

ASSIGNMENT - 4

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

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Restaurant Order and Inventory Management System

Description

The **Restaurant Order and Inventory Management System** (ROIMS) database is designed to manage customer orders, menu items, inventory tracking, and supplier data. This system ensures smooth operations by maintaining accurate ingredient stock levels, enabling real-time updates to inventory upon order placement, and generating insightful reports on popular dishes, revenue, stock levels, and supplier performance. The system includes constraints to prevent over-ordering, triggers for inventory updates, and stored procedures for managing orders and inventory restocking.

Database Tables Design

1. Customers

Stores customer details for order processing and communication.

Column	Data Type	Description
customer_id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each customer
first_name	VARCHAR(50)	Customer's first name
last_name	VARCHAR(50)	Customer's last name
phone_number	VARCHAR(15)	Customer's contact number
email	VARCHAR(100)	Customer's email address

2. Orders

Records details of each order placed by customers.

Column	Data Type	Description
order_id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each order
customer_id	INT (FK)	References Customers(customer_id)
order_date	DATETIME	Date and time of order
total_amount	DECIMAL(10,2)	Total order amount
status	VARCHAR(20)	Order status (e.g., Pending, Completed)

3. Menu_Items

Tracks details of items available on the menu.

Column	Data Type	Description
menu_item_id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each menu item
name	VARCHAR(100)	Name of the menu item
price	DECIMAL(10,2)	Price of the menu item
description	TEXT	Description of the menu item

4. Inventory

Keeps track of ingredients and their quantities.

Column	Data Type	Description
ingredient_id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each ingredient
name	VARCHAR(100)	Name of the ingredient
quantity	DECIMAL(10,2)	Current stock level
unit_price	DECIMAL(10,2)	Price per unit of ingredient
supplier_id	INT (FK)	References Suppliers(supplier_id)

5. Staff

Stores details of restaurant staff.

Column	Data Type	Description
staff_id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each staff
first_name	VARCHAR(50)	Staff's first name
last_name	VARCHAR(50)	Staff's last name
position	VARCHAR(50)	Staff's position (e.g., Waiter, Chef)
hire_date	DATETIME	Date the staff member was hired

6. Suppliers

Tracks suppliers for ingredients.

Column	Data Type	Description
supplier_id	INT (PK)	Unique identifier for each supplier
name	VARCHAR(100)	Name of the supplier
contact_name	VARCHAR(50)	Contact person at the supplier
phone_number	VARCHAR(15)	Supplier's contact number
email	VARCHAR(100)	Supplier's email address

Constraints for Referential Integrity

- **Foreign Keys:**
 - customer_id in **Orders** references **Customers(customer_id)**.
 - supplier_id in **Inventory** references **Suppliers(supplier_id)**.
- **Primary Keys:**
 - Each table includes a primary key for unique record identification.
- **Check Constraints:**
 - Ensure positive ingredient quantities and valid order amounts to prevent inconsistencies.
 - Prevent over-ordering by limiting order quantity based on available stock in **Inventory**.

Stored Procedures

a. Place Order

Registers an order and updates inventory levels.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE PlaceOrder(  
    IN customerId INT,  
    IN menuItemId INT,  
    IN quantity INT  
)  
BEGIN  
    DECLARE price DECIMAL(10,2);  
    DECLARE ingredientRequired DECIMAL(10,2);  
  
    -- Get the price of the menu item  
    SELECT price INTO price FROM Menu_Items WHERE menu_item_id = menuItemId;
```

```

-- Calculate total amount for the order
INSERT INTO Orders (customer_id, order_date, total_amount, status)
VALUES (customerId, NOW(), price * quantity, 'Pending');

-- Update inventory for ingredients used in the menu item
SELECT required_ingredients INTO ingredientRequired
FROM Menu_Items WHERE menu_item_id = menuItemId;

-- Check if sufficient ingredients are available in inventory
IF ingredientRequired <= (SELECT quantity FROM Inventory WHERE ingredient_id =
ingredientRequired) THEN
    UPDATE Inventory
    SET quantity = quantity - ingredientRequired
    WHERE ingredient_id = ingredientRequired;
ELSE
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000' SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Not enough ingredients in stock';
END IF;
END;

```

b. Check Ingredient Levels

Confirms if there is enough stock for the menu item ingredients.

```

CREATE PROCEDURE CheckIngredientLevels(IN menuItemId INT)
BEGIN
    DECLARE ingredientRequired DECIMAL(10,2);
    DECLARE availableStock DECIMAL(10,2);

    -- Get required ingredient and available stock

```

```
SELECT required_ingredients INTO ingredientRequired FROM Menu_Items WHERE menu_item_id  
= menuItemId;
```

```
SELECT quantity INTO availableStock FROM Inventory WHERE ingredient_id =  
ingredientRequired;
```

```
IF availableStock < ingredientRequired THEN  
    SIGNAL SQLSTATE '45000' SET MESSAGE_TEXT = 'Insufficient ingredient stock';  
END IF;  
END;
```

c. Restock Inventory

Restocks ingredients when low stock is detected.

```
CREATE PROCEDURE RestockInventory(IN ingredientId INT, IN quantity INT)  
BEGIN  
    UPDATE Inventory  
    SET quantity = quantity + quantity  
    WHERE ingredient_id = ingredientId;  
END;
```

Triggers

a. Update Inventory on Order

Automatically updates inventory when an order is placed.

```
CREATE TRIGGER AfterOrderInsert  
AFTER INSERT ON Orders  
FOR EACH ROW  
BEGIN
```

```
DECLARE required_ingredients INT;
```

```
-- Loop through all ordered items and update inventory
```

```
SELECT required_ingredients INTO required_ingredients
```

```
FROM Menu_Items WHERE menu_item_id = NEW.menu_item_id;
```

```
UPDATE Inventory
```

```
SET quantity = quantity - required_ingredients
```

```
WHERE ingredient_id = required_ingredients;
```

```
END;
```

b. Update Inventory on Restock

Automatically updates inventory when ingredients are restocked.

```
CREATE TRIGGER AfterRestockInsert
```

```
AFTER INSERT ON Inventory
```

```
FOR EACH ROW
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
    UPDATE Inventory
```

```
    SET quantity = quantity + NEW.quantity
```

```
    WHERE ingredient_id = NEW.ingredient_id;
```

```
END;
```

SQL Queries for Reports

a. Popular Dishes Report

Generates a report of the most frequently ordered menu items.


```
SELECT menu_item_id, COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders
FROM Orders
GROUP BY menu_item_id
ORDER BY total_orders DESC;
```

b. Daily Revenue

Generates daily revenue report.

```
SELECT DATE(order_date) AS date, SUM(total_amount) AS daily_revenue
FROM Orders
GROUP BY DATE(order_date)
ORDER BY date DESC;
```

c. Stock Levels

Checks the current stock levels of all ingredients.

```
SELECT ingredient_id, name, quantity
FROM Inventory;
```

d. Supplier Performance

Assesses supplier performance based on ingredient stock levels and restocks.

```
SELECT s.supplier_id, s.name, SUM(i.quantity) AS total_stock
FROM Suppliers s
JOIN Inventory i ON s.supplier_id = i.supplier_id
GROUP BY s.supplier_id;
```

Conclusion

The **Restaurant Order and Inventory Management System** database is a comprehensive solution that integrates order processing, inventory management, and supplier tracking. The system ensures efficient operations by automating inventory updates through triggers and stored procedures, preventing stock shortages, and enabling real-time reporting on sales, stock levels, and supplier performance. This design helps restaurant owners optimize resources, track ingredient usage, and maintain profitability while ensuring customer satisfaction through accurate order fulfillment and timely restocking.