

Title: Atmospheric Water Generation Using Compressed Air Storage for Low-Humidity Environments

Author: Sidhant Negi

Abstract:

This white paper presents a scalable, modular, and energy-efficient approach to atmospheric water generation (AWG) suitable for arid and low-humidity environments. The system captures ambient air, compresses and stores it in tanks, and later condenses the stored air in a controlled cooling chamber to extract moisture. This decoupled, two-stage process enables water extraction even in extreme dry climates where traditional AWG systems fail.

1. Introduction

Access to water is a growing global concern, especially in regions with low relative humidity. Traditional atmospheric water generators (AWGs) depend on sufficient ambient moisture and struggle to perform in dry or desert conditions. This paper outlines a new system that first stores ambient air in compressed form, then condenses it in a controlled cooling unit to extract water, enhancing performance in low-humidity zones.

2. System Architecture

The system is built around the following components:

- Air Intake Module: High-speed fans pull in large volumes of ambient air.
- Compression Unit: Air is compressed and stored in sealed tanks at high pressure.
- Cooling Chamber: Compressed air is released into a refrigerated condensation chamber where water vapor condenses.
- Water Filtration & Storage: Condensed water is filtered using UV or activated carbon and stored in a clean reservoir.

The system is modular and can scale in capacity by increasing the number of tanks and cooling units.

3. Advantages

- Operates in Low-Humidity Environments
- Stores Air as a 'Moisture Battery' for On-Demand Extraction
- Compatible with Solar or Off-Grid Energy Sources
- Portable and Scalable for Defense, Disaster Relief, or Rural Deployment

4. Potential Applications

- Military Installations: Water security for remote posts.
- Emergency Response: Rapid deployment in drought, flood, or war zones.

- Rural Communities: Sustainable drinking water generation without reliance on ground or surface sources.
 - Space & Analog Missions: Closed-loop water systems for space analog environments.
-

5. Future Enhancements

- AI-Based Environmental Optimization
 - Desiccant-Enhanced Hybrid Models
 - Cryogenic Cooling Systems for higher condensation rates
 - Real-time IoT Monitoring for diagnostics and usage stats
 - Patent Licensing & Commercialization Readiness
-

6. Diagram

Refer to the accompanying visual: A simplified system showing air intake, compression tank, condenser unit, water collection, and filtration.

7. Conclusion

This concept outlines a new paradigm in water generation for dry environments, especially where traditional AWG fails. The use of compressed air as a moisture storage medium allows water to be extracted on-demand with scalable and adaptable configurations. With proper R&D and deployment,

this system has the potential to become a critical water security solution globally.

Disclaimer:

This document is a conceptual white paper and does not describe a commercial or production-ready device. It is intended for scientific research, humanitarian, environmental, and peaceful innovation purposes only. Unauthorized replication, misuse, or weaponization of the technology is discouraged. The author retains intellectual property rights. Further R&D, prototyping, testing, and validation are required before real-world application.

Contact & Collaboration

Ready for Collaboration -- If you're a research institute, private innovator, defense organization, NGO, or startup interested in this water generation technology, feel free to connect for collaborative development or exploratory research.

GitHub: <https://github.com/sidhantnegi>

Author: Sidhant Negi