

Q1) Suppose, that  $S$  be the set of all permutations of  $\{1, 2, \dots, 8\}$  since the even integers in the set  $\{1, 2, \dots, 8\}$  are 2, 4, 6, 8. Assume  $A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4$  be the sets of permutations that 2, 4, 6, 8 are fixed. The total number of integers are,

$$|S| = 8!$$

Similarly for  $A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4$

The fixed position of an even number is

$$|A_1| = |A_2| = |A_3| = |A_4| = 7!$$

Now find the intersection of  ~~$|A_i \cap A_j| = 6!$~~

$$|A_i \cap A_j| = 6!$$

where the range is  $1 \leq i \leq j$  and  $j \leq 8$ .

Similarly, find the intersection of  $|A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3|$ ,

$|A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_4|, |A_1 \cap A_3 \cap A_4|, |A_2 \cap A_3 \cap A_4|$  is:

$$|A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3| = |A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_4| = |A_1 \cap A_3 \cap A_4| = |A_2 \cap A_3 \cap A_4| = 5!$$

Similarly find the intersection of

$$|A_1 \cap A_2 \cap A_3 \cap A_4| \text{ is: } 4!$$

By the inclusion-exclusion formulas,  $|A \cup B| = |A| + |B| -$

So,

$$8! - 4(7!) + 6(6!) - 4(5!) + 4! = 24024$$

(Ans)

(12) Since  $\{1, 2, \dots, 8\}$

At first pick up the 4 of the 8 numbers to fix

Then derange the other 4

Then each permutation arises once in such a way

So by which the number of such permutations

are follows as,  $\binom{8}{4} (D_4) = \binom{8}{4} 4 \sum_{i=0}^4 \frac{(-1)^i}{i!}$

$$= 70 (24 \times (1 - 1 + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{24}))$$

$$= 630$$

(Ans)

(13) Consider a set  $S$  be a set of whole set, there are total 9 numbers, 5 numbers are odd other numbers are even.

For select the first odd number, the ways of chosen

$$\text{is, } \binom{5}{1} = {}^5C_1 = \frac{5!}{1!4!} = 5$$

The rest of numbers is  $9 - 1 = 8$

So the total ways are:  $5 \times 8! = 201600$

For second odd numbers,  $\binom{5}{2} = {}^5C_2 = 10$

The rest of numbers is  $9 - 2 = 7$

So total ways are  $10 \times 7! = 50400$

For three odd numbers,  $\binom{5}{3} = 10$

The rest of numbers are  $= 9 - 3 = 6$

So total ways are  $10 \times 6! = 7200$

For four odd numbers,  $\binom{5}{4} = 5$

The rest of numbers is  $9 - 4 = 5$

$\therefore$  Total ways are  $5 \times 5! = 600$

For five odd numbers,  $\binom{5}{5} = 1$

The rest of the numbers are  $9 - 5 = 4$

So the total ways are  $= 1 \times 4! = 24$

$\therefore$  the number of permutations at least one odd number is in its natural position is,

$$(5 \times 2!) - (10 \times 7!) + (10 \times 6!) - (5 \times 5!) + 4! = 157824$$

(Ans)