

Release Notes - VMware*

Intel® QuickAssist Technology
Customer Enabling (CE) Release

June 2023

Document Number: 768798-003

Performance varies by use, configuration and other factors. Learn more on the Intel's Performance Index site.

Performance results are based on testing as of dates shown in configurations and may not reflect all publicly available updates. See backup for configuration details. No product or component can be absolutely secure.

Your costs and results may vary.

Intel technologies may require enabled hardware, software or service activation.

The products described may contain design defects or errors known as errata which may cause the product to deviate from published specifications. Current characterized errata are available on request.

Code names are used by Intel to identify products, technologies, or services that are in development and not publicly available. These are not "commercial" names and not intended to function as trademarks.

See Intel's Legal Notices and Disclaimers.

© Intel Corporation. Intel, the Intel logo, Atom, Xeon, and other Intel marks are trademarks of Intel Corporation or its subsidiaries. Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others.

Contents

1		-	n of Release	1
	1.1	Featu		
	1.2		re Addition and Enhancements	
	1.3		ations	
	1.4		ge Information	
	1.5		Files in Release	3
	1.6		orted Guest Drivers	3
	1.7		nical Support	3
	1.8		onmental Assumptions	3
	1.9	Relate	ed Documentation	4
2	Rele	ease Ui	odates	5
	2.1	-	n Issues	5
		2.1.1	Issues Relating to Violation of Trust Model	5
		2.1.2	QATE-7495 - An Incorrectly formatted requests to Intel® QAT can render the Intel®	
			QAT endpoint unresponsive	6
		2.1.3	QATE-30251 - Turning off Bus Master Enable may cause PF hang	7
		2.1.4	QATE-64395 - Usage of DC Session Update API can render the application unre-	
			sponsive	7
		2.1.5	VQQ-122 – Intel® QAT HW doesn't support "Number of VFs" SR-IOV configuration	8
		2.1.6	Intel® QAT HW (c6xx and 200xx QAT) doesn't support VF reset functionality	8
		2.1.7	Intel® QAT HW requires masking some errors in AER register due to HW limitations	8
		2.1.8	VMware ESXi may require to manually toggle passthrough for Intel® QAT VFs	9
	2.2	Resol	ved Issues	9
		2.2.1	VQQ-1553 Incompatibility between legacy 1.7 and 2.0 drivers	9
		2.2.2	VQQ-1604 - HKDF is not currently supported by some Intel® QAT HW (c6xx and	
				10
3	Rev	ision H	listory	11

1 Description of Release

This document contains information on the accompanying Intel® QuickAssist Technology (Intel® QAT) Hardware Version 1.X Driver for VMware ESXi*.

This software enables single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV) for the Intel QAT driver on VMware ESXi*. SR-IOV enables the creation of Virtual Functions (VF) from a single Intel QAT device to support acceleration for multiple virtual machines.

There are 2 components are available for this release:

- 7.0.0 in the components name for VMware ESXi 7.0;
- 8.0.0 in the components name for VMware ESXi 8.0.

Select the component based on the version of VMware ESXi installed on the target host. The installation commands in the README.txt file may require adjustments to ensure they point to the correct driver component compatible with used version of hypervisor.

For instructions on loading and running the release software, refer to the **README.txt** file in the released software package. For instructions on installing the driver in the Guest Operating System (OS), refer to corresponding guest driver's collaterals listed in the *Related Documentation* section.

Refer to the Revision History to check the changes in this document.

Note: These release notes may include known issues with third-party or reference platform components that affect the operation of the software.

1.1 Features

- Sym/Asym Crypto.
- Data Compression.



1.2 Feature Addition and Enhancements

Feature	Description
HKDF support	HKDF support could be enabled for selected HW where it's not avaial-
	ble in the default FW image.

1.3 Limitations

- Intel® Key Protection Technology (KPT) is not supported.
- Rate limiting is not supported.
- Due to HW limitations, only all (maximum number) VFs can be enabled, an arbitrary number of VFs is not supported.
- The Intel® QAT device should not be exposed (via SR-IOV) to untrusted guests.
- ESXi limitation: number of PCI passthrough devices per VM is limited. Check "ESXi/ESX Configuration Maximums" KB article for exact limits. ESXi will not allow to power on VM if such limit is exceeded.

1.4 Package Information

Package Name	qat-1.x_ext_rel_bin_1.5.1.54.tar.gz
Release Date	06/30/2023
Supported Hardware	 Intel® C62x Chipset (c6xx QAT) Intel® QuickAssist Adapter 8960/8970 (c6xx QAT) Intel® Atom® P5300 processor product family (c4xxx QAT) Intel® Atom® P5700 processor product family (c4xxx QAT) Intel® Atom® C5000 processor product family (200xx QAT) Intel® Xeon® D2700 processor product family (c4xxx QAT) Intel® Xeon® D1700 processor product family (200xx QAT)
Supported ESXi Version(s)	VMware ESXi 7.0 and 8.0
Driver Version	1.5.1.54
Package	SHA256: 32ffb51ce9f179630dec59d78595ce65b7f1565adbcb629d08d6fd-
Checksum	02252d0046



1.5 List of Files in Release

File	Description
icp-qat-pf-drv_1.5.1.54-10EM.700.1.0.	Driver component for 7.0
15843807_21971459.zip	
icp-qat-pf-drv_1.5.1.54-10EM.800.1.0.	Driver component for 8.0
20613240_21971465.zip	
LICENSE.txt	License information
README.txt	Basic driver installation and configuration infor-
	mation

1.6 Supported Guest Drivers

The software in this release has been validated against the following guest drivers:

- Linux*: Intel OAT driver QAT.L.4.19.0-*
- Windows*: Intel QAT driver QAT1.7.W.1.8.0-*

The actual list of supported guest OS depends on the guest driver compatibility. Refer to the corresponding documentation for more information.

1.7 Technical Support

Intel offers only support for this software at the Application Programming Interface (API) level, defined in the Programmer's Guide and API reference manuals listed in the *Related Documentation* section.

For technical support, including answers to questions not addressed in this document, visit the technical support forum, FAQs, and other support information at Intel Support.

VMware forwards all issues they suspect to be related to Intel QAT to Intel to help triage and resolve with the customer directly.

1.8 Environmental Assumptions

The following assumptions are made about the deployment environment:

- The driver object/executable file on the disk should be protected using the normal file protection mechanisms so it is writable by only trusted users, for example, a privileged user or an administrator.
- The public key firmware image on the disk should be protected using normal file protection mechanisms, so it is writable only by trusted users; for example, a privileged user or an administrator.



- The Intel® QAT device should not be exposed to untrusted guests thru Single Root I/O Virtualization (SR-IOV).
- The Intel QAT device should not be exposed to untrusted users through the *user space direct* deployment model.
- The Dynamic Random-Access Memory (DRAM) is considered to be inside the trust boundary. The traditional memory-protection schemes provided by the Intel architecture processor and memory controller, and by the OS, are to prevent unauthorized access to these memory regions.
- Persistent keys were not considered, but the storage media are also considered inside the cryptographic boundary.
- The driver-exposed device file should be protected using the normal file protection mechanisms so that only trusted users can open, read or write it.

1.9 Related Documentation

Title	Number
Intel QuickAssist Technology for Linux* - Getting Started Guide (HW 1.7)	336212
Intel QuickAssist Technology for Linux* - Release Notes (HW 1.7)	336211
Intel QuickAssist Technology for VMware* - Release Notes (HW 1.X)	768798
Intel QuickAssist Technology - Programmer's Guide (HW 1.7)	336210
Intel QuickAssist Technology API Programmer's Guide	330684
Intel QuickAssist Technology Cryptographic API Reference Manual	330685
Intel QuickAssist Technology Data Compression API Reference Manual	330686

2 Release Updates

2.1 Known Issues

2.1.1 Issues Relating to Violation of Trust Model

The second generation of Intel® QAT was designed with performance as the primary objective. To attain the best possible performance, applications are exposed directly to the hardware with no bounds checking. This approach implies a trusted programming model, wherein an application is expected to supply correctly formatted addresses and arguments at the API.

An application failing to follow the programming conventions runs the risk of negatively impacting the platform.



2.1.2 QATE-7495 - An Incorrectly formatted requests to Intel® QAT can render the Intel® QAT endpoint unresponsive

Title	An Incorrectly formatted request to Intel® QAT can render the Intel® QAT end-
	point unresponsive
Reference	QATE-7495
Description	This version of the Intel® QAT hardware does not perform exhaustive request address and parameter checking. It follows that a malicious application could submit requests that can bring down an entire Intel® QAT endpoint or platform itself, which can impact other Intel® QAT jobs associated with the hardware. This presents a risk that must be managed by the host and guest operating systems and other system policies. The exposure can extend to other guest operating systems or applications outside of the typical access boundary of the malicious guest or application. Conditions like invalid address, address range that crosses the SecureRAM
	boundaries, and invalid request can cause HW to hang or system reset.
Implication	All guest operating systems and applications using QAT must be trusted, and/or other steps must be taken to ensure that an untrusted application or guest cannot submit incorrectly formatted requests.
Resolution	There is no workaround available. However, system policies (including limiting specific operating system permissions) can help to mitigate this issue.
Related issues	QATE-14706 - Partial descriptor submission may cause hang QATE-14287 - IOMMU page fault provokes device hang QATE-15430 - Malformed NULL descriptor may cause hang QATE-30895 - Crossing SecureRAM boundaries may cause device hang QATE-39377 - Continuous submitting malformed requests in VM may cause the platform to hang or reboot Root Cause Analysis: When a non-posted transaction is initiated to an invalid target (bad memory address), a UR is returned. Later, a Completion Time Out happens. A tag is issued to the non-posted transaction, and a tag is returned by the UR and a tag is returned by the CTO. This means that for every one tag issued, two are returned. This causes unexpected overflows in counters, too many outstanding transac-



2.1.3 QATE-30251 - Turning off Bus Master Enable may cause PF hang

Title	Turning off Bus Master Enable may cause PF hang
Reference	QATE-30251
Description	Specific guest's operations to rings with disabled BME bit may cause PF to hang.
Implication	-
Resolution	If PF hangs, the system administrator should shut down all the VMs and manually
	reload the driver or restart the whole system.

2.1.4 QATE-64395 - Usage of DC Session Update API can render the application unresponsive

Title	Usage of DC Session Update API can render the application unresponsive
Reference	QATE-64395
Description	In case of using Linux driver 4.10 with DC Session Update API user may get a time-out and fatal errors in Guest OS dmesg: c6xxvf 0000:ff:00.0: Fatal error received from PF 0x6ac20013
Implication	The application which is using the mentioned API may get a timeout-related error or stuck on waiting for a response from HW
Resolution	Use smaller chunks for submission or increase timeout values in the application that is using Intel® QAT. Also, possible to increase a Heartbeat and Quiesce timeouts for PF driver itself via the following steps: 1. Power off all VMs that are using Intel® QAT hardware 2. Unload driver:
	> esxcfg-module -u icp_qat_pf 3. Load driver module via next command where hb_interval is ranged from 500 to 5000 ms and quiesce_timeout is from 350 to 20000 ms:
	 > esxcli system module parameters set -m icp_qat_pf -p "hb_
	> kill -HUP \$(cat /var/run/vmware/vmkdevmgr.pid) To reset hb_interval and quiesce_timeout, just repeat all steps omitting setting time values on step 3.



2.1.5 VQQ-122 – Intel® QAT HW doesn't support "Number of VFs" SR-IOV configuration

Title	Intel® QAT HW doesn't support "Number of VFs" SR-IOV configuration
Reference	VQQ-122
Description	If the system administrator configures the number of VFs less than the total num-
	ber of VFs supported by PF, the driver will fail to attach the device.
Implication	The system administrator can't configure the VF number less than the total VFs.
Resolution	Enable all VFs per endpoint. If a smaller number was previously configured, and
	no VFs are available, reconfigure SR-IOV with the maximum number of VFs.

2.1.6 Intel® QAT HW (c6xx and 200xx QAT) doesn't support VF reset functionality

Title	Intel® QAT HW (c6xx and 200xx QAT) doesn't support VF reset functionality
Reference	-
Description	The Intel® QAT HW (c6xx and 200xx QAT) doesn't implement the SR-IOV spec-
	ification section, which requires VFs to support Function Level Reset (FLR)
Implication	-
Resolution	ESXi PF SR-IOV driver emulates VFLR for HW which doesn't support it.

2.1.7 Intel® QAT HW requires masking some errors in AER register due to HW limitations

Title	Intel® QAT HW requires masking some errors in AER register due to HW limita-
	tions
Reference	-
Description	QAT HW does not process Completion Timeout, Unsupported Request, and Uncorrectable Internal Errors correctly, and the associated bits should be masked in the AER mask register to prevent NMI failures which may lead to platform crash.
Implication	-
Resolution	ESXi PF SR-IOV driver masking appropriate errors to mitigate platform crashes.



2.1.8 VMware ESXi may require to manually toggle passthrough for Intel® QAT VFs

Title	VMware ESXi may require to manually toggle passthrough for Intel® QAT VFs
Reference	
Description	Due to limitations in VMware ESXi 7.0, Intel® QAT VFs can remain unmarked for passthrough, which requires a passthrough to be done manually in the vSphere UI.
Implication	System administrator need to manually toggle passthrough for VFs before assigning to VMs
Resolution	Upgrade to 7.0 Update 1 or newer release of ESXi. If upgrade is not possible please follow next steps to toggle passthru manually on VMware ESXi 7.0: 1. Connect to the target ESXi host via Web User Interface (UI) 2. In the left pane, click on Manage. 3. Choose Hardware tab. 4. Using checkboxes select Intel® Co-processor devices that have Disabled passthrough state. 5. Click on Toggle passthrough button to enable passthrough for disabled devices.

2.2 Resolved Issues

2.2.1 VQQ-1553 Incompatibility between legacy 1.7 and 2.0 drivers

Title	Incompatibility between legacy 1.X and 2.0 drivers	
Reference	VQQ-1553	
Description	The 1.7 driver (version 1.1.0.7) couldn't be installed on the same system with the	
	2.0 driver. They are using the same namespaces and will conflict, so one of the	
	drivers will fail initialization.	
Implication	Only one of the drivers could be installed on the system.	
Resolution	Update to the driver version 1.5.0.41 or later becasue they are compatible with 2.0	
	driver.	



2.2.2 VQQ-1604 - HKDF is not currently supported by some Intel® QAT HW (c6xx and 200xx QAT)

Title	HKDF is not currently supported by some Intel® QAT HW (c6xx and 200xx QAT)		
Reference	VQQ-1604		
Description	Intel® QAT driver for VMware ESXi using DEFAULT servicesProfile doesn't al-		
	low the user to change it. Hence some of the device capabilities like HKDF sup-		
	port, are unavailable on c6xx and 200xx QAT HW.		
Implication	HKDF is not currently supported.		
Resolution	No workaround is available.		

3 Revision History

Document	Description	Date
Version		
003	For software release 1.5.1	June 2023
002	For software release 1.5.0	February 2023
001	Initial Release	August 2020