<u>Dashboard</u> / <u>My courses</u> / <u>CS23331-DAA-2023-CSE</u> / <u>Greedy Algorithms</u> / <u>4-G-Array Sum max problem</u>

Started on	Thursday, 22 August 2024, 11:29 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Thursday, 19 September 2024, 10:20 AM
Time taken	27 days 22 hours
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %)

```
Question 1
Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
```

Given an array of N integer, we have to maximize the sum of arr[i] * i, where i is the index of the element (i = 0, 1, 2, ..., N). Write an algorithm based on Greedy technique with a Complexity O(nlogn).

Input Format:

First line specifies the number of elements-n

The next n lines contain the array elements.

Output Format:

Maximum Array Sum to be printed.

Sample Input:

5

25340

Sample output:

40

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
#include <stdio.h>
 2
    #include <stdlib.h>
     void merge(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right) {
 3
 4
         int i, j, k;
 5
         int n1 = mid - left + 1;
 6
         int n2 = right - mid;
         int leftArr[n1], rightArr[n2];
         for (i = 0; i < n1; i++)
 8
 9
              leftArr[i] = arr[left + i];
10
         for (j = 0; j < n2; j++)
              rightArr[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
11
         i = 0;
12
         j = 0;
13
         k = left;
14
15
         while (i < n1 && j < n2) {</pre>
              if (leftArr[i] <= rightArr[j]) {</pre>
16
                  arr[k] = leftArr[i];
17
18
19
20
              else {
                  arr[k] = rightArr[j];
21
22
                  j++;
23
              }
24
              k++;
25
         while (i < n1) {</pre>
26
             arr[k] = leftArr[i];
27
28
              i++;
29
              k++;
30
31
         while (j < n2) {
32
              arr[k] = rightArr[j];
33
              j++;
34
              k++;
35
         }
36
37
     void mergeSort(int arr[], int left, int right) {
38
         if (left < right) {</pre>
39
              int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
              mergeSort(arr, left, mid);
40
             mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, right);
merge(arr, left, mid, right);
41
42
43
         }
44
45
46
    int main() {
         int n,sum=0,arr[1000];
47
         scanf("%d",&n);
48
49
         for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
         scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
mergeSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
50
51
52
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	5	40	40	~
	2			
	5			
	3			
	4			
	0			
~	10	191	191	~
	2			
	2			
	2			
	4			
	4			
	3			
	3			
	5			
	5			
	5			
~	2	45	45	~
	45			
	3			

Passed all tests! 🗸

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

◄ 3-G-Burger Problem

Jump to...

5-G-Product of Array elements-Minimum ►