## Bodhi Trees – Buddhavaṃsa Aṭṭhakathā – 28. Buddhapakiṇṇakakathā – Vemattakathā (§ Bodhivemattaṃ)

No.	Buddha's Name	Bodhi Tree (Pāļi)	Bodhi Tree (Latin)	Botanical family	Bodhi Tree (Eng.)	Bodhi Tree (Burmese)
А	Tanhaṅkara	Pattapaṇṇa	Alstonia scholaris	Apocynaceae	dita bark (wood is very light and is often used in SL making images of Buddha, used med. As vermifuge, allegedly antimalarial)	စရည်း
В	Medhaṅkara	Palāsa	Bridelia retusa, Butea monosperma, Butea frondosa	Phyllanthaceae/Euphorbiaceae	butea tree (medicinal)	ပေါက်ပင်
С	Saraṇaṅkara	/ Pāṭalī(?)	/ Stereospermum suaveolens, Bignonia suaveolens	Bignoniaceae	trumpet flower	<u>ဒန့်စတ္ကူ</u> (from photo,noHS) / သခွတ်ပင်
01	Dīpaṅkara	<u>Kapītana/Kapitthana/Pippali</u> / Pāţalī	Thespesia populneoides, Thespesia populnea / Stereospermum suaveolens, Bignonia suaveolens	Malvaceae / Bignoniaceae	mahoe, milo (hard wood for bowls, gunstocks, wheel- frames, hopper bowls; street- tree; flowers turning yellow in purple in 24 hrs., eradicated from cotton-growing areas as host to cotton-stainer) / trumpet flower	<u>ညောင်ကြပ်</u> / သခွတ်ပင်
02	Koṇḍañña	Sālakalyāņī	Oroxylum indicum	Bignoniaceae	Indian trumpet flower (sparsely branche pachycaul tree of clearings and roadsides, stinking bat-pollinated flowers with copious nectar opening at night, young leaves cooked as vegetable, bitter bark medicine, dye may be used in rattan basketry)	ကြောင်လျှာ / နပဲပင်ငယ် (rare word)
03	Maṅgala	Nāga	Mesua ferrea	Guttiferae	iron-wood tree, ironwood, na (tree) (flowers used in medicine, cosmetics, and to scent the stuffing of pillows, seeds may yield oil)	ကံ့ကော် (WS. ကံ့ဂေါ် ပင်)
04	Sumana	Nāga	Mesua ferrea	Guttiferae	iron-wood tree, ironwood, na (tree) (flowers used in medicine, cosmetics, and to scent the stuffing of pillows, seeds may yield oil)	ကံ့ကော် (WS. ကံ့ဂေါ် ပင်)
05	Revata	Nāga	Mesua ferrea	Guttiferae	iron-wood tree, ironwood, na (tree) (flowers used in medicine, cosmetics, and to scent the stuffing of pillows, seeds may yield oil)	ကံ့ကော် (WS. ကံ့ဂေါ် ပင်)
06	Sobhita	Nāga	Mesua ferrea	Guttiferae	iron-wood tree, ironwood, na (tree) (flowers used in medicine, cosmetics, and to scent the stuffing of pillows, seeds may yield oil)	ကံ့ကော် (WS. ကံ့ဂေါ်ပင်)

07	Anomadassin	Ajjuna	Terminalia arjuna, Terminalia glabra, Pentaptera Arjuna	Combretaceae	Arjun, kumbuk, kahua (timber for construction, bark with heart stimulants, lime extractable for chewing with betel)	ထောက်ကြံ့ / ဖောက်ကြံ့
08	Paduma	Mahāsoņa	Lagerstroemea speciosa, Lagerstroemia flosreginae/flos- reginae, Adambea glabra/hirsuta, Munchausia ovata/speciosa, Murtughas hirsuta/speciosa, Sotularia malabarica	Lythraceae	pride-of-India, queen-flower, pyinma, queen of flowers (timber tree which bears large and beautiful flowers, cultivated as ornamental with purple or white flowers, medicinal, yields timber)	ကြောင်ရှာကြီး
09	Nārada	Mahāsoņa	Lagerstroemea speciosa, Lagerstroemia flosreginae/flos- reginae, Adambea glabra/hirsuta, Munchausia ovata/speciosa, Murtughas hirsuta/speciosa, Sotularia malabarica	Lythraceae	pride-of-India, queen-flower, pyinma, queen of flowers (timber tree which bears large and beautiful flowers, cultivated as ornamental with purple or white flowers, medicinal, yields timber)	ကြောင်ရှာကြီး
10	Padumuttara	Salala/Salaļa	Dipterocarpus zeylanicus / Pinus longifolia, Pinus roxburghli	Dipterocarpaceae / Pinaceae	hora, Ceylon gurjun, long-leaved pine (a kind of sweet scented tree; large timber tree yielding oleoresins (resins and oil) for slow-drying varnishes) / Chir pine, Himalayan longleaf pine, Long- leaved Indian pine (terrestrial, grows from Pakistan to NE India)	ထင်းရှူး / ထင်းရှူးဆီပင်
11	Sumedha	Nīpa	Nauclea orientalis, Nauclea cadamba, Sarcocephalus cordatus / Anthocephalus cadamba, Anthocephalus chinensis, Neolamarckia cadamba	Rubiaceae / Rubiaceae	Kanluang, Leichhardt pine (similar to Asoka tree, termite- resistant trade timber, edible fruits) / kadam, kedam, laran (growth sensitive to soil moisture, yields timber)	မအူကြီး / မအူပင်
12	Sujāta	Veļu	Bambusa vulgaris/arundinacea/b	Gramineae, Poaceae / Gramineae, Poaceae	common bamboo (hapaxanthic after at least 150 years, used for	ကြခတ်ဝါ (ဝါပင်)

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			ambos/indica, Arundarbor		constructions, edible shoots) / spiny bamboo, thorny bamboo	
			arundinacea/bambos,			
			Arundo bambos,			
			Bambos bambos,			
			Gigantochloa maxima,			
			Nastus arundinaceus,			
			Ischurochloa			
			arundinacea var.			
			orientalis			
13	Piyadassin	Kakudha, Kukudha	Horsfieldia iryaghedhi, Myristica Horsfieldia	Myristicaceae	lofty tree (fine timber, very fragrant flowers, oilseed used in making candles)	ရေခတက်ပင် / (WS. ရေခံတက်ပင်)
14	Atthadassin	Campaka	Michelia champaca, Magnolia champaca	Magnoliaceae	champa, champak, sapu, champaka tree (fragrant white and yellow fragrant flowers, oil from flowers used for scents, useful timber tree, leaves used to feed silkworms)	စကား(ပင်) / စကားဝါပင်
15	Dhammadassin	Rattakuravaka / Bimbijāla / Rattakoraņḍaka	Momordica monadelpha, Coccinia grandis/indica, Bryonia acerifolia/glabra/grandi s/palmata, Cephalandra grandis/indica, Cucurbita dioica/schimperiana/tri angulata, Momordica bicolor/covei/monadelp ha, Physedra gracilis, Turia moghadd / Hemigraphis flava, Strobilanthes flavus/scaver, Ruellia flava, Sericocalyx flavus / Pavetta Indica, Ixora indica/roxburghii	Cucurbitaceae / Acanthaceae / Rubiaceae	red kuravaka, red amaranth, ivy gourd (bears bright red bitter gourd) / none (grows in Myanmar, esp. Bago, Mandalay, and Yangon) / none (local medicine)	သံသတ် / လိပ်ဆူးရွှေပင်(?) / လိပ်ဆူးနီပင် / မညှူးပန်းနီပင်
16	Siddhattha	Kaņikāra	Cochlospermum religiosum, Cochlospermum gossypium	Bixaceae/Cochlospermaceae	golden silk-cotton, silk-cotton treesource of an insoluble gum (karaya, kutira), a substitution for tragacanth/traganth, fruit- hairs stuffed in pillows said to induce sleep, cultivated for ornamental flowers)	မဟာလှေကား / နွယ်မဟာလှေခါး
17	Tissa	Asana	Pterocarpus marsupium, /	Leguminosae / Leguminosae / Combretaceae	Gamalu, E Indian kino, Malabar kino (timber for outdoor use (e.g. window-	ပိတောက်

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			Pterocarpus		frames, wood-carving, resinous timber tree) / Burmese padauk,	
			macrocarpus /		Burma padauk, maidu / none	
			Terminalia		(grows in S America)	
			tomentosa,			
			Pentaptera tomentosa,			
			Buchenavia			
			tomentosa/corrugata			
18	Phussa	Āmalaka	Phyllanthus emblica	Phyllanthaceae	Emblic, ambal, amioki, Indian gooseberry, emblic myrobalan (hard-wood tree with astringent bark and asidic fruit of medicinal properties, tanbark, fuelwood, yields dye, animal-dispersed, the drying endocarp splits explosively to release seeds)	ရှိရှား / ဆီးဖြူပင်
19	Vipassin	Pāṭalī	Stereospermum suaveolens, Bignonia suaveolens	Bignoniaceae	trumpet flower (seems like cultivated sp.)	သစ္ပတ်
20	Sikhin	Puṇḍarīka(rukkha)	Mangifera zeylanica, Buchanania zeylanica	Anacardiaceae	Sri Lankan Mango (large tree, grows in lowlands of moist and dry regions)	သရက်ဖြူ
21	Vessabhū	Sāla	Shorea robusta, Vateria acuminata / Couroupita surinamensis, Couroupita guianensis	Dipterocarpaceae / Lecythidaceae	sal tree, hal tree, (resinous tree, used in constructions, bark a source of black dye, dammar (resin) used in typewriter ribbons, carbon paper, incense) / cannonball tree (to 35m tall, bark not fissured, seeds embedded in pulp, pulp oxidizing to bluish-green when exposed to air)	အင်ကြင်း(ပင်)
22	Kakusandha	Sirīsa	Albiz(z)ia lebbe(c)k, Acacia sirissa	Leguminosae	(tree) (extraflower nextaries on leaves attractive to ants)	ကုတ္ကို(ပင်) (အညာ)
23	Koṇāgamana	Udumbara	Ficus racemose / Ficus glomerata	Moraceae / Moraceae	,fruits') / glomerous fig tree, water sycamore, datura, thorn- apple (a medicinal plant)	ရေသဖန်း
24	Kassapa	Nigrodha	Ficus indica, Ficus beng(h)alensis / Ficus altissima/cartagenensis /laccifera/latifolia, Urostigma altissimum/lacciferum	Moraceae / Moraceae	fig (from 'banians', the traders that rested under the tree), Indian fig (two sorts of gall flowers in July as opposed to November flowersing, small flowers with <i>Blastophaga</i> wasps, crown spreading by aerial roots dropping down to become accessory trunks, yields timber and fibre)/ council tree (milky fig tree)	ပညောင်
25	Gotama	Assattha	Ficus religiosa, Urostigma religiosum / Ficus tsiela/indica/pseudobe	Moraceae / Moraceae	holy fig-tree, pipal tree, peepul, pipul, Bo tree, Bodhi tree, sacred fig (deciduous fast- growing tree, usually an epiphyte when young and splits host, with leaves with very long	ညောင်ဗုဒ္ဓဟေပင် / ဗောဓိညောင်(ပင်) / ညောင်ဗောဓိ
22 23 24	Kakusandha Koṇāgamana Kassapa	Sirīsa Udumbara Nigrodha	acuminata / Couroupita surinamensis, Couroupita guianensis  Albiz(z)ia lebbe(c)k, Acacia sirissa  Ficus racemose / Ficus glomerata  Ficus indica, Ficus beng(h)alensis / Ficus altissima/cartagenensis /laccifera/latifolia, Urostigma altissimum/lacciferum  Ficus religiosa, Urostigma religiosum / Ficus	Leguminosae  Moraceae / Moraceae  Moraceae / Moraceae	source of black dye, dammar (resin) used in typewriter ribbons, carbon paper, incense) / cannonball tree (to 35m tall, bark not fissured, seeds embedded in pulp, pulp oxidizing to bluish-green when exposed to air)  East Indian walnut, kokko, siris (tree) (extraflower nextaries on leaves attractive to ants)  Crattock (timber, shade, edible, fruits') / glomerous fig tree, water sycamore, datura, thornapple (a medicinal plant)  banyan tree, Bengal fig, Indian fig (from 'banians', the traders that rested under the tree), Indian fig (two sorts of gall flowers in July as opposed to November flowersing, small flowers with Blastophaga wasps, crown spreading by aerial roots dropping down to become accessory trunks, yields timber and fibre)/ council tree (milky fig tree)  holy fig-tree, pipal tree, peepul, pipul, Bo tree, Bodhi tree, sacred fig (deciduous fastgrowing tree, usually an epiphyte when young and splits	3

Urostigma pseudobenjaminum/ps eudotjiela  rosary beads, leaves used for miniature paintings, fibre formerly used for paper in Burma, host of plac insects and some silkworms) / none (large tree)
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