# SIEMA HASHEMI

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Email: siema.hashemi@liverpool.ac.uk Website: siemahashemi.github.io

Nationality: German

Married, one daughter (2 years old)

#### Academic Position -

Lecturer in Finance

University of Liverpool Management School

**Education** -

Ph.D. in Economics 2024 - 2020

Center for Monetary and Financial Studies (CEMFI)

Master in Economics and Finance 2017 – 2020

Center for Monetary and Financial Studies (CEMFI)

Master in Management: Finance and Accounting 2010 - 2013

Goethe University Frankfurt

Bachelor in Industrial Management 2006 – 2010

University of Tehran

References —

Rafael Repullo (Main Advisor) Gerard Llobet

CEMFI CEMFI repullo@cemfi.es llobet@cemfi.es

Anatoli Segura

Banca d'Italia Anatoli.SeguraVelez@bancaditalia.it

# Research -

#### Banking on Resolution: Portfolio Effects of Bail-in vs. Bailout

Job market paper

This paper investigates the impact of supervisory resolution tools—bail-ins and bailouts—on banks' exante portfolio choice and ex-post default probabilities in response to idiosyncratic and systematic shocks. Banks adjust their short-term and long-term risky investments based on anticipated resolution policies. I find that both types of shocks can create financial fragility, which the two resolution tools address differently. Creditor bailouts, i.e., extending deposit insurance coverage, eliminate the equilibrium with bank defaults. On the other hand, bail-ins lead to ex-ante portfolio reallocation: they reduce idiosyncratic risk but increase liquidity risk when both shocks are present, increasing the likelihood of systemic defaults.

# The Effect of Bank Mergers on Lending and Risk-Taking

This paper studies the trade-off between competition and financial stability generated by banking consolidation. I consider an economy with  $n \geq 3$  banks where two of them merge for exogenous reasons. I assume that banks monitor borrowers, which lowers their probability of default, and that monitoring is costly and unobservable which creates a moral hazard problem. With insured deposits as the single source of funding, a merger generates higher loan rates, which in turn increases banks' margins and monitoring intensities. Thus, bank consolidation hurts competition, but increases financial stability. Introducing equity capital as an additional source of funding enhances monitoring incentives, due to a "skin-in-the-game" effect, which increases lending. This creates a trade-off that results in nontrivial changes in post-merger capital, loan rates, and risk-taking. If loan rates increase following the merger, both the merging bank and its competitors increase their leverage. Higher loan rates and higher leverage exert opposing effects on monitoring intensity and, consequently, on bank risk. Therefore, advocating banking consolidation as a means of achieving financial stability is no longer evident.

#### Banking Supervision and Bank Risk-Taking

joint with Rafael Repullo

This paper presents a theoretical analysis of the effects of banking supervision on bank risk-taking. The model features a risk-neutral bank that raises one unit of insured deposits and invests them in a large portfolio of loans with a random return. The bank chooses the correlation in loan defaults, ranging from independent to perfectly correlated defaults. Meanwhile, the supervisor receives an imprecise signal regarding the proportion of loan defaults and intervenes by closing the bank early when the signal exceeds a threshold. The question is: will this combination of supervisory information and supervisory closure reduce risk-taking? The paper shows that a strict supervisor or a noisy signal reduces portfolio risk. Moreover, a supervisor aiming to close the bank when it is efficient to do so becomes more lenient when the signal noise increases.

### Conferences —

10th IWH-Fin-Fire Workshop on "Challenges to Financial Stability"

2024

The Annual Meeting of the Central Bank Research Association (CEBRA) PhD session 13th MoFiR workshop on Banking PhD session

Women in Banking and Finance EFiC Workshop

# Teaching Experience —

Financial Economics Teaching Assistant

Spring 2023

Prof. Enrique Sentana

Economics of Banking Teaching Assistant

Fall 2021

Prof. Javier Suarez

Asset Pricing Teaching Assistant

**Spring 2021** 

Prof. Enrique Sentana

# Work Experience —

European Central Bank Trainee

July 2018 - Mar 2019

Single Supervision Mechanism

Deutsche Leasing AG Credit Risk Analyst

2013 - 2017

Credit Risk International

IKB Deutsche Industriebank AG Internship

Mar - Aug 2012

Merger and Acquisitions

#### Honors & Awards —

Ph.D. Scholarship, CEMFI

since 2020

FRM® Financial Risk Manager,

2016

Global Association of Risk Professionals, Link to my badge

Direct Acceptance to the Masters' in Management, University of Tehran

2010

Best Student of the Business Faculty, University of Tehran

2010

Best Student of the Business Faculty, University of Tehran

2007

#### Languages —

English (fluent), German (native), Persian (native), Spanish (basic)