

Md. Mishkatul Bari

Section: N

MOI = 0.112330669

12607-5-W

$\pi = 0$

$\pi \times 0 = \pi$

Assignment -1

1. (a) $x = A \cos(\omega t + \phi)$
 $= 0.2 \cos\left(\frac{10\pi}{3} t\right)$

$T = 0.6 \text{ s}$
 $A = 0.2 \text{ m}$
 $\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$
 $= \frac{2\pi}{0.6}$
 $= \frac{10\pi}{3} \text{ rad/s}$

(b) $\frac{dx}{dt} = v = -A\omega \sin(\omega t)$

$= -0.2 \times \frac{10\pi}{3} \sin\left(\frac{10\pi}{3} \times 2\right)$ $t = 2 \text{ sec}$
 $= -\frac{2\pi}{3} \sin\left(\frac{20\pi}{3}\right)$
 $= -1.813 \text{ m/s}$

(c) $P.E = \frac{1}{2} k x^2$

$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{25\pi^2}{9} \times (0.2 \cos \omega t)^2$
 $= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{25\pi^2}{9} \times 0.2^2 \cos^2\left(\frac{10\pi}{3} \times 0.25\right)$
 $= 0.411 \text{ J}$

$m = 0.25 \text{ kg}$
 $\omega^2 = \frac{k}{m}$
 $k = \omega^2 m$
 $= \left(\frac{10\pi}{3}\right)^2 \times 0.25$
 $= \frac{25\pi^2}{9} \text{ Nm}^{-1}$

2. (a)

(i)

$$y = 10 \cos(2t + \pi)$$

$$A = 10 \text{ m}$$

$$\omega = 2 \pi \text{ rad s}^{-1}$$

$$\phi = \pi$$

$$m = 0.5 \text{ kg}$$

$$P.E = \frac{1}{2} k x^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times (10 \cos(2t + \pi))^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 10^2 \cos^2(2 \times 0.75 + \pi)$$

$$= 0.50 \text{ J}$$

$$\begin{aligned} k &= m\omega^2 \\ &= 0.5 \times 2^2 \\ &= 2 \text{ Nm}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$t = 0.75 \text{ s}$$

(ii)

$$K.E = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m (10 \times 2 \sin(2t + \pi))^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times m \times 10^2 \times 2^2 \sin^2(2 \times 0.3 + \pi)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m \times 400 \sin^2(0.6 + \pi)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 400 \sin^2(0.6 + \pi)$$

$$t = 0.3 \text{ s}$$

$$v_{\max} = A\omega$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= 10 \times 2 \pi \cdot 0 \\ &= 20 \text{ ms}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$3. \text{ (i) } P.E = \frac{1}{2} k x^2 \quad \left| \quad x = A \cos(\omega t + \phi) \right.$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 19.74 \times 0.01^2 \quad \left| \quad = 0.5 \cos(20.25 t) \right.$$

$$= 0 \quad \left| \quad x(0.25) = 0.5 \cos(20.25 \times 0.25) \right.$$

$$= 0$$

$$T = 1$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$

$$= 2\pi$$

$$K = m\omega^2$$

$$= 0.5 \times (2\pi)^2$$

$$= 19.74 \text{ N/m}$$

$$m = 0.05 \text{ kg}$$

$$K = 20.5 \text{ N/m}$$

$$A = 0.7 \text{ m}$$

$$t = 0.25 \text{ s}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{K}{m}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{20.5}{0.05}}$$

$$= 20.25 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$(i) \quad x(t) = A \cos(\omega t)$$

$$= 0.7 \cos(20.25 \times t)$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = v = -A\omega \sin(\omega t)$$

$$= 0.7 \times 20.25 \sin(20.25 \times 0.25)$$

$$= 11.17 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$(ii) \quad \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = a = -A\omega^2 \cos(\omega t)$$

$$= -0.7 \times (20.25)^2 \times \cos(20.25 \times 0.25)$$

$$= -98.45 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

$$(iii) K.E = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.05 \times 200.64$$

$$= 5.01 \text{ J}$$

$$v^2 = \omega^2 (A^2 \sin^2)$$

$$v = -A\omega \sin(\omega t)$$

$$= 0.7 \times 20.25 \sin$$

$$(20.25 \times 0.75)$$

$$= -7.04 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v^2 = 200.64 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

(5) (i)

$$x = A \cos(\omega t)$$

$$= 0.005 \cos(480\pi \times 0.2)$$

$$= 0.005 \cos(96\pi)$$

$$= 0.005 \text{ m}$$

$$t = 0.2 \text{ s}$$

$$A = 0.005 \text{ m}$$

$$f = 240 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi f$$

$$v = 480\pi \text{ rad/s}$$

(ii)

$$v_{\max} = A\omega$$

$$= 0.005 \times 480\pi$$

$$= 7.54 \text{ m/s}$$

(iii)

$$a_{\max} = A\omega^2$$

$$= 0.005 \times (480\pi)^2$$

$$= 23.68 \text{ m/s}^2$$

(11)

$$6. (i) \quad \omega = \frac{v}{r} = \frac{460}{0.15} = 3066.67 \text{ rad/s}$$

6 (i)

$$F = -kx$$

$$\Rightarrow ma = -kx$$

$$\therefore m = -\frac{kx}{a}$$

$$= -\frac{460 \times 0.150}{-125}$$

$$= 0.552 \text{ kg}$$

$$k = 460 \text{ N/m}$$

$$a = -125 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v = -15 \text{ m/s}$$

$$x = 0.150 \text{ m}$$

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{\frac{k}{m}}} = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{\frac{460}{0.552}}}$$

$$= 0.217 \text{ s}$$

$$f = \frac{1}{T} = 4.59 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{460}{0.552}} = 28.67 \text{ rad/s}$$

(ii)

$$F = -kx$$

$$ma = -kx$$

$$\therefore m = -\frac{kx}{a} = -\frac{460 \times 0.150}{-125}$$

$$m = 0.552 \text{ kg}$$

$$(iii) v^2 = \omega^2 (A^2 - x^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow A^2 = \frac{v^2}{\omega^2} + x^2$$

$$= \frac{(-15)^2}{833.33} + (0.15)^2$$

$$\therefore A = 0.541 \text{ m}$$

$$v = 15 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = -125 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\omega^2 = 833.33$$

$$x = 0.15$$

(7) (i)

$$a = -\omega^2 x$$

$$\omega^2 = \frac{a}{x}$$

$$= \frac{120}{4} = 30 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$x = 4 \text{ m}$$

$$A = 8 \text{ m}$$

$$a = +80 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v^2 = \omega^2 (A^2 - x^2)$$

$$v^2 = 30 (8^2 - 4^2)$$

$$= 960$$

$$\therefore v = 8\sqrt{15} \text{ m/s}$$

$$(ii) T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = \frac{2\pi}{4.47} = 1.41 \text{ sec}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{20}$$

$$(iii) V_{max} = \omega A = 4.47 \times 8 = 35.76 \text{ m}^2$$

oscillatory checked

$$\omega^2 > \frac{\gamma^2}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{LC} > \frac{R^2}{4L^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{20 \times 10^{-3} \times 0.8 \times 10^{-9}} > \frac{290^2}{4 \times 20 \times 10^{-3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_c = \sqrt{\frac{4L}{C}} = \sqrt{\frac{4 \times 20 \times 10^{-3}}{0.8 \times 10^{-9}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{LC} = \frac{1}{20 \times 10^{-3} \times 0.8 \times 10^{-9}} = 6.25 \times 10^9$$

\therefore oscillatory damped

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_d}$$

$$f = \frac{\omega_d}{2\pi}$$

$$= \frac{2.49 \times 10^5}{2\pi} = 39.7 \text{ kHz}$$

$$\omega_d = \sqrt{\omega^2 - \frac{\gamma^2}{4}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{LC} - \frac{R^2}{4L^2}} = 2.49 \times 10^5$$

9. (i)

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi}{19.3} = 0.32 \text{ s}$$

$$\omega = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{82}{.22}}$$

$$= 19.3 \text{ rad s}^{-1}$$

(ii)

$$A(t) = A_0 e^{-\gamma/2 t}$$

$$A(t) = \frac{1}{2} A_0$$

$$\Rightarrow A_0(\frac{1}{2}) = A_0 e^{-\gamma/2 t}$$

$$\gamma = \frac{b}{m}$$

$$\ln(\frac{1}{2}) = \ln e^{-\gamma/2 t}$$

$$= \frac{.063}{.22}$$

$$\ln(\frac{1}{2}) = -\gamma/2 t$$

$$= .286$$

$$\Rightarrow t = -\frac{2 \ln(\frac{1}{2})}{\gamma}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = -\frac{2 \ln(\frac{1}{2})}{.286}$$

$$t = 4.84 \text{ sec}$$

(iii)

$$\frac{\text{life time}}{\text{period}} = \frac{T}{T_d}$$

$$T = \frac{1}{\gamma} = \frac{m}{b} \times 2$$

$$= \frac{.22}{.063} \times 2$$

$$= 6.98$$

$$= \frac{6.98}{0.32}$$

$$= 21.4$$

$$\text{oscillation} : \approx 21$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(iv) Lifetime } T &= \frac{1}{\gamma} = \frac{m}{b} \\
 &= \frac{.22}{.063} \times 2 \\
 &= 3.49 \text{ sec}
 \end{aligned}$$

✓ Damping Energy

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\frac{1}{2} k A^2 (1 - e^{-\gamma t}) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \times 82 \times .35^2 (1 - e^{-\frac{.063}{1.22} \times 6.52}) \\
 &= 4.24 \text{ J}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 n &= \frac{t}{T_d} \\
 t &= n \times T_d \\
 &= 20 \times \sqrt{\omega^2 - \frac{\gamma^2}{4}} \\
 &= 20 \times \sqrt{\frac{k}{m} - \frac{b^2}{4m^2}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 0.35 \text{ m} \\
 k &= 82 \text{ N/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow t = 6.52$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(vi) Ratio} &= e^{-20 \cdot \frac{bT}{2m}} \\
 &= e^{-20 \times .0466} \\
 &= e^{-0.932} \\
 &= 0.393 \\
 &= 39.3\%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \gamma &= \frac{b}{m} = \frac{.063}{1.22} \\
 &= 3.49
 \end{aligned}$$