



Code Specialization

SPIR-V patching for runtime specialized code targeting GPUs



Agenda

- Motivation
- Application
- Implementation
- Testing & Benchmarking
- Outlook







Motivation

Improving shader specialization

(JIT) - Shader permutation¹

```
fn some_function<T,B>(a: B) → T{...}

fn some_function(a: u32) → u32{...}

fn some_function(a: f32) → u32{...}

fn some_function(a: u32) → f32{...}

fn some_function(a: f32) → f32{...}
```

Constant branch

```
if (const I > N) {...}else{}
switch (const I) {...}
```

Runtime Code specialization

- Similar to *specialization constants*
- Whenever not all paths are known at compiletime
- Updating calculation at runtime
- Context optimized code

¹ https://www.kdab.com/shader-variants/ https://therealmjp.github.io/posts/shader-permutations-part2/





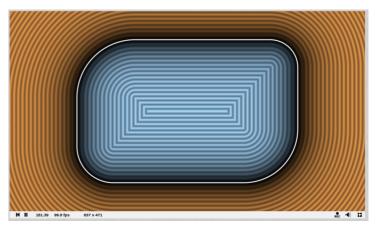


Motivation

Personal motivation

Improving Signed-Distance-Function viability for user generated content.

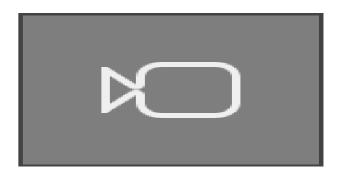
- GPU-Interpreter too slow (Nako²)
- Can not pre-program *all* SDF (and select via constants)
- Rendering into explicit representation looses most interesting properties
 - Low memory usage
 - possibly *infinite* spatial size
 - Optimized evaluation of implicit form



```
float sdRoundBox( in vec2 p, in vec2 b, in vec4 r )
{
    r.xy = (p.x>0.0)?r.xy : r.zw;
    r.x = (p.y>0.0)?r.x : r.y;
    vec2 q = abs(p)-b+r.x;
    return min(max(q.x,q.y),0.0) + length(max(q,0.0)) - r.x;
}
```

Inigo Quilez:

https://www.shadertoy.com/view/4llXD7



² https://gitlab.com/tendsinmende/nako

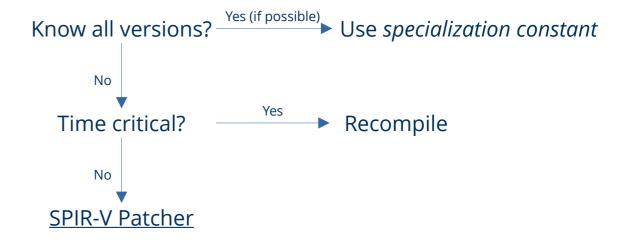






Application

- User generated code
- Runtime modified code
- Performance evaluation



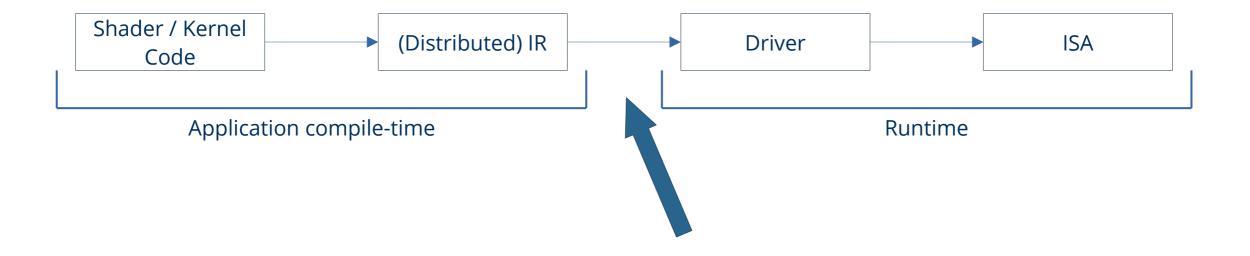






How to patch

Choosing an abstraction level



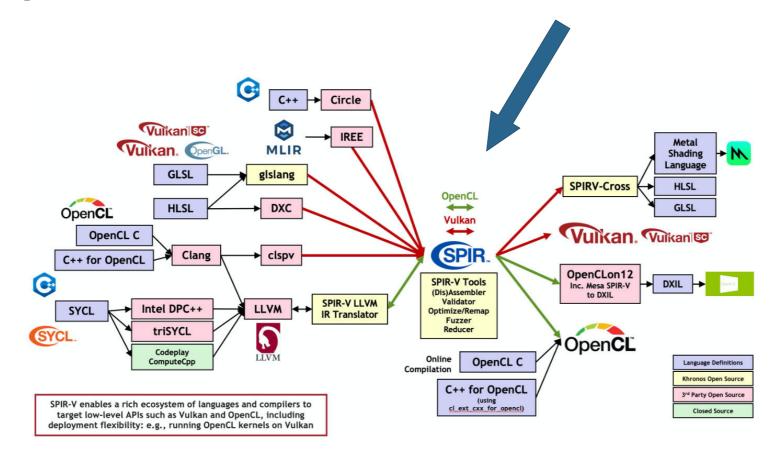






How to patch

Chosing an abstraction level









How to patch

Choosing an abstraction level

Challenges

- SPIR-V Dialects (Vulkan, OpenCL, actual implementation of cross-compiler)
- Differences across dialects (sometimes mutual exclusive)

Advantages

- Cross vendor
- Cross-compiles to many proprietary targets (DX12, Metal)
- Open source drivers down to ISA level on Linux (Mesa, ACO)
- Multiple source compiler (GLSL, HLSL, Rust, C, C++)







Patches

Finding a function

Challenges

- Per-Module type IDs
- often modules are completely inlined
- Type composition
- Type splitting based on decorations

Solution

Finding functions

- Based on signature
- Based on debug names
- Merge module's IDs before matching







Patches

Constant Patching

- Knows template and patch in advance
- Knows destination function signature or name
- Matching function signature

- 1. find function in template
- 2. add linking capability
- 3. link-import (name)
- 4. link-export (name) in patch
- 5. call spirv-link
- 6. Check for valid linked module







Patches

Dynamic Patching

- Knows template
- Does **not** know patch's code

OpFunctionEnd

- Knows destination function signature or name

- 1. Copy destination function signature
- 2. Rewrite all call-sites to new function ID
- Call user defined function with signature information (return ID / type and argument IDs / types)
- 4. Link return value to return ID
- 5. Verify correct type IDs

```
%81 = OpFunctionCall %uint %111 %80 %46
...

; Function 111
%111 = OpFunction %uint None %41
%112 = OpFunctionParameter %uint
%113 = OpFunctionParameter %uint
%114 = OpLabel
%115 = OpIMul %uint %112 %113
OpReturnValue %115
OpFunctionEnd
```







Testing

Code and runtime verification

Patch-Time verification

- → Use spirv-val³ to check against SPIR-V Spec.
- → Possibly implement custom *verification-pass*

Runtime verification

- Vulkan validation layer
- Driver site error reporting
- Vulkan testbench

³ https://github.com/KhronosGroup/SPIRV-Tools



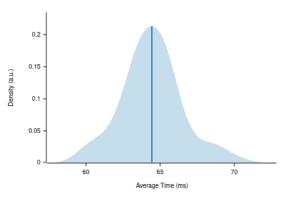


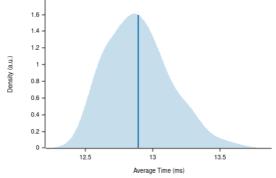


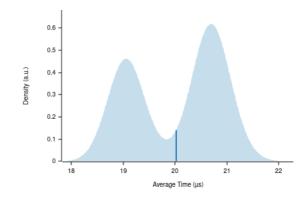
Benchmarking

Patching

→ Time taken for a whole, usable (assembled) shader module







Additional Statistics:

	Lower bound	Estimate	Upper bound
R ²	0.0016507	0.0017127	0.0016472
Mean	64.015 ms	64.401 ms	64.798 ms
Std. Dev.	1.6653 ms	2.0013 ms	2.3032 ms
Median	63.894 ms	64.359 ms	64.905 ms
MAD	1.2733 ms	1.5827 ms	2.0045 ms

GLSLang compiletime

Additional Statistics:

	Lower bound	Estimate	Upper bound
R ²	0.0101258	0.0105023	0.0101001
Mean	12.849 ms	12.893 ms	12.939 ms
Std. Dev.	196.74 μs	229.97 μs	259.52 μs
Median	12.817 ms	12.874 ms	12.917 ms
MAD	176,06 us	243.48 us	289.44 us

Constant Patching

Additional Statistics:

	Lower bound	Estimate	Upper bound
Slope	20.519 μs	20.603 μs	20.674 μs
R ²	0.9340341	0.9359712	0.9346036
Mean	19.856 μs	20.018 μs	20.178 μs
Std. Dev.	773.98 ns	820.95 ns	850.50 ns
Median	19.433 μs	20.599 μs	20.650 μs
MAD	163.67 ns	397.84 ns	1.2133 µs

Dynamic Patching







Benchmarking

Runtime

→ Runtime of the whole compute shader

Time taken to calculate 2048²px Mandebrot set @ max 1024 iterations

→ Measured via GPU timestamps

Dedicated Graphics

				and grant of the property		
Name	avg	min	max	avg	min	max
Unmodified	0.05ms	0.02ms	0.07ms	0.35ms	0.37ms	0.4ms
Rust-GPU compiled	2.31ms	2.3ms	2.35ms	11.41ms	11.41ms	11.42ms
Patched Runtime	1.55ms	1.50ms	1.58ms	13.6ms	13.65ms	13.7ms

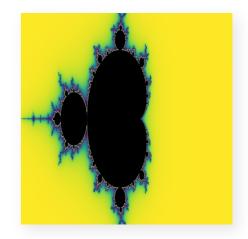
Integrated Graphics

Constant Replace runtime

Dedicated Graphics Integrated Graphics

					-	
Name	avg	min	max	avg	min	max
Unmodified	0.05ms	0.02ms	0.07ms	0.35ms	0.37ms	0.4ms
Rust-GPU compiled	2.0ms	2.05ms	2.2ms	11.45ms	11.45ms	11.45ms
Patched Runtime	1.55ms	1.50ms	1.58ms	13.6ms	13.65ms	13.7ms

Dynamic Replace runtime









Outlook

Higher level

- → Patch simulation code
- → SDF-DSL
- → Performance testbench for emitted SPIR-V

Lower level

- → Emit driver specific IR (NIR?) for performance gain
- → Evaluate other, similar IR level (SPIR-T, NIR, whatever ACO uses internally)
- → Somehow prevent *pipeline rebuild*











cfaed

Thanks for attending!

And check out the code at gitlab.com/tendsinmende/spv-patcher if you want!