Total No. of printed pages = 7

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Semester: 1st (Old)

Subject Code: Sc-104

APPLIED PHYSICS - I

Full Marks -70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

PART - A

Marks - 25

Answer all the questions

	Fill	l in the blanks:	1×10=10
di.	(a)	Momentum is aquant	tity.
	(b)	The dimension of power is	011
	(c)	Newton's 2nd law of motion of force.	gives the
	(d)	Gravity is the special case of _	90.
	(e)	The product of mass and the vebody is called its	locity of a
* *	7	O Transport	[Turn over

. *	3	The latent heat of fusion of ice is	(h) Steel is more elastic than rubber.
	9	Echo is due to the of sound.	
	E	Water equivalent is measured in	decrease of pressure.
	Θ	Sound moves faster in air than dry air.	(j) Weight of a body at the centre of the earth is zero.
	9	Thermal capacity is the product of mass and of the substance.	Choose the correct answer from the following:
			1×5=5
2.	or Wr	Write whether the following statements are true or false: $10 \times 1 = 10$	(a) Which of the following is not a fundamental
	(a)	(a) Weight is the measure of force of gravity on a body.	7
	(b)	Displacement is a scalar quantity.	EREC OF LEAST BUSINESS OF
C7:	<u></u>	The principle of hydraulic press depends on Pascal's law.	(iv) Second
	(b)	Evaporation is a process of change of state from liquid to gas at all temperature.	(b) Water is used in hot water bags because (i) it has the lowest specific heat
	e	Sound is pressure matter wave.	(ii) it has the highest specific heat
	\oplus	Thermometer is a device to measure the heat of a body.	it is n
281	(g)		(iv) None of the above
		eff feeling as your)
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- (c) Time period of a simple pendulum varies
- (i) directly as its length
- (ii) inversely as its length
- (iii) directly as the square root of its length
- (iv) inversely as the square root of its length
- (d) Velocity of sound in a medium depends on
- (i) wind flowing
- (ii) density of the medium
- (iii) temperature of the medium
- (iv) All of the above



- <u>@</u> A gap is left between two rails to allow
- surface expansion
- (ii) linear expansion
- (iii) None of the above

PART-B

Marks - 45

Answer any five questions.

- (a) Distinguish between a scalar quantity and a quantity? vector quantity. Is displacement a vector
- (b) State Newton's second law of motion. eration it produced Deduce a relation between force and accel-
- <u></u> Define angular velocity. Write down the velocity. relation between linear velocity and angular
- (a) Define co-efficient of linear expansion and co-efficient of volume expansion of solid and hence establish a relation between them.
- (b) What are the different modes of transmission of heat? Define them in brief. 1+2=3
- <u></u> State Newton's laws of Gravitation. Explain constant? why G is called universal gravitational 1+1=2
- 167/Sc-104/AP-I(O)

3

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- 6. (a) Define- specific heat, thermal capacity and water equivalent. Mention their SI units.
- (b) A hot ball of iron (sp heat = 0.08) weighting 200gm is dropped into 500gm of water at 10°C. The resulting temperature is 22.8°C. Calculate the temperature of the hot ball.
- (c) Distinguish between evaporation and boiling.
- 7. (a) Define: stress, strain and Hook's law of elasticity.
- (b) Calculate the force required to double the length of a wire of diameter 2mm. Given, Young's modulus of elasticity, Y = 12 × 10¹¹ CRAPAN Nm⁻² mm.
- (c) State the characteristics of simple harmonic motion.
- 8. (a) Deduce an expression of pressure at any point inside any liquid.
- (b) State Pascal's law of transmission of pressure through liquid. Explain the principle of multiplication of force. 1+2=3

- (c) A force of 50kgf is applied to a smaller piston of a hydraulic machine. Neglecting friction, find the force exerted on the large piston, the diameters of the pistons being 2 cm and 10 cm.
- 9. (a) Define work, power and energy mentioning the SI unit of each of them.
- (b) Show that $K.E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$ where 'm' and 'v' represents mass and initial velocity of the body.
- (c) State Joule's law of heat and hence define mechanical equivalent of heat.
- (a) State Newton's formula for velocity of sound in air and explain how Laplace corrected this formula.
- (b) Define: wave velocity, frequency and wavelength of a wave and establish a relation between them.

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(c) A note of sound of wavelength 160 meter is moving in air with velocity 320 m/sec. Determine the frequency of the note. 2

167/Sc-104/AP-I(O)

9