Computer Vision Homework 5 D07922015 謝銘峰

Write a program to generate (Using kernel 3-5-5-3):



(a) Dilation

```
_name__ == '__main__':
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
if __name__
      kernel = np.array([\
             [0, 1, 1, 1, 0], \
[1, 1, 1, 1, 1], \
[1, 1, 1, 1, 1], \
[1, 1, 1, 1, 1], \
             [0, 1, 1, 1, 0]])
      centerKernel = (2, 2)
      originalImage = Image.open('lena.bmp')
      dilationImage = Image.new('L', originalImage.size)
      for r in range(originalImage.size[0]):
    # Scan each row in original image.
             for c in range(originalImage.size[1]):
                    localMaxPixel = 0
                     for x in range(kernel.shape[0]):
                            for y in range(kernel.shape[1]):
                                  # Only check value '1' in kernel.
if (kernel[x, y] == 1):
    # Calculate destination x, y position.
    destX = r + (x - centerKernel[0])
    destY = c + (y - centerKernel[1])
    # Avoid out of image range.
if (0 == destY = ariginalTages size[0])
                                         if ((0 <= destX < originalImage.size[0]) and \
   (0 <= destY < originalImage.size[1])):
   # Get pixel value in original image at (destX, destY).</pre>
                                                 originalPixel = originalImage.getpixel((destX, destY))
                                                 localMaxPixel = max(localMaxPixel, originalPixel)
                    # Paste local max. pixel value on original image.
dilationImage.putpixel((r, c), localMaxPixel)
      dilationImage.save('dilation.bmp')
```

(b) Erosion

```
__name__ == '__main__':
from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
kernel = np.array([\
    [0, 1, 1, 1, 0], \
    [1, 1, 1, 1, 1], \
    [1, 1, 1, 1, 1], \
      [1, 1, 1, 1, 1], \
      [0, 1, 1, 1, 0]])
centerKernel = (2, 2)
originalImage = Image.open('lena.bmp')
erosionImage = Image.new('L', originalImage.size)
# Scan each column in original image.
for r in range(originalImage.size[0]):
      for c in range(originalImage.size[1]):
            localMinPixel = 255
            for x in range(kernel.shape[0]):
                  for y in range(kernel.shape[1]):
                       # Only check value '1' :
if (kernel[x, y] == 1):
                             destX = r + (x - centerKernel[0])
                             destY = c + (y - centerKernel[1])
                             if ((0 <= destX < originalImage.size[0]) and \
   (0 <= destY < originalImage.size[1])):
   # Get pixel value in original image at (destX, destY).</pre>
                                   originalPixel = originalImage.getpixel((destX, destY))
                                   localMinPixel = min(localMinPixel, originalPixel)
           # Paste local min. pixel value on original image.
erosionImage.putpixel((r, c), localMinPixel)
erosionImage.save('erosion.bmp')
```

(c) Opening

(d) Closing

```
def closing(originalImage, kernel, centerKernel):
    """
    :type originalImage: Image (from PIL)
    :type kernel: numpy array
    :type centerKernel: tuple
    :return type: Image (from PIL)
    """
    return erosion(dilation(originalImage, kernel, centerKernel), kernel, centerKernel)
```