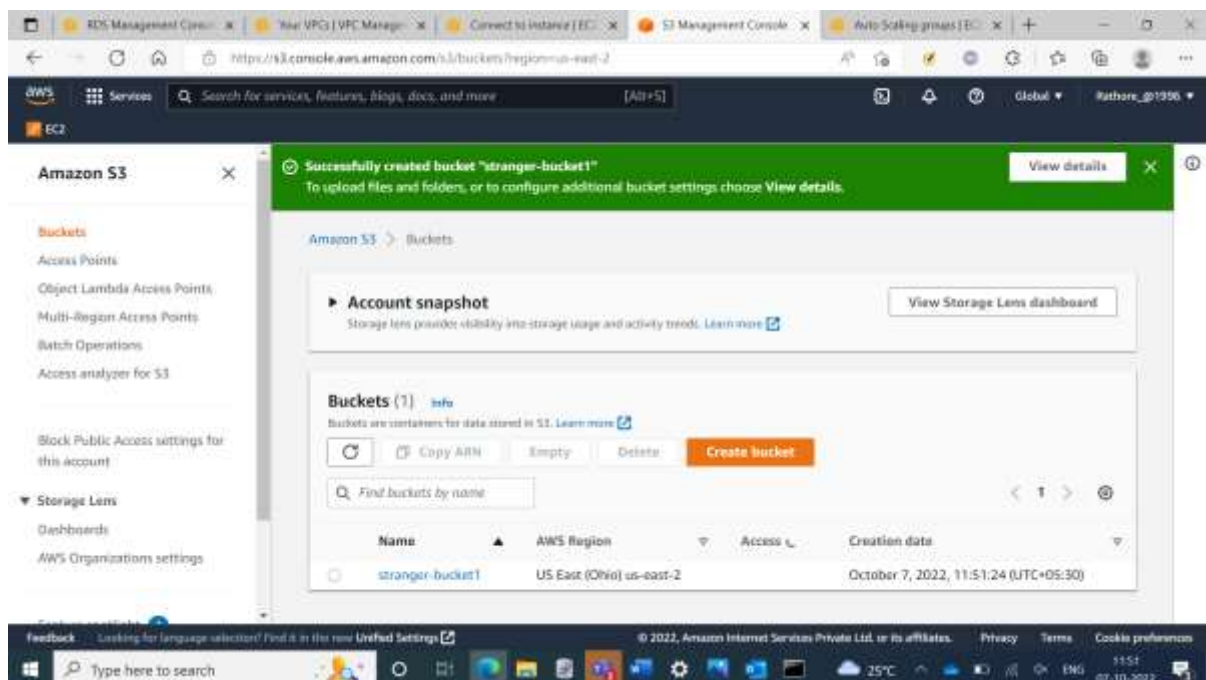
## Step 26: Showing the database

```
root@ip-192-168-100-45:~#
Total download size: 8.8 M
Installed size: 48 M
Is this ok [y/d/N]: y
Downloading packages:
mariadb-5.5.68-1.amzn2.x86_64.rpm
Running transaction check
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded
Running transaction
Installing : 1:mariadb-5.5.68-1.amzn2.x86_64
Verifying : 1:mariadb-5.5.68-1.amzn2.x86_64
Installed:
mariadb.x86_64 1:5.5.68-1.amzn2
Complete!
[root@ip-192-168-100-45 ~]# mysql -u admin -h strangers-db.c1bb5c3dru.us-east-2.rds.amazonaws.com -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MariaDB monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MariaDB connection id is 38
Server version: 10.6.8-MariaDB managed by https://aws.amazon.com/rds/
Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle, MariaDB Corporation Ab and others.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

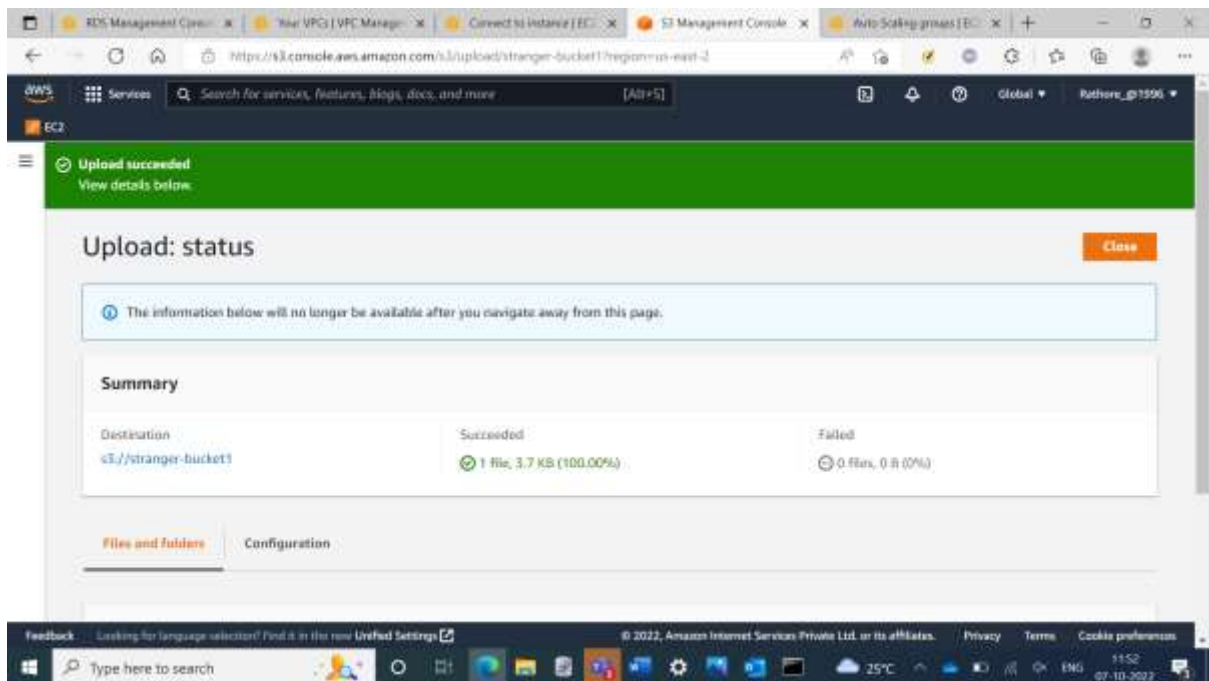
MariaDB [(none)]> show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| information_schema |
| innodb |
| mysql |
| performance_schema |
| strangers_database |
| sys |
+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

MariaDB [(none)]>
```

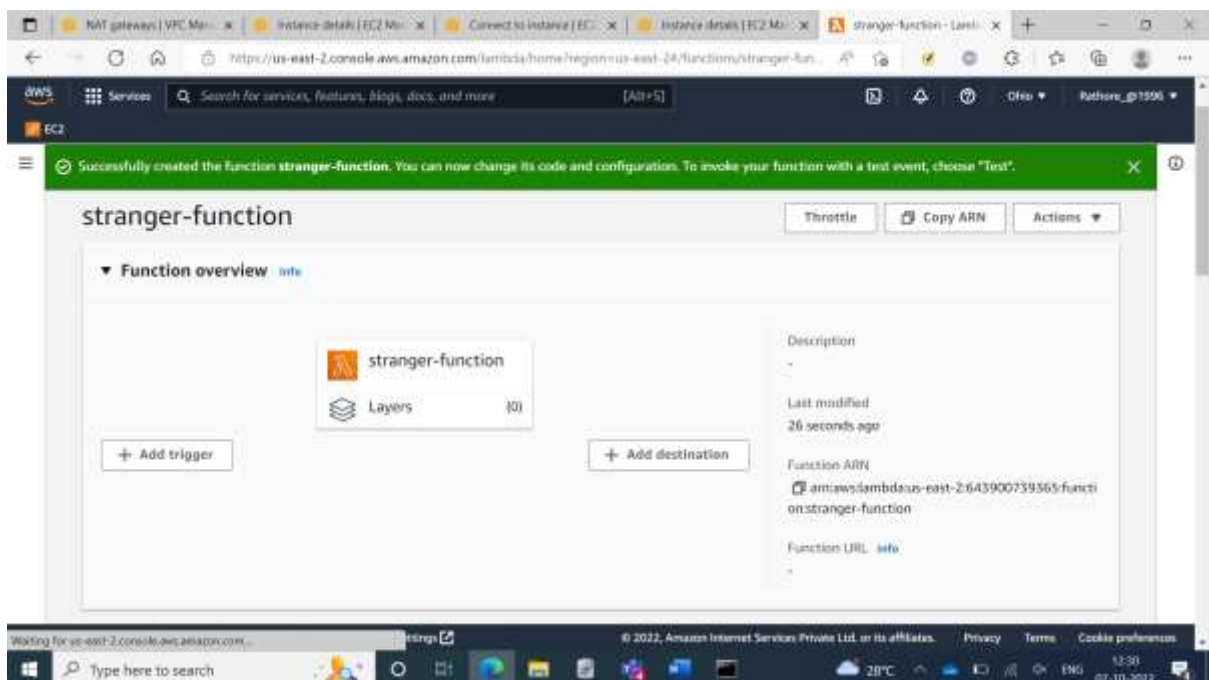
## Step 27: Created S3 bucket for mounting



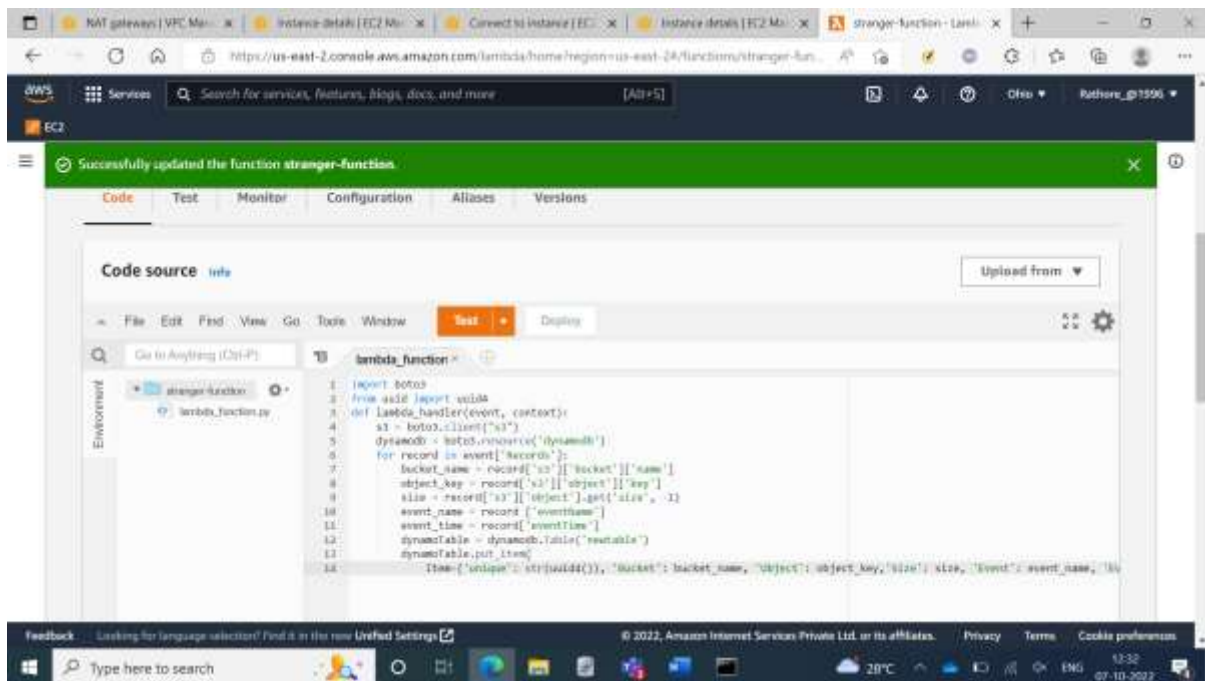
## Step 28: uploaded a file in S3 bucket



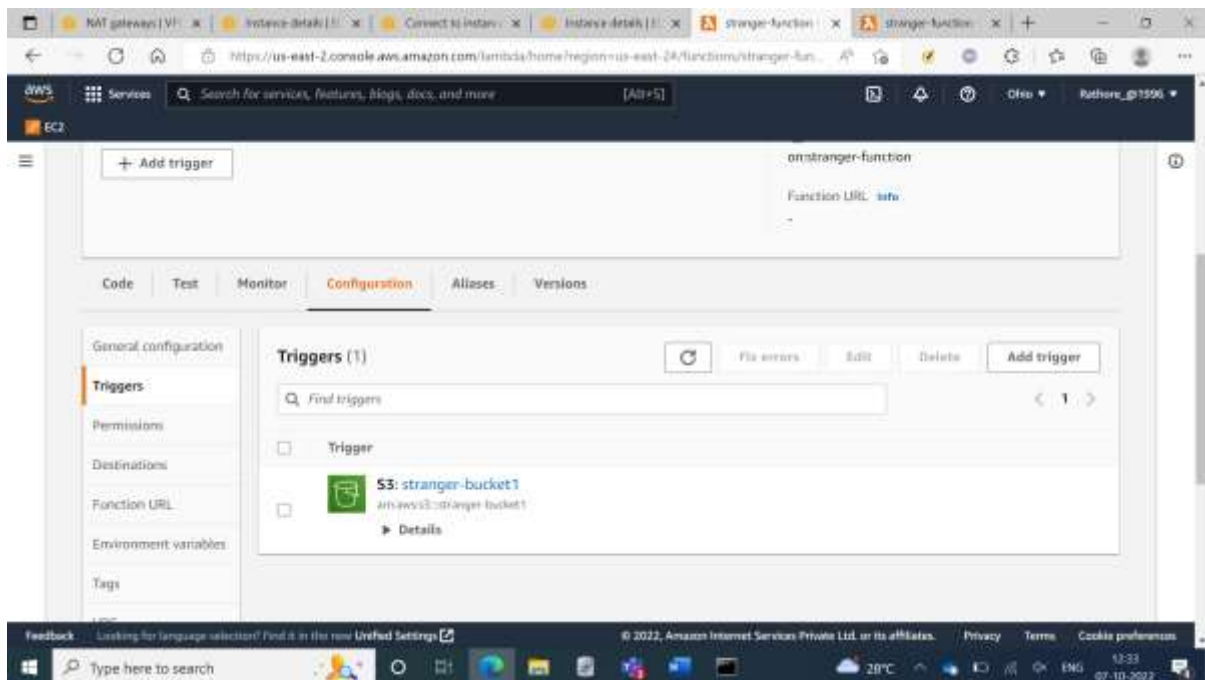
## Step 29: Created a Lambda function



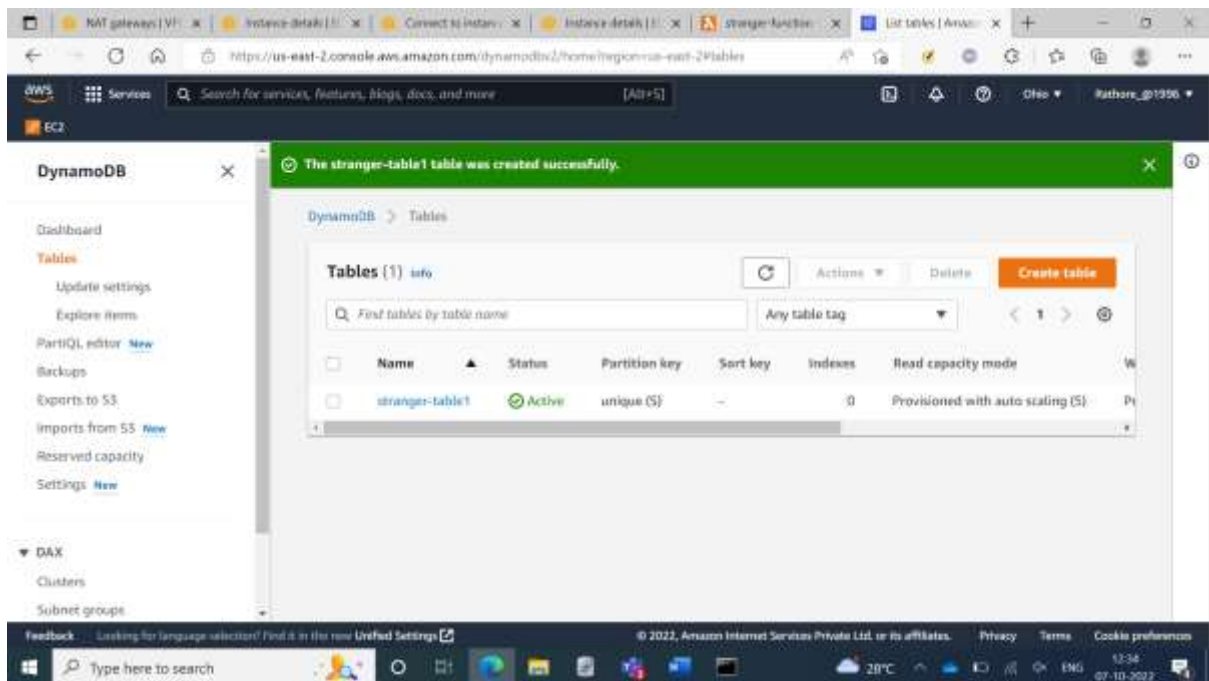
### Step 30: Deploying a code in lambda function



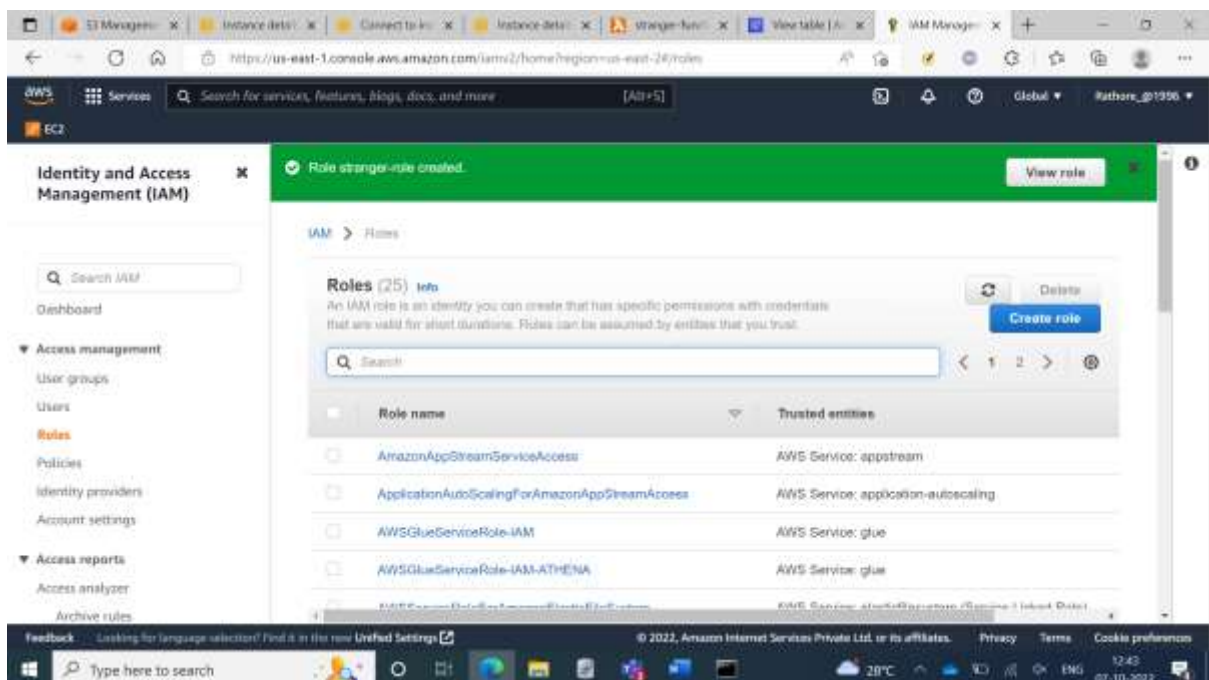
### Step 31: Triggering S3 bucket in lambda function



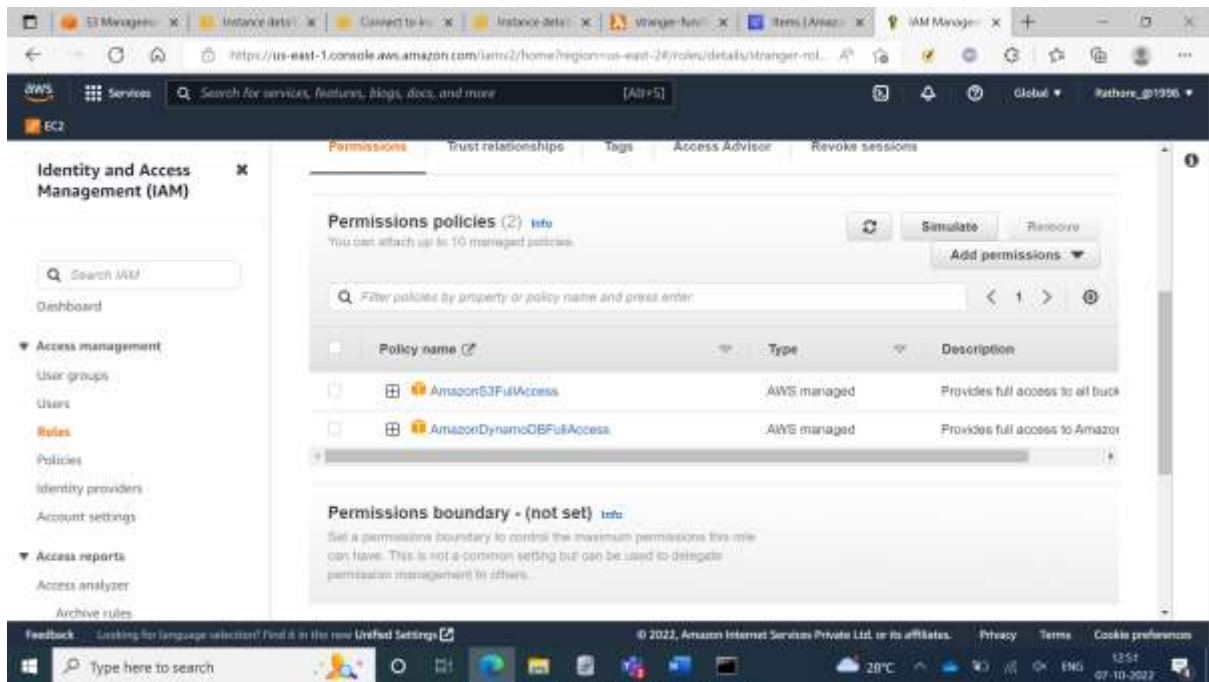
## Step 32: DynamoDB Table



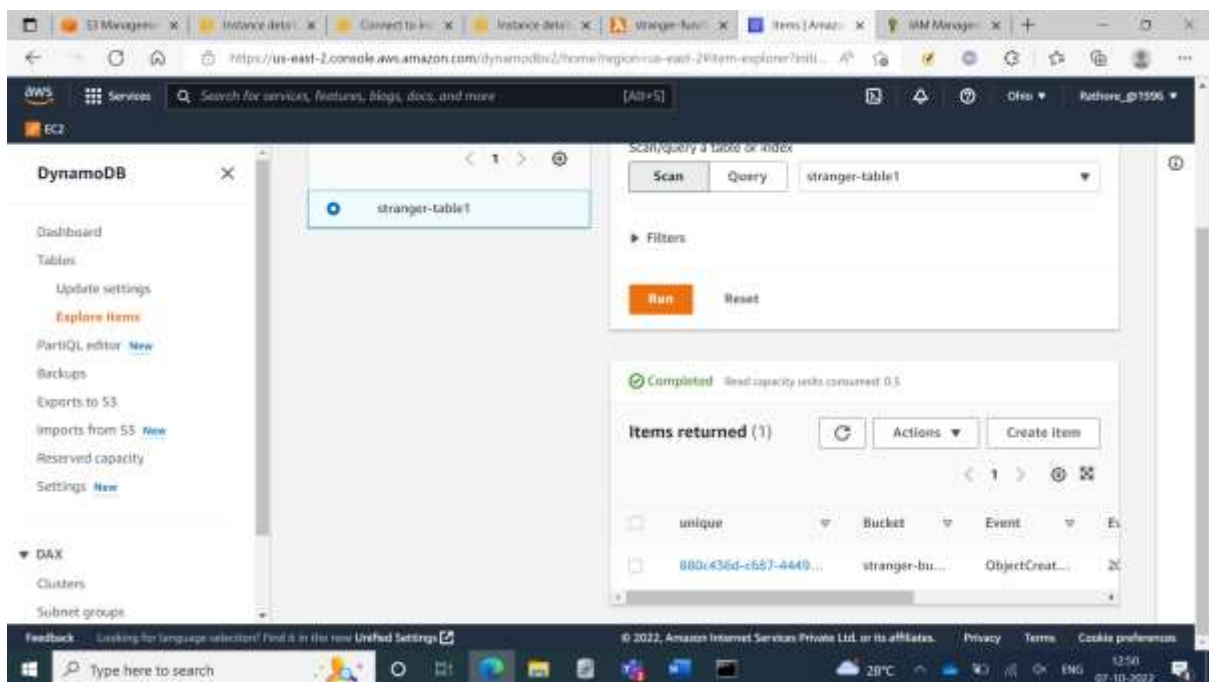
## Step 33: Applying the roles for DynamoDB



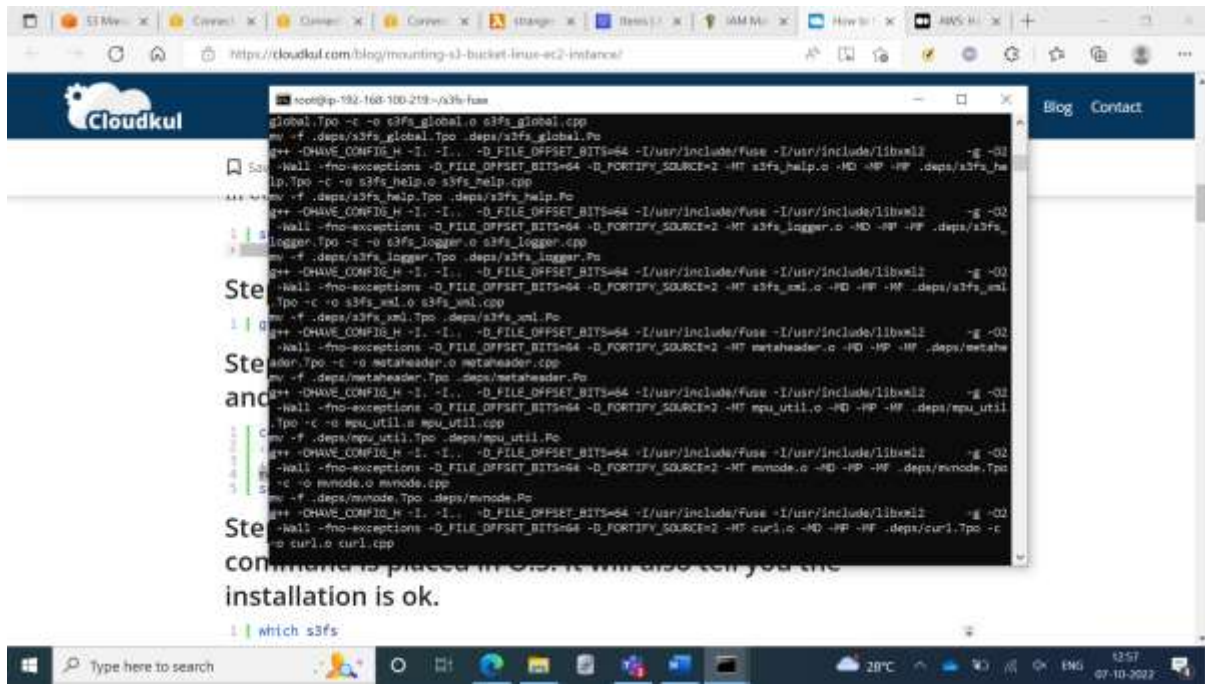




### Step 34: Showing the files of S3 bucket in DynamoDB table

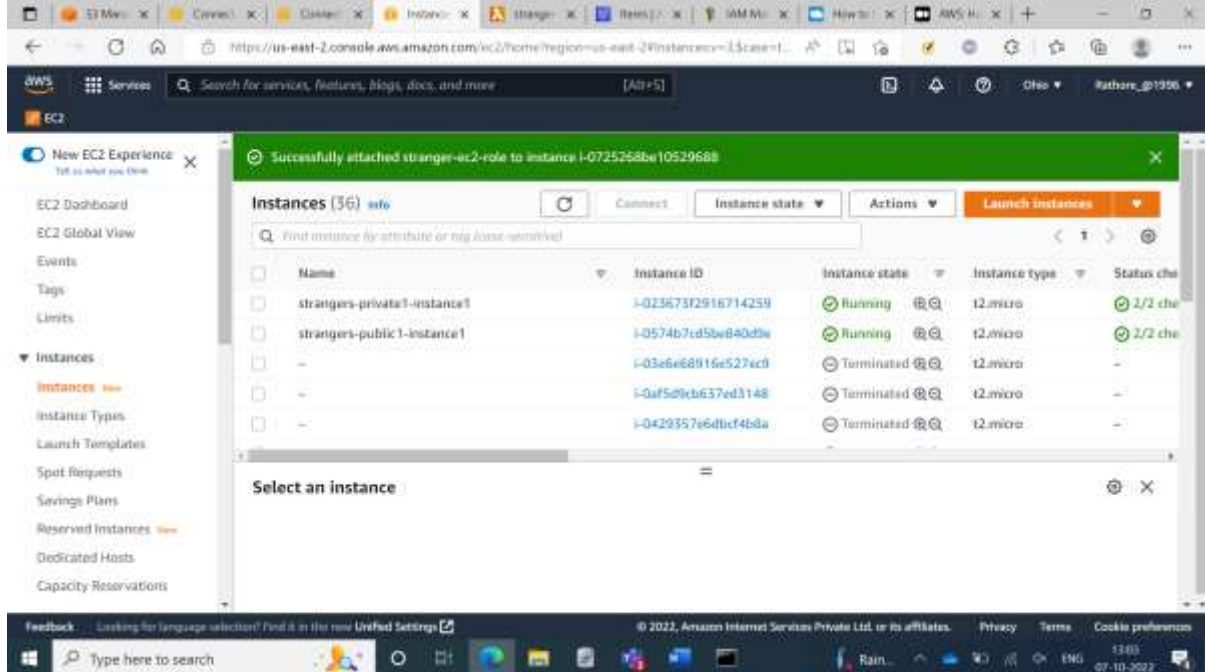


### Step 35: Installing the dependencies in EC2 Instance for mounting the instance with S3 bucket



```
root@ip-192-168-100-219:~/s3fs-fuse
g++ global.Tpo -c -o s3fs_global.o s3fs_global.cpp
mv -f .deps/s3fs_global.Tpo .deps/s3fs_global.o
g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -I/usr/include/fuse -I/usr/include/libxml2 -g -O2 -Wall -fno-exceptions -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -D_PORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -MT s3fs_help.o -MD -MP -MF .deps/s3fs_help.Tpo -c -o s3fs_help.o s3fs_help.cpp
mv -f .deps/s3fs_help.Tpo .deps/s3fs_help.o
g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -I/usr/include/fuse -I/usr/include/libxml2 -g -O2 -Wall -fno-exceptions -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -D_PORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -MT s3fs_logger.o -MD -MP -MF .deps/s3fs_logger.Tpo -c -o s3fs_logger.o s3fs_logger.cpp
mv -f .deps/s3fs_logger.Tpo .deps/s3fs_logger.o
g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -I/usr/include/fuse -I/usr/include/libxml2 -g -O2 -Wall -fno-exceptions -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -D_PORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -MT s3fs_wal.o -MD -MP -MF .deps/s3fs_wal.Tpo -c -o s3fs_wal.o s3fs_wal.cpp
mv -f .deps/s3fs_wal.Tpo .deps/s3fs_wal.o
g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -I/usr/include/fuse -I/usr/include/libxml2 -g -O2 -Wall -fno-exceptions -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -D_PORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -MT metaheader.o -MD -MP -MF .deps/metaheader.Tpo -c -o metaheader.o metaheader.cpp
mv -f .deps/metaheader.Tpo .deps/metaheader.o
g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -I/usr/include/fuse -I/usr/include/libxml2 -g -O2 -Wall -fno-exceptions -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -D_PORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -MT mp_util.o -MD -MP -MF .deps/mp_util.Tpo -c -o mp_util.o mp_util.cpp
mv -f .deps/mp_util.Tpo .deps/mp_util.o
g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -I/usr/include/fuse -I/usr/include/libxml2 -g -O2 -Wall -fno-exceptions -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -D_PORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -MT mmio.o -MD -MP -MF .deps/mmio.Tpo -c -o mmio.o mmio.cpp
mv -f .deps/mmio.Tpo .deps/mmio.o
g++ -DHAVE_CONFIG_H -I. -I. -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -I/usr/include/fuse -I/usr/include/libxml2 -g -O2 -Wall -fno-exceptions -D_FILE_OFFSET_BITS=64 -D_PORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -MT curl.o -MD -MP -MF .deps/curl.Tpo -c -o curl.o curl.cpp
```

which s3fs



Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status checks
strangers-private1-instance1	i-023673f2916714259	running	t2.micro	2/2 checks successful
strangers-public1-instance1	i-0574b7cd5be840d9e	running	t2.micro	2/2 checks successful
-	i-03e6e68916e527ecf	Terminated	t2.micro	-
-	i-0af5d9eb637ed3148	Terminated	t2.micro	-
-	i-0429357e6d1ef4b8a	Terminated	t2.micro	-

## Commands for mounting with the results

```
drwxr-xr-x 8 root root 4096 Oct  7 07:29 s3fs-fuse
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# s3fs
s3fs: missing BUCKET argument.
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# s3fs
s3fs: missing BUCKET argument.
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# mkdir -p /var/s3fs-demofs
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 8 root root 4096 Oct  7 07:29 s3fs-fuse
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 8 root root 4096 Oct  7 07:29 s3fs-fuse
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# mkdir sir
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# mkdir stranger
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 8 root root 4096 Oct  7 07:29 s3fs-fuse
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root  6 Oct  7 07:36 sir
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root  6 Oct  7 07:36 stranger
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# s3fs -o iam_role="stranger-ec2-role" stranger-bucket1
stranger
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# df -h
Filesystem      Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on
devtmpfs        474M   0 474M   0% /dev
tmpfs           483M   0 483M   0% /dev/shm
tmpfs           483M 444K 483M   1% /run
tmpfs           483M   0 483M   0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/xvda1      8.0G 1.9G 6.2G 23% /
tmpfs           97M   0 97M   0% /run/user/1000
s3fs            16E   0 16E   0% /root/stranger
```

```
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# cd stranger/
```

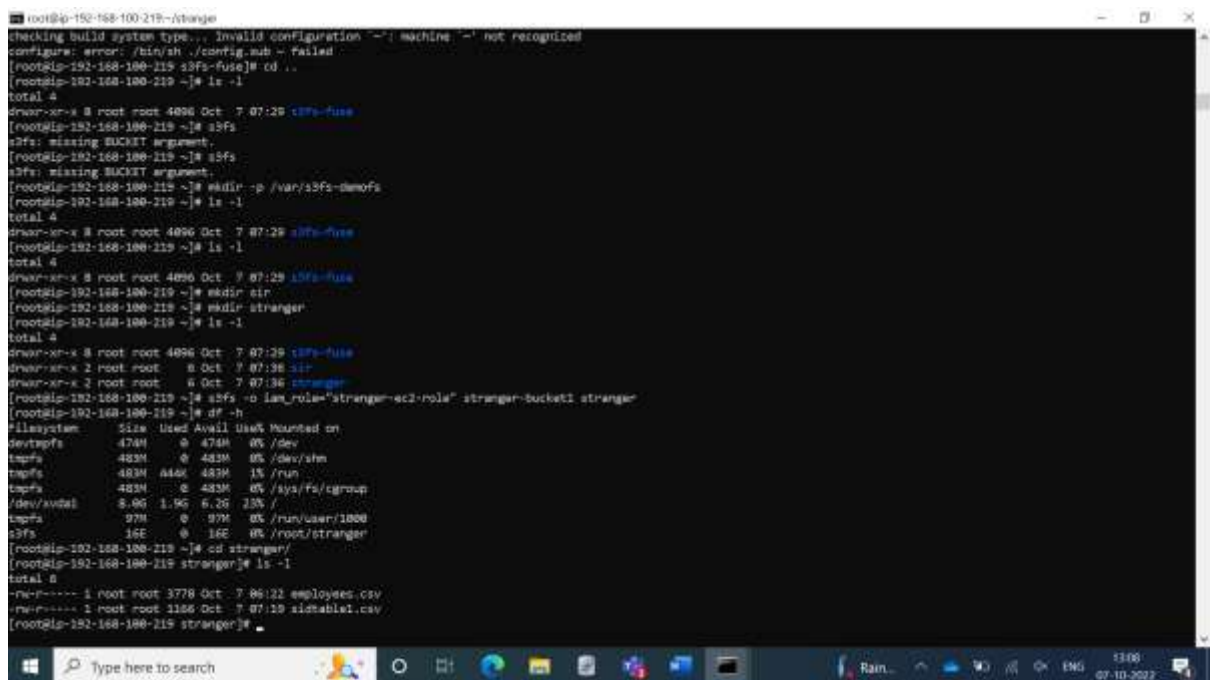
```
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 stranger]# ls -l
```

```
total 6
```

```
-rw-r----- 1 root root 3778 Oct  7 06:22 employees.csv
```

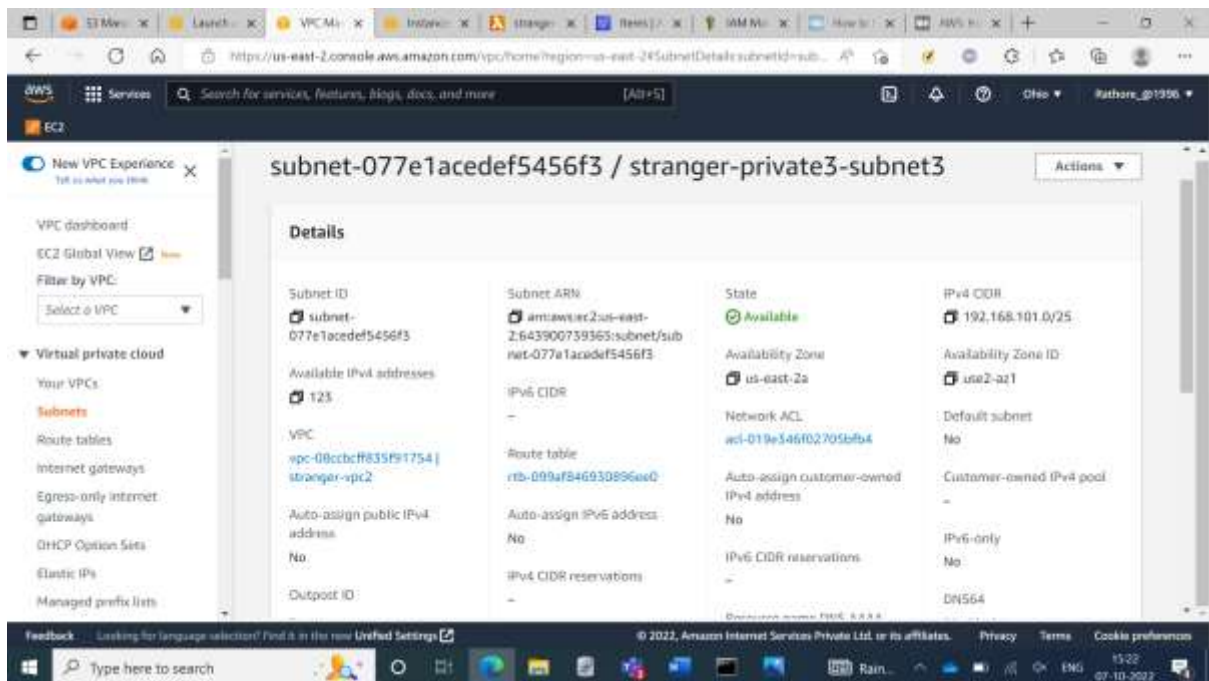
```
-rw-r----- 1 root root 1166 Oct  7 07:19 sidtable1.csv
```

### Step 36: S3 bucket mounted successfully with EC2 Instance



```
root@ip-192-168-100-219:~# cd /
Checking build system type... Invalid configuration -> machine "-l" not recognised
configure: error: /bin/sh ./config.sub - failed
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# cd ..
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Oct  7 07:25 s3fs-fuse
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# ls s3fs
s3fs: missing BUCKET argument.
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# ls s3fs
s3fs: missing BUCKET argument.
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# mkdir -p /var/s3fs-demos
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Oct  7 07:25 s3fs-fuse
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Oct  7 07:25 s3fs-fuse
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# mkdir s3r
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# mkdir stranger
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 Oct  7 07:25 s3fs-fuse
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root  8 Oct  7 07:36 s3r
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root  8 Oct  7 07:36 stranger
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# s3fs -o iam_role="stranger-ec2-role" stranger-bucket1 stranger
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# df -h
Filesystem      Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on
devtmpfs        476M   0  476M   0% /dev
tmpfs           483M   0  483M   0% /dev/shm
tmpfs           483M 444K  483M   1% /run
tmpfs           483M   0  483M   0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/xvda1      8.0G  1.9G  6.2G  23% /
tmpfs           27M   0  27M   0% /run/user/1000
s3fs            16G   0  16G   0% /root/stranger
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 ~]# cd stranger/
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 stranger]# ls -l
total 6
-rw-r----- 1 root root 3778 Oct  7 06:22 employees.csv
-rw-r----- 1 root root 1166 Oct  7 07:19 sidtable1.csv
[root@ip-192-168-100-219 stranger]#
```

### Step 37: Created 2 more private subnets for VPC-2

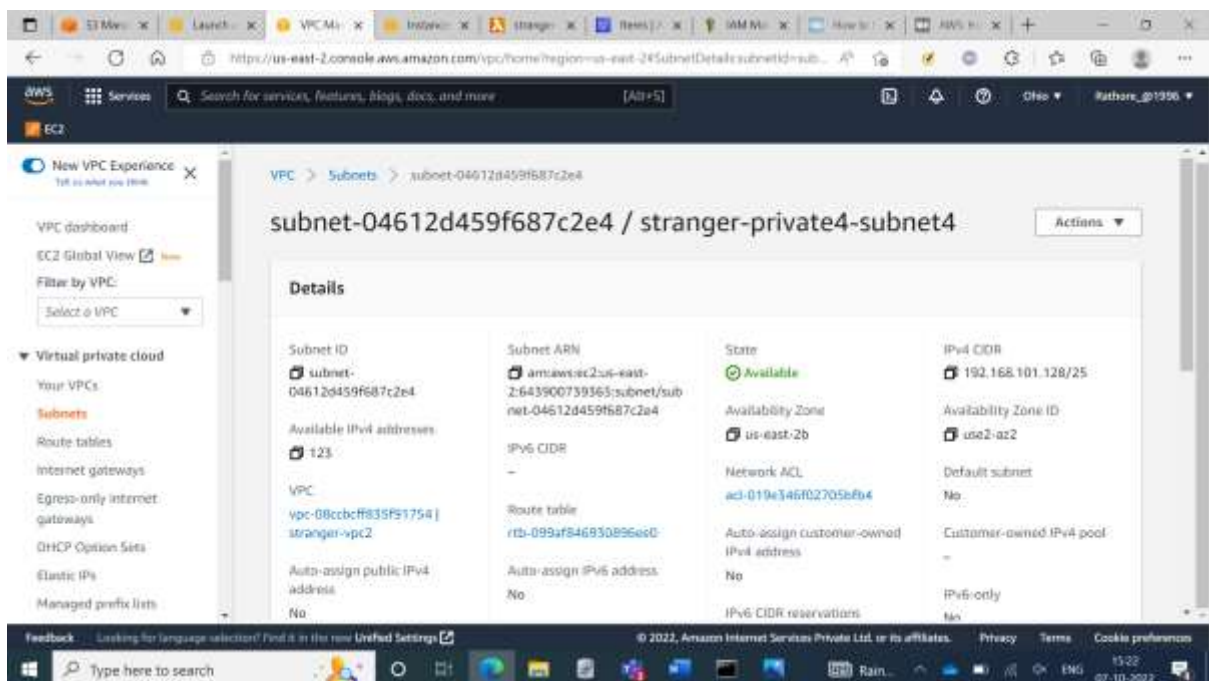


The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console interface for the subnet-077e1acedef5456f3, also known as stranger-private3-subnet3. The console shows the following details:

Subnet ID	Subnet ARN	State	IPv4 CIDR
subnet-077e1acedef5456f3	arn:aws:ec2:us-east-2:643900739363:subnet/subnet-077e1acedef5456f3	Available	192.168.101.0/25

Additional details include:

- Available IPv4 addresses: 123
- IPv6 CIDR: -
- VPC: vpc-08ccbf835f91754 | stranger-vpc2
- Route table: rtb-099af846930896ee0
- Auto-assign public IPv4 address: No
- Auto-assign IPv6 address: No
- IPv6 CIDR reservations: -
- Outpost ID: -
- Availability Zone: us-east-2a
- Network ACL: acl-019e346f02705bfb4
- Auto-assign customer-owned IPv4 address: No
- IPv6-only: No
- Default subnet: No
- Customer-owned IPv4 pool: -
- DNS54: -



The screenshot displays the AWS Management Console interface for the subnet-04612d459f687c2e4, also known as stranger-private4-subnet4. The console shows the following details:

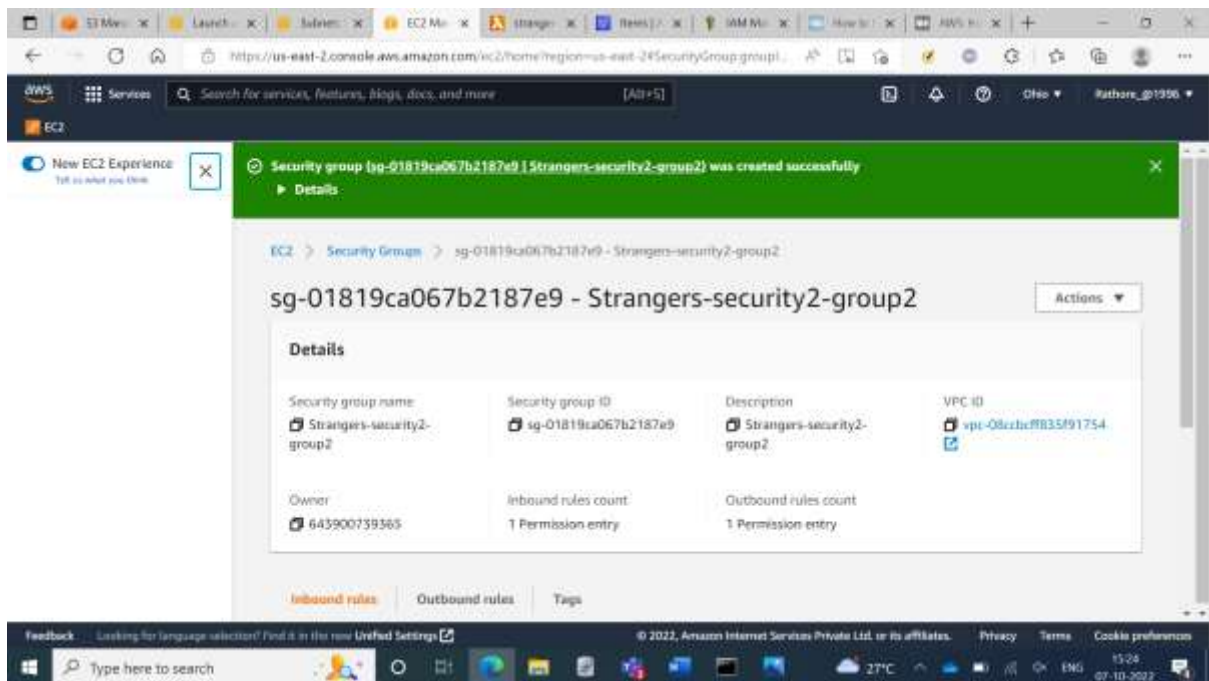
Subnet ID	Subnet ARN	State	IPv4 CIDR
subnet-04612d459f687c2e4	arn:aws:ec2:us-east-2:643900739363:subnet/subnet-04612d459f687c2e4	Available	192.168.101.128/25

Additional details include:

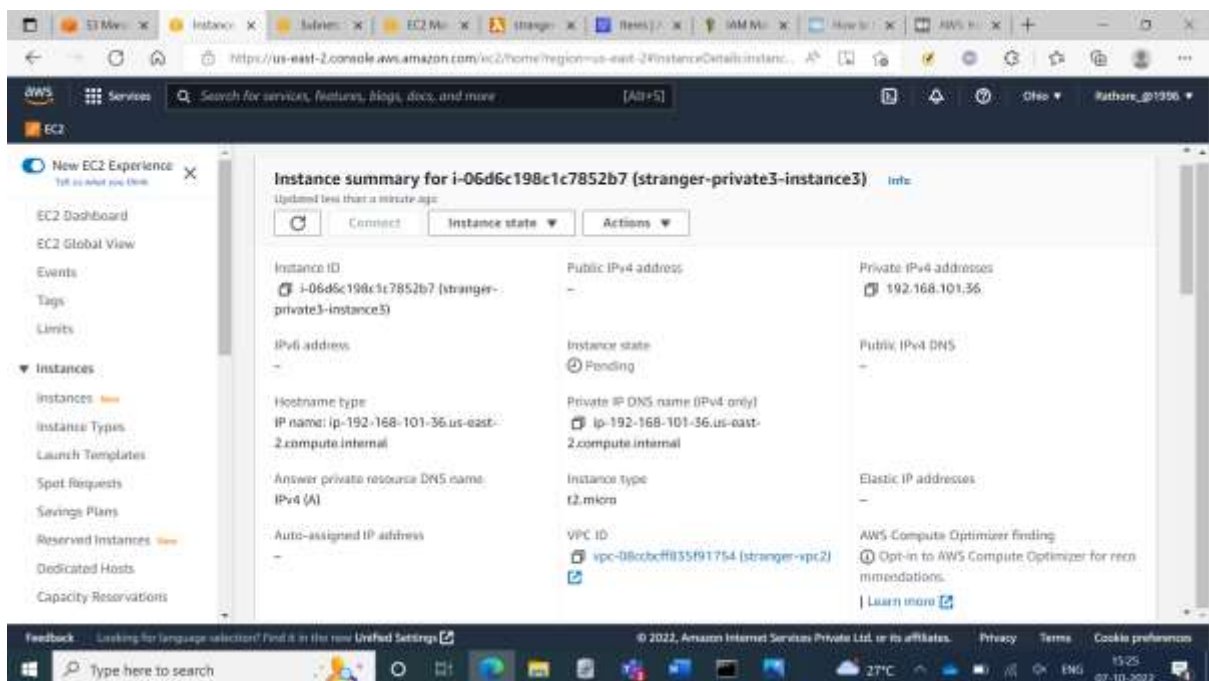
- Available IPv4 addresses: 123
- IPv6 CIDR: -
- VPC: vpc-08ccbf835f91754 | stranger-vpc2
- Route table: rtb-099af846930896ee0
- Auto-assign public IPv4 address: No
- Auto-assign IPv6 address: No
- IPv6 CIDR reservations: -
- Availability Zone: us-east-2b
- Network ACL: acl-019e346f02705bfb4
- Auto-assign customer-owned IPv4 address: No
- IPv6-only: No
- Default subnet: No
- Customer-owned IPv4 pool: -
- DNS54: -



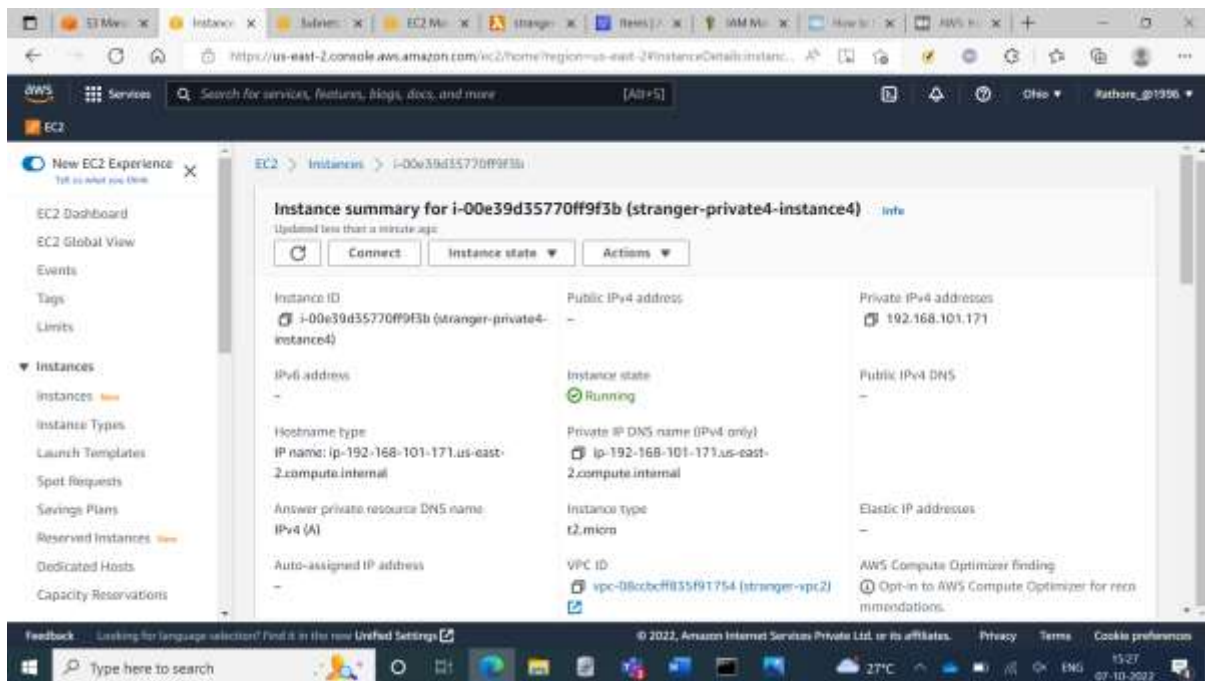
### Step 38: Created Security group forVPC-2



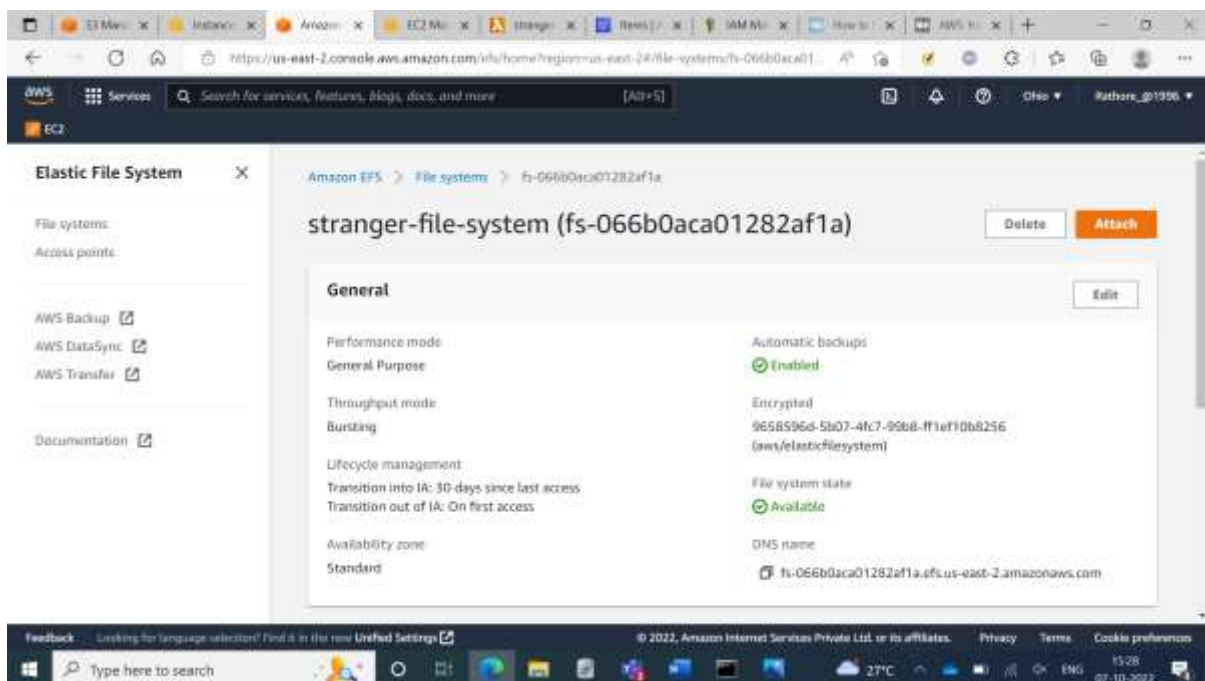
### Step 39: Private Instance1 for VPC2



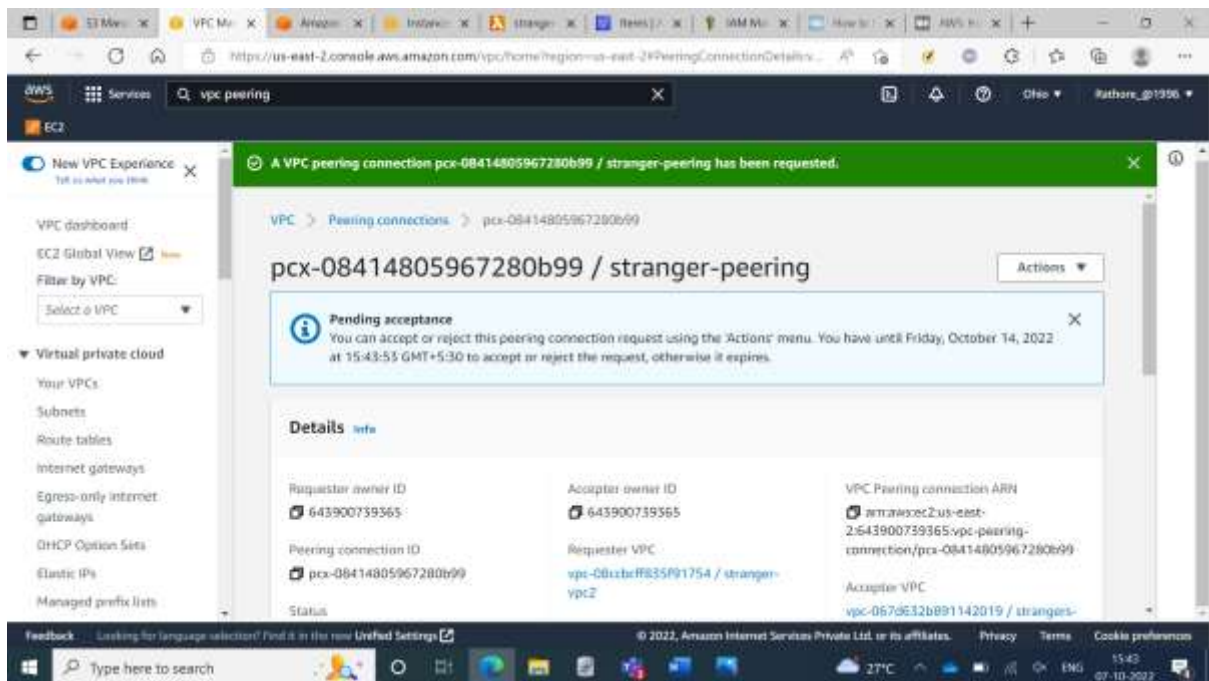
### Step 39: Private Instance2 for VPC2



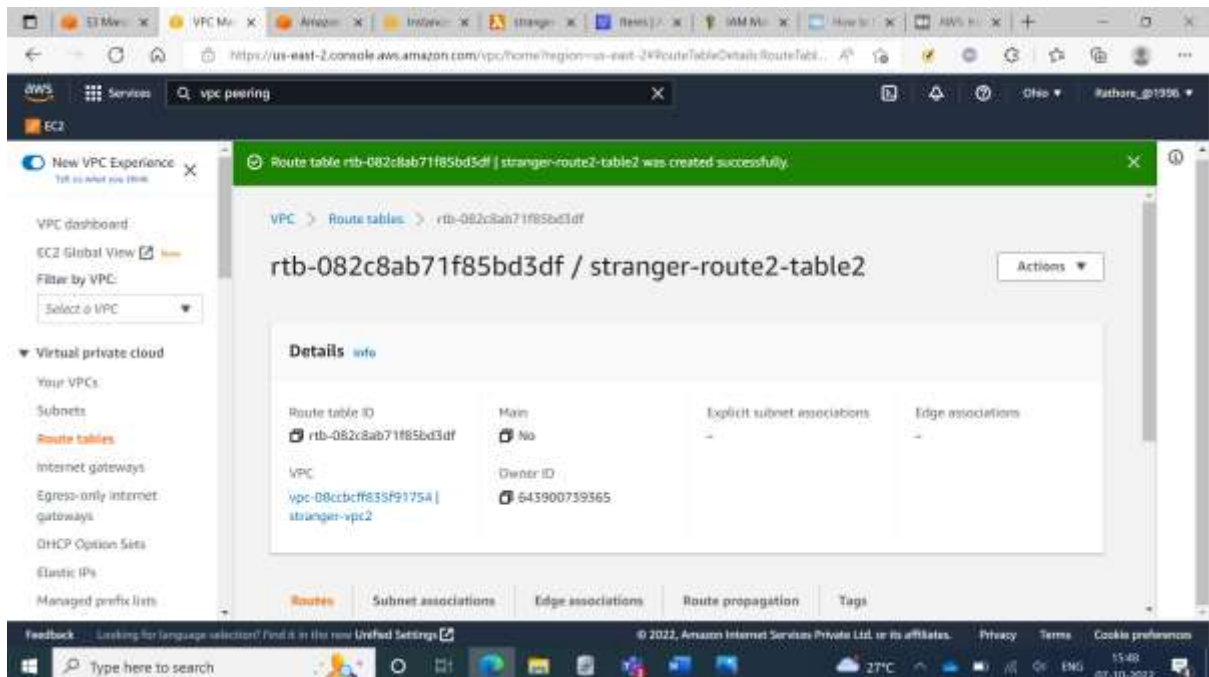
### Step 40: Created EFS (Elastic File System)



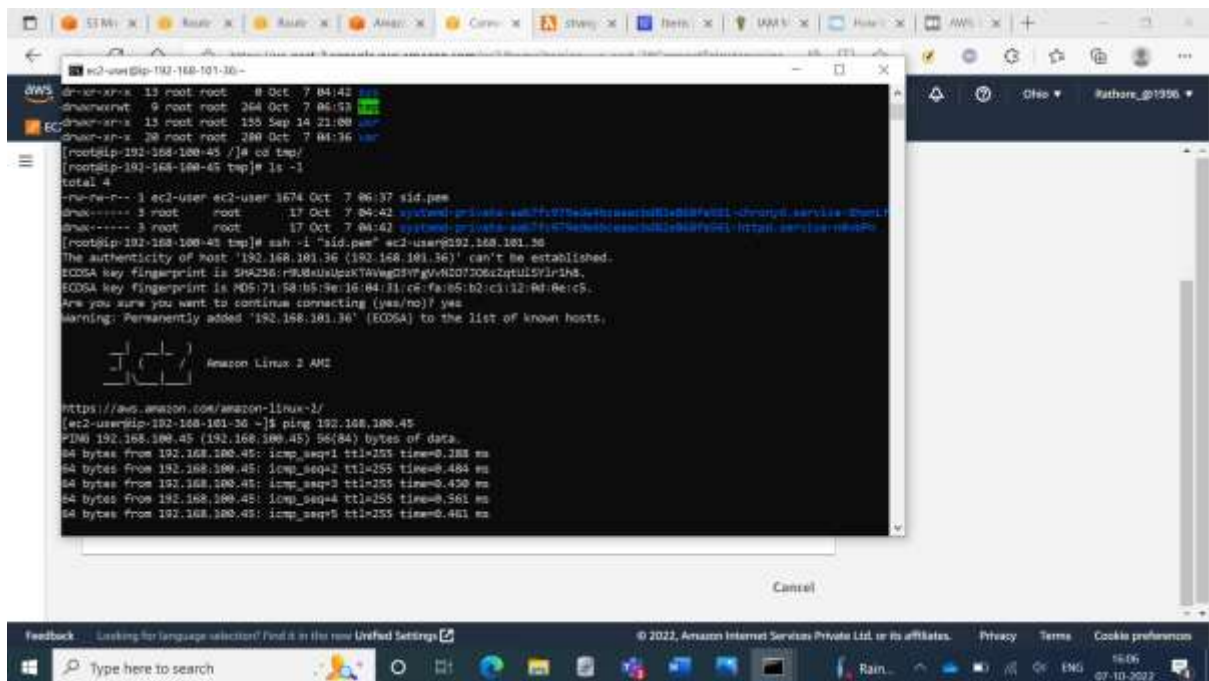
**Step 41:** Created peering between two VPC's i.e VPC1 & VPC2



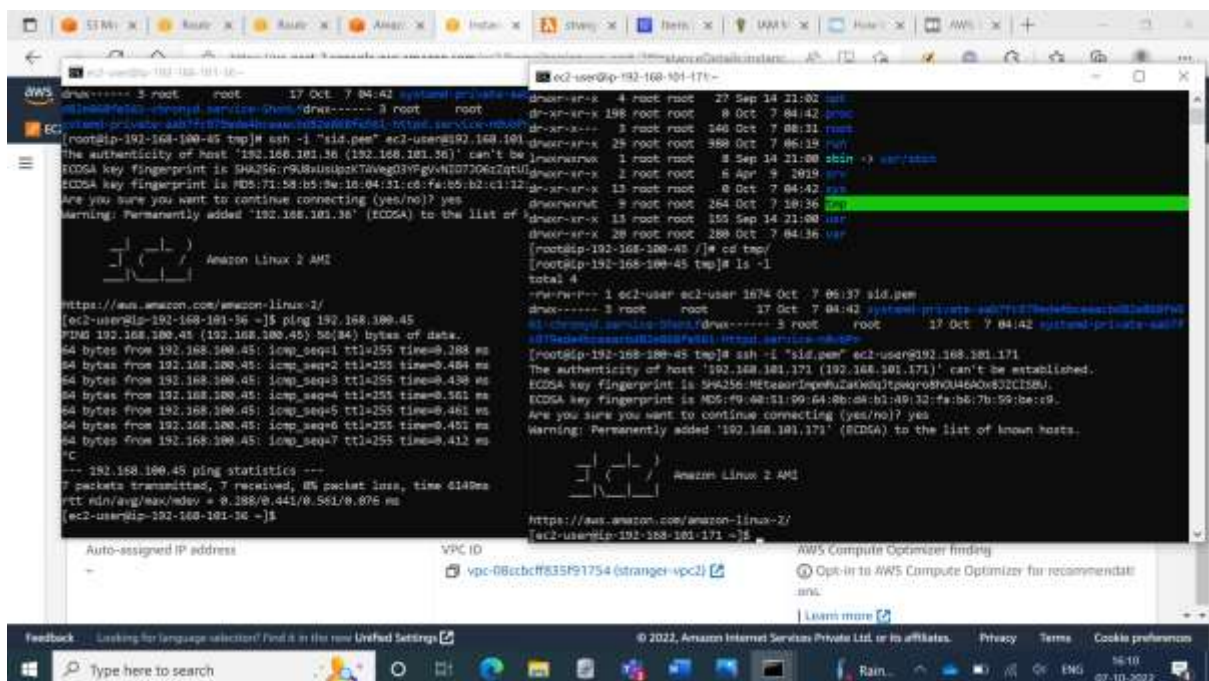
### Step 42: Created route table for VPC2



### Step 43: Pinging the VPC2's private EC2 Instance to VPC1's EC2 Instance



### Step 44: By Going inside of VPC1 EC2 Instance, connecting the VPC2 private EC2 Instance



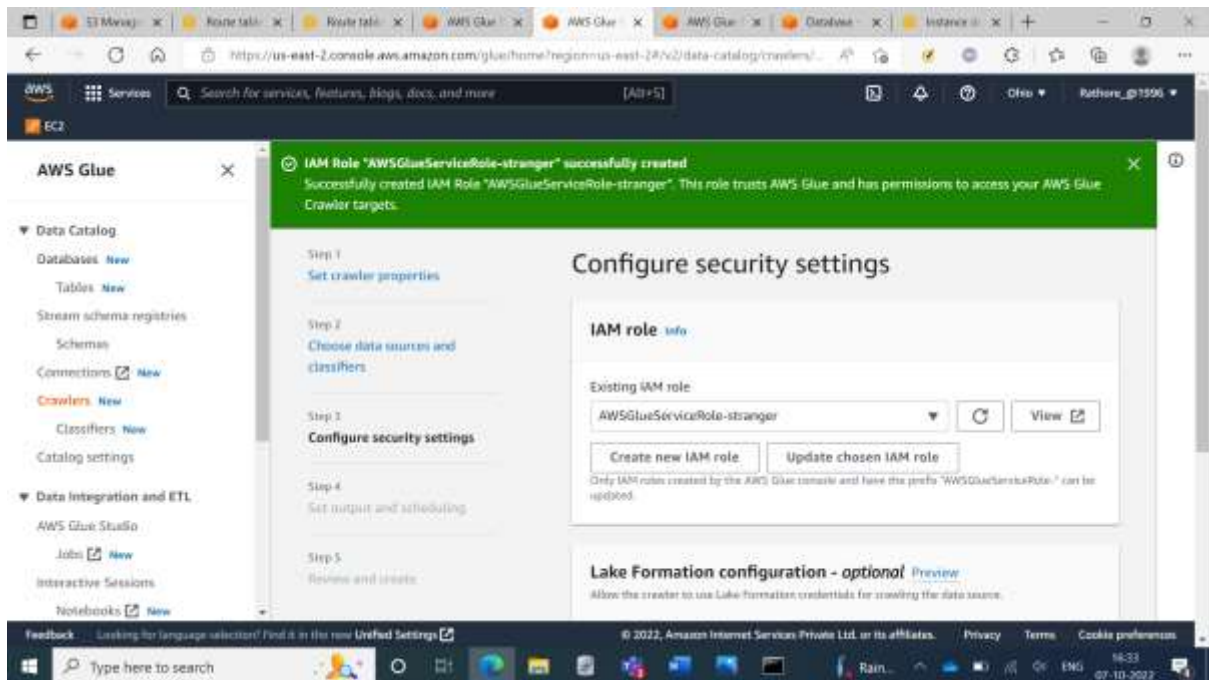


#### Step 45: Copied the .pem file

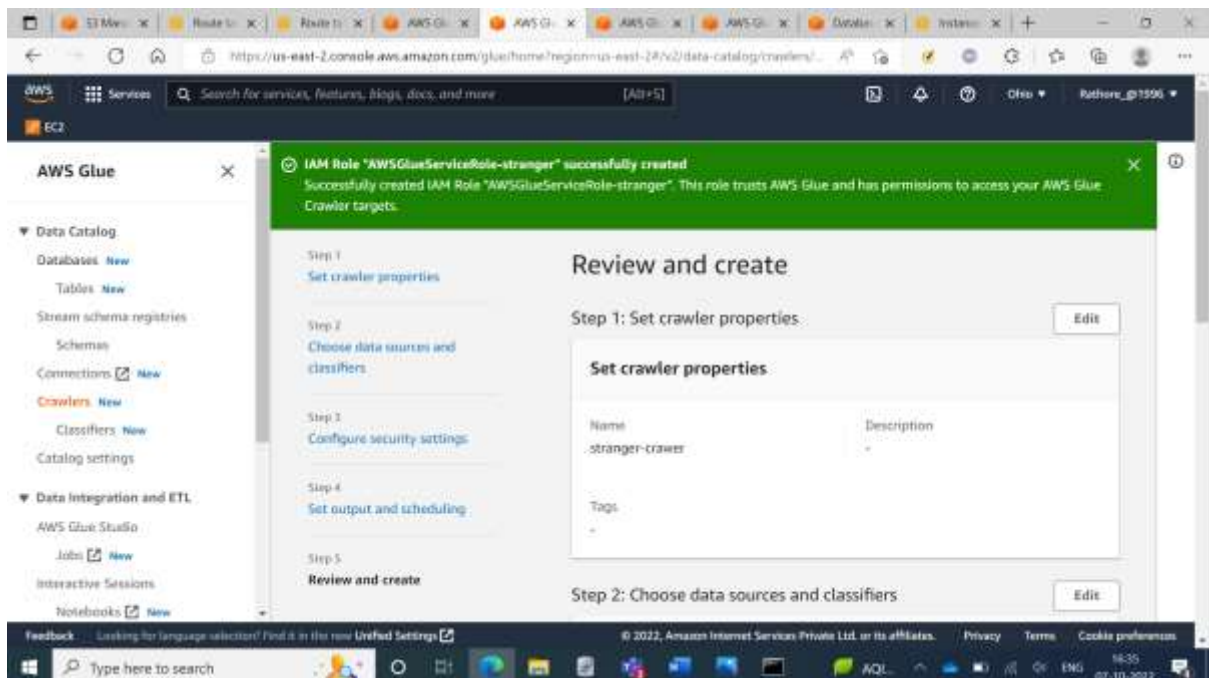
```
awscli@ip-192-168-101-171:~$ ssh -i ~/awscli.pem ec2-user@ip-192-168-101-171
ec2-user@ip-192-168-101-171:~$ cd /home/
ec2-user@ip-192-168-101-171:~$ ls -l
total 0
drwxr-xr-x 2 ec2-user ec2-user 6 Oct 7 18:42 efs
[ec2-user@ip-192-168-101-171 ~]$ sudo mount -t nfs4 -o nfsvers=4.1,rsize=1048576,wsize=1048576,hard,timeo=600,retrans=2,noresvport 192.168.101.100:/ efs
[ec2-user@ip-192-168-101-171 ~]$ df -h
Filesystem      Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on
devtmpfs        47M   0  47M   0% /dev
tmpfs           483M   0  483M   0% /dev/shm
tmpfs           483M  472K  483M   1% /run
tmpfs           483M   0  483M   0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/xvda1       8.0G  1.3G  6.8G  16% /
tmpfs           97M   0   97M   0% /run/user/0
tmpfs           97M   0   97M   0% /run/user/1000
192.168.101.100:/ 8.0G   0  8.0G   0% /home/ec2-user/efs
[ec2-user@ip-192-168-101-171 ~]$ ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 6144 Oct 7 18:43 efs
[ec2-user@ip-192-168-101-171 ~]$ cd efs/
[ec2-user@ip-192-168-101-171 efs]$ ls -l
total 4
drwxr-xr-x 2 root root 6144 Oct 7 18:43 sid
[ec2-user@ip-192-168-101-171 efs]$
```

# Glue with Athena

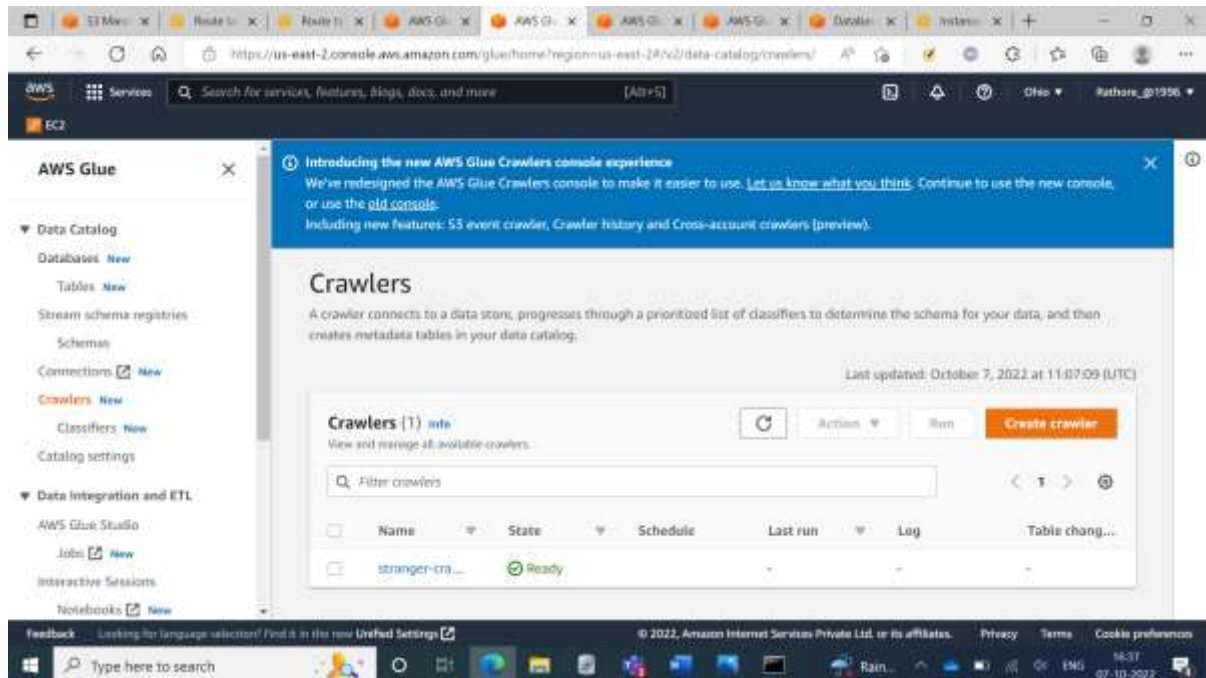
## Step 1: Creating Crawlers



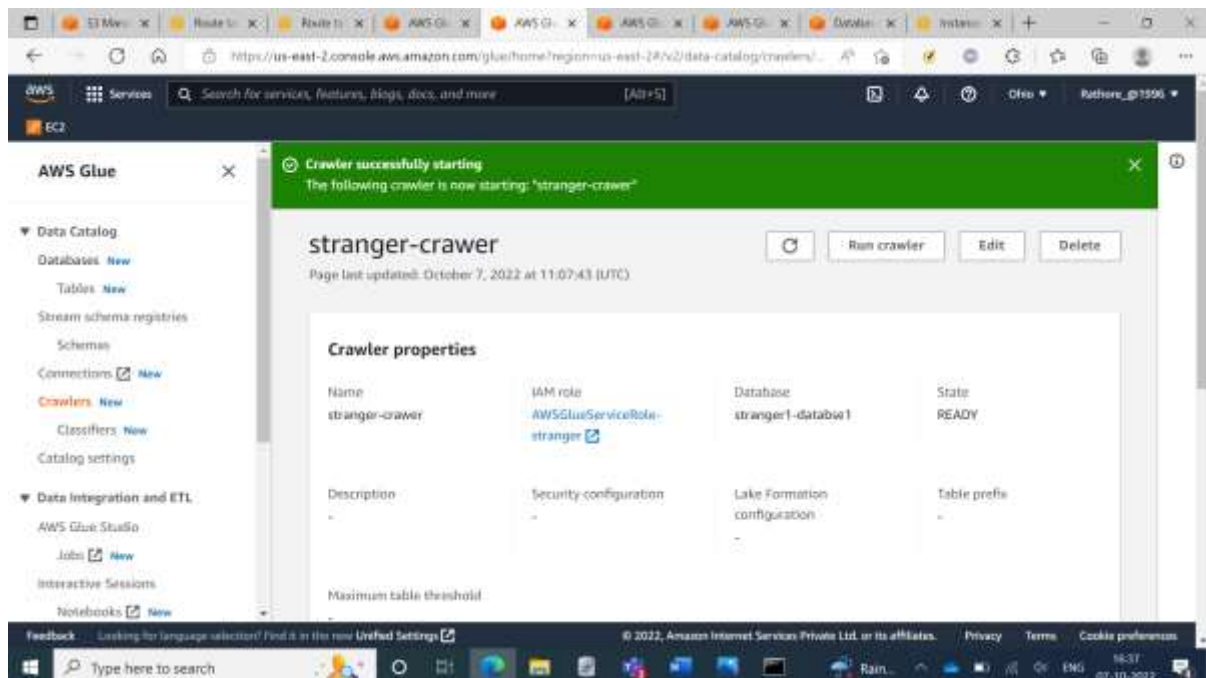
## Creating Crawlers



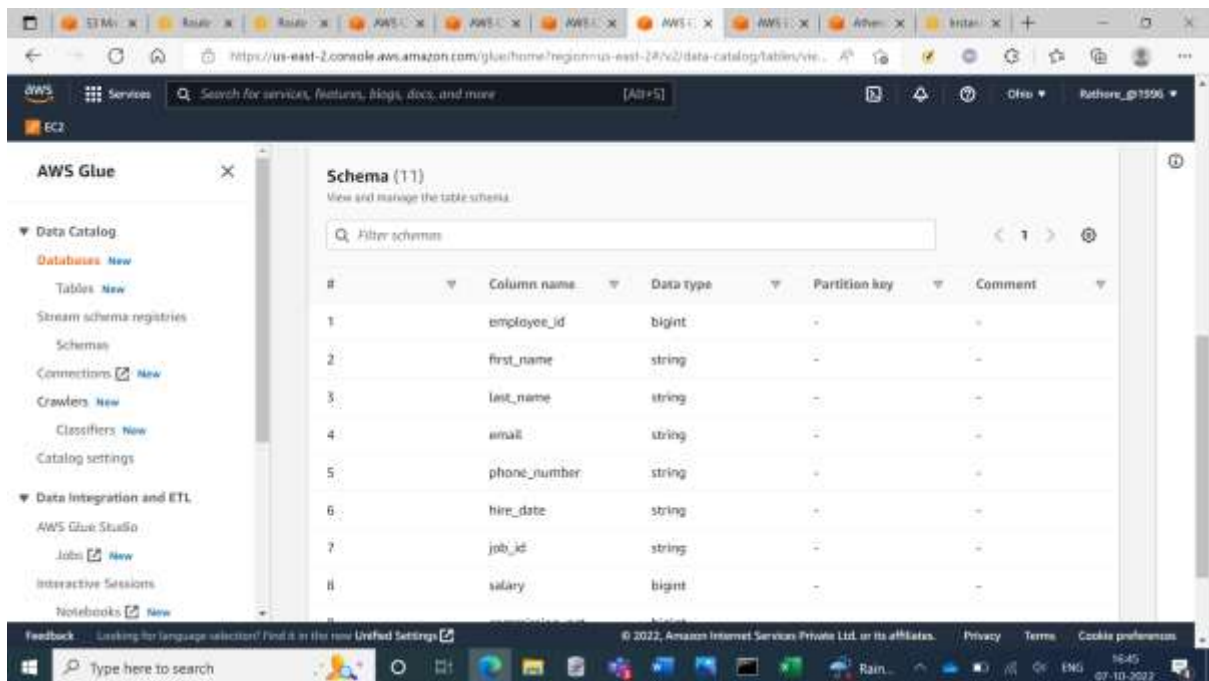
## Step 2: Created crawlers



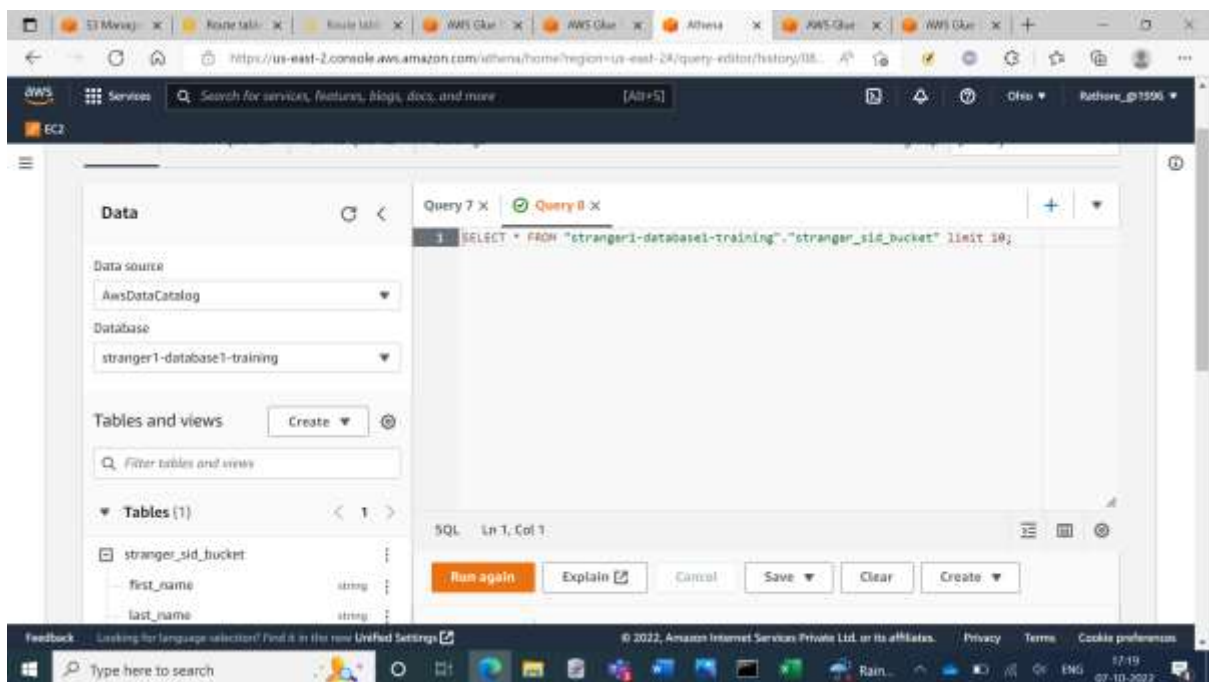
## Step 3: Showing the description of crawlers



#### Step 4: Editing the schema

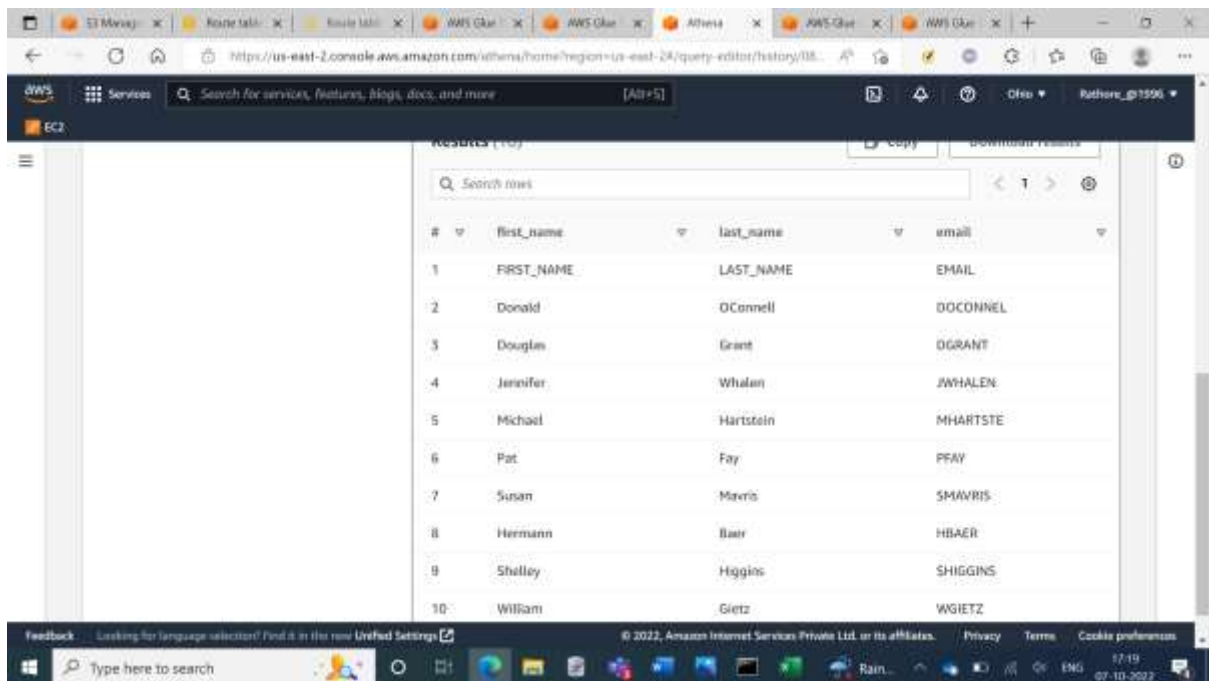


#### Step 5: Executing the Query in Athena





## Step 6: Showing the results



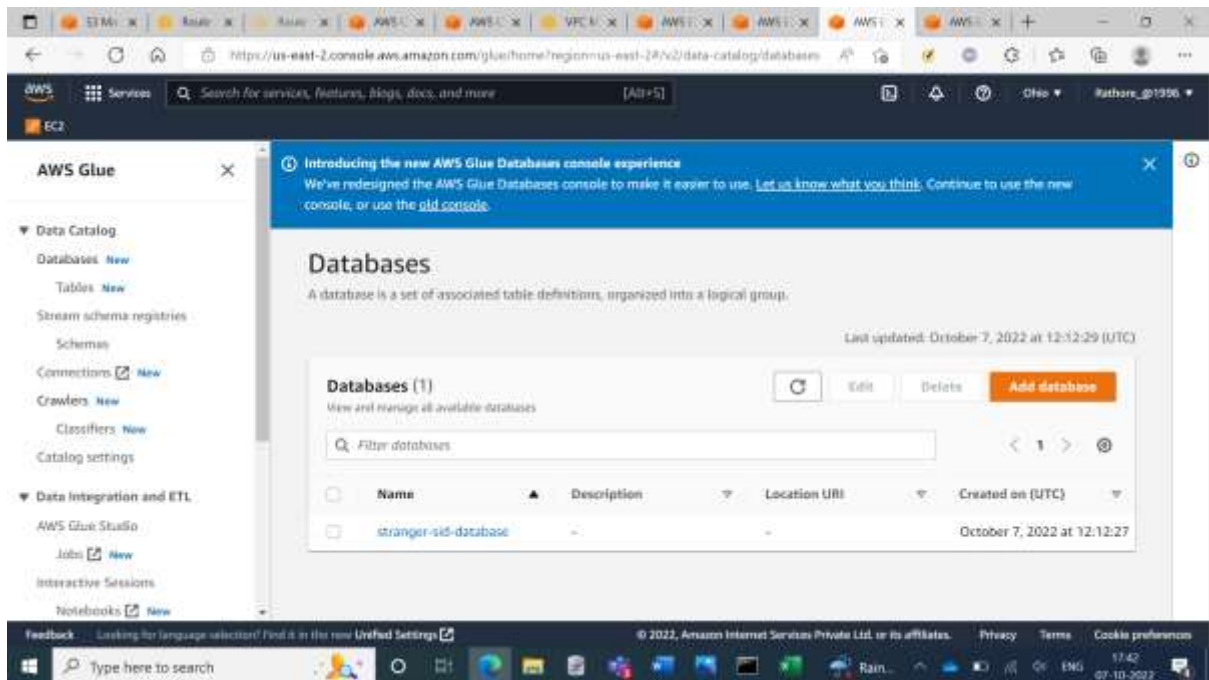
The screenshot shows the AWS Athena console interface. The top navigation bar includes the AWS logo, a search bar, and the user's name 'Ruthore\_@1996'. The left sidebar shows the 'EC2' service selected. The main content area displays the 'RESULTS' of a query, with a search bar and pagination controls. The results are shown in a table with 10 rows and 4 columns: '#', 'first\_name', 'last\_name', and 'email'. The data includes names like Donald OConnell, Douglas Grant, Jennifer Whalen, Michael Hartstein, Pat Fay, Susan Mayris, Hermann Baer, Shelley Higgins, and William Gietz.

#	first_name	last_name	email
1	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	EMAIL
2	Donald	OConnell	DOCONNEL
3	Douglas	Grant	DGRANT
4	Jennifer	Whalen	JWHALEN
5	Michael	Hartstein	MHARTSTE
6	Pat	Fay	PFAY
7	Susan	Mayris	SMAYRIS
8	Hermann	Baer	HBAER
9	Shelley	Higgins	SHIGGINS
10	William	Gietz	WGIEZT

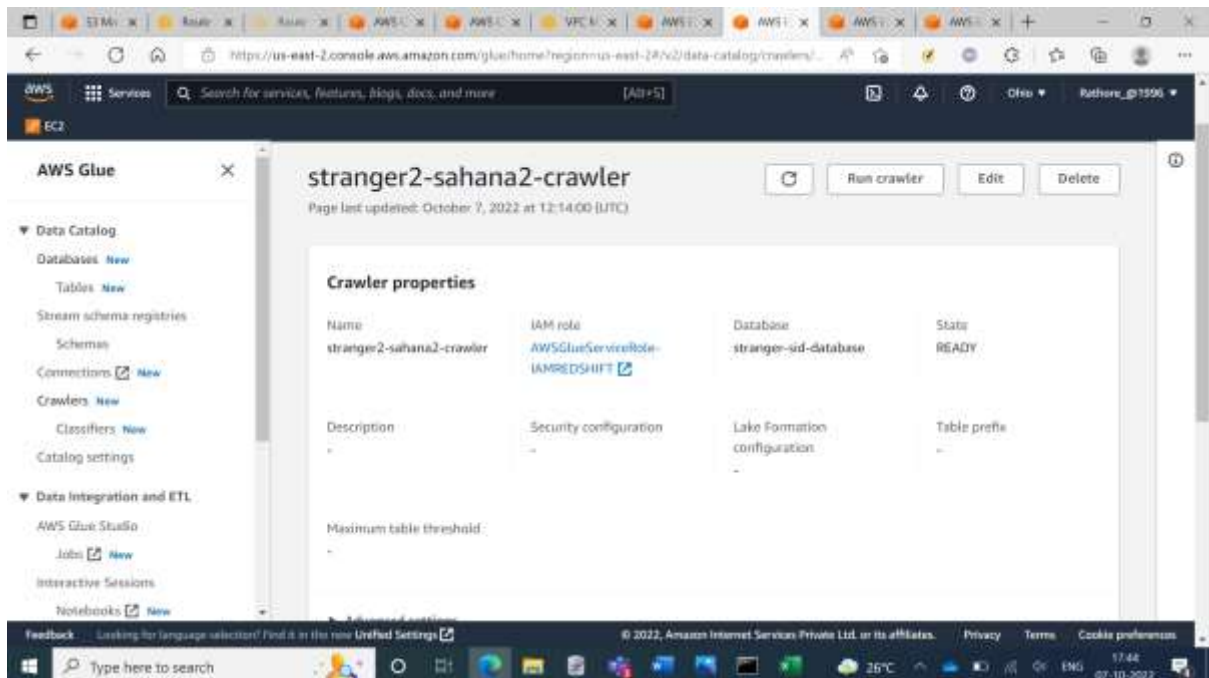
The bottom of the screenshot shows the Windows taskbar with the search bar, task icons, and system tray information including the date '07-10-2022' and time '17:19'.

# Glue with Redshift

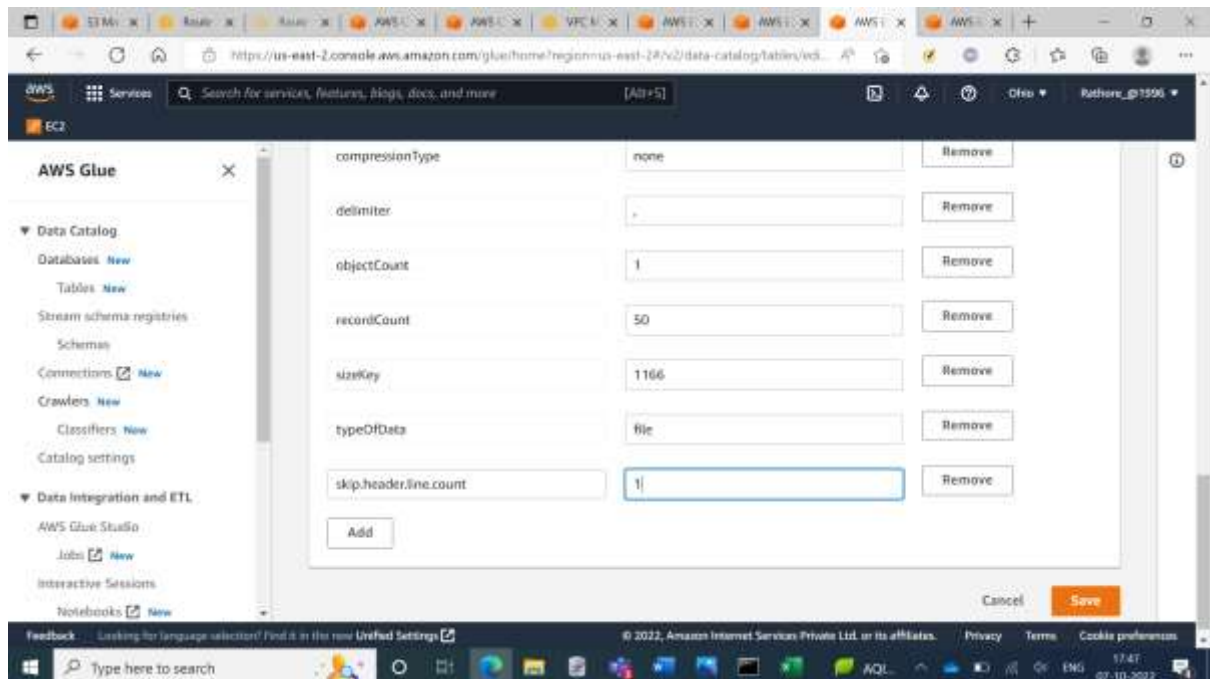
## Step 1: Creating Database



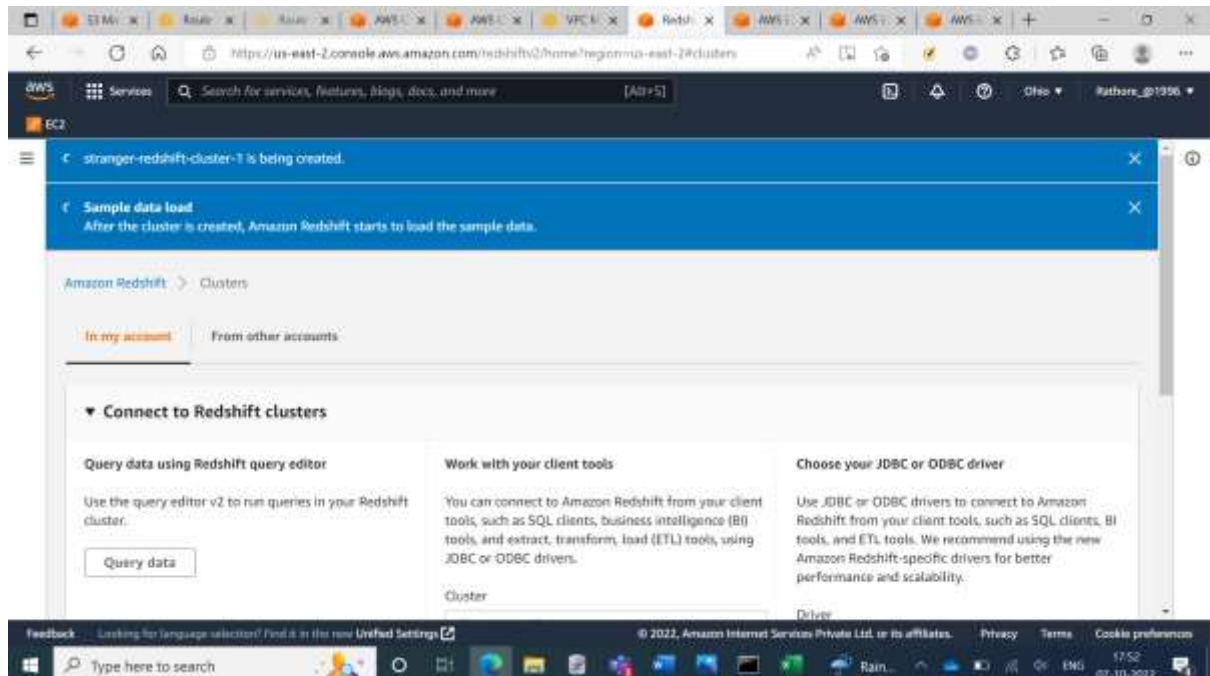
## Step 2: Created Crawlers



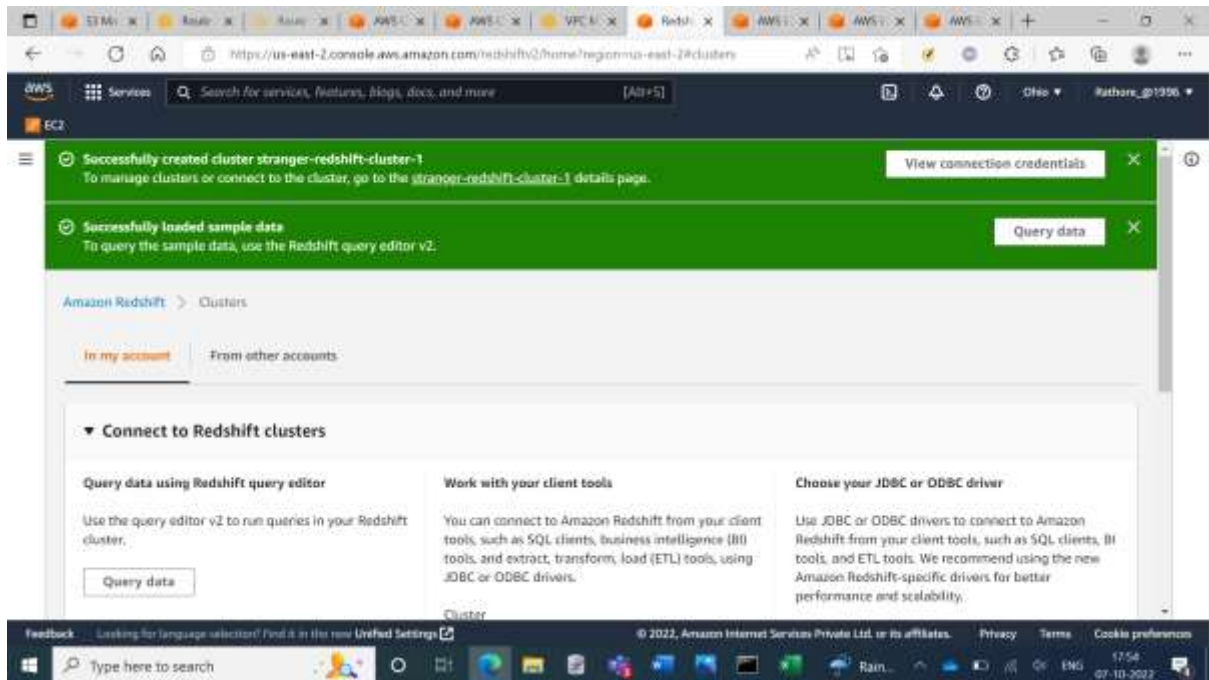
### Step 3: Editing the table Configuration



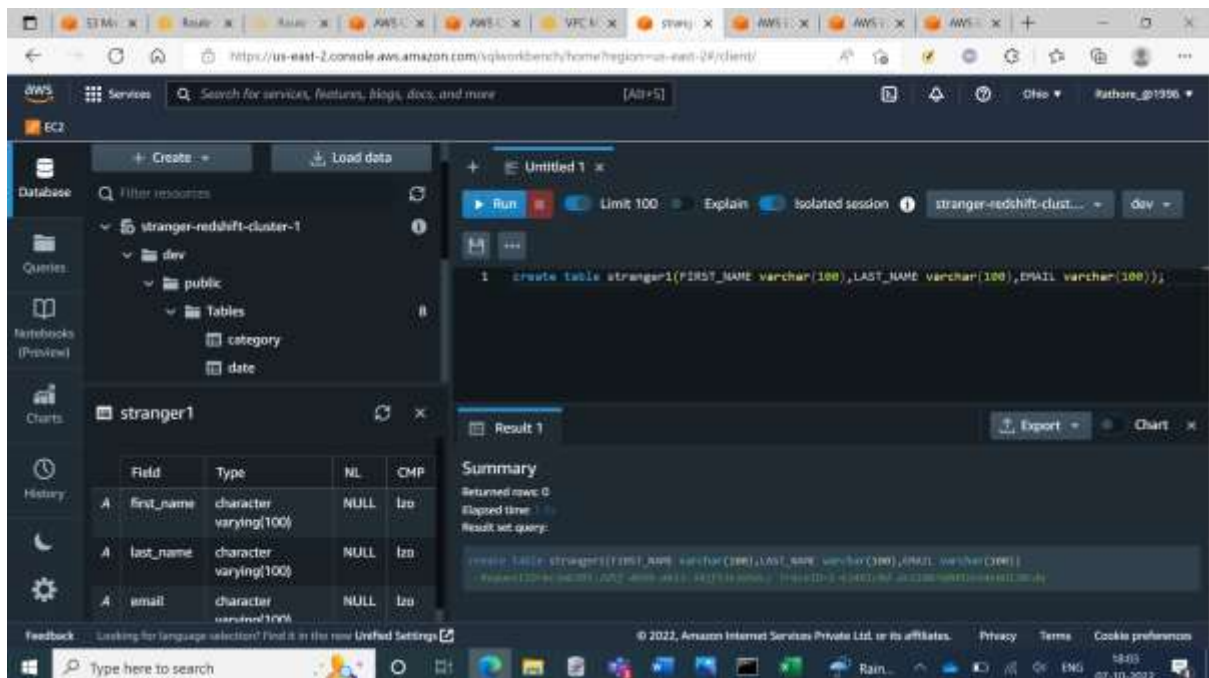
### Step 4: Created Amazon Redshift Cluster



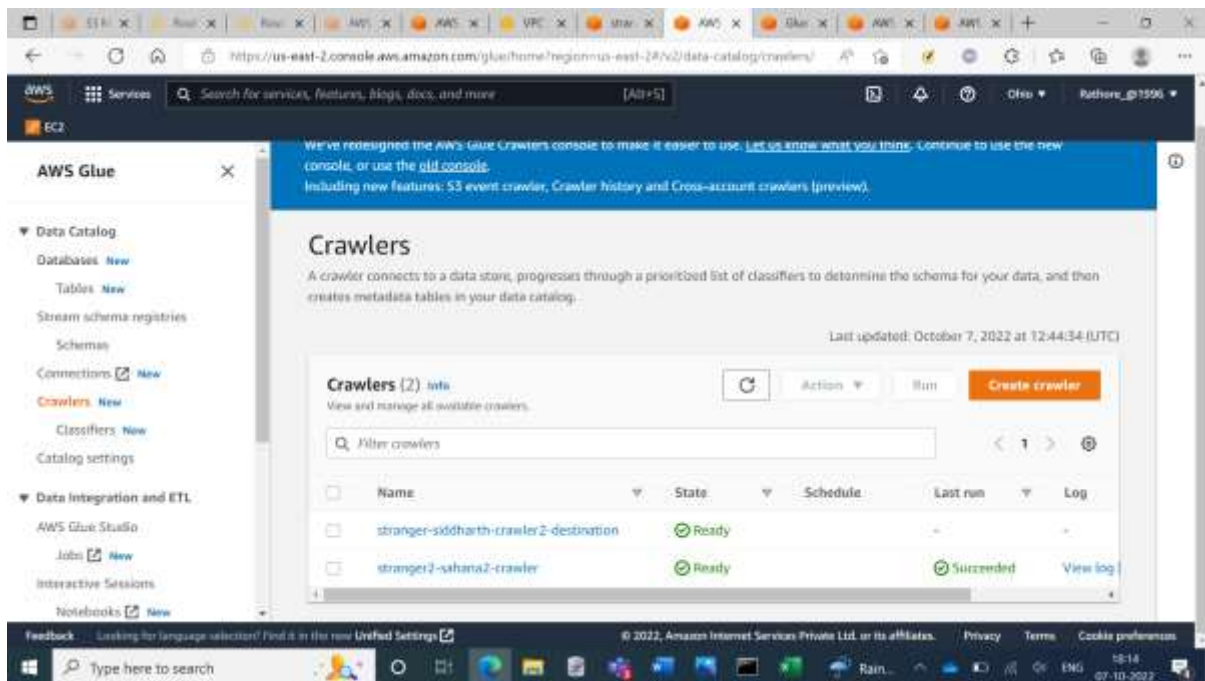
## Step 5: Created Clusters



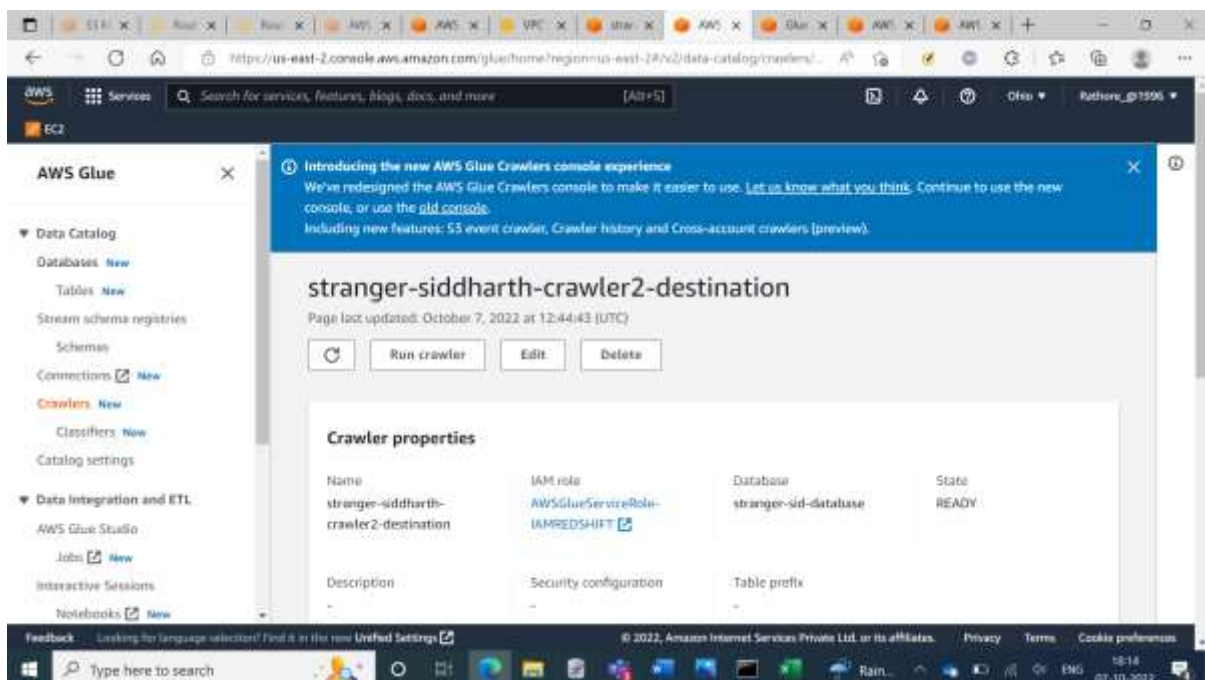
## Step 6: Executing the query in the redshift query editor



## Step 7: Created another crawler for the destination

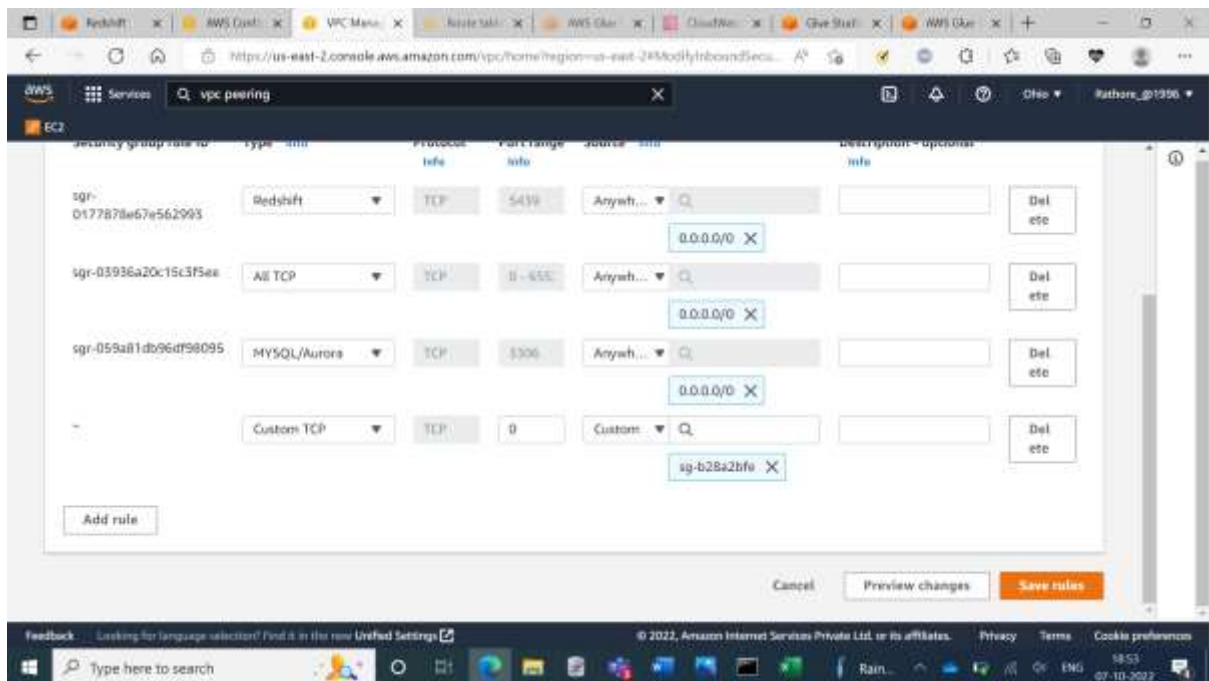


## Step 8: Details of 2<sup>nd</sup> Crawler

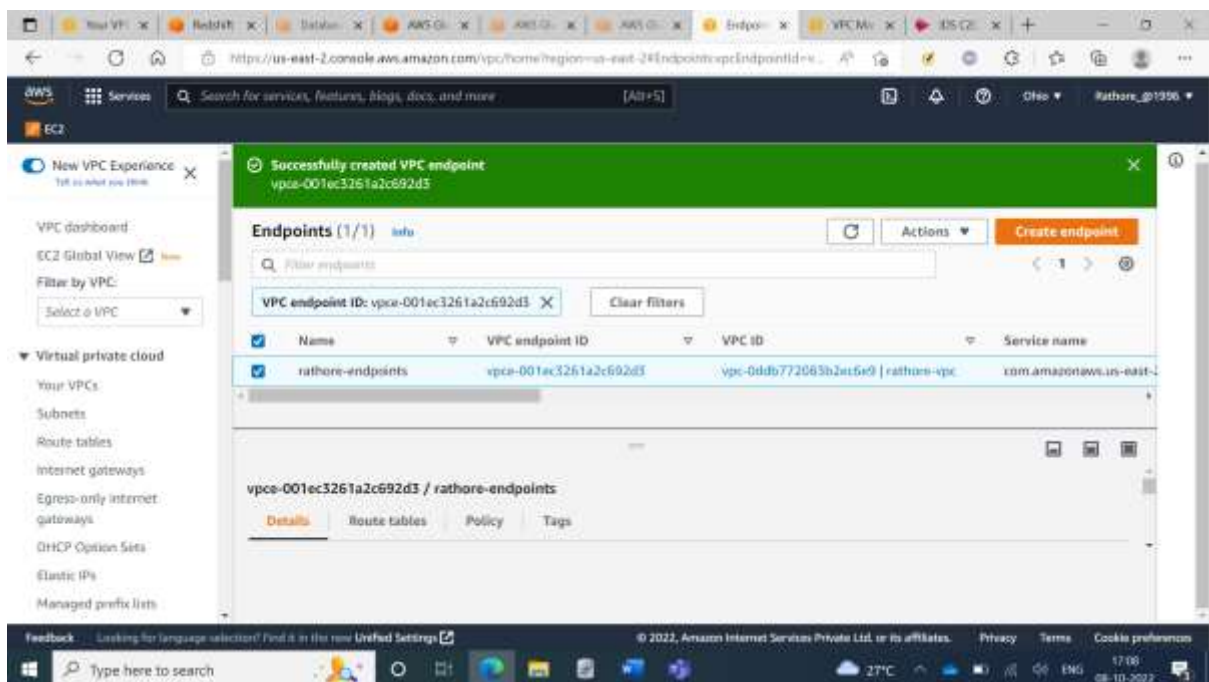




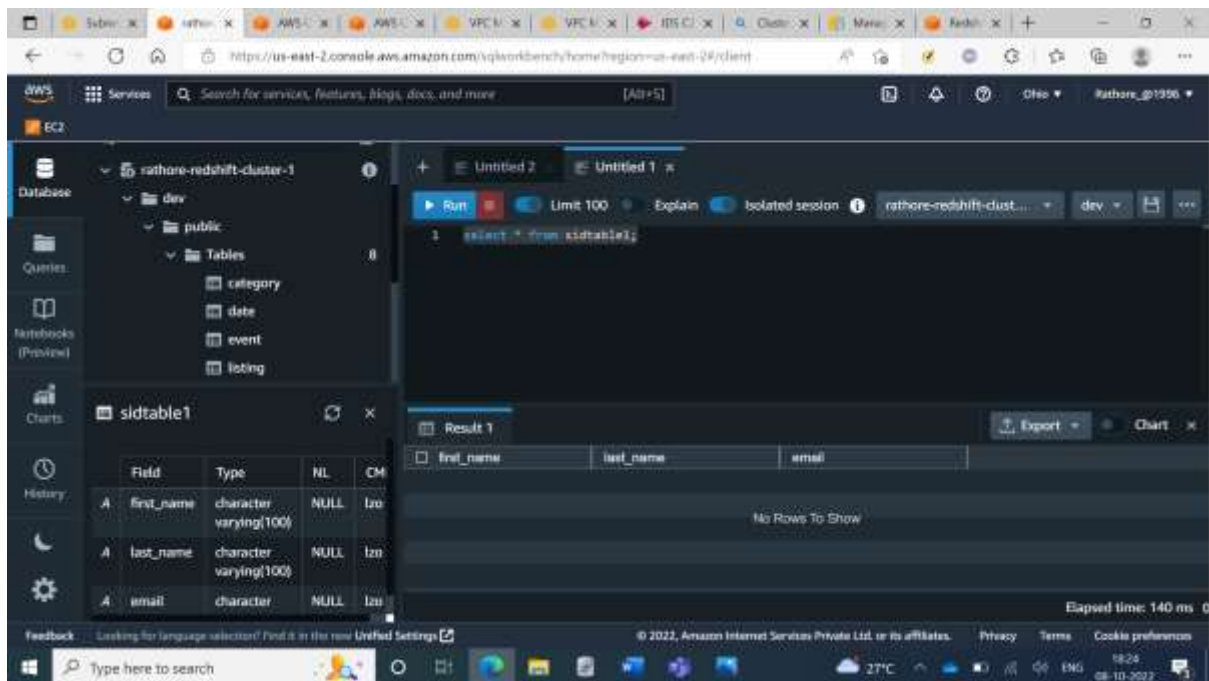
## Step 9: Updating the security group of VPC2



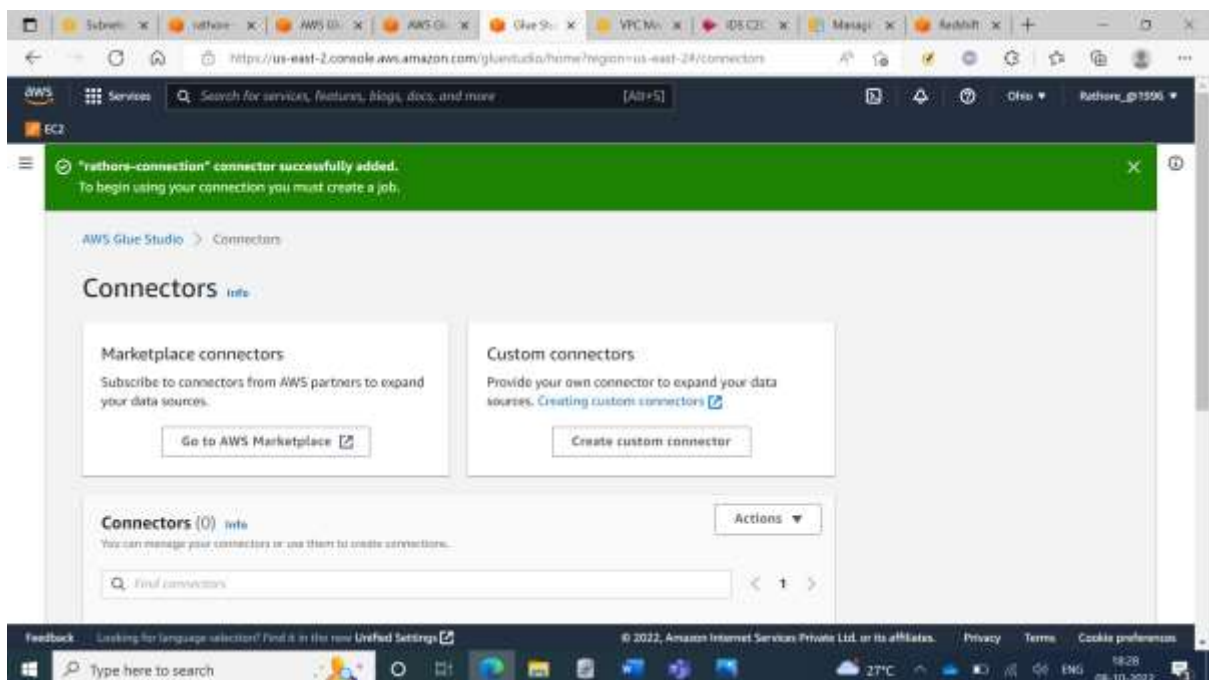
## Step 10: Created Endpoints



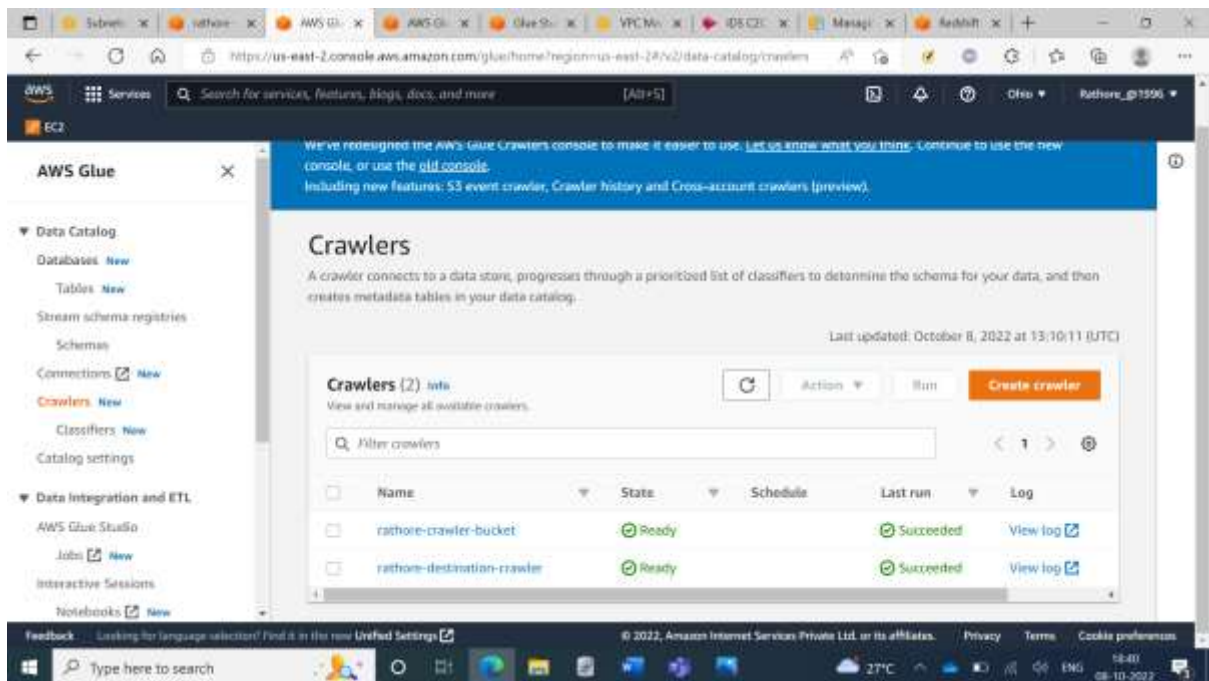
### Step 11: Executing the query in Amazon redshift query editor



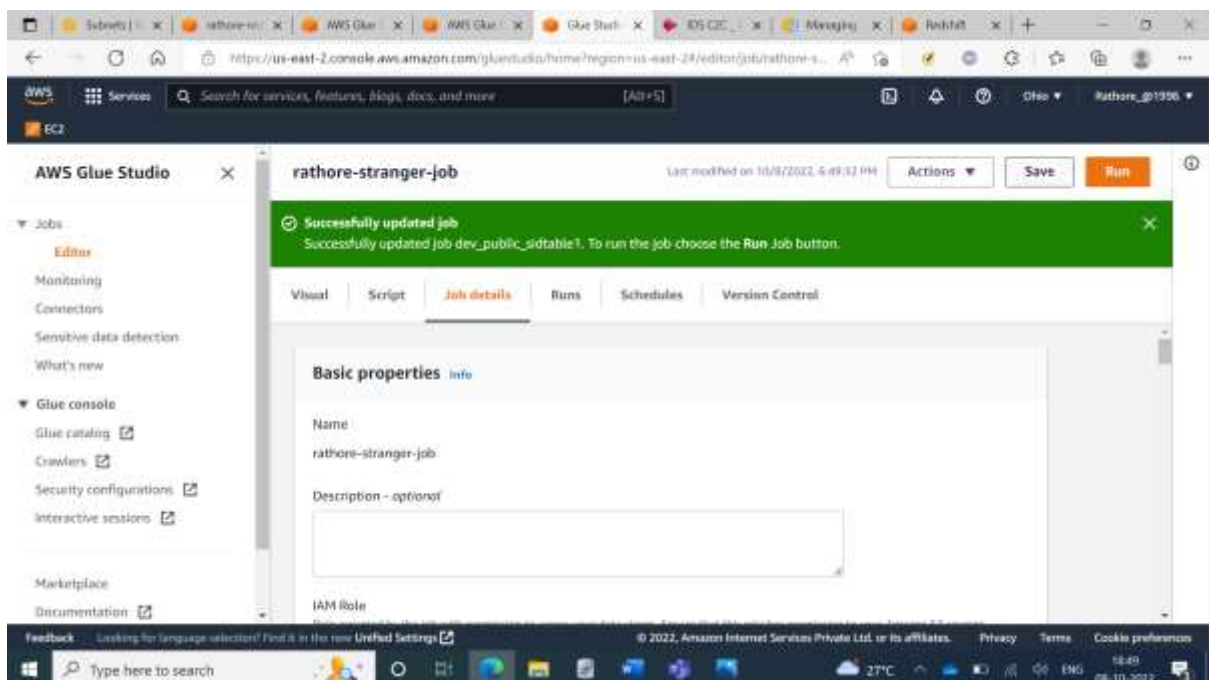
### Step 12: Creating connectors



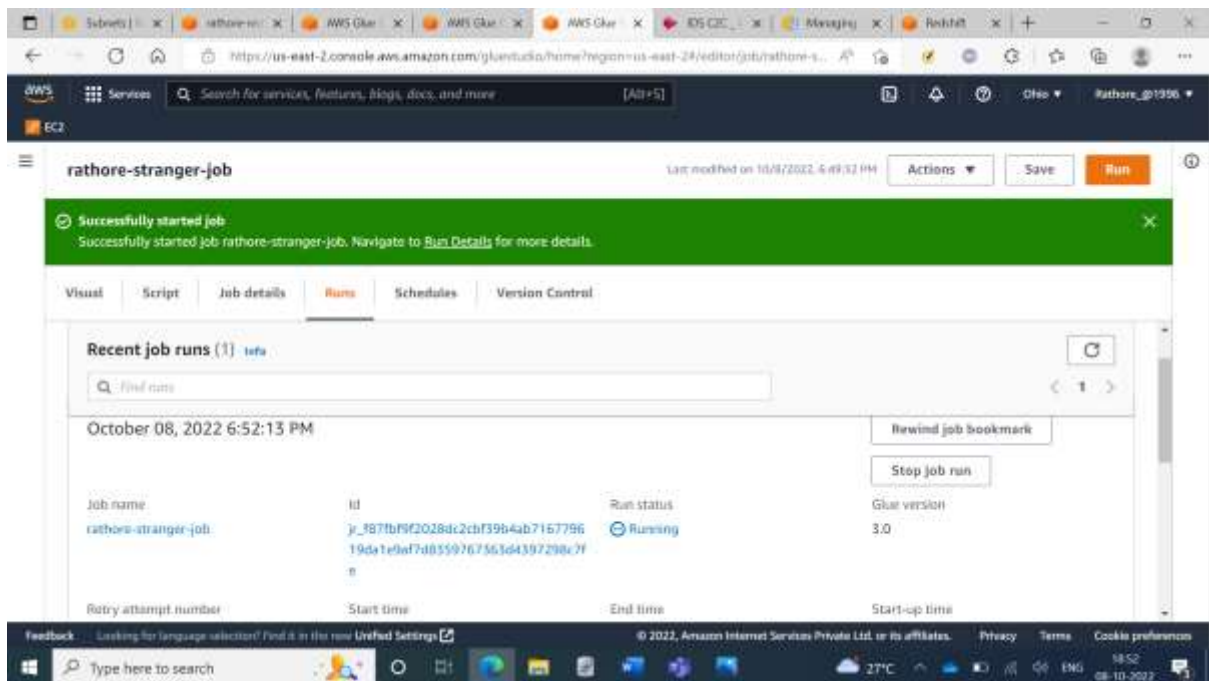
### Step 13: Crawlers executed successfully



### Step 14: Created Job



## Step 15: Job Started



## Step 16: Executed the query and showing the results in Amazon Redshift

