

# Query

```
SELECT p.product_id,  
       IFNULL(ROUND(SUM(p.price * u.units) / SUM(u.units), 2), 0) AS  
average_price  
FROM Prices p  
LEFT JOIN UnitsSold u  
  ON p.product_id = u.product_id  
  AND purchase_date BETWEEN p.start_date AND p.end_date  
GROUP BY p.product_id;
```

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## Objective

Calculate the **average price of each product**, weighted by the number of units sold during the time period when a specific price was effective.

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## Step-by-Step Breakdown

### 1. FROM Prices p

- We start with the `Prices` table, which defines the **price of each product for specific time periods** (using `start_date` and `end_date`).

### 2. LEFT JOIN UnitsSold u ON ...

- We join the `UnitsSold` table to get **sales data**.
- Join condition:
  - `p.product_id = u.product_id`: Match products.
  - `purchase_date BETWEEN p.start_date AND p.end_date`: Only include units sold **during the valid price period**.

### 3. SUM(p.price \* u.units)

- Multiplies **price by number of units sold** to get total revenue during each price window.

### 4. SUM(u.units)

- Gets the **total number of units sold** for that product.

### 5. ROUND(..., 2)

- The division gives the **average price weighted by units sold**.
- Rounded to 2 decimal places for clarity.

### 6. IFNULL(..., 0)

- If no units were sold (i.e., `SUM(u.units)` is `NULL`), the result is `NULL`.
- `IFNULL(..., 0)` converts `NULL` to 0 to indicate that the average price is effectively zero when no sales happened.

## 7. GROUP BY p.product\_id

- Grouping ensures the average is calculated **per product**.

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## Key SQL Concepts Explained

Concept	Description
<b>LEFT JOIN</b>	Ensures all products are included, even if no sales occurred.
<b>BETWEEN ... AND ...</b>	Filters records to include only dates within a price's validity window.
<b>SUM(price × units)</b>	Computes total revenue generated.
<b>Weighted Average</b>	$(\text{sum of price} \times \text{units}) / (\text{sum of units})$ calculates price average weighted by volume.
<b>IFNULL()</b>	Replaces <code>NULL</code> values with a default—here 0 for no sales.
<b>ROUND(x, n)</b>	Rounds the result to <code>n</code> decimal places for neat output.

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## Summary for Interviews & Revision

Topic	Details
<b>Weighted Average Price</b>	Important in business analytics where different prices apply across time.
<b>Date Filtering</b>	<code>BETWEEN</code> is used to match valid time ranges in temporal data.
<b>Handling NULLs</b>	<code>IFNULL()</code> is essential when aggregating over left joins.
<b>LEFT JOIN Usage</b>	Allows inclusion of records (products) even if there's no matching data (sales).