

Searching and Sorting

Binary

Search

→ WORKS ONLY FOR SORTED ARRAY

6	10	15	32	35	40	45	60
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

$$\text{mid} = \frac{\text{start} + \text{end}}{2}$$

RIGHT → (mid + 1 → end)

left → (start → mid - 1)

Elem	start	End	Mid
32	0	7	$\frac{0+7}{2} = 3$
35	0	7	$\frac{0+7}{2} = 3$

$$\frac{4+7}{2} = 5$$

Start > End

Then STOPS

In BINARY SEARCH we have to do less work as compare to linear search

Main function

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
    int[] Input = {2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 15, 21, 28};
```

```
    int index = binarySearch(Input, 5);
```

```
    System.out.println(index);
```

3

#

Public class solution {

Public static int binarySearch (int[] arr, int x) {

int first = 0;

int last = arr.length - 1;

while (first <= last) {

int mid = (first + last) / 2;

if (arr[mid] < x) {

first = mid + 1;

else if (arr[mid] == x) {

return mid;

else {

last = mid - 1;

}

}

return -1;

}

{

int start = 0;

int last = input.length - 1;

while (start <= end) {

{

int mid = (start + last) / 2;

if (elem == input[mid]) {

return mid;

}

else if (elem > input[mid]) {

start = mid + 1;

}

else {

end = mid - 1;

}

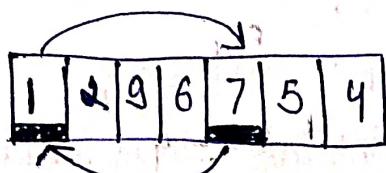
return -1;

}

Selection SORT

7	2	9	6	1	5	4
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

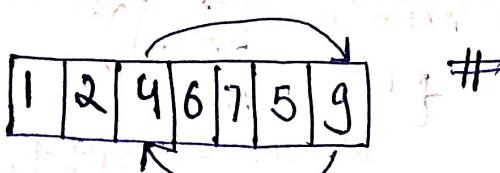
Round 0



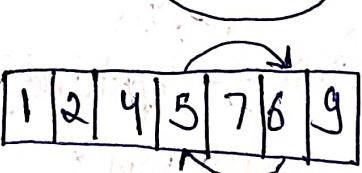
Round 1

1	2	9	6	7	5	4
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Round 2



Round 3



Round 4

1	2	4	5	7	6	9
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

n=6

Round - 6

Max Round
Possible

This algorithm maintains two subarrays in a given array.

- 1) The subarray which is already sorted.
- 2) Remaining subarray which is unsorted.

```

public static void selectionSort(int[] input)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < input.length - 1; i++)
    {
        int min = input[i];
        int minIndex = i;
        for (int j = i + 1; j < input.length; j++)
        {
            if (input[j] < min)
            {
                min = input[j];
                minIndex = j;
            }
        }
        if (minIndex != i)
        {
            input[minIndex] = input[i];
            input[i] = min;
        }
    }
}

```

MKO SO YOGA
SPEECH

QUESTION

```
public static void main()
{ int [] a = {38, 52, 9, 18, 16, 62, 13} ;
```

```
int min, temp = 0 ;
```

```
for( int j=0 ; j < a.length ; j++ )
```

```
{ min = j ;
```

```
for( int j=j+1 ; j < a.length ; j++ )
```

```
{
```

```
if( a[j] < a[min] )
```

```
{
```

```
min = j ;
```

```
}
```

```
temp = a[j] ;
```

```
a[j] = a[min] ;
```

```
a[min] = temp ;
```

```
}
```

```
for( int j=0 ; j < a.length ; j++ )
```

```
{
```

```
System.out.print( a[j] + " " );
```

```
}
```

j=0

min=0 ✓

J=X ✗ 3 3 4

a[0] < a[0]

52 < 38 ✗

9 < 38 ✓

18 < 38

6 < 38

Bubble SORT

ROUND-1

6	9	4	8	3	1
---	---	---	---	---	---

6	9	4	8	3	1	$i=0$
6	4	9	8	3	1	
6	4	8	9	3	1	$i=2$
6	4	8	3	9	1	$i=3$
6	4	8	3	1	9	$i=4$

ROUND-2

6	4	8	3	1	9
4	6	8	3	1	9
4	6	8	3	1	9
4	6	3	8	1	9
4	6	3	1	8	9

WORST TIME

$O(n^2)$

Public class BubbleSort {

 Public static void bubbleSort(int input[]) {

 for (int i=0; i<input.length-1; i++) {

 for (int j=0; j<input.length-i-1; j++) {

 if (input[j] > input[j+1]) {

 int temp = input[j];

 input[j] = input[j+1];

 input[j+1] = temp;

 }

 }

 }

 Public static void main(String[] args) {

 int input[] = {8, 2, 6, 1, 5};

 bubbleSort(input);

 for (int i=0; i<input.length; i++) {

 System.out.print(input[i] + " ");

}

30
45
30
105

Insertion SORT

Unsorted

9 | 8 5 6 2 1

8 9 | 5 6 2 1

5 8 9 | 6 2 1

5 6 8 9 | 2 1

2 5 6 8 9 | 1

1 2 5 6 8 9

i=1

J=0 + 1

temp = 4 ;

arr[1] = 6

arraysort() i

j=1

J= 0

temp = 4

arr[0] = 6

6

9 8 5 6 2 1

TIME complexity $O(n^2)$

Public class Insertionsort{

Public static void insertionSort(int arr[]){

for (int j=1; j< arr.length; j++) {

int J= j-1;

int temp = arr[j];

while (J >= 0 && arr[J] > temp) {

arr[J+1] = arr[J];

J--;

arr[J+1] = temp;

}

Public static void main(String[] args){

int arr[] = {6, 4, 3, 5, 2, 1, 9};

INSERTIONSORT(arr);

for (int j=0; j< arr.length; j++) {

System.out.print(arr[j] + " ");

}

}

}

MERGE TWO SORTED ARRAY

Arr 1

2	6	9	15
---	---	---	----

Arr 2

1	4	6	7
---	---	---	---

1	2	4	6	7	9	15
---	---	---	---	---	---	----

```
# public class MergeTwoSortedArrays {
```

```
    public static int[] merge(int[] arr1, int[] arr2) {
```

```
        int i=0;
```

```
        int j=0;
```

```
        int k=0;
```

```
        int ans[] = new int[arr1.length + arr2.length];
```

```
        while(i<arr1.length && j<arr2.length)
```

```
        { if(arr1[i] < arr2[j]) {
```

```
            ans[k] = arr1[i];
```

```
            i++;
```

```
            k++;
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            ans[k] = arr2[j];
```

```
            j++;
```

```
            k++;
```

```
        }
```

```
}
```

```
while(j < arr1.length) {
```

```
    ans[k] = arr1[j];
```

```
    k++;
```

```
    j++;
```

```
}
```

```
while(j < arr2.length) {
```

```
    ans[k] = arr2[j];
```

```
    j++;
```

```
    k++;
```

```
}
```

```
return ans;
```

```
}
```

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
    int arr1[] = {1, 3, 5, 7};
```

```
    int arr2[] = {2, 4, 6};
```

```
    int ans[] = merge(arr1, arr2);
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < ans.length; i++) {
```

```
        System.out.print(ans[i] + " ");
```

```
}
```

```
System.out.println();
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Push zero to END

1/8/2024

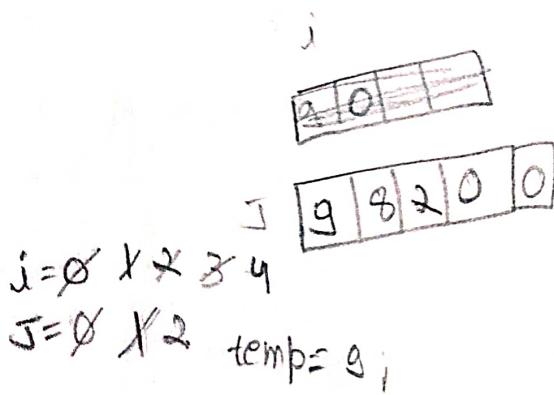
Public class solution {

0	1	2	3	4
9	0	0	8	2

{ Public static void pushZeroAtEnd(int arr)

```
int j=0;  
int n = arr.length;  
for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {  
    if(arr[i]==0) {  
        int temp = arr[j];  
        arr[j] = arr[i];  
        arr[i] = temp;  
        j++;  
    }  
}
```

```
for(int j=0; j<arr.length; j++) {  
    if(arr[j]==0) {  
        count++;  
    }  
    else {  
        System.out.print(arr[j]);  
    }  
}  
while(i <= count) {  
    System.out.print(0);  
    i++;  
}
```



Time complexity
JADA HAA.

ROTATE ARRAY — X —

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
2	6	3	1	5	9	8

6	3	1	5	9	8	2
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

R=1

3	1	5	9	8	2	6
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

R=2

0 1 2 3 4 5 6

→ 2nd method

→ d to end Elements

{ arr[i] = arr[i+d] }

while(d < R)

{

temp = arr[0]; $\forall i \in [0, R-1]$

arr[i] = arr[i+1];

i++;

} arr[R.length-1] = temp;

arr[0] = arr[0+d]; $j \leq [R.length - 1 - d]$

[] int arr1 = new int [] arr;

for(j=0; j < d; j++)

{ arr1[j] = arr[j]; }

}

d
j = arr.length - 1 - d; j < arr.length - d

1 → 2

Method - (3)

2	6	3	1	5	9	8
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

n-d

0	1	2	3	4	5	6
8	9	5	1	3	6	2

Reverse the array

3	1	5	9	8	2	6
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

Method

```
{  
    int [] arr1 = new int[d];  
    for(int k=0; k<d; k++) {  
        arr1[k] = arr[k];  
    }  
  
    for(int j=0; j<=(arr.length - 1 - d); j++) {  
        arr[j] = arr[j+d];  
    }  
  
    int g=0;  
    for(int i=(arr.length-d); i<arr.length; i++) {  
        arr[i] = arr[g];  
        g++;  
    }  
}
```

#

```
{  
    int g=0;  
    while(g<d) {  
        int temp = arr[0];  
        for(int i=0; i<arr.length-1; i++) {  
            arr[i] = arr[i+1];  
        }  
        g++;  
        arr[arr.length-1] = temp;  
    }  
}
```

Rev an array

```
int i=0;  
int j= arr.length-1;  
while(i<j)  
{  
    int temp = arr[i],  
    arr[i] = arr[j],  
    arr[j] = temp;  
    i++;  
    j--;
```

```
# {  
    int i=0;  
    int j=arr.length-1;  
    while(i<j) {
```

```
        int temp = arr[i];  
        arr[i] = arr[j];  
        arr[j] = temp;  
        i++;  
        j--;
```

```
}
```

```
i=0;  
j=arr.length-1-d;
```

```
while(i<j) {
```

```
    int temp = arr[i];  
    arr[i] = arr[j];  
    arr[j] = temp;  
    i++;  
    j--;
```

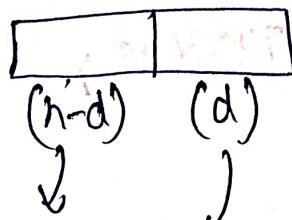
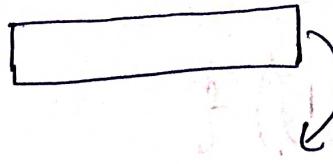
```
j=arr.length-d;
```

```
j=arr.length-1;
```

```
while(i<j) {
```

```
    int temp = arr[i];  
    arr[i] = arr[j];  
    arr[j] = temp;  
    i++;  
    j--;
```

```
}
```



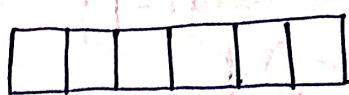
Reverse Reverse

Second largest in Array

```
if((arr.length <= 1)) {
```

```
    return -2147483648;
```

```
}
```



```
int max = arr[0];
```

```
for(int j=0; j<arr.length; j++) {
```

```
    if(arr[i] > max) {
```

```
        max = arr[j];
```

```
}
```

```
for(int j=0; j<arr.length; j++) {
```

```
    if(arr[j] == max) {
```

```
        arr[j] = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
```

```
}
```

```
int second = arr[0];
```

```
for(int j=0; j<arr.length; j++) {
```

```
    if(arr[j] > second) {
```

```
        second = arr[j];
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
return second;
```

```
3 3
```

Check Array Rotations

#

```

int min = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
int minIndex = 0;
for(int j=0; j< arr.length; j++) {
    if(arr[j] < min) {
        min = arr[j];
        minIndex = j;
    }
}
return minIndex;
}

```

SORT 0 1 2

```

int nz = 0;
int nt = arr.length - 1;
for(j=0; -- -- ) {
    if(arr[i]==0)
        arr[nz] = 0;
        nz++;
    else if(arr[i]==2)
        arr[nt] = 2;
        nt--;
}
for(j=nz; j< nt; j++)

```

0	4	5	1	2	3
---	---	---	---	---	---

0	1	2	3	4
---	---	---	---	---

①
②
③

0	1	2	0	2	0	1
---	---	---	---	---	---	---

0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	1	1	2

nz nt

```
# {  
    public static void swap(int arr[], int start, int end) {  
        int temp = arr[start];  
        arr[start] = arr[end];  
        arr[end] = temp;  
    }  
}
```

```
public static void sort012(int[] arr) {
```

```
    int start = 0;
```

```
    int end = arr.length - 1;
```

```
    int j = 0;
```

```
    while (j <= end) {
```

```
        if (arr[j] == 0) {
```

```
            swap(arr, j, start);
```

```
            j++;
```

```
        } else if (arr[j] == 2) {
```

```
            swap(arr, j, end);
```

```
            end--;
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            j++;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```