

1. Hello
Hello! How can I assist you today?
2. What can you do
I can provide you with a suitable answer to your query
3. What are the current governments schemes
<https://pib.gov.in/PressReleaselframePage.aspx?PRID=2002012>
4. Soil Testing Lab Near me
<https://soilhealth.dac.gov.in/soil-lab>
5. What are PigeonPeas called In India
Pigeon peas are called by many vernacular names in the regional languages of India as Toor dal or arhar dal or rahri dal in Hindi, thogari bele in Kannada, Tur in Bengali, Turi or Toor in Marathi, Turdalya or tuvar in Gujarati or kandulu or kandi pappu in Telugu or thuvaram paruppu in Tamil and thuvara parippa in Malayalam. Each state in India has its unique way of using the hearty dal in a spectrum of ways. Toor dal with a mild flavour melds well with any ingredient and flavour, which is commonly used in making dal, sambar, rasam, soups, dal halwa, paruppu vada to mention a few.
6. Thankyou
You're welcome! If you have any questions or need assistance with anything, feel free to ask.

7.What is Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi (PM-KISAN) ?

Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi (PM-KISAN) is a Central Sector scheme with 100% funding from Government of India.The Scheme is effective from 1.12.2018. Under the Scheme an income support of Rs.6000/- per year is provided to all farmer families across the country in three equal installments of Rs.2000/- each every four months.Definition of family for the Scheme is husband, wife and minor children.The entire responsibility of identification of beneficiary farmer families rests with the State / UT Governments.The fund is directly transferred to the bank accounts of the beneficiaries.

8.What is Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY)?

PMFBY was launched in 2016 in order to provide a simple and affordable crop insurance product to ensure comprehensive risk cover for crops to farmers against all non-preventable natural risks from pre-sowing to post-harvest and to provide adequate claim amount. The scheme is demand driven and available for all farmers A total of 5549.40 lakh farmer applications were insured under the scheme since 2016-17 and Rs 150589.10 crore has been paid as claim.

9.What is Modified Interest Subvention Scheme (MISS)?

The Modified Interest Subvention Scheme (MISS) is a variant, offering 7% interest for short-term agriculture loans up to Rs. 3.00 lakh through KCC. MISS covers activities like Animal Husbandry, Dairy, and Fisheries.

10. What is Agriculture Infrastructure Fund (AIF)?

The scheme shall provide a medium - long term debt financing facility for investment in viable projects for post-harvest management Infrastructure and community farming assets through interest subvention and financial support.

11. What is National beekeeping and Honey Mission (NBHM)?

The main objective of NBHM is to promote holistic growth of beekeeping industry for income & employment generation for farm and non-farm households, to enhance agriculture/ horticulture production, developing infrastructural facilities, including setting up of Integrated Beekeeping Development Centre (IBDC)s/CoE, honey testing labs, bee disease diagnostic labs, custom hiring centres, Api-therapy centres, nucleus stock, bee breeders, etc. and empowerment of women through beekeeping.

12. Describe about Soil Health Card (SHC)?

Soil health card provides information to farmers on nutrient status of their soil along with recommendation on appropriate dosage of nutrients to be applied for improving soil health and its fertility. The Scheme rolls out a decentralized system of soil testing which will help in developing a nationwide soil fertility map on a GIS platform that can easily be integrated with the real time decision support systems being developed

13. What is Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana (PKVY)?

PKVY aims at supporting and promoting organic farming, reducing dependence on fertilizers and agricultural chemicals, in turn, resulting in improvement of the soil health while increasing the yields. Organic food, thus produced will be linked with modern marketing tools and local markets

14. What is National Food Security Mission (NFSM)?

NFSM is currently being implemented across 638 districts in the country. Key thrust areas of the scheme are as follows: Sustainable increase in the production of targeted crops through area expansion and productivity enhancement. Restoration of soil fertility and productivity at the individual farm level.

15. What is Sub-Mission on Seed and Planting Material (SMSP)?

Sub-Mission on Seeds & Planting Materials' to produce and supply quality seeds to farmers to enhance production and productivity in the country through various components namely Seed Village Programme, Establishment of Seed Processing- cum- Seed Storage Godowns at Gram Panchayat Level, National Seed Reserve, Boosting Seed Production in Private Sector and Strengthening of Quality Control Infrastructure Facilities.

16. What is Agro-forestry ?

Agro-forestry is the raising of trees and agriculture crops on the same land inclusive of the waste patches. It combines forestry with agriculture, thus, altering the simultaneous production of food, fodder, fuel, timber and fruit.

17. What is the eligibility criteria for Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY)?

Farmers must have a valid and authenticated land ownership certificate or a valid land tenancy agreement. The farmer must have applied for insurance coverage within the prescribed time frame, which is generally within 2 weeks of the start of the sowing season.

18. Who is eligible for PM Kisan Samman Nidhi?

Small and marginal farmers are eligible for PMKSNY. Farmer families that hold cultivable land can apply for the benefits of this plan. A beneficiary should be an Indian citizen.

19. Who is eligible for EKYC PM Kisan?

At present PM Kisan KYC is mandatory for all types of farmers who want to gain upcoming installments smoothly. Recently the PM Kisan Samman Nidhi Yojana 2021 has experienced substantial revisions. Only farmers who completed the e-KYC will be eligible for the next payment.

20. What is the difference between MIS and MSP schemes?

All the agricultural and horticultural commodities for which Minimum Support Price (MSP) are not fixed and are generally perishable in nature are covered under Market Intervention Scheme (MIS).

21. What is the primary focus of the Nammo drone Didi initiative?

The NAMO Drone Didi Initiative is a groundbreaking effort to **revitalize farming practices and uplift rural women in India**. By providing drones to 15,000 women-led Self Help Groups (SHGs), the initiative seeks to revolutionize agriculture and empower women as key players in the rural economy.

22. Who is eligible for Lakhpati Didi scheme?

If you want to become eligible to apply for Lakhpati Didi Yojana, then you should be a native of Rajasthan state. Along with this, you must be connected with self-help groups to become eligible to get the benefits of this scheme. As this scheme was started to empower women, women were only eligible for it.

