Path Count Problem

(Total Number Of Ways Reaching To A Particular Cell In A Matrix)

Problem Statement:

Given a **2-D MATRIX of ANY SIZE (m x n)** and some **MOVEMENT CONSTRAINTS**, we need to find out the **TOTAL NUMBER of POSSIBLE PATHS/WAYS** to reach the **BOTTOM RIGHT CELL** starting from the **TOP LEFT CELL** in the matrix under the given **MOVEMENT CONSTRAINTS**.

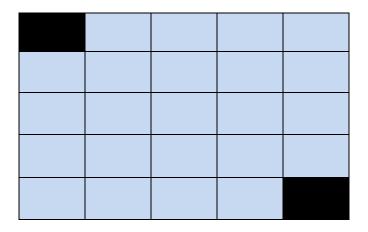


Figure: Problem Statement of Path Count Problem

Movement Constraints:

From a cell, you can

- move to the right
- move downwards



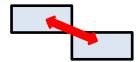


From a cell, you can't

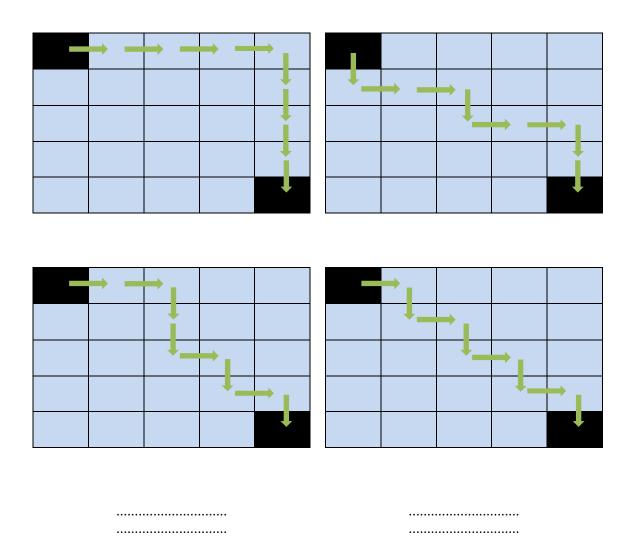
- move to the left
- move upwards
- move diagonally (neither diagonally up nor diagonally down)



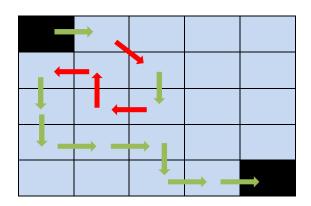




Allowed/Valid Path/Way Solutions:



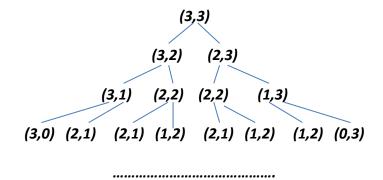
Invalid/Not Allowed Path/Way Solutions:



Implementing the Path Count Problem using Dynamic Programming

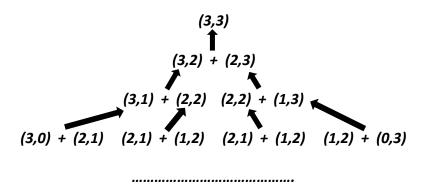
Overlapping Sub-problems Property:

(0,0)	(0,1)	(0,2)	(0,3)
(1,0)	(1,1)	(1,2)	(1,3)
(2,0)	(2,1)	(2,2)	(2,3)
(3,0)	(3,1)	(3,2)	(3,3)



Optimal Substructure Property:

(0,0)	(0,1)	(0,2)	(0,3)
(1,0)	(1,1)	(1,2)	(1,3)
(2,0)	(2,1)	(2,2)	(2,3)
(3,0)	(3,1)	(3,2)	(3,3)



Worked Out Example of Path Count Problem Using Dynamic Programming

	<u>0</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u> 7</u>
<u>o</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>Z</u>	<u>8</u>
<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>36</u>
<u>3</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>120</u>
<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>126</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>330</u>
<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>56</u>	<u>126</u>	<u>252</u>	<u>462</u>	<u>792</u>
<u>6</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>84</u>	<u>210</u>	<u>462</u>	<u>924</u>	<u>1716</u>