

Control Systems

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CONTENTS

Abstract—This manual is an introduction to control systems based on GATE problems. Links to sample Python codes are available in the text.

Download python codes using

1 STABILITY

1.1 Second order System

- 1.1. State the general model of a state space system specifying the dimensions of the matrices and vectors.

Solution: The model is given by

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}}(t) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{x}(t) + \mathbf{B}u(t) \quad (1.1.1)$$

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{x}(t) + \mathbf{D}u(t) \quad (1.1.2)$$

- 1.2. Find the transfer function $\mathbf{H}(s)$ for the general system.

Solution: Taking Laplace transform on both sides we have the following equations

$$s\mathbf{I}\mathbf{X}(s) - \mathbf{x}(0) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{X}(s) + \mathbf{B}U(s) \quad (1.2.1)$$

$$(s\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})\mathbf{X}(s) = \mathbf{B}U(s) + \mathbf{x}(0) \quad (1.2.2)$$

$$\mathbf{X}(s) = (s\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1}\mathbf{B}U(s) + (s\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1}\mathbf{x}(0) \quad (1.2.3)$$

and

$$Y(s) = \mathbf{C}\mathbf{X}(s) + \mathbf{D}U(s) \quad (1.2.4)$$

Substituting from (??) in the above,

$$Y(s) = (\mathbf{C}(s\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{D})U(s) + \mathbf{C}(s\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1}\mathbf{x}(0) \quad (1.2.5)$$

- 1.3. Find $H(s)$ for a SISO (single input single output) system.

Solution:

$$H(s) = \frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \mathbf{C}(s\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{D} \quad (1.3.1)$$

- 1.4. Given

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 + 3s^2 + 2s + 1} \quad (1.4.1)$$

$$D = 0 \quad (1.4.2)$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.4.3)$$

find \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{C} such that the state-space realization is in *controllable canonical form*.

Solution:

$$\therefore \frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{Y(s)}{V(s)} \times \frac{V(s)}{U(s)}, \quad (1.4.4)$$

letting

$$\frac{Y(s)}{V(s)} = 1, \quad (1.4.5)$$

results in

$$\frac{U(s)}{V(s)} = s^3 + 3s^2 + 2s + 1 \quad (1.4.6)$$

giving

$$U(s) = s^3V(s) + 3s^2V(s) + 2sV(s) + V(s) \quad (1.4.7)$$

so equation 0.1.13 can be written as

$$\begin{pmatrix} sV(s) \\ s^2V(s) \\ s^3V(s) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V(s) \\ sV(s) \\ s^2V(s) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} U \quad (1.4.8)$$

So

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -2 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.4.9)$$

$$Y = X_1(s) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V(s) \\ sV(s) \\ s^2V(s) \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.4.10)$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.4.11)$$

- 1.5. Obtain \mathbf{A} and \mathbf{C} so that the state-space realization in in *observable canonical form*.

Solution:

Given that

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 + 3s^2 + 2s + 1} \quad (1.5.1)$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{U(s)} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 3s^2 + 2s + 1} \quad (1.5.2)$$

$$Y(s) \times (s^3 + 3s^2 + 2s + 1) = U(s) \quad (1.5.3)$$

$$s^3Y(s) + 3s^2Y(s) + 2sY(s) + Y(s) = U(s) \quad (1.5.4)$$

$$s^3Y(s) = U(s) - 3s^2Y(s) - 2sY(s) - Y(s) \quad (1.5.5)$$

$$Y(s) = -3s^{-1}Y(s) - 2s^{-2}Y(s) + s^{-3}(U(s) - Y(s)) \quad (1.5.6)$$

let $Y = aU + X_1$

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by comparing with equation 1.5.6 we get $a=0$ and

$$Y = X_1 \quad (1.5.7)$$

inverse laplace transform of above equation is

$$y = x_1 \quad (1.5.8)$$

so from above equation 1.5.6 and 1.5.7

$$X_1 = -3s^{-1}Y(s) - 2s^{-2}Y(s) + s^{-3}(U(s) - Y(s)) \quad (1.5.9)$$

$$sX_1 = -3Y(s) - 2s^{-1}Y(s) + s^{-2}(U(s) - Y(s)) \quad (1.5.10)$$

inverse laplace transform of above equation

$$\dot{x}_1 = -3y + x_2 \quad (1.5.11)$$

where

$$X_2 = -2s^{-1}Y(s) + s^{-2}(U(s) - Y(s)) \quad (1.5.12)$$

$$sX_2 = -2Y(s) + s^{-1}(U(s) - Y(s)) \quad (1.5.13)$$

inverse laplace transform of above equation

$$\dot{x}_2 = -2y + x_3 \quad (1.5.14)$$

where

$$X_3 = s^{-1}(U(s) - Y(s)) \quad (1.5.15)$$

$$sX_3 = U(s) - Y(s) \quad (1.5.16)$$

inverse laplace transform of above equation

$$\dot{x}_3 = u - y \quad (1.5.17)$$

so we get four equations which are

$$y = x_1 \quad (1.5.18)$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = -3y + x_2 \quad (1.5.19)$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -2y + x_3 \quad (1.5.20)$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = u - y \quad (1.5.21)$$

sub $y = x_1$ in 1.5.19,1.5.20,1.5.21 we get

$$y = x_1 \quad (1.5.22)$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = -3x_1 + x_2 \quad (1.5.23)$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -2x_1 + x_3 \quad (1.5.24)$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = u - x_1 \quad (1.5.25)$$

so above equations can be written as

$$\begin{pmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} U \quad (1.5.26)$$

So

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.5.27)$$

$$y = x_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.5.28)$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.5.29)$$

1.6. Find the eigenvalues of \mathbf{A} and the roots of the characteristic equation of $H(s)$ using a python code.

Solution:

2 ROUTH HURWITZ CRITERION

3 COMPENSATORS

4 NYQUIST PLOT