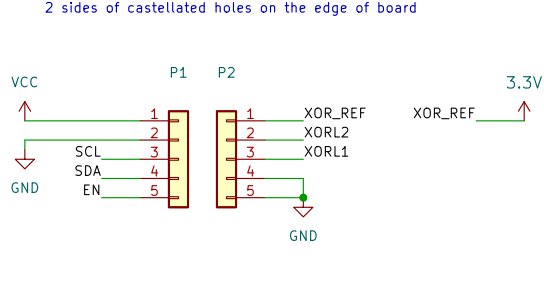


Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU) Stamp

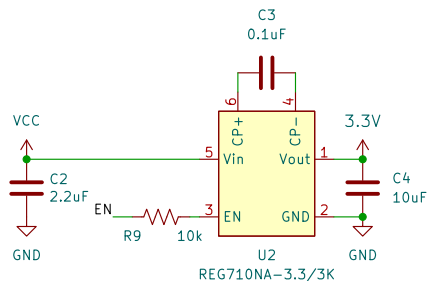
Vin: 1.8–5.5V
I_{max}: calculate

I/O

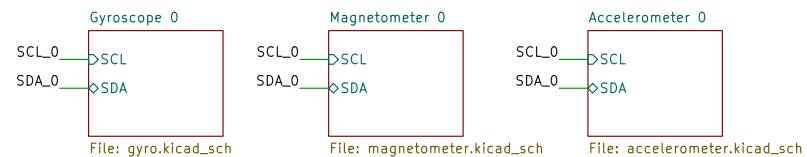
2 sides of castellated holes on the edge of board



3.3V Regulator

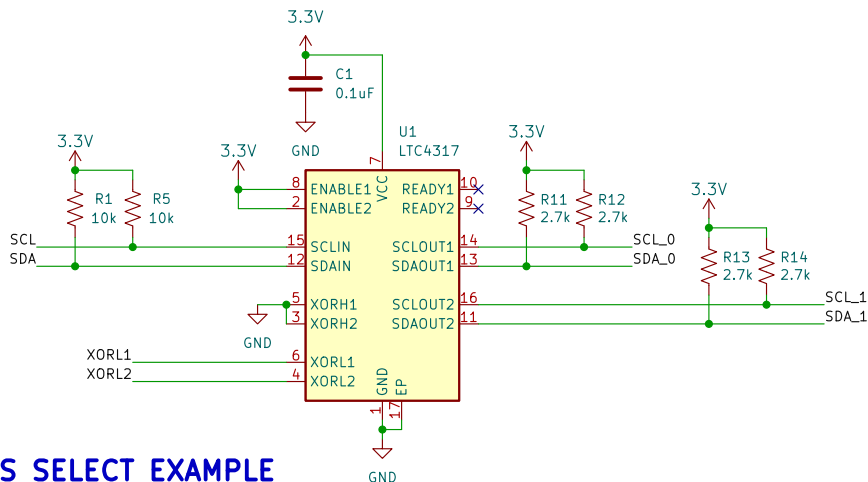


BLOCK 0



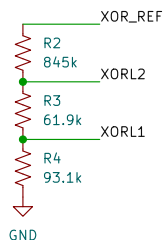
I2C TRANSLATOR

see LTC4317 datasheet for information on setting the addresses of these.

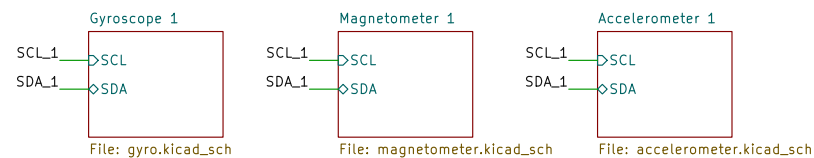


I2C ADDRESS SELECT EXAMPLE

XOR1 = 0x2
XOR2 = 0x4



BLOCK 1



Sheet: /
File: imu-stamp.kicad_sch

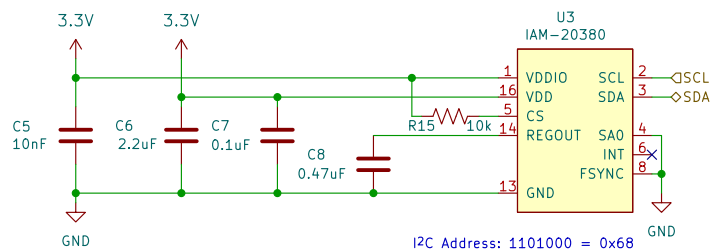
Title:

Size: A4
KiCad E.D.A. kicad (6.0.5)

Date:

Rev:

Id: 1/7



10.1 ORIENTATION OF AXES

Figure 13 shows the orientation of the axes of sensitivity and the polarity of rotation. Note the pin 1 identifier (•) in the figure.

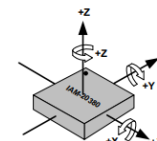
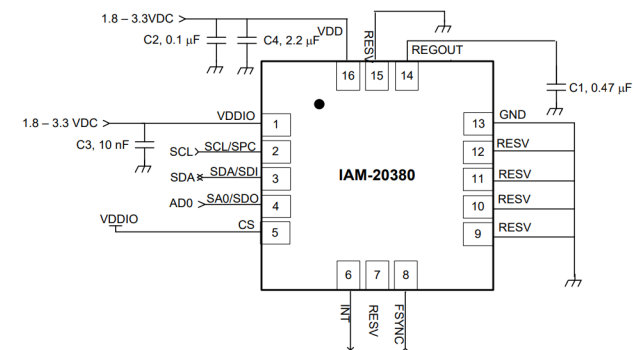


Figure 13. Orientation of Axes of Sensitivity and Polarity of Rotation

TYPICAL OPERATING CIRCUIT



Sheet: /Gyroscope 1/
File: gyro.kicad_sch

Title:

Size: A4

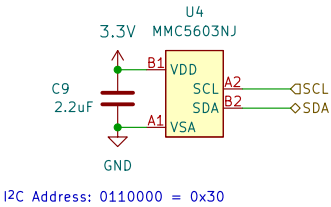
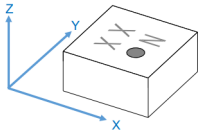
Date:

KiCad E.D.A. kicad (6.0.5)

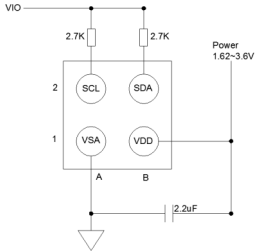
Rev:

Id: 2/7

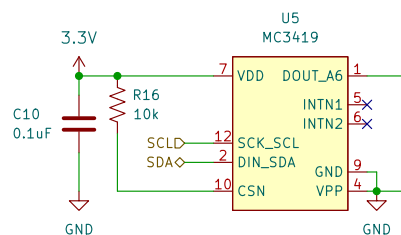
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE MAGNETIC FIELD AND OUTPUT CODE
The measurement data increases as the magnetic flux density increases in the arrow directions.



EXTERNAL CIRCUITRY CONNECTION
The MMC5603NJ can operate from a single 1.62V to 3.6V supply. The circuit connection diagrams below illustrate power supply connection options.



<TOP VIEW>
Connection Block Diagram



I2C Address: 1001100 = 0x4C

programmable interrupt:
set to open-drain

3.2 PACKAGE ORIENTATION

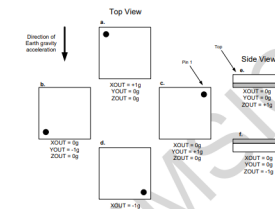


Figure 3. Package Orientation

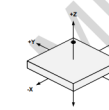
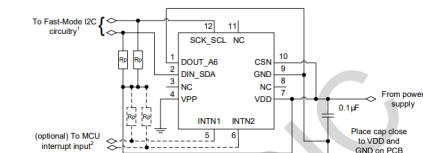


Figure 4. Package Axis Reference

3.4 TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS



NOTE¹: Rp are typically 4.7kΩ pullup resistors to VDDIO, per I2C specification. When VDDIO is powered down, DIN_SDA and SCK_SCL will be driven low by internal ESD diodes.

NOTE²: Attach typical 4.7kΩ pullup resistor if INTN is defined as open-drain.

Figure 5. Typical I2C Application Circuit

Sheet: /Accelerometer 0/
File: accelerometer.kicad_sch

Title:

Size: A4
KiCad E.D.A. kicad (6.0.5)

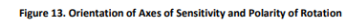
Date:

Rev:

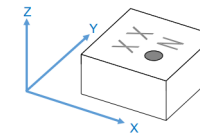
Id: 4/7



Figure 13 shows the orientation of the axes of sensitivity and the polarity of rotation. Note the pin 1 identifier (•) in the figure.

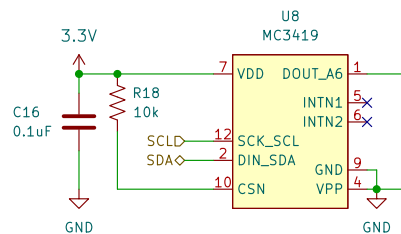


Rev:
Id: 5/7



| | |
|----------------------------|-------|
| Size: A4 | Date: |
| KiCad E.D.A. kicad (6.0.5) | |

Rev:
Id: 6/7



I2C Address: 1001100 = 0x4C

programmable interrupt:
set to open-drain

3.2 PACKAGE ORIENTATION

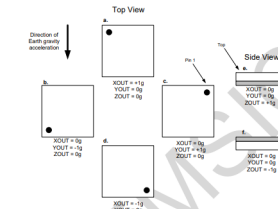


Figure 3. Package Orientation

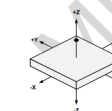
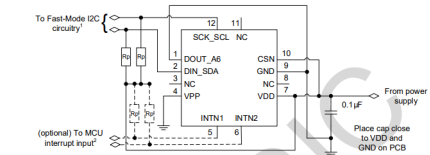


Figure 4. Package Axis Reference

3.4 TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS



NOTE¹: Rp are typically 4.7kΩ pullup resistors to VDDIO, per I2C specification. When VDDIO is powered down, DIN_SDA and SCK_SCL will be driven low by internal ESD diodes.
NOTE²: Attach typical 4.7kΩ pullup resistor if INTN is defined as open-drain.

Figure 5. Typical I2C Application Circuit

Sheet: /Accelerometer 1/
File: accelerometer.kicad_sch

Title:

Size: A4

Date:

KiCad E.D.A. kicad (6.0.5)

Rev:

Id: 7/7